Older Households 2015-2035: Projections and Implications for Housing A Growing Population

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Households over 70 Will Expand Rapidly in Next Decade, Followed by Significant Growth in Households 80 and over by 2035

Source: 2016 JCHS Household Projections.
The Oldest Households Will Drive Growth in Single-Person Households through 2035

Projected Households by Age and Type (Millions)

Note: All other households are those with two or more related or unrelated adults. Source: 2016 JCHS Household Projections.
Numbers of Owner and Renter Households Over 80 Will Double

Projected Older Households by Age Group (Millions)

Source: 2016 JCHS Household and Tenure Projections.
Shares Living In a Child’s Home or in Group Quarters Increase with Age

Note: Excludes those living as heads of household and spouses of household heads.
Disability Prevalence Increases with Age

Notes: Mobility disability is defined as difficulty walking, getting in and out of bed, and climbing one flight of stairs; self-care disability as difficulty eating, dressing, toileting, and bathing; and household activity disability as difficulty with meal preparation, food shopping, using the telephone, taking medication, money management, housework, and driving.

Source: JCHS tabulations of University of Michigan, 2014 Health and Retirement Survey.
Differences in Disability Rates by Tenure and Income Narrow in Once People Reach their 80s; Disparities by Race Persist

Notes: Whites and blacks are non-Hispanic. Hispanics may be of any race. Race/ethnicity figure excludes Asian and other households due to insufficient data.
Source: JCHS tabulations of University of Michigan, 2014 Health and Retirement Survey.
Single Person Households Aged 80 and over Will Drive Growth in Disabled Older Households

Projected Households with Disabilities by Age Group ( Millions )

Units in Large Multifamily Buildings Are Most Likely to Have Accessibility Features

Share of Housing Units by Structure Type (Percent)

Accessibility Feature

- Single Family Detached
- Single Family Attached
- Mid-Size Multifamily (5-49 Units)
- Large Multifamily (50 or More Units)
- Small Multifamily (Less than 5 Units)
- Mobile Home

Note: Accessible electrical controls and lever-style handles instead of knobs are two additional accessibility features not shown here, but which have been included in past JCHS analyses of home accessibility.

Median Income Declines with Age For Nearly Every Segment of the Older Population

Median Household Income by Age of Householder (Thousands of dollars)

Cost Burdens are Lowest among Owners without Mortgages

Share of Households by Age Group (Percent)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Owners without Mortgages</th>
<th>Owners with Mortgages</th>
<th>Renters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>65–79</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 and Over</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: Moderately / severely cost burdened is defined as paying 30–50% / over 50% of income on housing. Source: JCHS tabulations of US Census Bureau, 2014 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates.
The Number of Cost-Burdened Households Aged 80 and over Will Rapidly Increase from 2025-2035

Projected Cost-Burdened Households by Age Group (Millions)

Notes: Moderately / severely cost burdened is defined as paying 30–50% / over 50% of income on housing.

Source: JCHS tabulations of 2014 American Community Survey data and 2016 JCHS Household and Tenure Projections.
More Older Households are Carrying Higher Amounts of Mortgage Debt into Retirement

![Graph showing the share of owners aged 65 and over with mortgage debt and the median mortgage debt.]

Notes: Mortgage debt is debt on a primary residence. The share with mortgage debt is among owners only. Median value of mortgage debt is among owners with mortgage debt only and in constant 2013 dollars adjusted for inflation using the CPI-U-RS. Source: JCHS tabulations of US Federal Reserve Board, 2013 Survey of Consumer Finances.
Even Excluding Home Equity, Older Owners Have Substantially More Wealth than Renters

Median Wealth of Households Aged 65 and Over (Dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Renters</th>
<th>Owners</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Net Wealth</td>
<td>Net Wealth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Households</td>
<td>$6,150</td>
<td>$258,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Race/Ethnicity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Hispanic White</td>
<td>$12,000</td>
<td>$293,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Minorities</td>
<td>$1,600</td>
<td>$115,450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than $15,000</td>
<td>$1,300</td>
<td>$87,920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$15,000–29,999</td>
<td>$3,580</td>
<td>$155,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$30,000–44,999</td>
<td>$90,700</td>
<td>$200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$45,000–74,999</td>
<td>$70,000</td>
<td>$273,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$75,000 or More</td>
<td>$370,500</td>
<td>$1,115,110</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: Medians are calculated independently, so home equity and non-housing wealth values will not sum to net wealth. Source: JCHS tabulations of US Federal Reserve Board, 2013 Survey of Consumer Finances.
Most Older Owners Can Afford Long-Term Care, While Most Older Renters Cannot

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Care Category</th>
<th>Median Monthly Cost (Dollars)</th>
<th>Number of Months Before Median 65 and Over Household Spends Down Wealth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Renters</td>
<td>Owners</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homemaker Services</td>
<td>3,623</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Health Aide</td>
<td>3,813</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Day Health Care</td>
<td>1,408</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assisted Living Facility</td>
<td>3,500</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nursing Home Care</td>
<td>6,448</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: Excluding housing wealth, the median net wealth of owners aged 65 and over was $258,600 in 2013, while the median net wealth of same-aged renters was $6,150. Homemaker and home health aide costs assume 30 hours of care per week. Nursing home care costs represent costs for a semi-private room. Source: JCHS tabulations of US Federal Reserve Board, 2013 Survey of Consumer Finances and 2014 Genworth Cost of Care Survey.
There Will Be Millions More Low-Income Older Households by 2035

Projected Low-Income Households Aged 65 and Over (Millions)

Notes: Extremely low income is defined as up to 30 percent of area median; very low income is more than 30 up to 50 percent of area median; and low income is more than 50 up to 80 percent of area median.

Nearly Half of Older Adults are Aging in Low-Density or Rural Areas

Distribution of Households Aged 65 and Older by Area Type (Percent)

- High-Density Metro: 23%
- Medium-Density Metro: 31%
- Low-Density Metro: 8%
- Non-Metro, Connected: 10%
- Non-Metro, Isolated: 0%

Notes: Areas are defined as census tracts. High-density metro areas have at least 2028 housing units per square mile; medium-density metro areas have between 644 and 2028 housing units per square mile; and low-density metro areas have less than 644 housing units per square mile. Connected and isolated non-metro areas are defined using USDA Rural-Urban Commuting Area codes.

Source: JCHS tabulations of 2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates and USDA Rural-Urban Commuting Area codes.
Implications

• Increase supply of accessible housing
  – Assistance to owners and landlords to pay for modifications
  – Incentives/regulations to ensure new housing is accessible

• Increase housing options in communities where people live

• Build on promising programs to support people at home

• Increase subsidies to low-income renters