



# Mitigation and Management Needs from Other Health And Regulatory Perspectives:

## Workers at Risk

NASEM Workshop on Wildland Fires

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# Take home

Workers' health and productivity are being harmed by climate change and by wildfires

Need to study combined effects

Consider the kidney as one more important organ at risk

What hurts workers hurts us all, including families, communities, both locally and globally

# Heat, humidity, air toxins and hard work

*Schaeffer J et al. Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health 2020, 17, 5708*

REVIEW ARTICLE

Julie R. Ingelfinger, M.D., *Editor*

## Chronic Kidney Disease of Unknown Cause in Agricultural Communities

Richard J. Johnson, M.D., Catharina Wesseling, M.D., Ph.D.,  
and Lee S. Newman, M.D.

**I**N RECENT YEARS, NUMEROUS CASES OF CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE HAVE emerged among agricultural workers, as well as among others performing manual labor, in various regions of the world. The disease does not appear to be due to the classic causes of kidney disease (e.g., diabetes, hypertension, and glomerular disease). In this review, we describe the clinical presentation and epidemiology of chronic kidney disease that is endemic in this workforce in these areas, as well as possible causes. The disease is strongly associated with working and living in a hot environment, but whether the cause is a toxin, an infectious agent, a heat-associated injury, or a combination of factors is not yet known. We also discuss some of the assumptions and limitations in our understanding of chronic kidney disease in agricultural communities.

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### REGIONAL CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE AMONG AGRICULTURAL WORKERS

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#### MESOAMERICAN NEPHROPATHY

During the 1990s, clinicians in Central America noted that a large number of young sugarcane workers were presenting with end-stage kidney disease. An early report on an upsurge in chronic kidney disease in Central America came from El Salvador in 2002.<sup>1</sup> One striking finding was that the patients, once evaluated, did not have any of the conditions known to cause end-stage kidney disease, such as diabetes, hypertension, or glomerular disease. Within a short time, multiple

From the Division of Renal Diseases and Hypertension (R.J.J.), the Colorado Consortium on Climate Change and Health (R.J.J., L.S.N.), the Center for Health, Work & Environment, and the Departments of Environmental and Occupational Health and Epidemiology, Colorado School of Public Health (L.S.N.), and the Division of Pulmonary Sciences and Critical Care Medicine (L.S.N.), University of Colorado Anschutz Medical Campus, and the Division of Nephrology, Rocky Mountain Regional Veterans Health Administration Hospital, Department of Veterans Affairs (R.J.J.) — all in Aurora; the Unit of Occupational Medicine, Institute of Environmental Medicine, Karolinska Institutet, Stockholm (C.W.); and La Isla Network, Washington, DC (C.W.). Address reprint requests to Dr. Johnson at the Division of Renal Diseases and Hypertension, University of Colorado Anschutz Medical Campus, 12700 E. 19th Ave., Rm. 7012, Mail Stop C281, Aurora, CO 80045, or at richard.johnson@ucdenver.edu.

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## NATIONAL

## 'I Have To Work': Agricultural Workers In The West Harvest Crops Through Fire Smoke

September 17, 2020 · 4:01 PM ET



MARISA PEÑALOZA



# Implications of Climate Change x Wildfire Toxicants for Worker and Community Health

- Climate Change
  - Weather – Extremes, Events
    - Heat Stress + Toxicants
    - Damage workers' health
    - Reduce productivity, and if agricultural workers are harmed...
    - Contribute to food insecurity

Who is at greatest risk of health effects?

Where can we have the greatest impact?

What are the combinatorial effects of:

Heat

Exertion

Particulate and *other* inhalational and  
contact exposures

Respiratory hazards (e.g. SARS-CoV-2)

Vulnerability of workers

Working conditions

Psychosocial factors