



MCMs, One Health and Animal Welfare



RADM Estella Jones, DVM

FDA's Support in Developing MCMS





- FDA works with <u>partners</u> at all levels of government—<u>local, state</u>, national and international—to support MCM-related public health preparedness and response efforts
- FDA also works with non-government organizations, universities and research centers, and industry to further the development of MCMs for public health emergency preparedness.

Office of Counterterrorism and Emerging Threats



MEDICAL COUNTERMEASURES (MCMS)

FDA-REGULATED MEDICAL PRODUCTS

Medical countermeasures, or MCMs, are FDA-regulated products that may be used in a **PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY** stemming from a terrorist attack with or accidental release of a biological, chemical, or radiological/nuclear agent, or a naturally occurring emerging infectious disease.

WHAT ARE MCMS?

PREVENT, PROTECT AGAINST, TREAT OR DIAGNOSE DISEASES OR HEALTH EFFECTS CAUSED BY CBRN THREAT AGENTS



EXAMPLES OF MCMS



BIOLOGIC PRODUCTS

Vaccines
 Blood products



DRUGS

- Antimicrobials
- Chemical threat antidotes



DEVICES

- Diagnostic tests
- Personal protective equipment (PPE)
 - Gloves

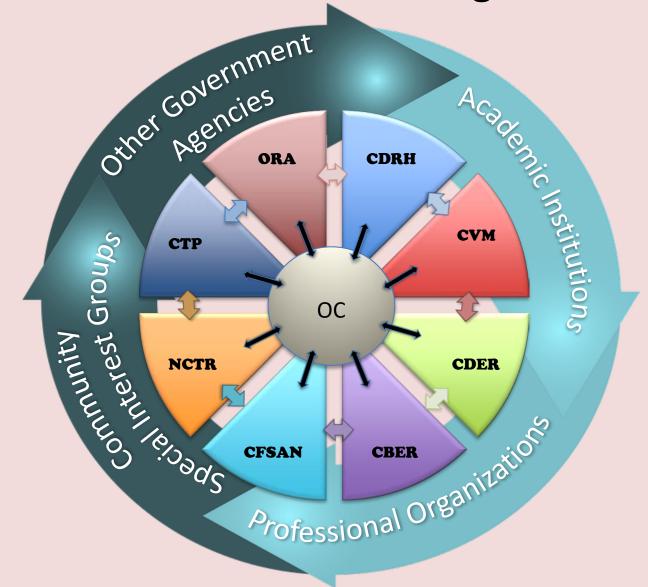




One Health is a collaborative, multisectoral, and trans-disciplinary approach - working at local, national, and global levels — to achieve optimal health and well-being outcomes recognizing the interconnections between people, animals, plants, and their shared environment.

FDA's One Health Sharing Model





ONE HEALTH INITIATIVE







Different types of microplastics found in the Francisco Bay



The Health of People, Animals, and the Environment are Closely Intertwined

Our behaviors contribute to the control and spread of disease, as well as the survivability of the planet

Hiding in Plain Sight

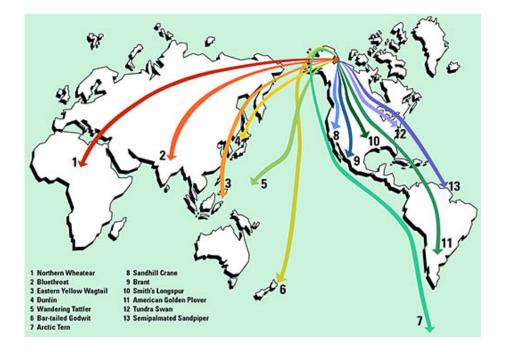
- Viruses typically move from wildlife to livestock in to people
- To control a deadly viruses, the science community must move from reactive to proactive
- Broaden our horizons to look upstream
- Clinical picture is seen in animals before humans become infected
- MPS cell bank could be beneficial for upstream

Surveillance



Wild birds are movers of viruses- especially respiratory

viruses



- Study migratory pattern
- Sampling in wild birds/flying mammals (bats) to test for subtypes of transmissible diseases

Predictors of Viral Outbreaks



- CoVID19 represents one wave of zoonotic diseases that have jumped to humans from animals
- Wait and react = recipe for global disaster
- Identification of trend in wildlife or livestock can trigger precautionary measures
- PREDICT initiative collected over 140,000 biological samples from animals and <u>found over 1,000 new</u> <u>viruses</u>, including a new strain of Ebola
- Could MPS cell banks be predictive?

MPS Regulatory Questions on Prevention

- Selection of cell line for animal model appropriate?
- Early zoonotic prediction through MPS with appropriate cell line?
- Do chip banks exist for appropriate species?
- Is data reproducible and standardized?
- Is the cell origin consistent?
- Antimicrobial resistance testing?





RADM Estella Jones, DVM
U.S. Public Health Service
Assistant Surgeon General
Deputy Director
Office of Counterterrorism
and Emerging Threats
Co-Chair, FDA Animal Welfare Council
Chairperson, NIH NIAID IRF ACUC
estella.jones@fda.hhs.gov