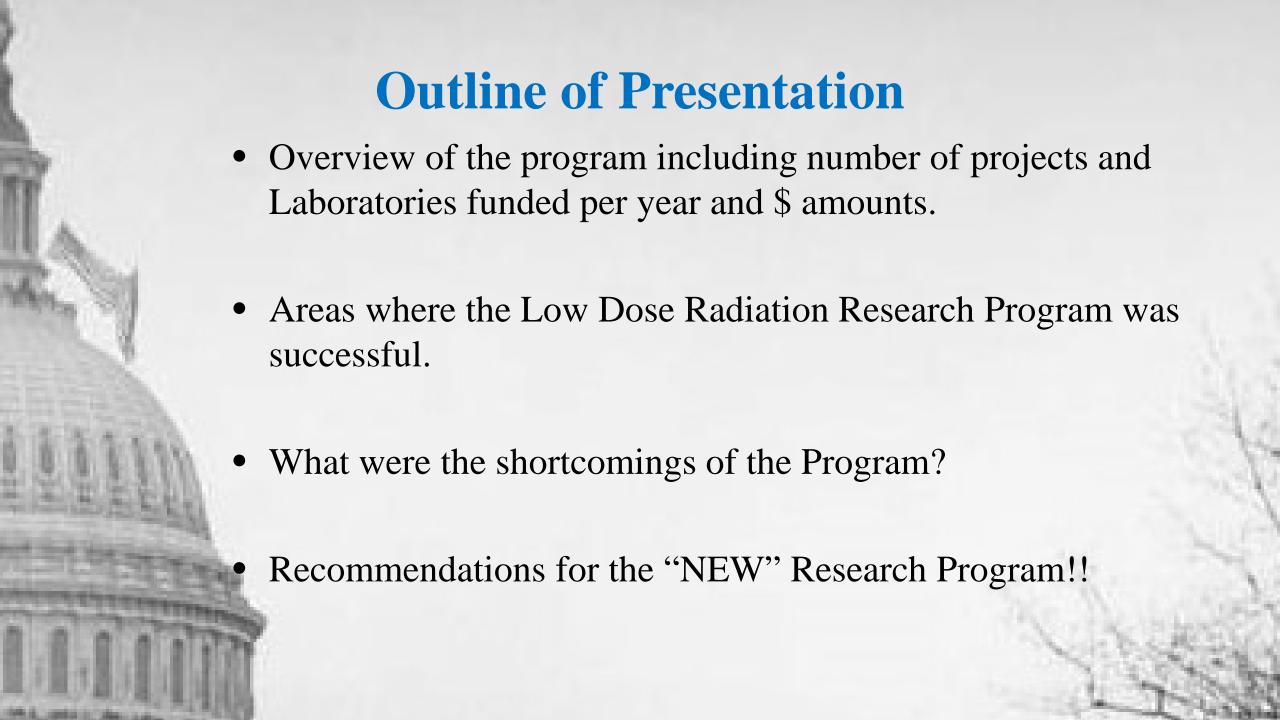
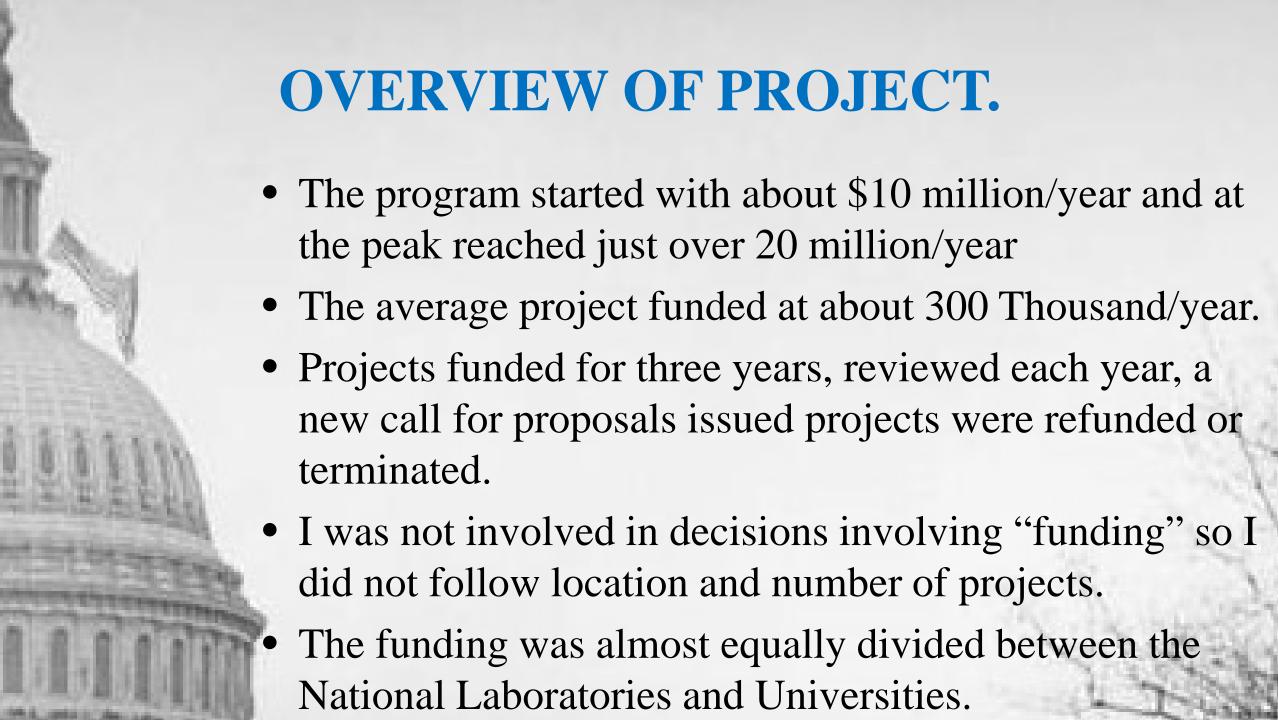
Perspectives from Previous DOE Low-Dose Research Program





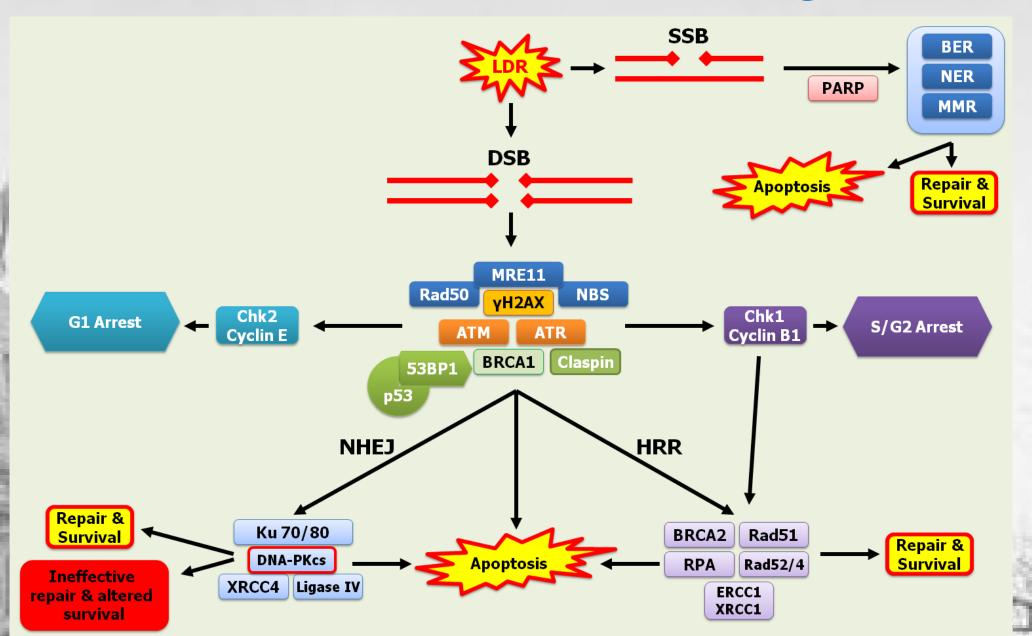




Areas where the Program was successful!!

- Acted to help trigger world-wide interest in Low Dose Research.
- Let the data do the talking.
 - Sometimes the data were not what the scientific committee expected.
 - Defined molecular changes and pathways which were unique for high and low doses or radiation. Many low dose pathways were protective.
 - Adaptive protection for chromosome aberrations and micronuclei.
 - Lower frequency of transformed cells in low dose exposed compared to controls.
 - "Protective" epigenetic effects from low doses of radiation.
 - Increases in synthesis of "Protective" chemicals following low doses of radiation.
 - Activated immune system.

Low Dose Radiation & DNA Damage





RECOMMENDATIONS FOR "NEW" LOW DOSE RADAITION RESEARCH PROGRAM

- Learn from past mistakes of the Low Dose Radiation Research Program.
 - Provide adequate funding to keep up with high costs of doing modern research.
 - Strong advisory group.
 - Outreach and communication top priority.
- Need for carefully controlled molecular and cellular human studies using data and exposed populations from epidemiology and medicine where dose and responses can be carefully documented.
- Use best molecular techniques and up to date technology to develop mechanistic understanding of biological responses to low dose and dose rate radiation.
- Focus research on key events in critical pathways as cells are transformed from normal to cancer.

Summary

- The DOE Radiation Research program opened up many new areas of research.
- New Research must be based on the best scientific techniques and research tools available today to link mechanistic molecular and cellular studies to studies using human tissue.
 - These can draw from epidemiological, medical and planed human studies to further define radiation risk, costs and finally the potential for protection against and cure of cancer.
- New program must have careful oversight and direction toward well defined goals.
- New program should focus a significant part of the funding on outreach and communication of the research to allow the science to have an impact on regulations and safety.
- The funding of this new program is "Great News" if the money can be properly directed, focused on essential research, and have a direct impact on national health, safety and energy goals.

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History of the DOE Program AL Brooks