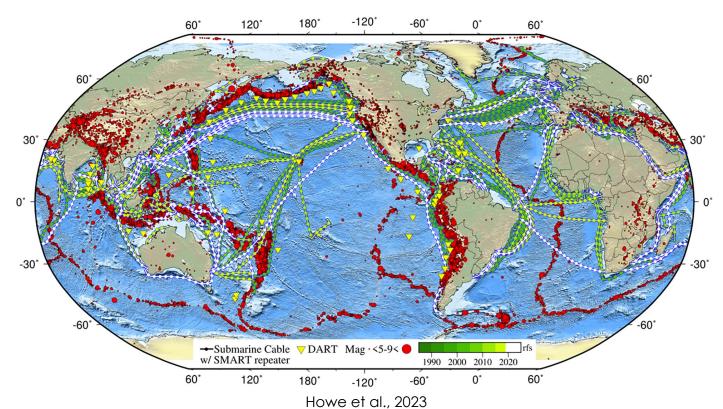
Trans-Oceanic Distributed Fiber Sensing

Zhongwen Zhan (Caltech)



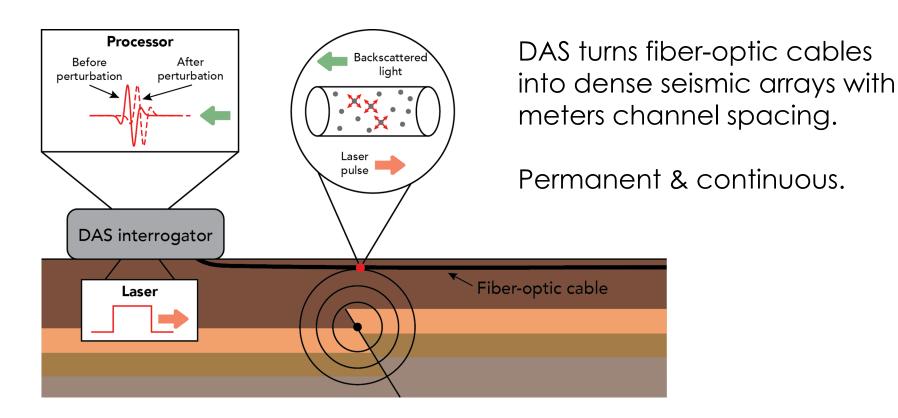
What is different?

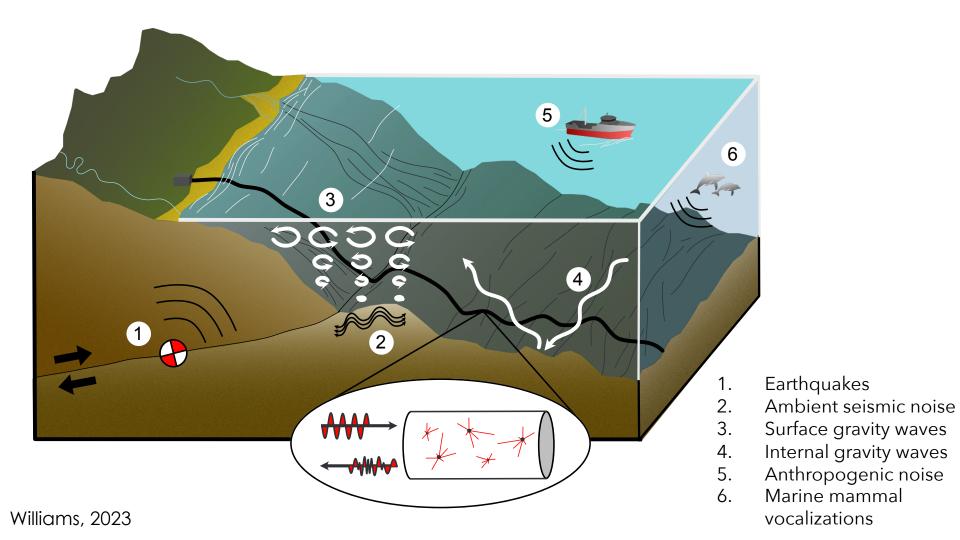
Fiber infrastructure as platform

VS.

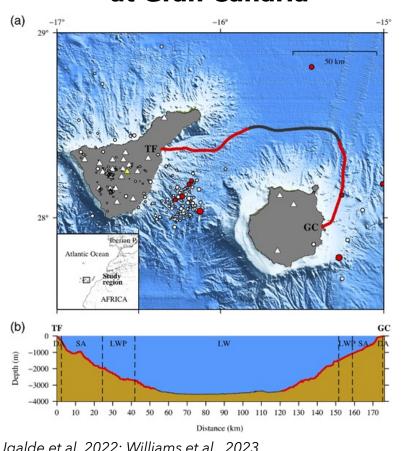
Fiber infrastructure as sensors

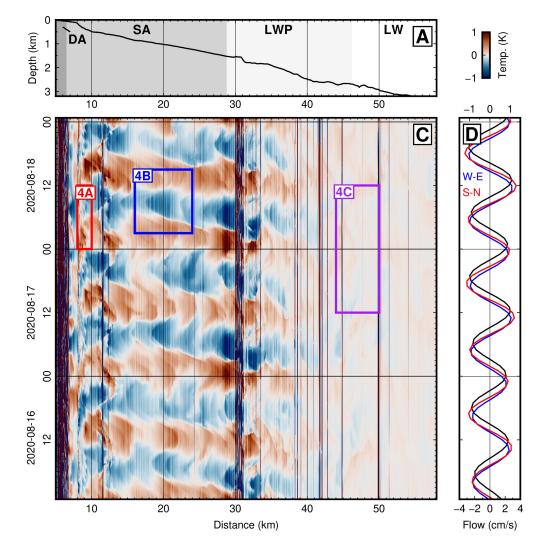
Distributed Acoustic Sensors (DAS)





Nonlinear internal tides at Gran Canaria

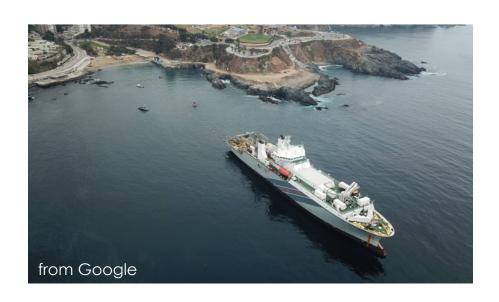




Ugalde et al. 2022; Williams et al., 2023

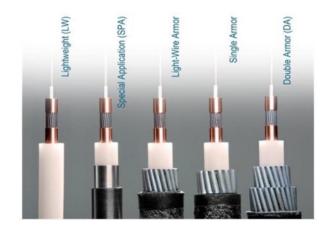
Long-haul telecom cables are different ...

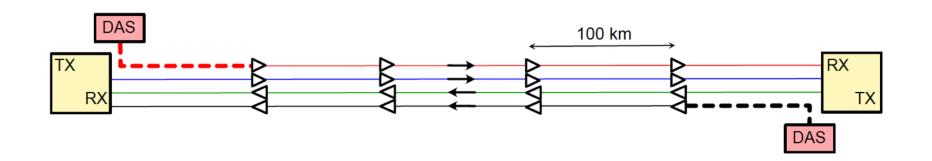
- Very expensive and busy infrastructure
- Heavily regulated and secured
- DAS range too short (up to 100km)

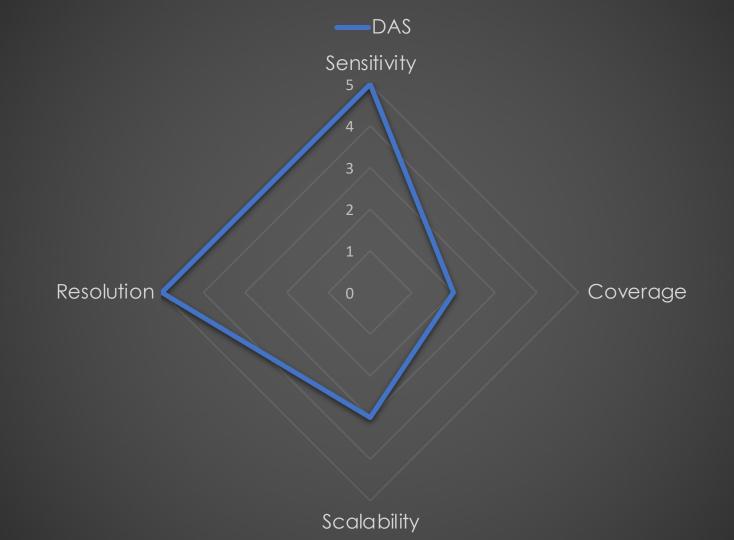




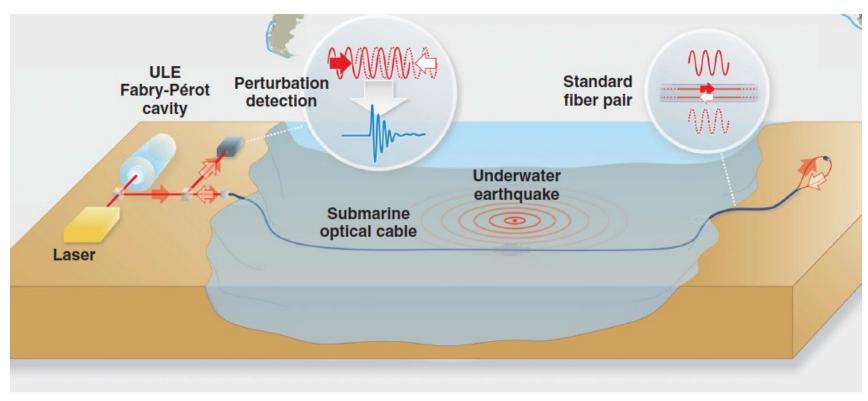
4~12 fibers



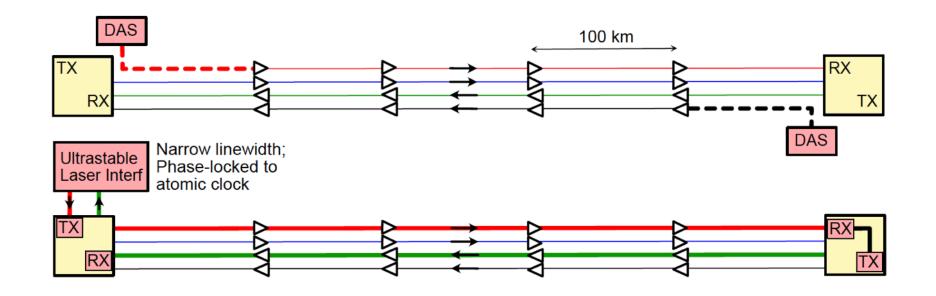




Ultra-stable laser interferometry

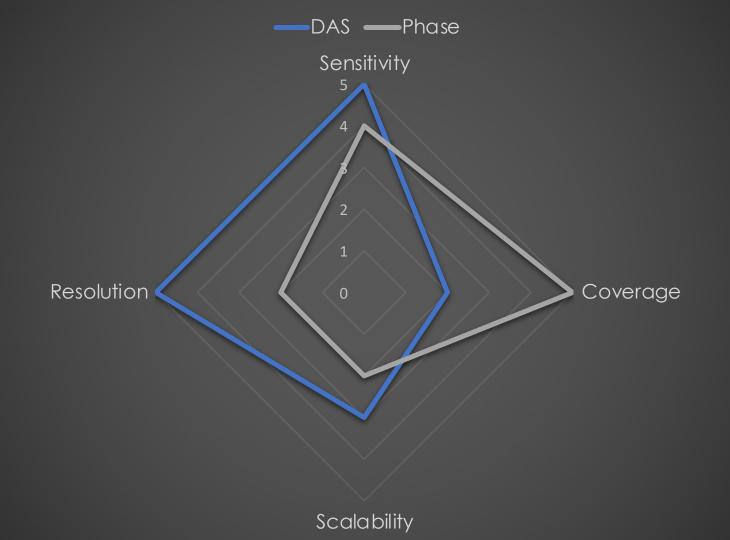


Marra et al., 2018



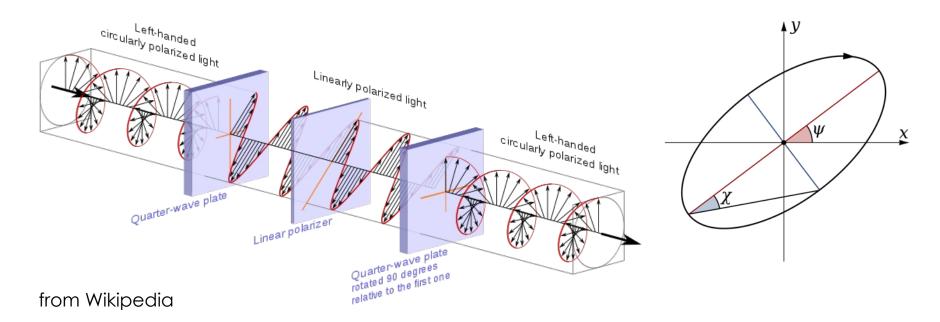
State-of-the-art Telecom laser linewidth: 5kHz - 10kHz

Laser linewidth used in Marra et al. (2018): 1Hz (out of 200THz)!

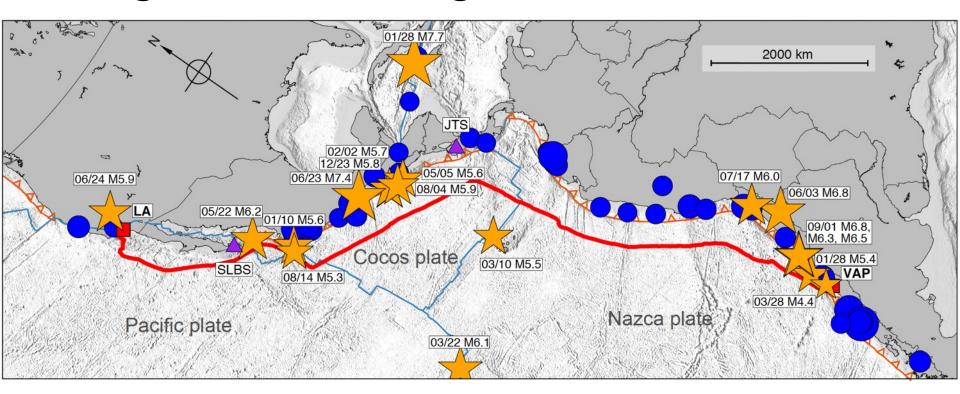


Sensing by state of polarization

- Telecom requires measurements of polarization to restore it
- Principles: stress to fiber causes change in polarization

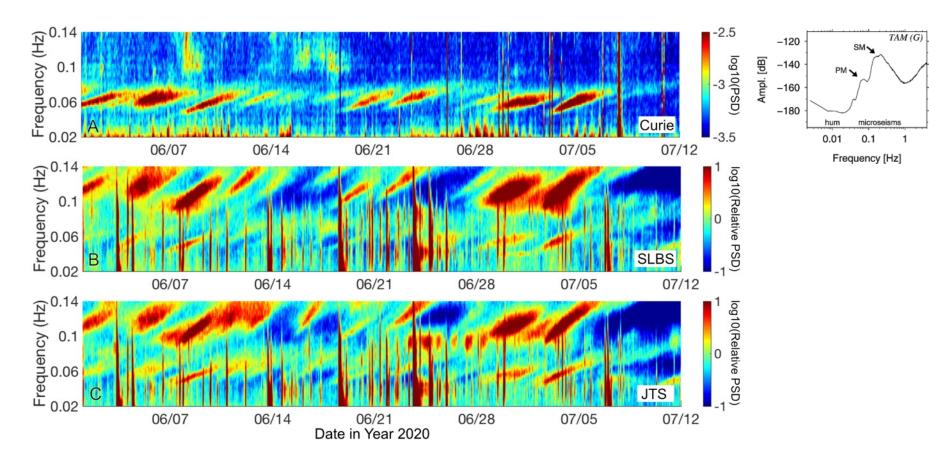


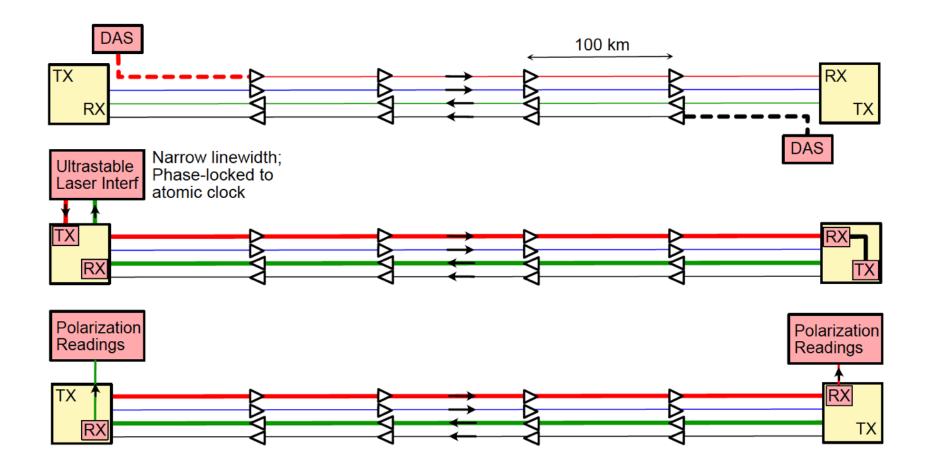
A 10,000-km fiber optic cable, Curie, by Google from Los Angeles to Chile

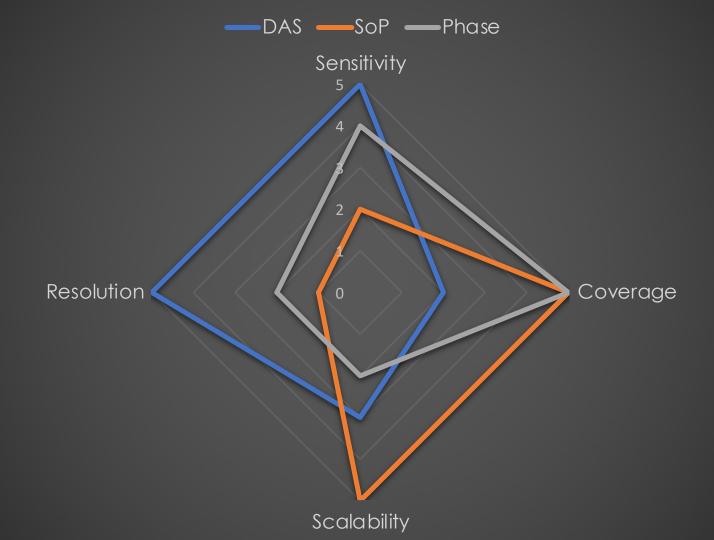


Zhan et al., 2021

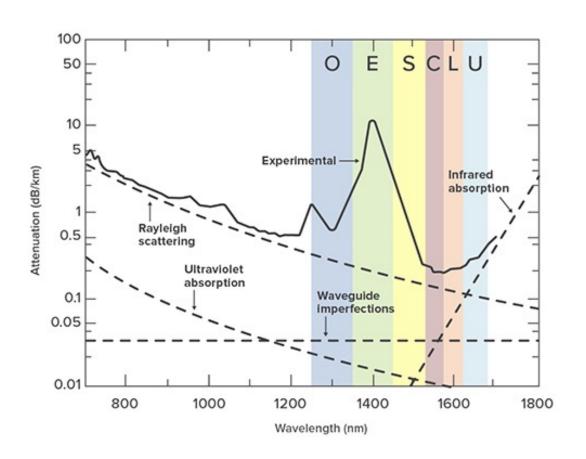
SoP detection of ocean swells

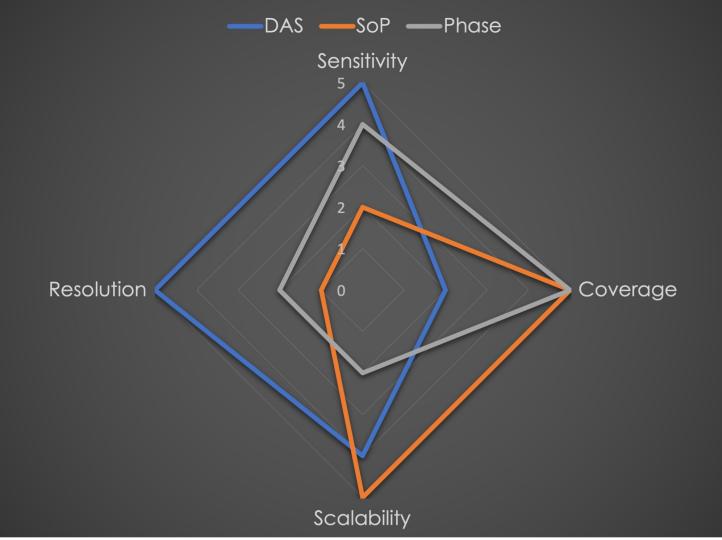


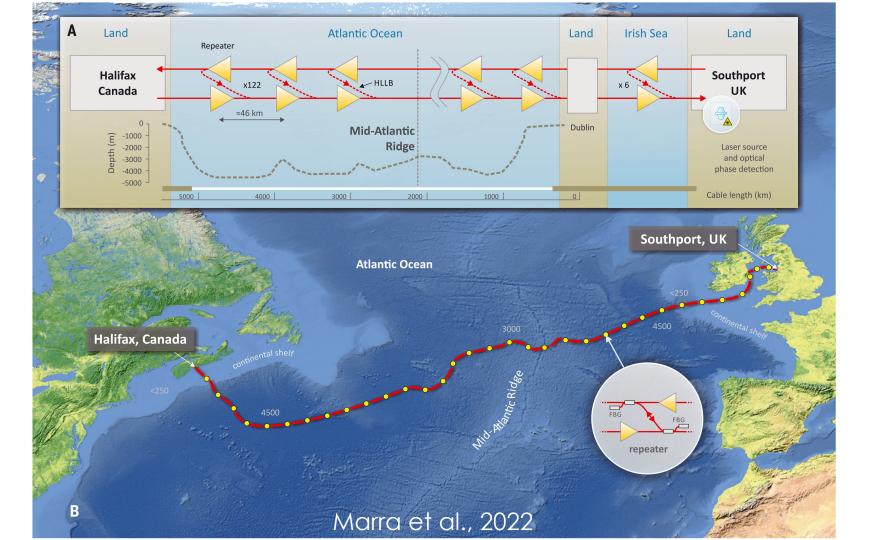


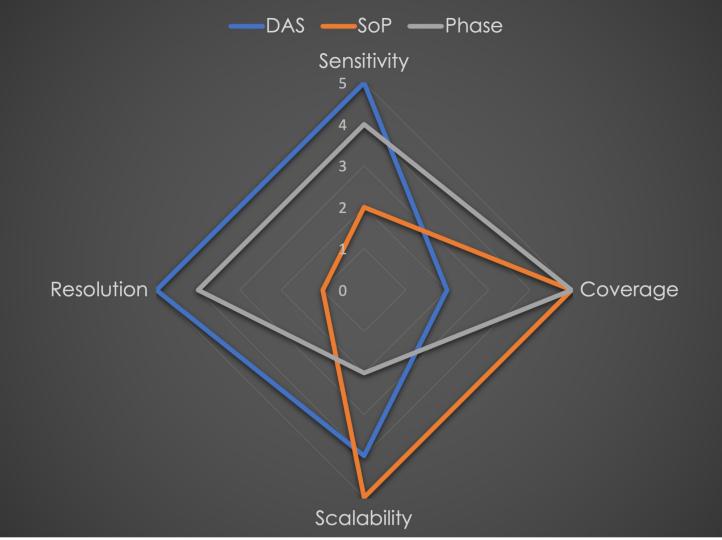


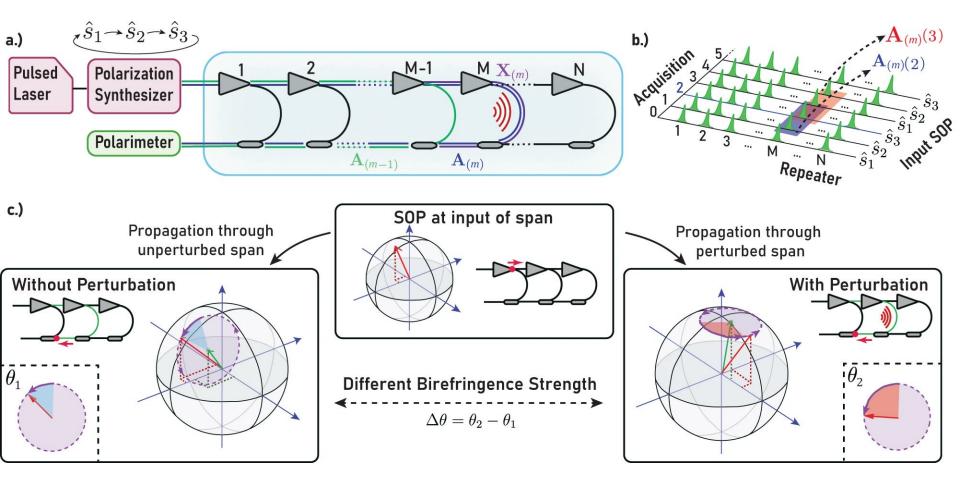
L-band DAS co-exists with telecom



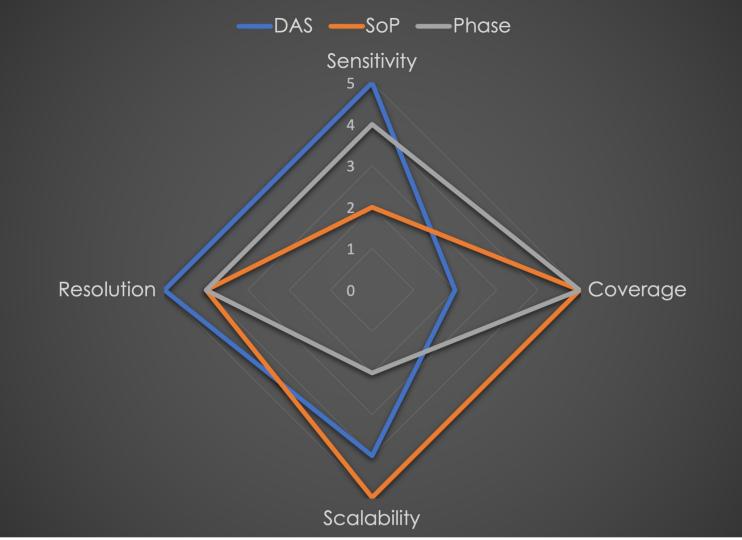








Costa et al., 2023



Submarine fiber sensing for geoscience

- Multiple emerging submarine fiber sensing technologies:
 DAS, Phase, Polarization, and maybe more?
- Fiber sensing technologies are progressing quickly!!
- Benefit both submarine geophysics and oceanography
- A cocktail solution are necessary for the best outcome
- Almost all fiber sensing technologies are developed jointly by academia and the telecom industry.

Thank you! Questions?