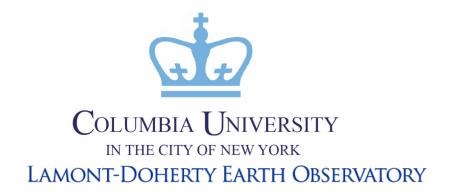
Identifying the "rules" that govern the ocean's chemical-microbe network

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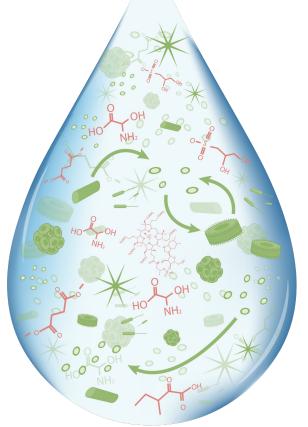




Images: WHOI Graphics unless otherwise noted

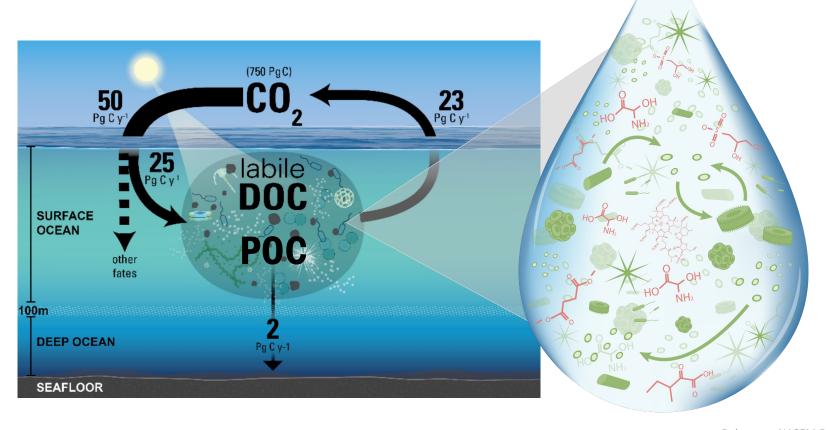
A vast chemical-microbe network underpins marine food webs and biogeochemical cycling

- In every 1mL of seawater, there are 10⁶ microbes, (phytoplankton, bacteria and protists) and 10¹⁰ viruses
- There are ~100,000 different molecules of varying concentrations (femtomolar to nanomolar) acting as substrates and signals
- There are **myriad interactions** within this network- many of which have not been resolved



The chemical-microbe network underpins marine food webs

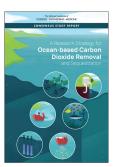
and biogeochemical cycling



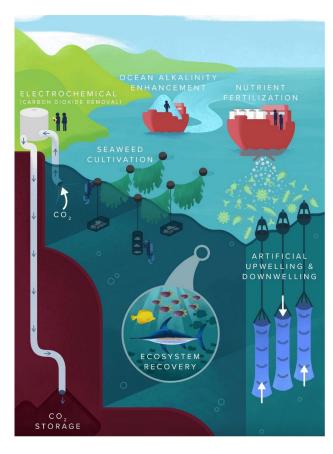
Ocean Carbon Dioxide Removal (CDR) strategies all intersect with the chemical-microbe network and its functions



A RESEARCH STRATEGY FOR OCEAN-BASED CARBON DIOXIDE REMOVAL AND SEQUESTRATION



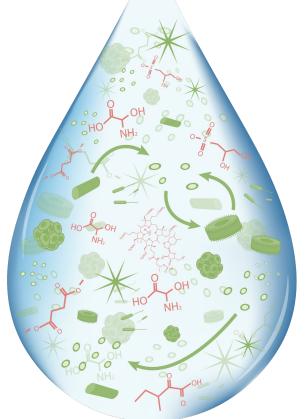
https://www.nationalacademies.org/our-work/a-research-strategy-for-ocean-carbon-dioxide-removal-and-sequestration#sectionPublications



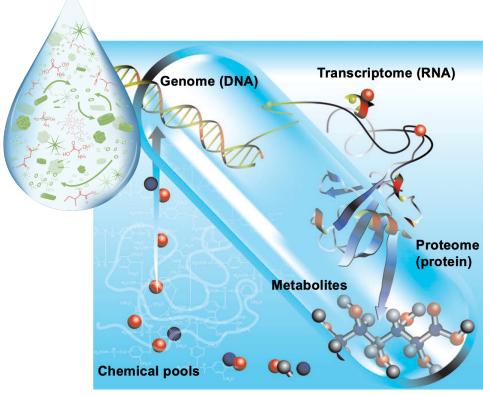
Identifying the "rules" that govern the ocean's chemical-

microbe network to build predictive power

To understand this globally important network we must move beyond inventories to **process-level knowledge**; requiring integrated observational and experiment studies in **chemistry**, **biology** and **modeling** to build predictive power.



Evolving 'omics methods allow new progress



Kujawinski et al. (2011) Annual Review Marine Science

(Meta) genomics = Organisms present and the functions* they carry

(Meta) transcriptomics = The abundance of functions* expressed (turned on) by different organisms

(Meta) proteomic = The abundance of proteins. Dependent on measurements above (Endo/Exo) metabolome = The abundance of metabolites in cells or seawater.

* Functions are determined based on databases comparisons with distantly related microbes (*E. coli*)

Dyhrman - NASEM Decadal Survey

Challenge: The chemical-microbe network underpins ocean ecosystem functions and the earth's biogeochemical cycles, but we lack predictive power on a changing planet.

Opportunity: Identify the rules that govern network function and its

Dyhrman - NASEM Decadal Survey

sensitivities

1. Investment in **methods and model systems** for resolving the network

- 2. Expand capacity to **observe the network** across time scales for linking with models
- Capacity building in data infrastructure and integration

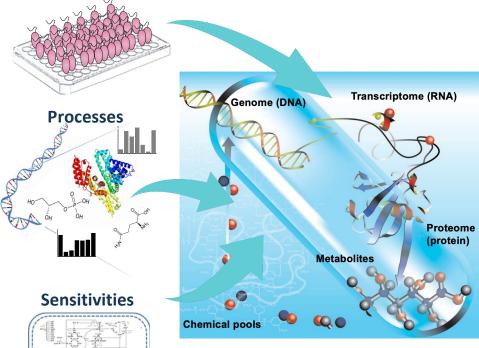
1. Investment in methods and model systems for resolving the network Functions

HN HN

Fund development of genetic systems for marine "E. coli's", to resolve marine microbial functions

B Support continued chemical method development and link metabolites to production and uptake processes

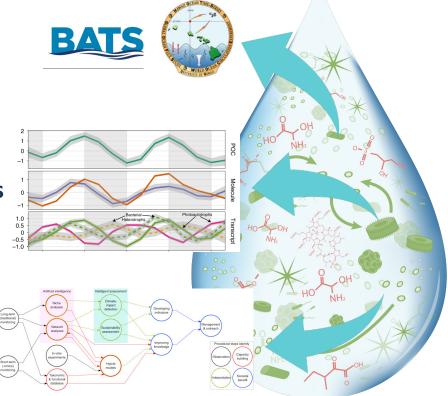
Test **network sensitivities** with model communities in the lab for feeding into models across scales



Kujawinski et al. (2011) Annual Review Marine Science

2. Expand capacity to observe the network across time scales for linking with models

- Support coincident multi 'omic measurements as a core component of the time-series (e.g. BATS, HOT)
- B Identify network sensitivities with process studies (e.g. incubations, diel sampling)
- Integrate models across scales to better predictive capacity



Muratore, Boysen, Harke et al. (2022) Nature Ecol. Evol.; D'Alelio et al. (2019) Curr. Op. Sys. Biol.

3. Capacity building in data infrastructure and integration



- Support method intercalibration, and data integration tools
- B Expand frameworks for discoverable derived data products
- **Training** in computational biology for ECR (e.g. postdoctoral fellowships, Bridge to PhD Fellows, training programs)

2024 Workshop on Genomics Dyhrman - NASEM Decadal Survey

Evomics.org; https://www.us-ocb.org/metat-intercomparison/

Partnership opportunities

- Cross-directorate: BIO
- Interagency:
 - DOE JGI, KBase, EMSL, E3SM
 - NIH NCBI
 - NASA
 - NOAA
- Private US:
 - Simons, Gordon and Betty Moore
- Public/Private International consortia:













Partnership opportunities

Intercalibration



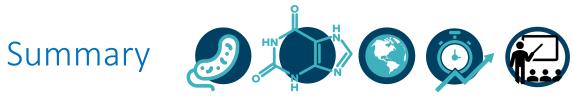
Meta-eukomic: Intercomparison of metatranscriptomic methods for characterizing microbial eukaryote contributions to the biological carbon pump



Discoverable



Vernette et al. (2022) Nucleic Acids Res.









Confluence of need and opportunity to more fully resolve the rules which govern the chemical – microbe network.

Collectively, this knowledge will help better predict ocean resiliency on a changing planet.

