



Evaluating potential interactions between fisheries and new offshore ocean-use sectors

NOAA's California Current Integrated Ecosystem Assessment Team



April 22, 2025

presented by Kelly Andrews, Northwest Fisheries Science Center

Today's Discussion

- 1. California Current Ecosystem 101
- 2. Planning tools to identify, avoid and minimize negative interactions
- 3. Static versus dynamic perceptions of interactions/impacts
- 4. Data gaps and uncertainty



California Current Ecosystem















INTEGRATED SOCIO-ECOLOGICAL SYSTEM OF THE CALIFORNIA CURRENT

FOCAL ECOSYSTEM COMPONENTS

Ecological Integrity Diversity, Seabirds, Marine

mammals, Salmon, Forage species, Groundfish, Species interactions



Human Wellbeing

Conditions, Connections, Capabilities (e.g., safety, community, livelihood)





MEDIATING COMPONENTS

Habitat Marine, Estuarine.

Freshwater



Human Activities

(e.g., fishing, farming, mining, recreation, research, education, activism, restoration, management)



Local Social Systems

(e.g., laws, policies, economies, institutions, social networks, hierarchies, cultural values, built environment)

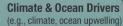




Social Drivers

(e.g., population growth and settlement patterns, national and global economic and political systems, historical legacies, dominant cultural values, and class systems)

















2024-25 CCIEA Ecosystem Status Report Highlights



KEY TAKEAWAYS FROM CO

Strong El Niño in winter/spring 2024 gave to delayed but very robust upwelling and productive coastal conditions



Abundant winter/spring an expect for much of the West; most regions exit severe' drought designation with improving streamflow trends

Diverse prey communities with regional patches of high productivity



Spring upwelling was delayed, but resumed with favorable conditions which held MHW offshore



Zooplankton responded quickly to spring upwelling after El Niño



Abundant diverse forage, especially anchovies and pelagic juvenile rockfish, in surveys and top predator diets



Positive expectations for 2025 Columbia Chinook returns; better outmigration conditions for CA salmon smolts



Coastwide total revenue increased by 3% from 2023. Crab landings a bright spot in commercial catch and revenue









HABs impacted marine life, human health, and fisheries



Increasing trend in humpback whale entanglement reports



Closure of CA salmon fishery; Declining catches for most sectors, most notably Pacific whiting



Shifting human wellbeing metrics for fishing reliant communities: OR & WA







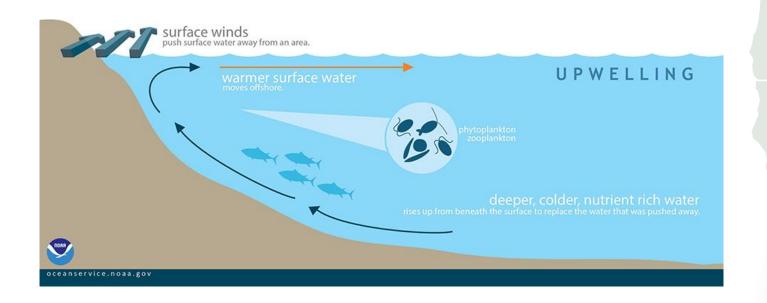








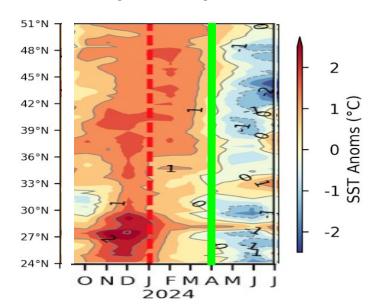
Seasonal upwelling is a key driver of productivity in the CCE



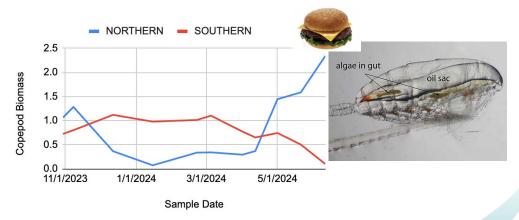


Physics to phood example...

In 2024, strong upwelling occurred after rapid decay of El Niño



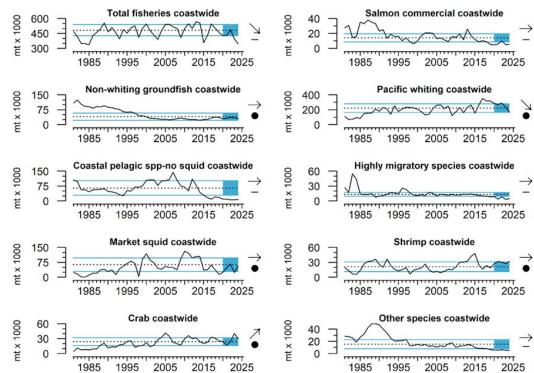
Rapid (positive) biological response





Fisheries supported by the CCE

- Annual landings from West Coast commercial fisheries across management groups
- Revenue, fisheries participation networks, vulnerability and diversification indices in CCIEA report

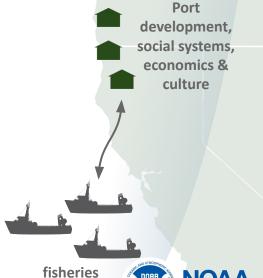




Ecosystem considerations for OSE





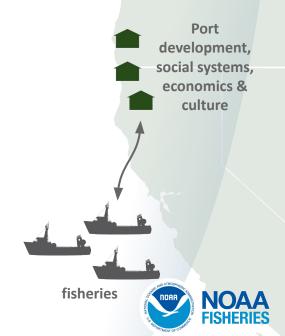


Ecosystem considerations for OSE









Ecosystem considerations for OSE abundance & distribution Port development, social systems, economics & culture marine renewable energy areas fisheries protected species

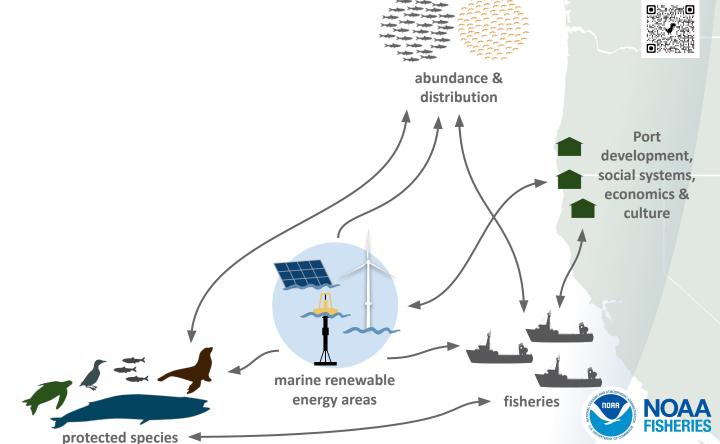
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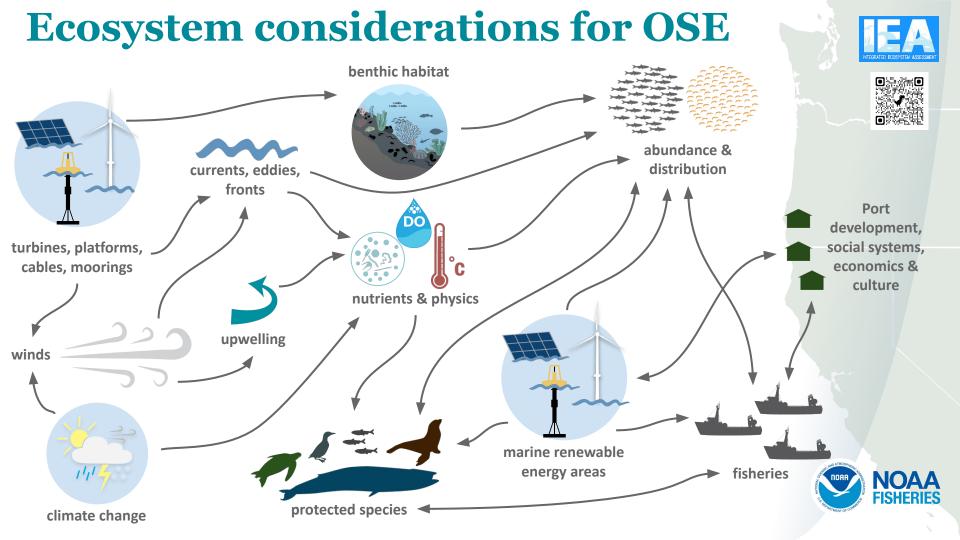




turbines, platforms, cables, moorings

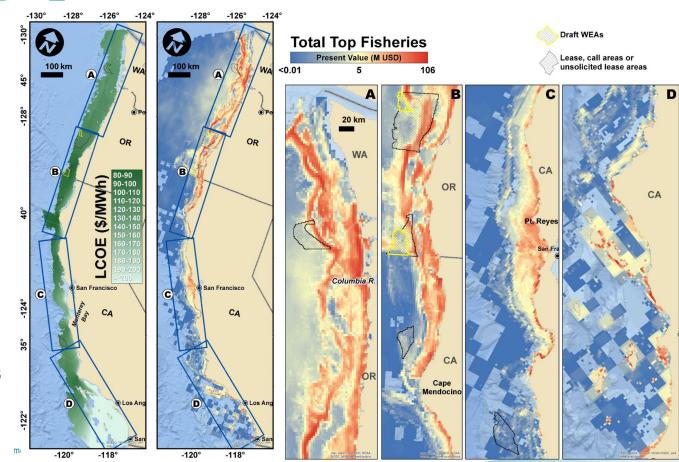


Ecosystem considerations for OSE benthic habitat abundance & distribution currents, eddies, fronts Port development, turbines, platforms, social systems, economics & cables, moorings culture nutrients & physics upwelling winds marine renewable energy areas fisheries protected species

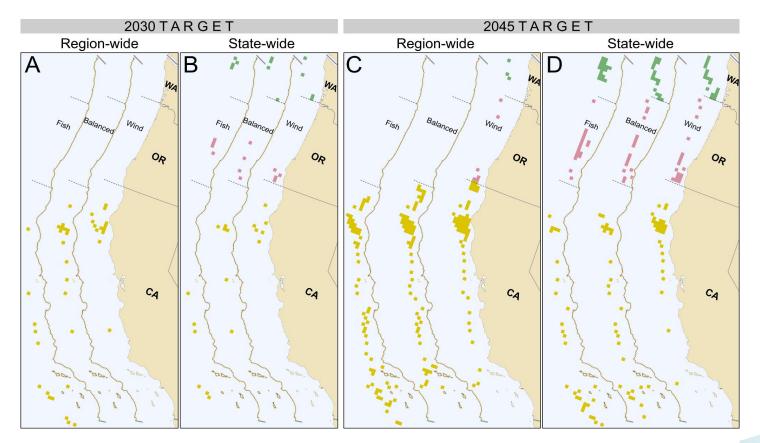


Planning tools to identify, avoid and minimize negative interactions between OSE and fisheries

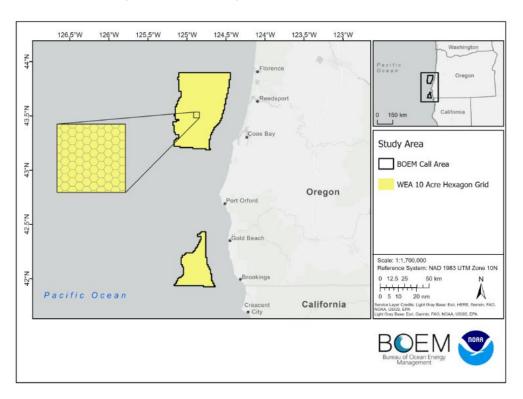
- Coastwide & State-by-State strategies
- Fish-centric,
 Balanced, and
 OSW-centric goals
- Levelized Cost of Energy for OSW
- Present value of top 8 fisheries species across all gear types



Feist et al. 2025 PLOS One



Within preliminary planning area strategies



Submodels



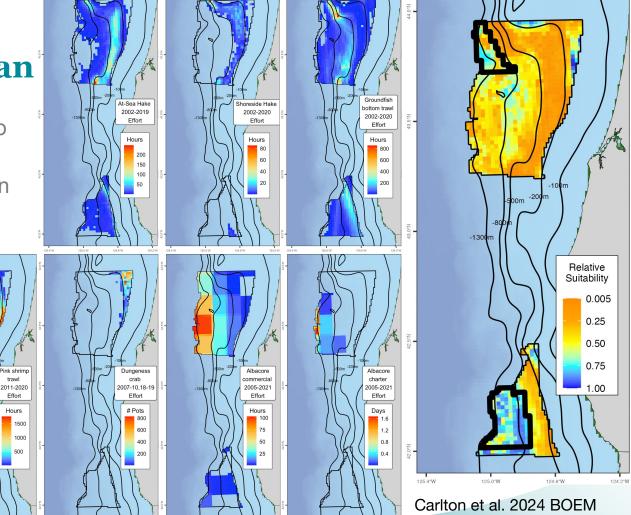


 We provided data/analysis to NCCOS/BOEM suitability model for preliminary Oregon Call Areas

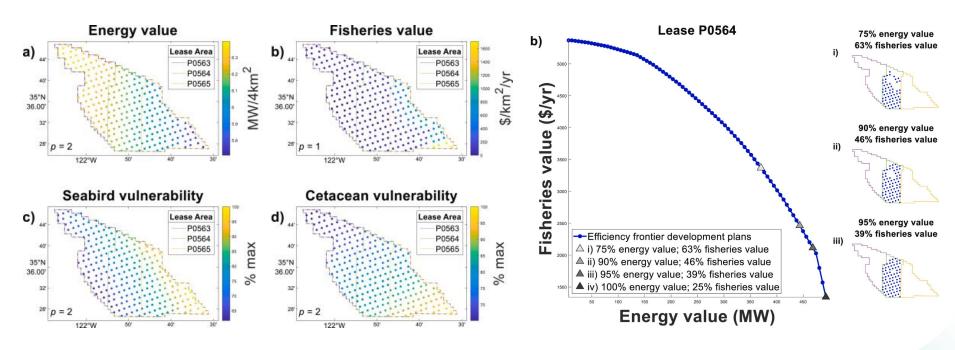
Gear Hours

Groundfish

Gear Hours



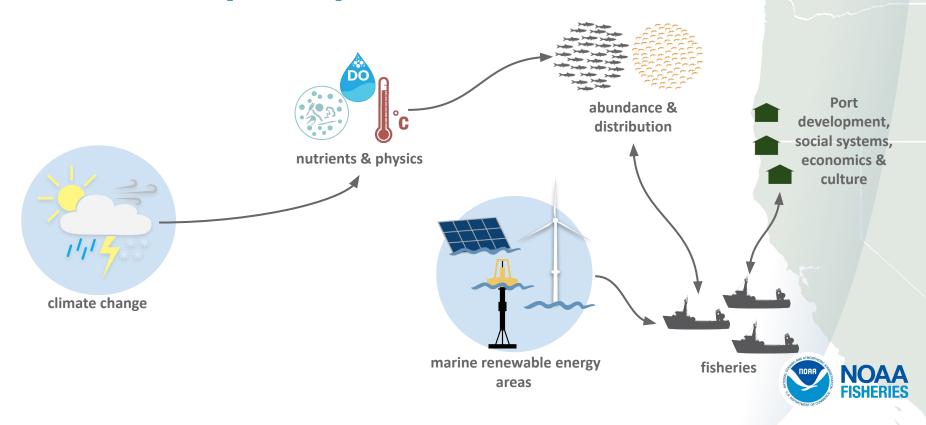
Within final designated areas strategies



White et al. 2024 Environmental Development

Static versus dynamic perceptions of interactions

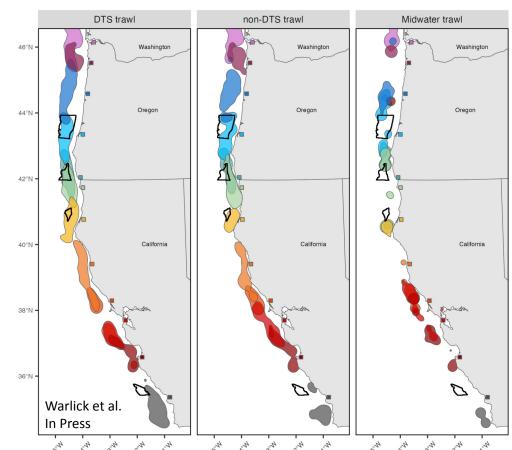
How might shifts in species distribution affect our perception of interactions?



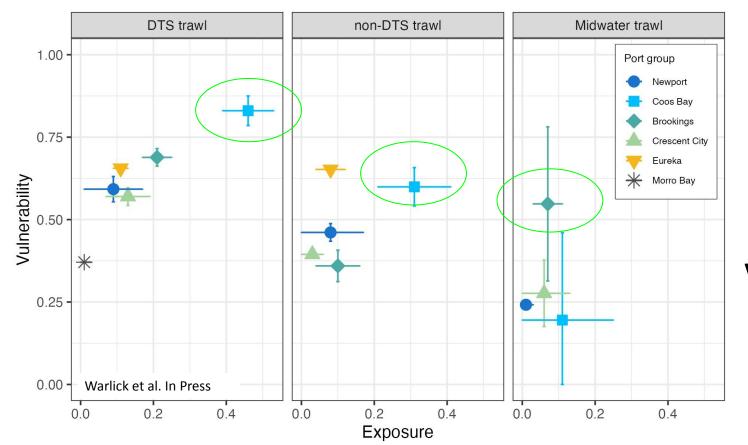
Fisheries footprints

- Groundfish trawl fishing grounds 1994 – 2020
 - DTS groundfish bottom trawl (Dover sole, Thornyheads, Sablefish)
 - non-DTS groundfish bottom trawl
 - Midwater trawl rockfish





Historical risk of displacement from OSE areas

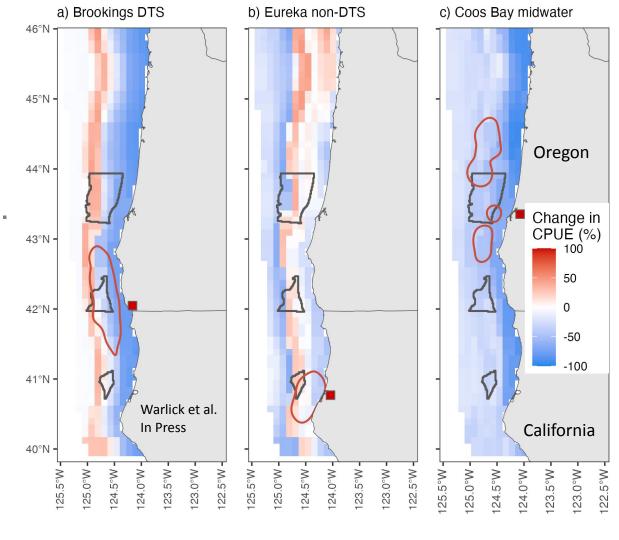


Exposure = proportion of footprints overlapping OSEAs

Vulnerability = how easily a fishery might be affected

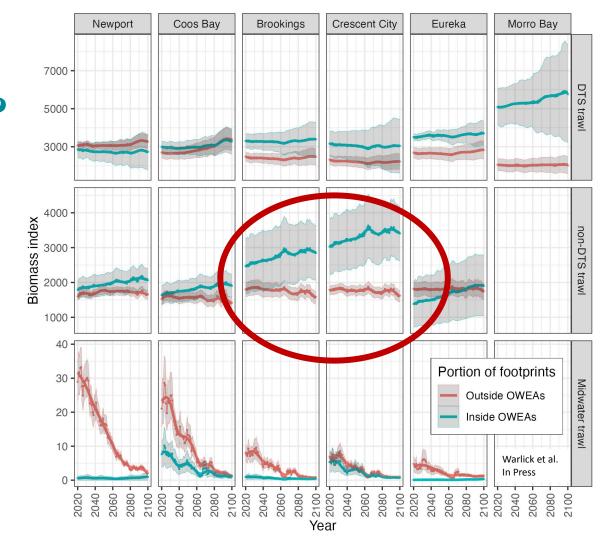
Target species distribution shifts

- Distributional shifts in target species (Liu et al. 2023)
- % change in CPUE from 2020 to the 2050-2100 average
- Shifts vary with target species

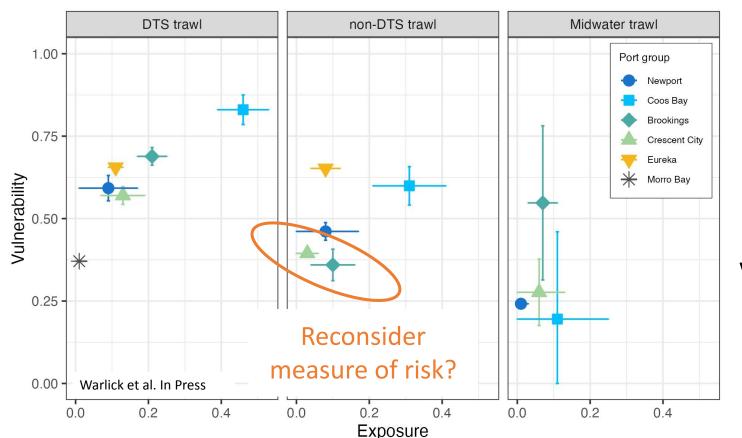


Changes to our perception of risk?

- Increasing densities of non-DTS species inside OSEAs, particularly for Brookings, OR and Crescent City, CA
- Relatively stable for DTS bottom trawl species



Historical risk of displacement from OSE areas

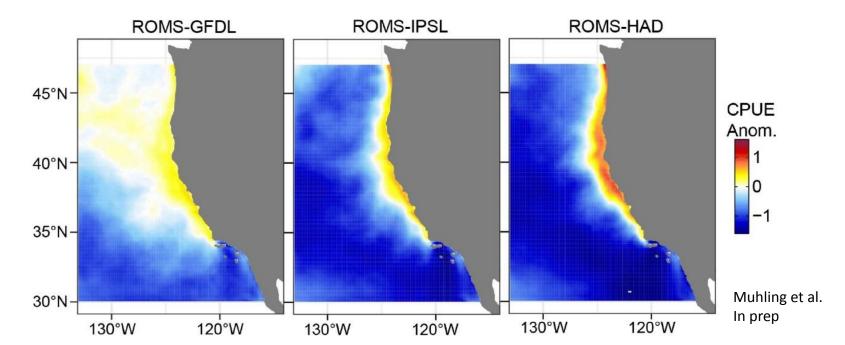


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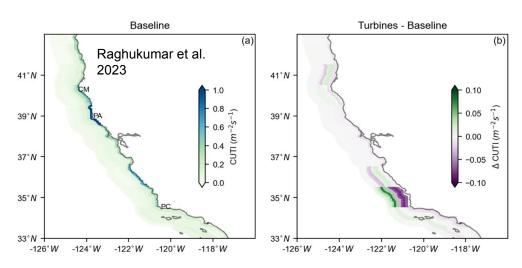
Albacore fisheries risk in future?

- SDM predicting albacore CPUE (fish/vessel/day) from logbooks
 - Application of this model to downscaled projections shows a northward shift in cooler months, and an inshore shift in warmer months by end 21st century

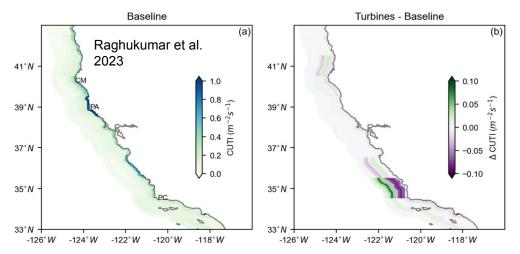


Data gaps, uncertainty and other analyses underway

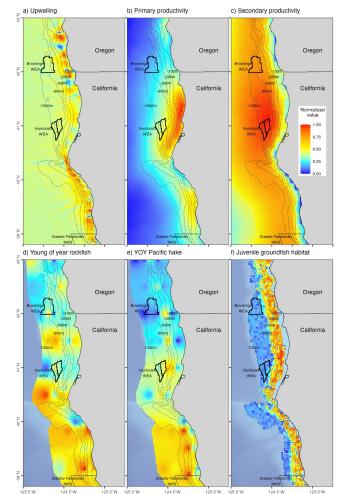
Impacts to the underlying oceanographic conditions are understudied...



- Impacts to the underlying oceanographic conditions are understudied...
- Ecosystem indicators under development
 - Add to planning and siting process?
 - Guide monitoring plans and survey designs
 - Serve as early-warning indicators?



2024-2025 CA Current Ecosystem Status Report

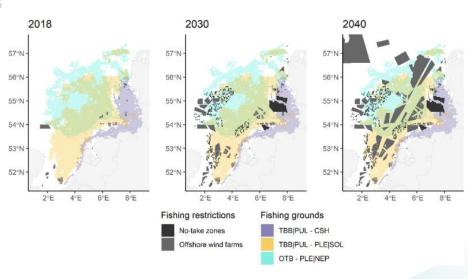


- Impacts to the underlying oceanographic conditions are understudied...
- Ecosystem indicators under development
 - Add to planning and siting process?
 - Designing monitoring plans and designs
 - Serve as early-warning indicators?
- Attraction versus production near new infrastructure?



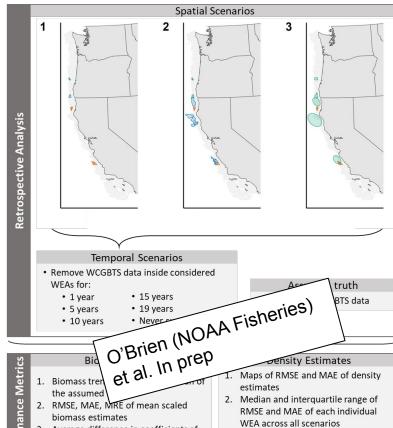
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- Fisheries behavior modeling
 - O Where will fishers redistribute effort?
 - How will costs/revenue change?

North Sea example



Letschert et al. 2025

- Impacts to the underlying oceanographic conditions are understudied...
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 - Add to planning and siting process?
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 - Serve as early-warning indicators?
- Attraction versus production near new infrastructure?
- Fisheries behavior modeling
 - Where will fishers redistribute effort?
 - How will costs/revenue change?
- Impacts to survey data and stock assessments?



- 3. Average difference in coefficients of variation between scenarios and assumed truth
- 3. Median difference in density estimates in terminal year (terminal vear)



Take home messages...

- 1. Seasonal upwelling fuels productivity
- 2. Spatial planning tools are available for identifying & minimizing potential interactions
- 3. Including future scenarios in planning efforts may reveal important considerations
- 4. There are many understudied links for assessing impacts to fisheries

NMFS West Coast Strategic Science Plan





