



Decadal Survey on Biological and Physical Sciences Research in Space 2023-2032

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The National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine

How the Academies Works Charter signed by President Lincoln, 1863

The Academies has many different activities underway every day (now virtual).

Over 500 expert committees are active at any given time.



1863

1st Study
The feasibility of
achieving "uniformity
of weights, measures,
and coins."

The Secretary of the Treasury requests a report

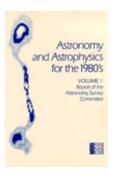
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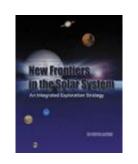


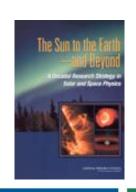


Space Science Decadal Surveys

- Astronomy and Astrophysics 1963, 1973, 1982, 1991, 2001, 2010, (2020)
- Planetary Science
 2003, 2011, (2022)
- Solar and Space Physics 2003, 2012, (2024)
- Earth Science and Applications from Space 2007, 2018, (2029)
- Biological and Physical Research in Space 2011, (2023, underway now!)





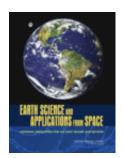














Assesses an entire scientific space science discipline

What is a Decadal Survey?



Prioritizes key scientific questions



Prioritizes associated missions, research, engineering, & facilities



Performed entirely independently of sponsoring organizations



Decadal Survey Goals

- The Decadal Survey report presents a compelling program for the coming decade that represents the prioritized activities for the relevant U.S. space science community.
- Community participation is strongly encouraged and all factgathering meetings are open to the public.
- Deliberations are held in closed session in order to ensure independence from external influence.
- The distinguishing features of the process are: inclusiveness through white papers, independence from external influence, and transparency wherever possible.

Who Charters a Decadal Survey?

 Agencies such as NASA negotiate the Statement of Task with the National Academy.

Who Uses a Decadal Survey?

- Congress, the science community, and federal agencies rely on Decadal Surveys for guidance on prioritizations.
- Agencies and Congress consider Decadal Surveys the formal prioritization document from the relevant community, and have repeatedly stated their intent to give the highest priority to the missions or objectives ranked in a Decadal Survey.

Why do we care about the decadal surveys?

They are both swords and shields.

They are swords for a highly ranked new program by providing a manager with arguments supporting a new activity.

They are shields because they protect highly ranked programs.

The changing environment over a decade is inherently difficult to map, but decision rules can allow for more relevant advice with changing budgets, mission costs, and unanticipated technology breakthroughs.

Let's go through the basic parts of a Decadal Survey used by the Steering Committee

Selection of Decadal Survey Participants

- An open call to all sources seeks nominations, including self-nominations, so as not to overlook any excellent candidates.
 - Community response was extensive. Also, we consulted widely.
- Composition intended to cover the range of expertise.
- Diversity is emphasized across multiple axes.
- Choice of co-chairs
 - Experienced, strong committee leader, familiar with the NASEM process and not perceived to be conflicted on critical decisions.
- Choice of panel members
 - Scientifically respected, broad view of the field, perceived as fair and unbiased.

A Decadal Survey member is charged with representing the interests of BPS, not of their institution or subfield.

Panels

- Panels of experts are assembled by the National Academies covering the breadth of biological and physical sciences in space.
- Panels gather data and information, performing analyses, and develop iniput in their assigned area.
- Panels receive direction and feedback from the Steering Committee.

Community Outreach

- The National Academies arranges Town Hall meetings with the Decadal Survey Chairs and members, requests white papers from the community at large, and events to engage scientists who will see the fruition of this Decadal Survey and play key roles in its implementation.
- The scientific community white papers contribute immensely to the process. Every white paper is read by at least one member of the Decadal Survey.

Science Prioritization

• Each panel selects, refines, and applies criteria to identify research needs in its thematic area.

 Input from the panels is analyzed by the Steering Committee and synthesized into a common set of criteria for considering the highest priority recommendations.

Technical, Risk and Cost Evaluation

 The Steering Committee provides direction to contractor to utilize the Technical Risk and Cost Evaluation (TRACE) process on large recommended spaceflight projects (those costing more than \$100M) and on any other projects selected by the committee.

The Decadal Survey Report

- A Decadal Survey is a consensus document, with the cochairs leading the conversation of the steering committee into general consensus on findings and recommendations.
- Once the draft is complete, a rigorous review is conducted by outside experts selected by the Academies.

Typical Elements of a Survey Report

- Overview of relevant discipline.
- Broad survey of the current state of knowledge.
- Inventory of the top-level science questions and the impact of addressing them.
- Recommendations on optimum balance between fields, large/medium/small projects, ground versus space, etc.
- Consideration of infrastructure.
- Discussion of strategic capability needs and the requirements for a healthy community.
- Strategy for accomplishing recommended research objectives, programs, and supporting capability development.

BPS Decadal Survey Milestones

•	Aug 2021	Committee Appointed
•	Aug 16-17, 2021	Committee 1st Meeting
•	Fall 2021	Panels Appointed & Committee 2 nd Meeting
•	Oct 31, 2021	Topical White Papers Due
•	Dec 23, 2021	Research Campaign White Papers Due
	DCC LJ, LULI	Research campaign winter apers bue
	2022	Series of Committee & Panel Meetings
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•	2022	Series of Committee & Panel Meetings
•	2022 Jan 2023	Series of Committee & Panel Meetings Report to Review

SPACE STUDIES BOARD AND AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ENGINEERING BOARD

Thank You!

Please Participate!

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Putting it all together

A Steering Committee of experts assembled by the National Academy is responsible for the overall conduct of the decadal survey –

- Collecting input from panels;
- Requesting and analyzing input from the Technical, Risk, and Cost Analysis (TRACE) contractor;
- Drafting a report of top-level conclusions and recommendations;
- Responding to comments collected from the NASEM extensive report review analysis and modifying the draft report, as appropriate;
- After NASEM releases the Decadal Survey Report, the co-chairs will lead community briefings of the report with Steering Committee help over the coming decade!

For a description of the entire study process, go to:

https://www.nationalacademies.org/about/our-study-process