

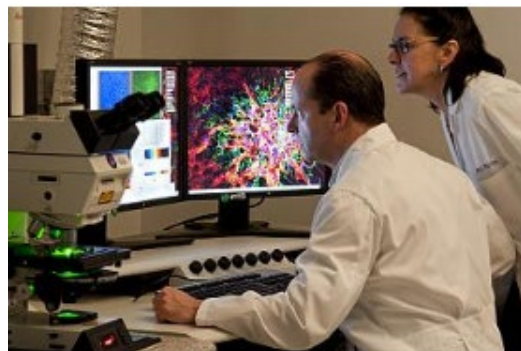


*National Institutes of Health (NIH) Bethesda Campus
Central Utility Plant (CUP)
Data-Driven Operational Excellence*

Dan Wheeland, P.E.
Director, Office of Research Facilities
National Institutes of Health

National Institutes of Health

- An Operating Division of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, NIH is the nation's medical research agency — making important discoveries that improve health and save lives.
- Annual funding ~ \$37 billion
- 27 biomedical research institutes
- Sites in Maryland, Montana and North Carolina



NIH's Bethesda Campus

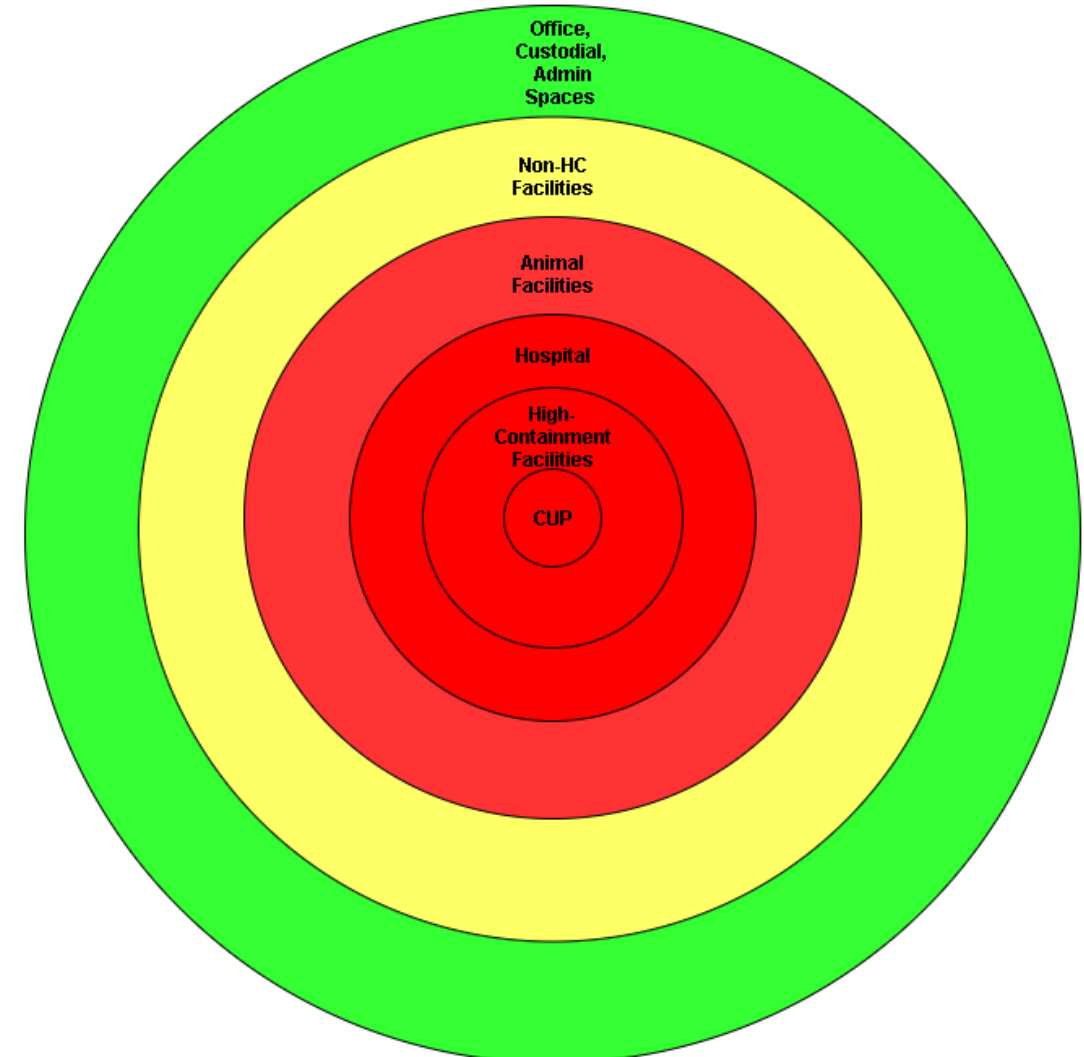
- 75 buildings over 300 acres
- Total area~12 million sf, many state-of-the-art biomedical research facilities
- 240-Bed Research Hospital, including Special Clinical Studies Unit
- Research Labs, some housing infectious disease research
- Research Animal Housing
- One-pass air for biosafety
- Clean rooms for cell therapy, drug compounding, intravenous admixtures tailored to unique patient needs
- High Performance Data Center



What Makes NIH CUP So Special?

- Reliability is crucial for the mission critical spaces served
 - High Containment Facilities
 - Research Labs
 - Animal facilities
 - World Renowned Research Hospital

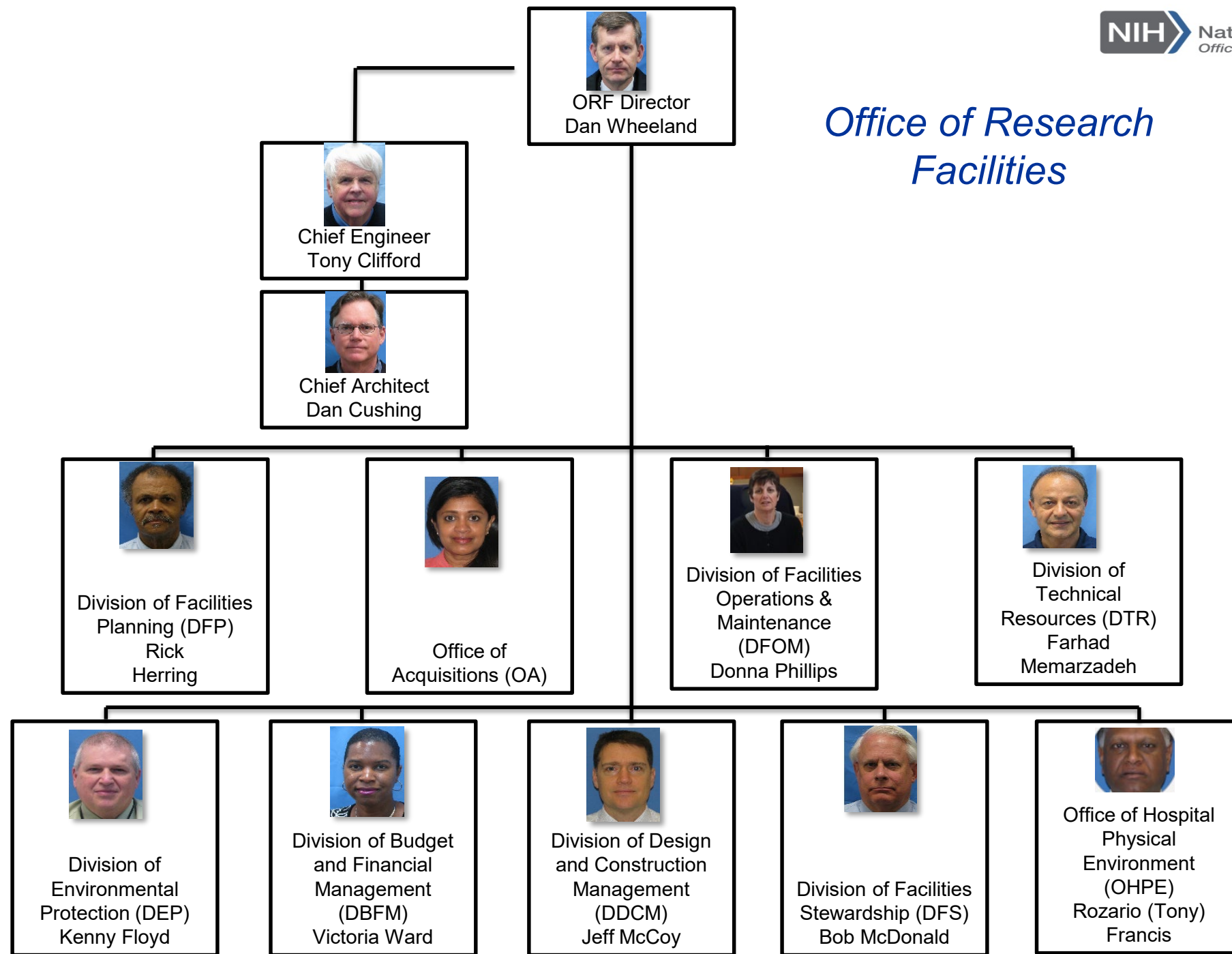
NO CUP = NO FUNCTIONING NIH





Organizational Alignment and Priorities

- Prior to 2014, the CUP was managed by the Division of Facilities Operation, which placed pressure on Building Maintenance leadership to balance the needs of customers with the needs of the CUP; over time, customer demands were causing the CUP to be neglected.
- In 2014, we reorganized in a manner that Building Maintenance was led by one division and the CUP was managed by another; this seems to work better for NIH. It does, however, require that the two Divisions work well together. In practice, this resembles a typical utility provider – building owner relationship – utilities are provided up to the 5' line or meter.
- Pride, performance, professionalism and accountability seem to be enhanced when managers effectively align the workforce to the real property assets; alignment could be by building, building system, or a combination/matrix.
- Related: prior to 2014, the primary focus of the CUP was on meeting the cooling/heating demand (at any cost); there were no tangible goals regarding efficiency, a behavior which was reinforced by the budgetary environment that treated utilities as a non-discretionary bill that is not as heavily scrutinized as other budget areas. For example, on a hot day, 12 chillers were energized. Now, with new alignment, efficiency is a high priority.
- While the rest of this presentation is technical in nature, the organizational alignment, organizational priorities and performance measurement aspects are heavily related with these technical advances.





CUP Organizational Structure

Utility Systems Design and Technical Service Branch (HNAM967)		
Main Phone: 301-594-7123		
Haghjou, Marty	Branch Chief	301-402-7811
Abdelsalam, Amir	Mechanical Engineer	301-594-0118
Bear, Brenda*	Division of Technical Resources	301-881-3500
Bhuiyan, Abdul, PhD, PE	Supervisory General Engineer - Branch Chief USDTSB, DTR	301-451-4954
Blatzheim, Michael*	Division of Technical Resources	703-533-0039
Egan, John J.	Project Officer	301-451-6361
Fratangelo, John	General Engineer	301-451-1949
Lassise, Kevin*	Division of Technical Resources	301-881-5120
Lee, Shawn, PE	Electrical Engineer	301-402-3765
Luccese, Joseph*	Division of Technical Resources	717-814-5498
Muise, Ryan*	Division of Technical Resources	703-533-0039
Oberholzer, Raymond*	Division of Technical Resources	240-543-5724
Smalls, Wayne P.	Electrical Engineer	301-402-8135
Viering, Arthur*	Division of Technical Resources	301-339-5480
Wodka, Brian*	Division of Technical Resources	410-576-0505
Utilities Engineering Branch (HNAM965)		
Main Phone: 301-443-5680		
Guan, Don, PhD, PE	Branch Chief	301-443-5585
Battick, Kevin*	Division of Technical Resources	703-932-5261
Brugh, Timothy*	Division of Technical Resources	574-339-7310
Clifford, Brian	General Engineer	301-435-7335
Corey, Kayla		301-451-4469
Hu, Ping	Maximo Data Support	301-451-4478
Huang, Alex	Mechanical Engineer	301-451-1328
John, Brendan*		631-338-5338
Sreenivasan, Ram		301-443-5585
Tao, Ye*	Division of Technical Resources	269-982-2414
Torkashvan, Kayvan	General Engineer	
Yang, Andrew		240-204-1210
Utilities Generation Branch (HNAM964)		
Main Phone: 301-451-4478		
Fax: 301-402-0401		
Nieves, Joseph D.	Branch Chief	301-451-4478
Warren, Sharon	Program Assistant	301-451-4469
Bentley, Bob		301-451-4995
Cooley, Robert		301-451-4469
Deng, Curtis	Student Trainee (Admin Support)	301-402-0375
Fox, Johnnie	Central Utility Plant Operation (Leader)	301-451-4493
Gordon, Joseph	Division of Technical Resources	301-429-1533
Gumapas, Leo, PE	Environmental Compliance Officer	301-832-4320
Hill, Terrance	Boiler Plant Operator	301-496-9040
Hughes, Casey*	Administrative Assistant - Technician - Clerk	301-827-6505
Lyon, Chris *		301-451-1188
Ma, Haitao	Engineer civil, mechanical	301-594-1124
Madden, Brian*	Division of Technical Resources	301-451-9398
Oormazdi, Armin		301-451-3998
Ramcharan, Shivan*	Purchaser, Inventory Control	301-451-4576
Ramcharan, Tiffany	Student Trainee (Admin Support)	301-402-0375
Showe, James		301-451-4494
Thomas, Ahmon	High Voltage Electrician	301-451-4469
Velazquez-Cruz, Daniel		
Wisehart, Eric	Maximo Administrator	301-402-0375

CUP Organizational Structure (Continued)

Central Utility Plant Operation & Maintenance		
Mayberry, Donald	Chief (CUP) Operation and Maintenance	301-451-3593
Sadler, Dax	Mechanical Maintenance Supervisor	301-451-1188
Brewer, Anthony	Maintenance Mechanic (Boiler Leader)	301-451-4475
Cannon, Paul E.	Maintenance Mechanic	301-451-1188
Clark, Jamie	Maintenance Mechanic	301-451-1188
Duong, Cuong	Maintenance Mechanic	301-451-1188
Harrod, Anthony	Maintenance Mechanic	301-451-3593
Hawkins, Darrell	Maintenance Mechanic (Chill Leader)	301-451-1188
Martin, James M.	Maintenance Mechanic	301-451-4475
Messer, Timothy	Maintenance Mechanic	301-451-1188
Cogeneration Plant Operation Main Phone: 301-402-5522		
Prideaux, Michael*	(CRO) Control Room Operator	301-402-5522
Weibert, Scott*	Plant Manager	301-402-5522
CUP Operation & Maintenance (Shift A)		
England, Milton	Boiler Plant Operator (Supervisor)	301-451-4489
Pickens, Benjamin C.	Boiler Plant Operator (Leader)	301-451-4489
CUP Operation & Maintenance (Shift B)		
Jones, Brian	Boiler Plant Operator (Supervisor)	301-451-4493
CUP Operation & Maintenance (Shift C)		
Reid, Darius	Boiler Plant Operator (Supervisor)	301-451-4492
Washington, Edward	Boiler Plant Operator (Leader)	301-451-4494
Cooke, Kelvin E.	Central Utility Plant Operation	301-451-4475
Fuqua, Larry A.	Boiler Plant Operator Supervisor	301-451-3593
Utilities Control & Instrumentation Section Main Phone: 240-507-3290		
Vergara, Andres	Chief Utilities Control and Instrumentation Section	301-451-3527
Belcher, John	Instrument Lab (Supervisor)	301-451-4476
Armstrong, Joseph	High Voltage Electrician	301-451-3527
Asano, Tiyo	Division of Technical Resources	301-451-3527
Foye, Glenwood	High Voltage Electrician (Leader)	301-496-2719
Gomes, Andrew, PhD	Physical Scientist	301-435-2107
Hooks, Nicholas		301-451-4469
Huffman, Kevin	High Voltage Electrician	301-451-4487
Lawrence, Thomas M.	Instrument Technician	301-451-4488
Meyer, David	Program Support, Asset Manager	301-451-2454
Mundy, James	High Voltage Electrician	301-451-4488
Pajardo, Joseph	High Voltage Electrician	301-451-3527
Taluckder, Mohammed	Shift Electrician	301-451-4488
Tolbert, Brandon	Electrical Supervisor	301-496-2719
Wagner, Brandon D.	Instrument Technician	301-451-3527
Young, William	Facility Operations and Maintenance staff	301-451-4487



CUP Organizational Structure (Continued)

Utilities Distribution Branch (HNAM966)

Main Phone: 301-402-2848

Moses, Daniel, PE	Branch Chief	301-402-2848
Biser Jr. Donald	General Engineer	301-443-8124
Daniels, Michael	Electrical Engineer	301-402-5593
Goughnour, Mark	Engineering Technician	301-443-1567
Leas, Douglas	Engineering Technician	301-451-4473
Rand, Presley	Engineering Technician	301-451-4479
Rendall, Frederick	Maintenance Mechanic	301-451-4469
Sudek, George	Engineering Technician	301-594-0677
Tran, William	General Engineer	301-480-9872

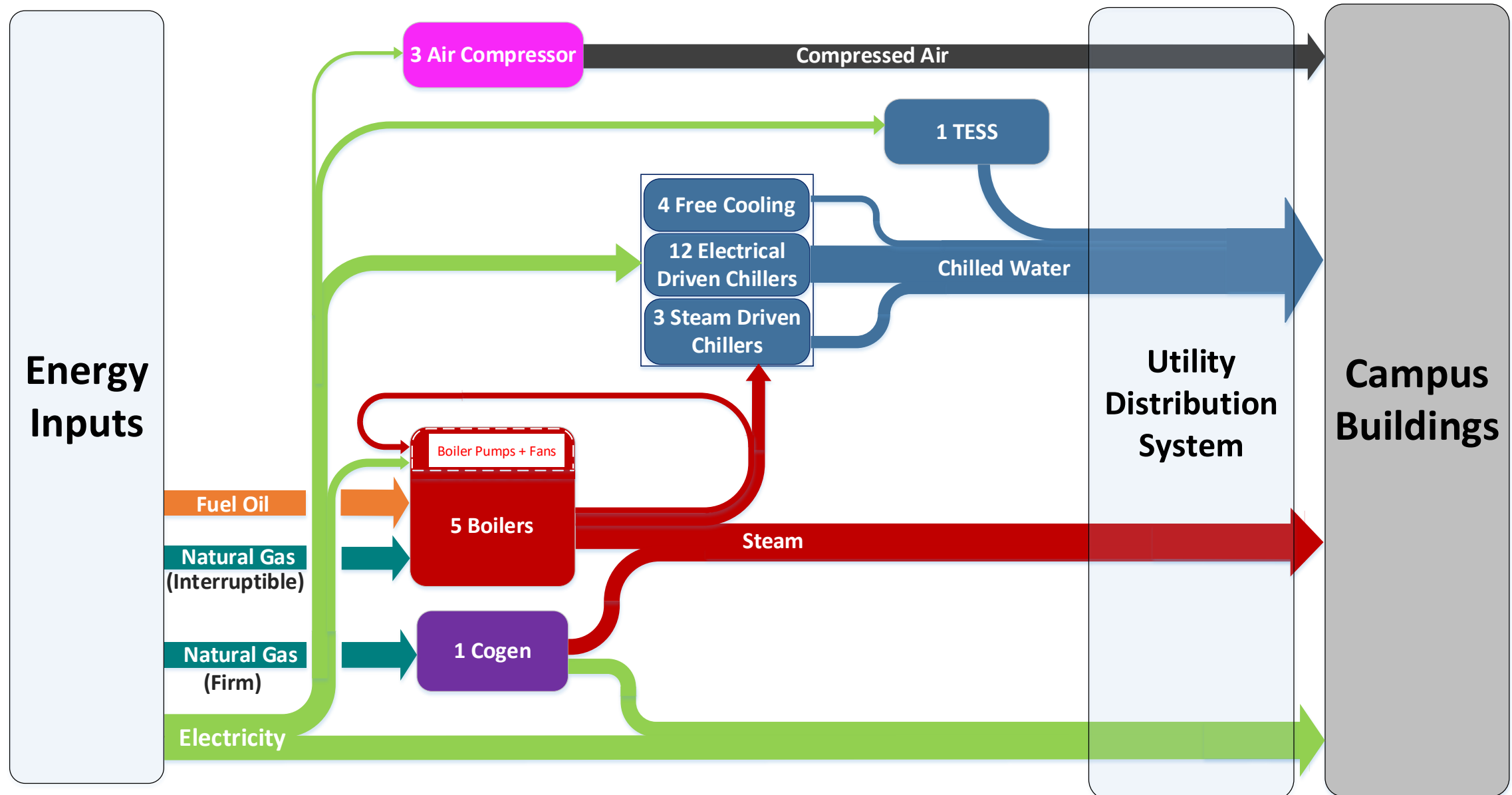
* indicates Contractor or Consultant

NIH Central Utility Plant (CUP) Overview

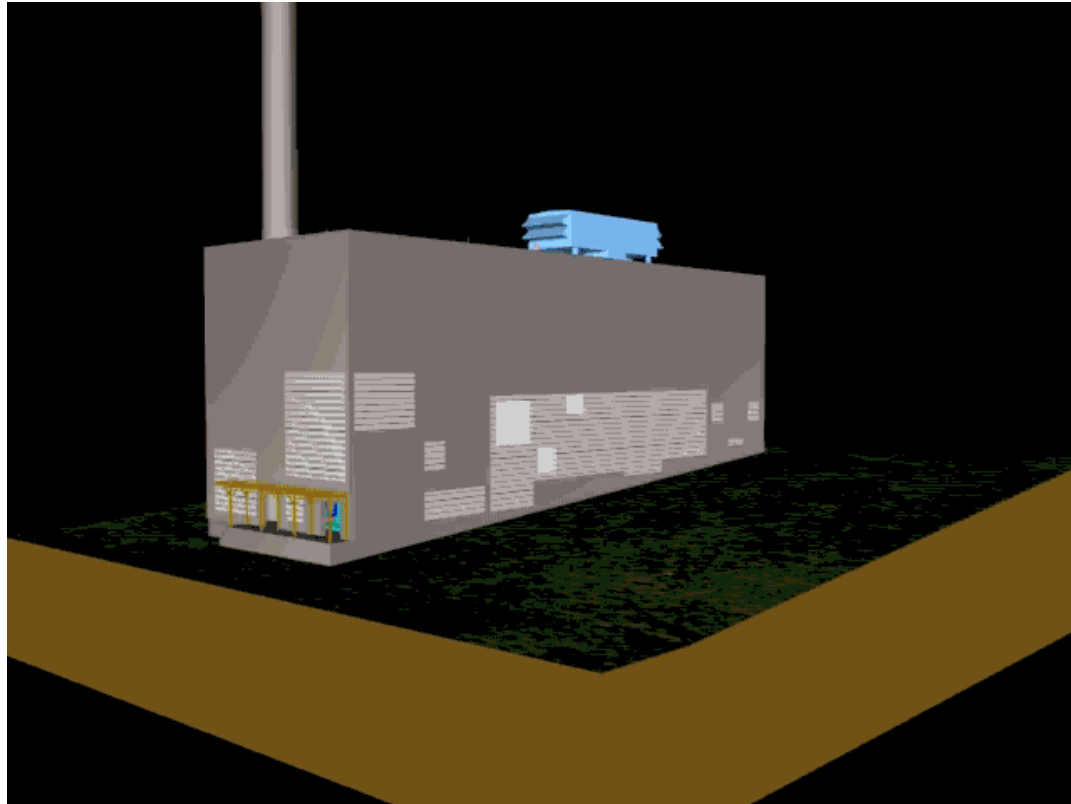
- One of the largest CUPs under one roof
 - Provides campus with chilled water, steam, electricity, and compressed air
- CUP Components
 - Twelve 5,000 Ton capacity chillers
 - 7.9 million gal CHW thermal storage tank
 - 5 million gal Industrial Water System
 - Five gas/ diesel dual fuel fired boilers
 - 800 KPPH, 980 KPPH with Cogen
- Cogeneration Power Plant
 - One of the largest US government Cogen plants
 - 23 MW, 180KPPH steam (40% of campus demand)



Multiple Energy Sources and Equipment Configuration Options



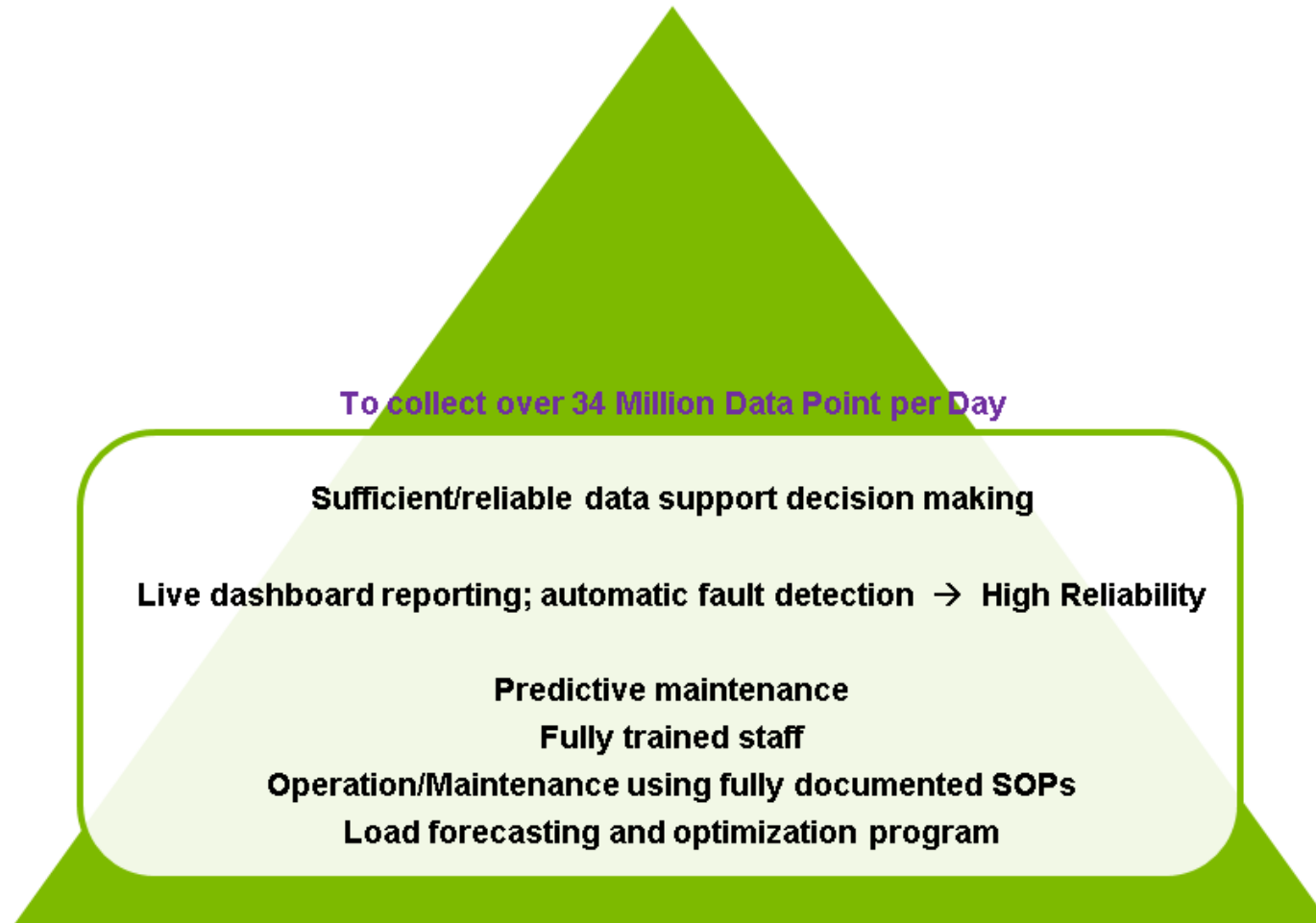
Cogeneration Plant



Cogeneration Plant Benefits

- One of Lowest Emission Cogen in the world!!
- ~ \$12 Million Per Year Savings in Energy
- Cogeneration Energy Savings is Equivalent to Energy Usage of ~ 5,000 typical homes
- Reduce CO₂ Emissions Equivalent to Emissions from 10,000 typical cars.

Data Platform Leads Operational Paradigm Shift

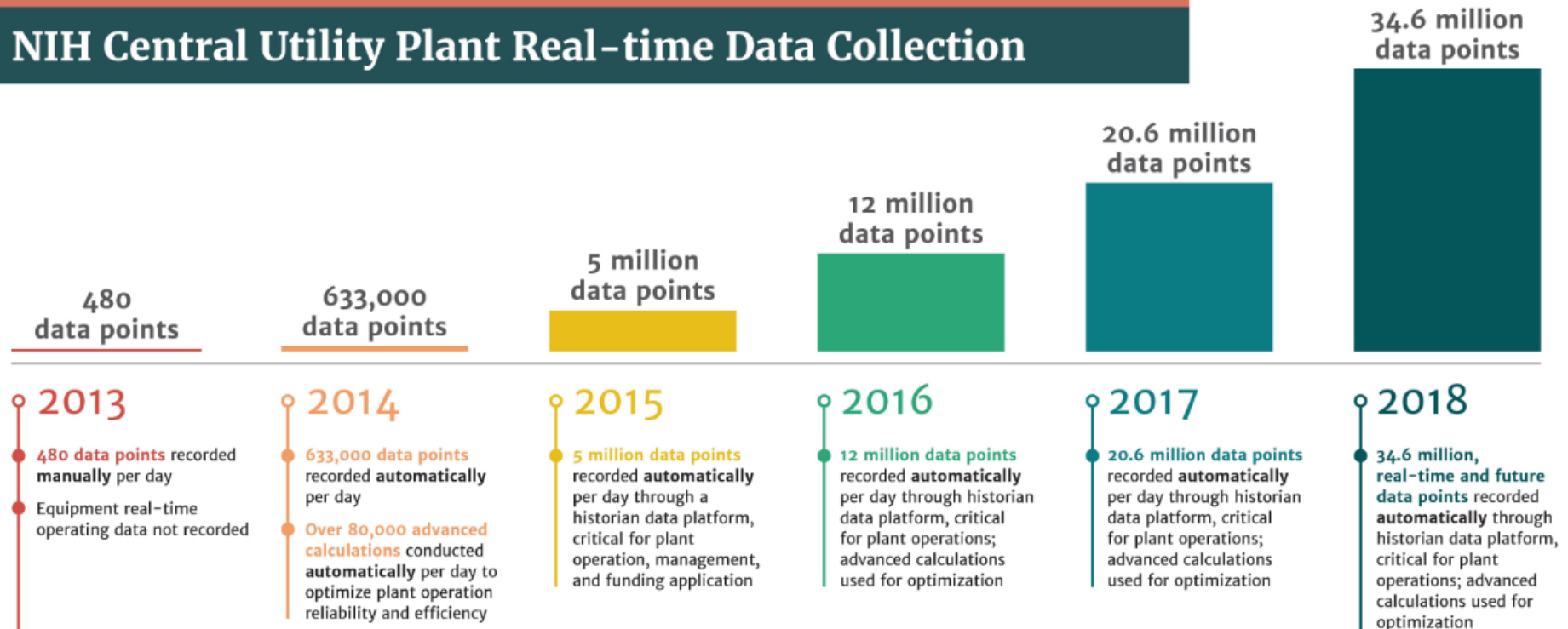


**You can't manage what you
can't measure!**

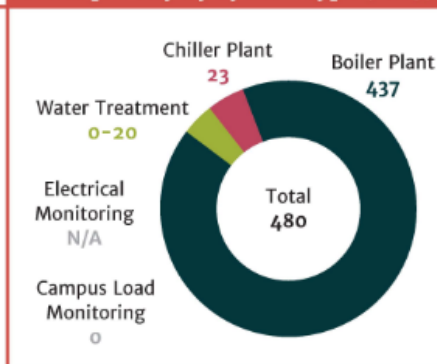
Data is the foundation for operating the plant safely, reliably, efficiently and as cost effectively as possible.

Evolving Use of Data

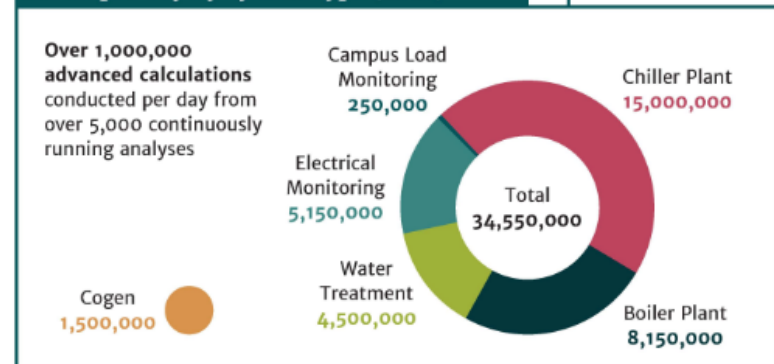
NIH Central Utility Plant Real-time Data Collection



Reads per day by system type (2013)



Reads per day by system type (2018)

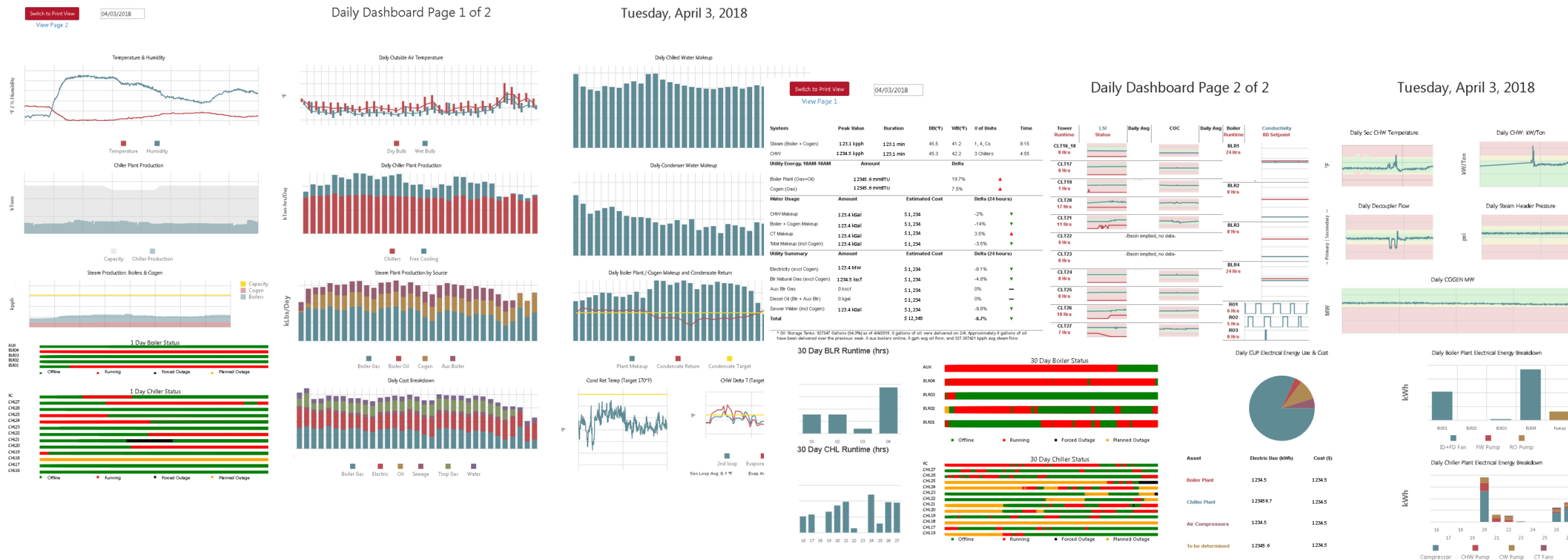


NIH National Institutes of Health
Turning Discovery into Health

Division of Technical Resources
Office of Research Facilities

Web-based Executive Level Summaries and Reporting

High level, executive daily performance data accessible with 1 click





Data Platform Powers the CUP Control Room



You can't manage what you can't measure!



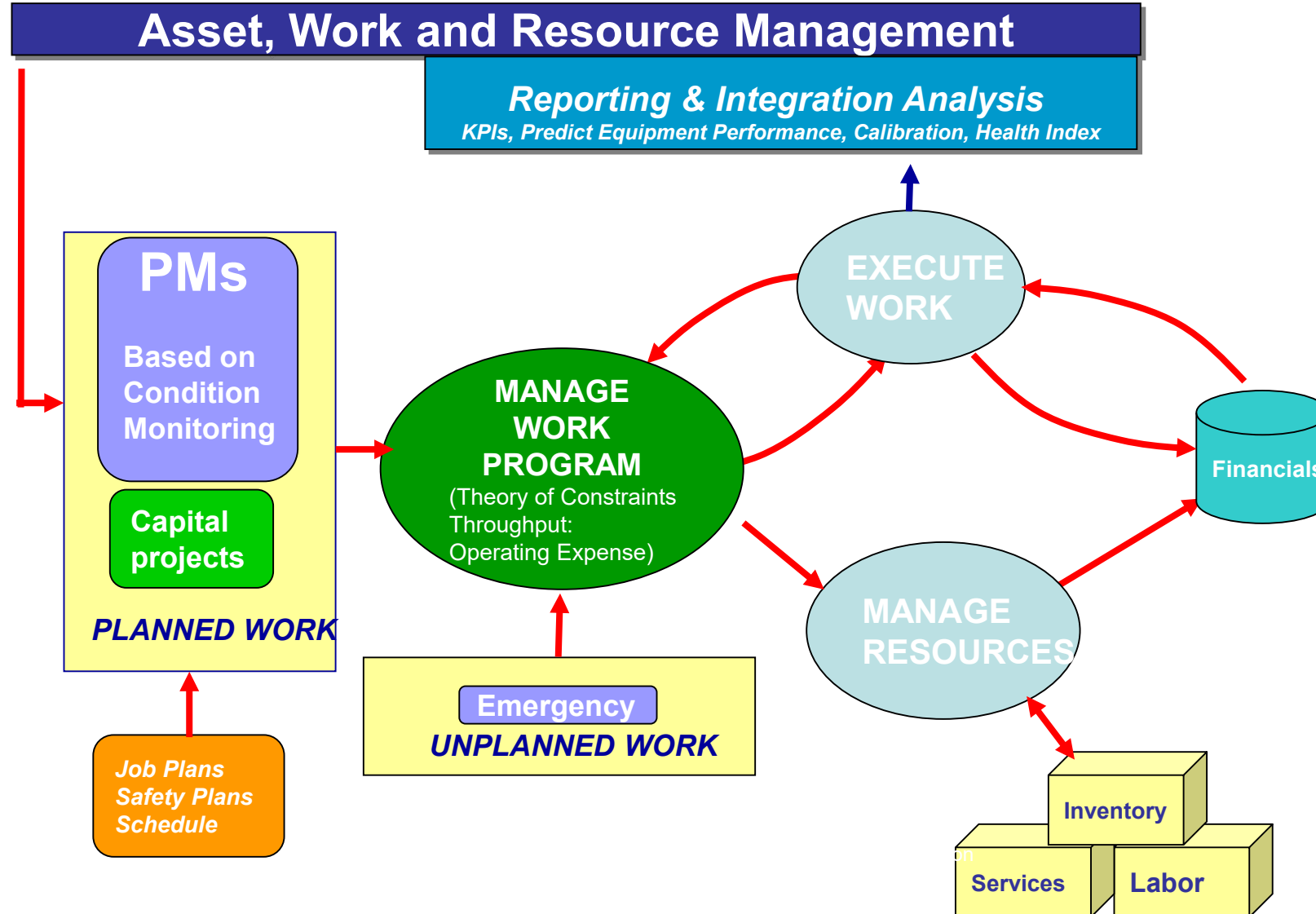
Data Platform provides operators **actionable** intelligence, in-time Root Cause Analysis, and Shift performance



[Home](#) [NIH.gov](#) [Privacy](#) [Accessibility](#)



Vision for Maximo and Reliability-Centered Maintenance Program





Moving Assets Management Forward!

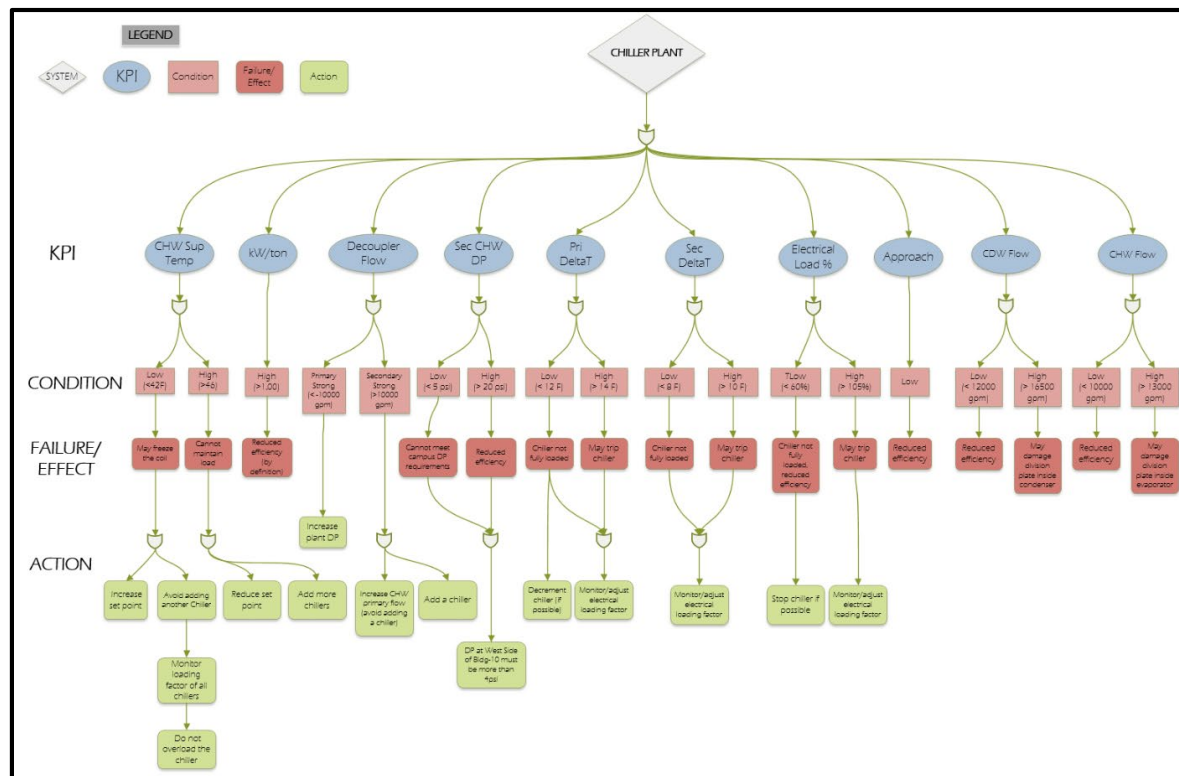
Major 6 Elements

1. Digitization of all major assets using Internet of Things (IoT)
2. Distributed Database - No single point of failure
 - Users will not interfere with each other when accessing / manipulating data
 - Every node is an “administrator”
 - Speed—Files are retrieved from nearest location
 - If one site fails-system can still run
 - Need to work on synchronization of multiple database
3. Transparent data and none corruptible
4. Authentication- Trend analysis and crowdsourcing on assets conditions
5. Audit – Performance is transparent and verified
6. Benchmarking

Reliability-Centered Maintenance Program

Operational KPIs and Automatic Early Fault Detection

- Data should flag the issues - our website can identify the dynamic events and potential problems for Operators and Engineers to respond and review



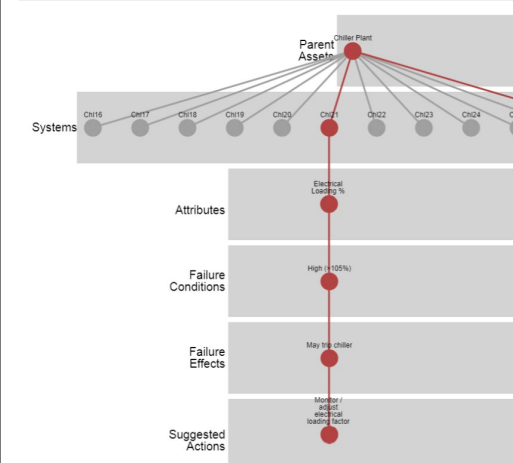
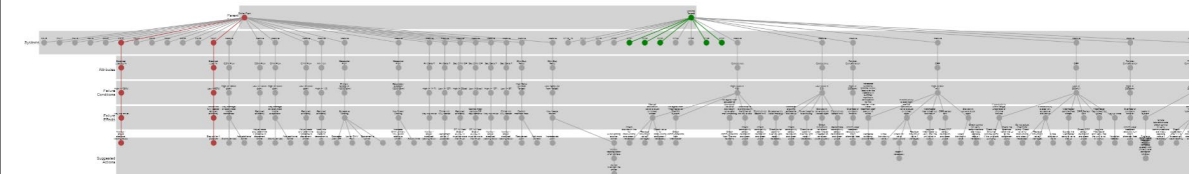
CUP Live KPI Project

Choose a date/time:

03/26/2018 12:00 AM

Toggle Events

Showing KPIs with active events only.



Incident review

Comments for system Ch121

[View PI Vision](#)
Enter a comment here.

Submit

Comments:

Created by
NIHJohnba
NIHJohnba
NIHJohnba
NIHJohnba

Created on
2018-03-29T17:18:54.6967578Z
2018-03-29T17:55:45.2436675Z
2018-03-29T17:57:12.0749373Z
2018-04-02T20:37:52.6456533Z

Comment

Here's a comment that appears in PI Vision
Another comment
Test with new systems.

Close

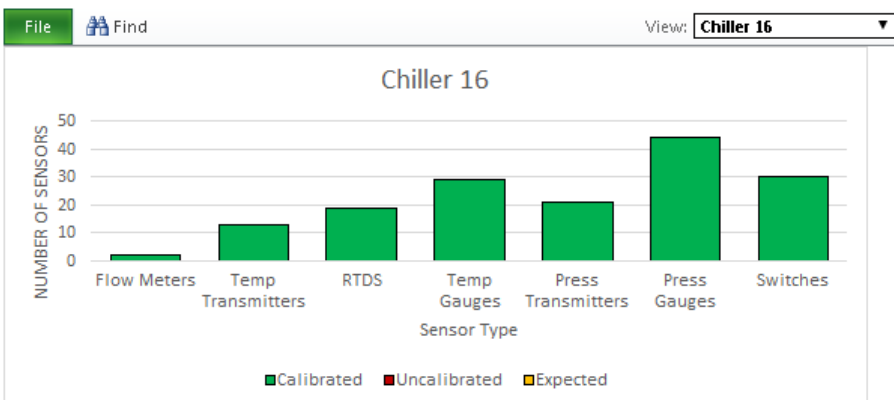
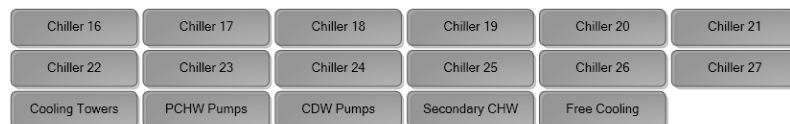
Calibration Program

- To avoid GIGO, Calibration and online cross platform validation improve the data quality
- Allows for visual reporting and status checks on calibration program
- Strides are being made on error propagation and more rigorous standards

Chiller System Calibration



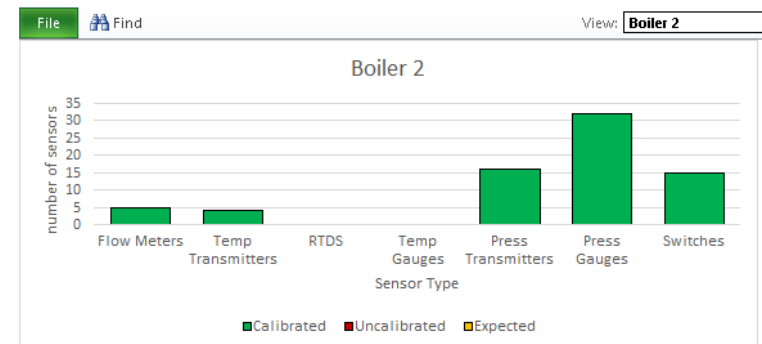
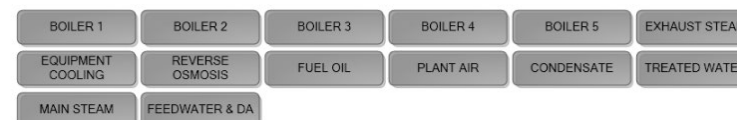
Click a Button Below for System P&IDs



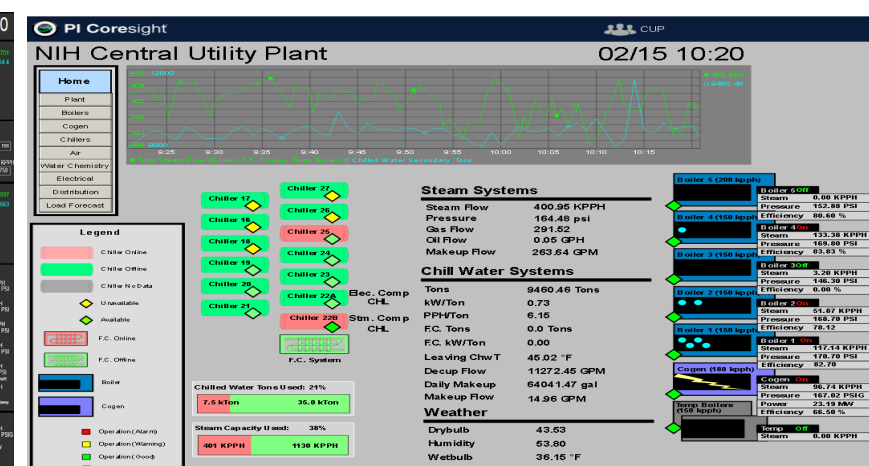
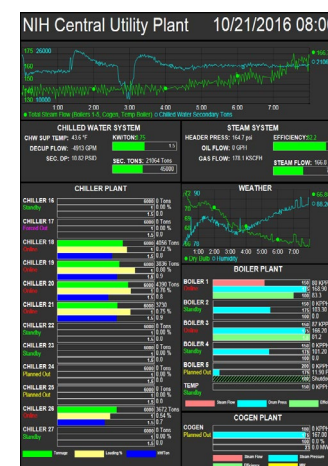
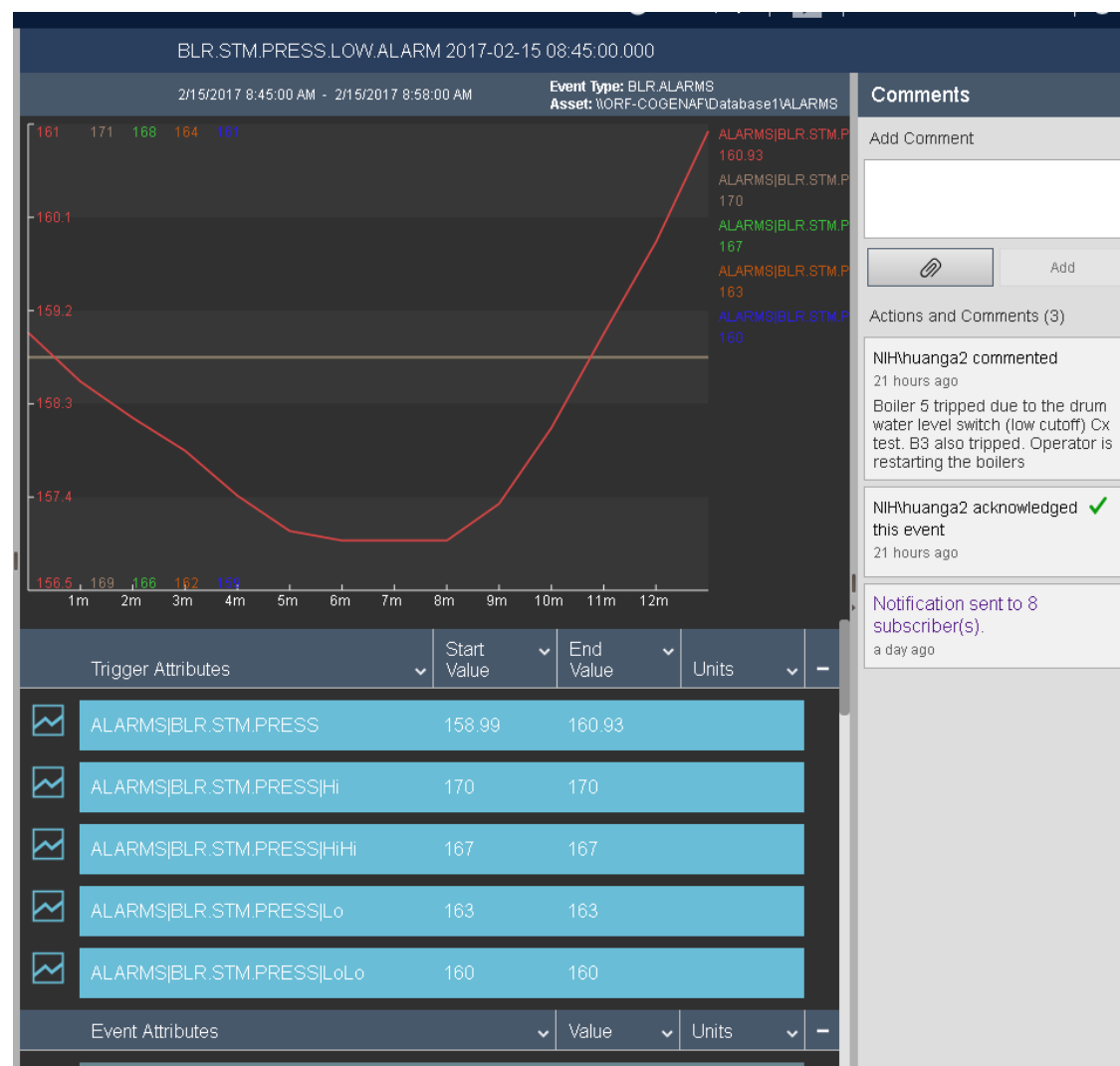
Boiler System Calibration



Click a Button Below for System P&IDs



Alarm/Operation Notification and Mobility





Digitization of Plant Operations - Operator Shift Turnover Website

Asset status, work orders closed and submitted, alarms, live log, message to the next shift

The formulae $\frac{\partial E}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (pE) = -\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(p \frac{\partial E}{\partial x} \right) + s(p-p_0) \frac{\partial E}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\left(p + \frac{p_0}{\sigma_x} \right) \frac{\partial E}{\partial x} \right) + p + Q - p_0$ for building $\frac{\partial E}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\left(p + \frac{p_0}{\sigma_x} \right) \frac{\partial E}{\partial x} \right) + (C_1 - C_{loss}) \frac{E}{L} (p + C_1 Q) - C_2 p \frac{E}{L} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (pE) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(p \frac{\partial E}{\partial x} \right) - p \frac{\partial E}{\partial x} + p_0 \left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial E}{\partial x} \right) - \frac{1}{2} p \frac{\partial E}{\partial x}$ state of the art $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (pE) = -\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(p \frac{\partial E}{\partial x} \right) + s(p-p_0) \frac{\partial E}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\left(p + \frac{p_0}{\sigma_x} \right) \frac{\partial E}{\partial x} \right) + C_1 \frac{E}{L} (p + C_1 Q) - C_2 p \frac{E}{L}$ biomedical research facilities.

Shift Logging (Beta) Live Log Turnover Report 2019-1-18 6:00AM-6:00PM (Shift D, Day)

Turnover Pages

- Shift-workers
- Asset-status
- Chiller-status
- Chiller-pump-status
- CT-status
- Free-cooling-status
- Chiller-additional
- Boiler-status
- RO-and-boiler-pumps
- Boiler-additional
- Maint-wo
- Maint-wo-additional
- Maint-sched-wo
- Maint-sched-additional
- Plant-level-alarms
- Alarms-additional
- Water-chem-wo
- Water-chem-alarms
- Water-chemistry-additional
- Misc-events
- Messages-for-next-shift
- Messages-specialized
- Review

Is the data correct?

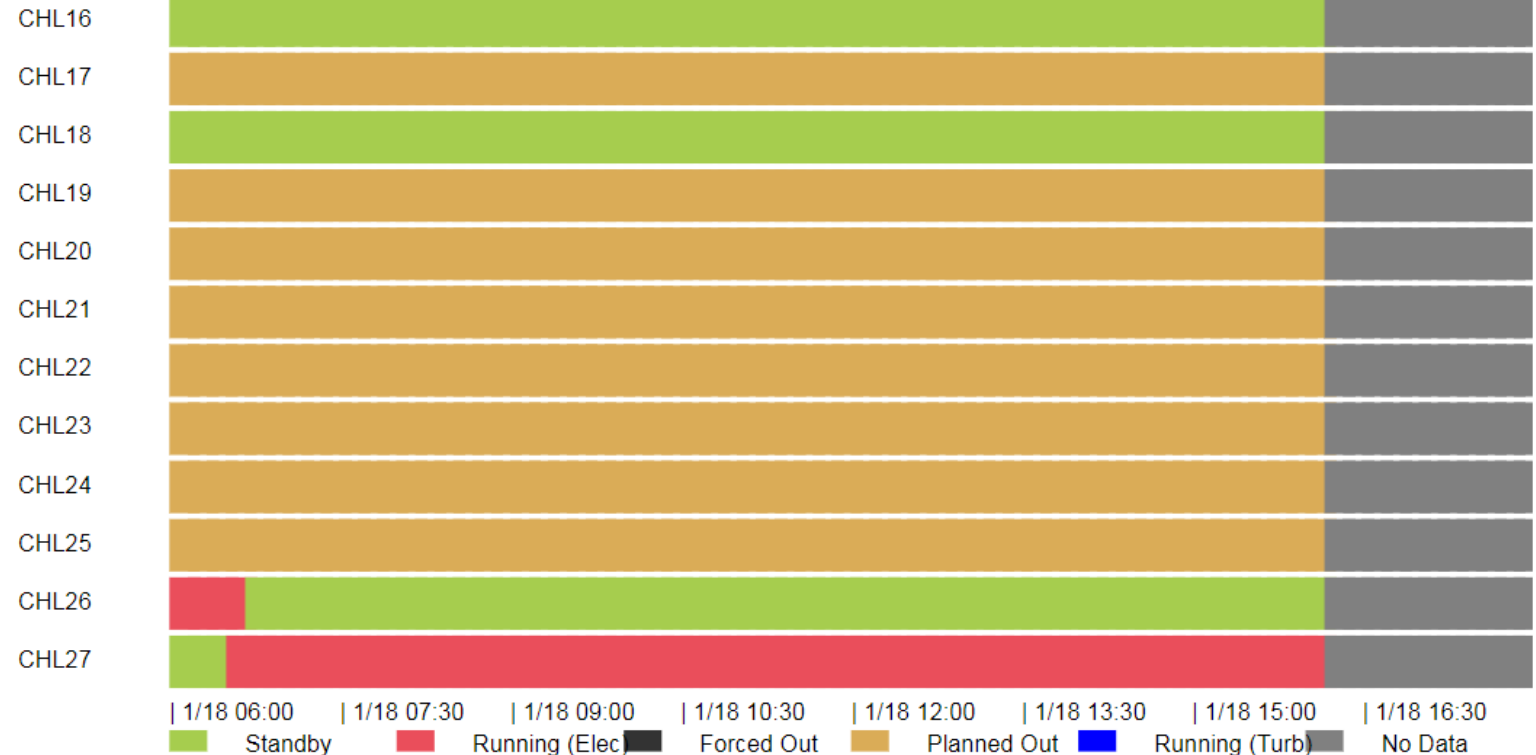
☐ Yes

☐ No

Please enter a comment if the data appears incorrect.

Back

Chiller Statuses





Digitization of Plant Operations

Boiler Round Data

Boiler Feed Water Round

Description	Value	Units	% compliance	
Conductivity Daily Rounds	22.75	uS/cm		
pH Daily Rounds	9.51		40	
O2 Concentration Daily Rounds	3.3	ppb	100	
Hardness Daily Rounds	0	ppm	100	

Steam Condensate Return Round

Description	Value	Units	% compliance	
CRC Amine Daily Round	4.36	ppm		

Soft Water Round

Description	Value	Units	% compliance	
Hardness Daily Rounds	0	ppm	100	

EB Round

Description	Value	Units	% compliance	
Feed ORP Round Data	360	mV		
Inlet Water Conductivity Round Data	990	uS/cm		
Outlet Conductivity Round Data	9.95	uS/cm	80	
Permeate ORP Round Data	252	mV		
RO Filter Pressure Drop		psi		

RO 1 Round

Description	Value	Units	% compliance	
Inlet Hardness Daily Round	0		100	
Inlet ORP Daily Rounds	283	mV	60	
RO filter pressure drop				
Outlet Conductivity Daily F	6	uS/cm	100	
Outlet pH Daily Rounds	9.36		80	
Inlet pH Daily Rounds	9.07		60	

RO 2 Round

Description	Value	Units	% compliance	
Inlet Hardness Daily Round	0		100	
Outlet ORP Daily Rounds	160	mV		
RO filter pressure drop				
Outlet Conductivity Daily Rounds	7.1	uS/c	100	
Outlet pH Daily Rounds	8.44		70	
Inlet pH Daily Rounds	9.23		60	

Boiler 1-5 Conductivity Live

Description	uS/cm	% compliance	
Boiler 1 Conudctivity	2244.91	100	
Boiler 2 Conductivity	2306.99	100	
Boiler 3 Conductivity	2329.95	100	
Boiler 4 Conductivity	2314.99	100	
Boiler 5 Conductivity	2178.71	100	

Boiler 1 Rounds

Description	Ppm	% compliance	
Palk Daily Rounds	350	90	
Polymer Daily Rounds	322	100	
Sulfite Daily Rounds	150	0	

Boiler 2 Rounds

Description	PPM	% compliance	
Palk Daily Rounds	200	70	
Polymer Daily Rounds	147	50	
Sulfite Daily Rounds	80	30	

Boiler 3 Rounds

Description	Ppm	% compliance	
Palk Daily Rounds	350	90	
Polymer Daily Rounds	496	100	
Sulfite Daily Rounds	160	0	

Boiler 4 Rounds

Description	Ppm	% compliance	
Palk Daily Rounds	350	100	
Polymer Daily Rounds	418	100	
Sulfite Daily Rounds	180	0	

Boiler 5 Rounds

Description	Ppm	% compliance	
Palk Daily Rounds	400	70	
Polymer Daily Rounds	428	90	
Sulfite Daily Rounds	200	10	

Digitization of Plant Operations – Steam Turbine Readiness Checklist

Chiller 22/ 23

Operator



Ensure that the three condenser and surface condenser isolation valves are **properly lined up**

The surface condenser water inlet valve (SCIV-22) and the surface condenser outlet valve (SCOV-22) should be **Open**, and the condenser outlet valve (COV-22) from the chiller condenser should be **Closed**.

Operator



Ensure that the chiller and condenser barrels have been properly vented.

Operator



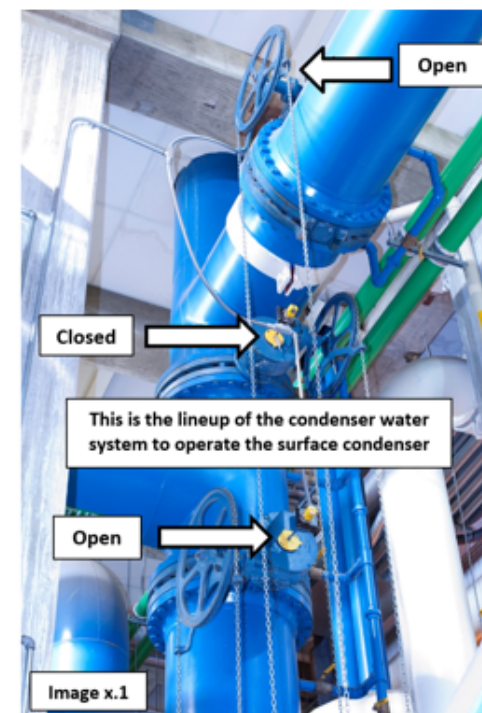
Ensure that the emergency stop button is **pulled out**.

CT roof level

Chiller 22/ 23

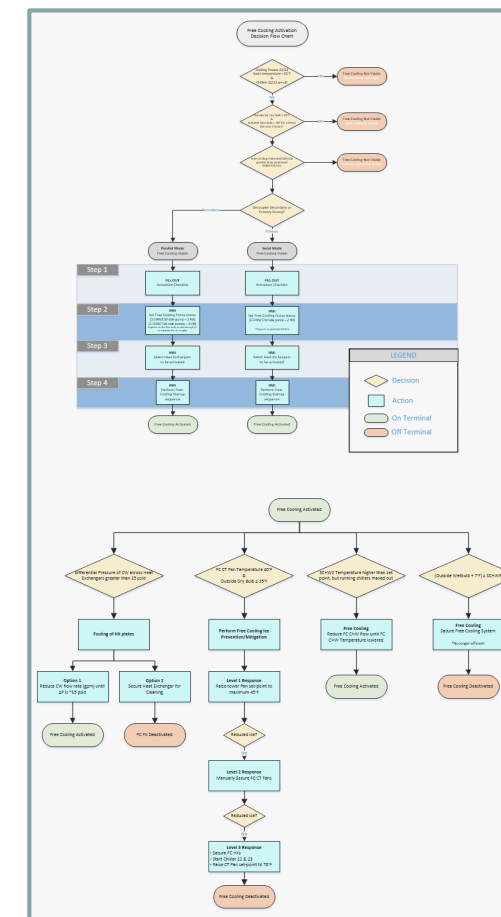
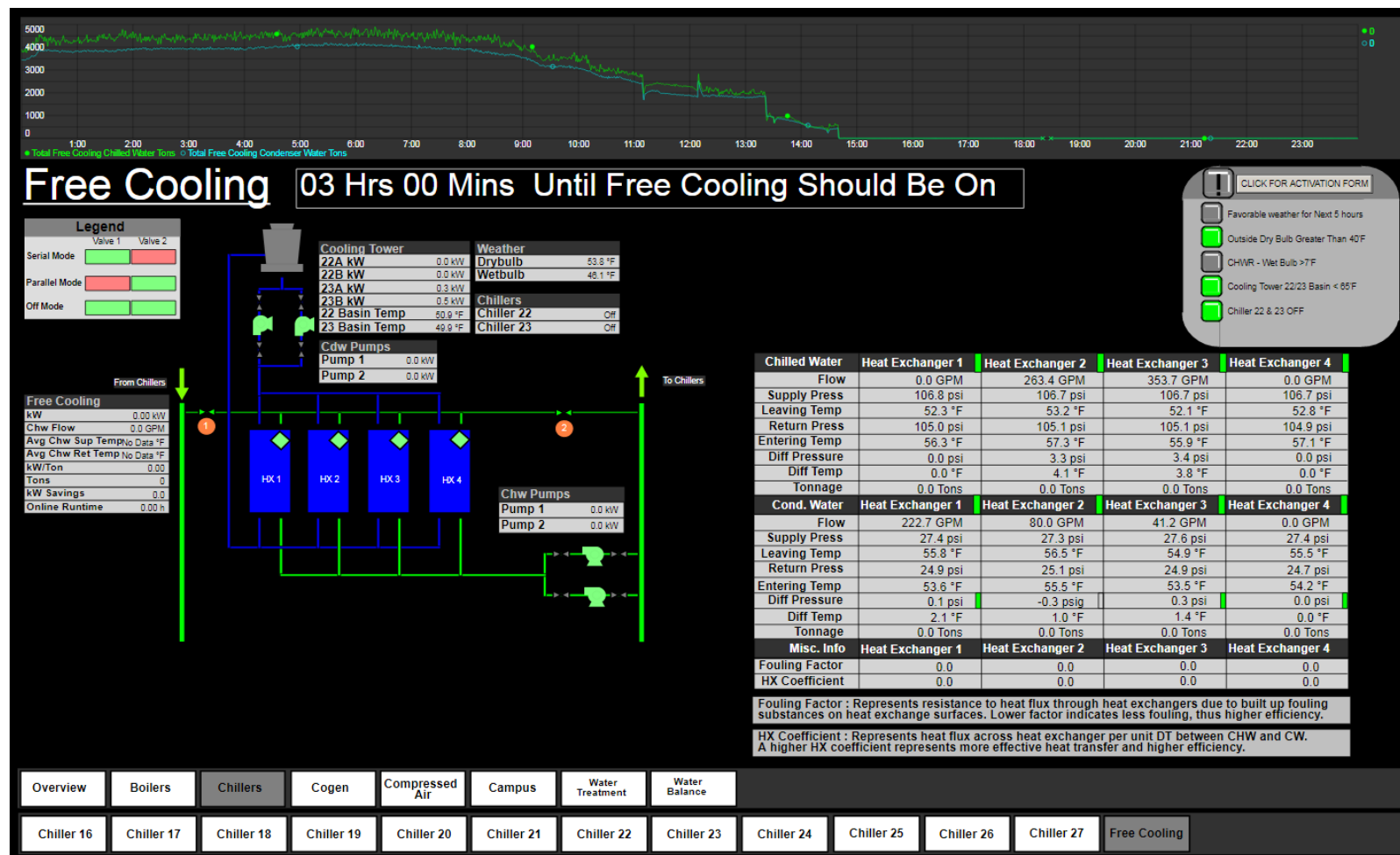
Chiller
MCC

Surface condenser



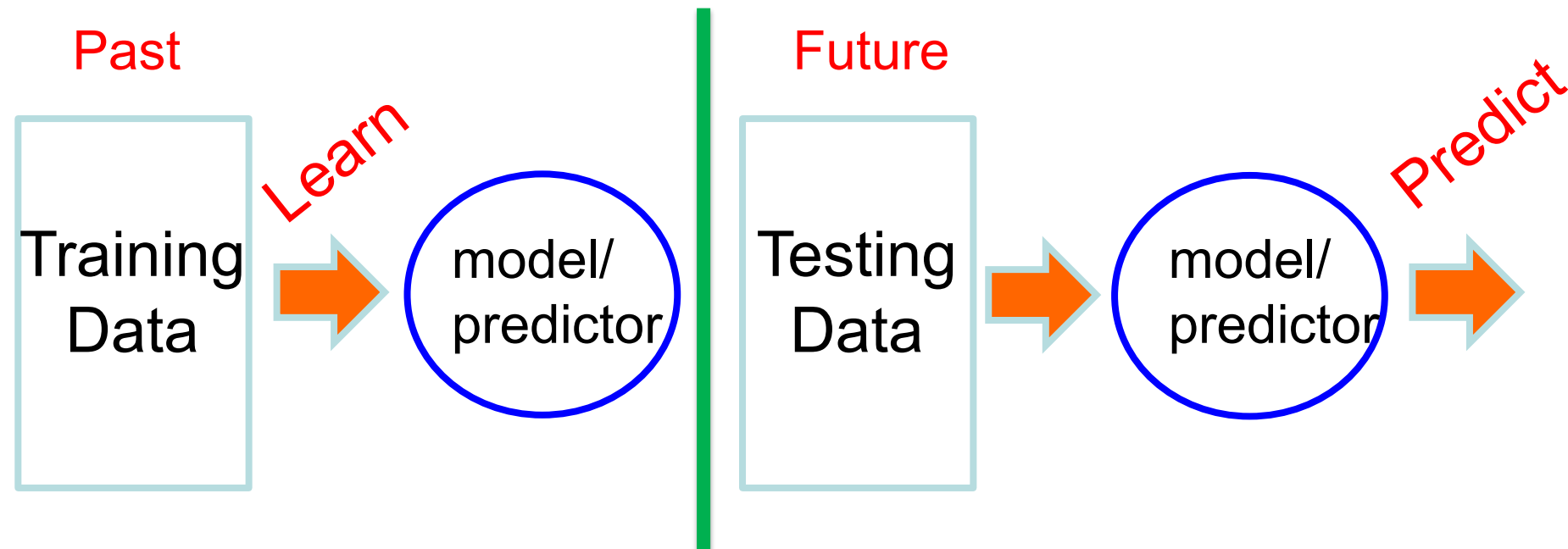
Plant Operations – Free Cooling

- The Weather Forecaster model gives Plant Operators 12 hours advance notice of **when** to operate the Free Cooling system based on anticipated ambient conditions and projected campus chilled water loads.

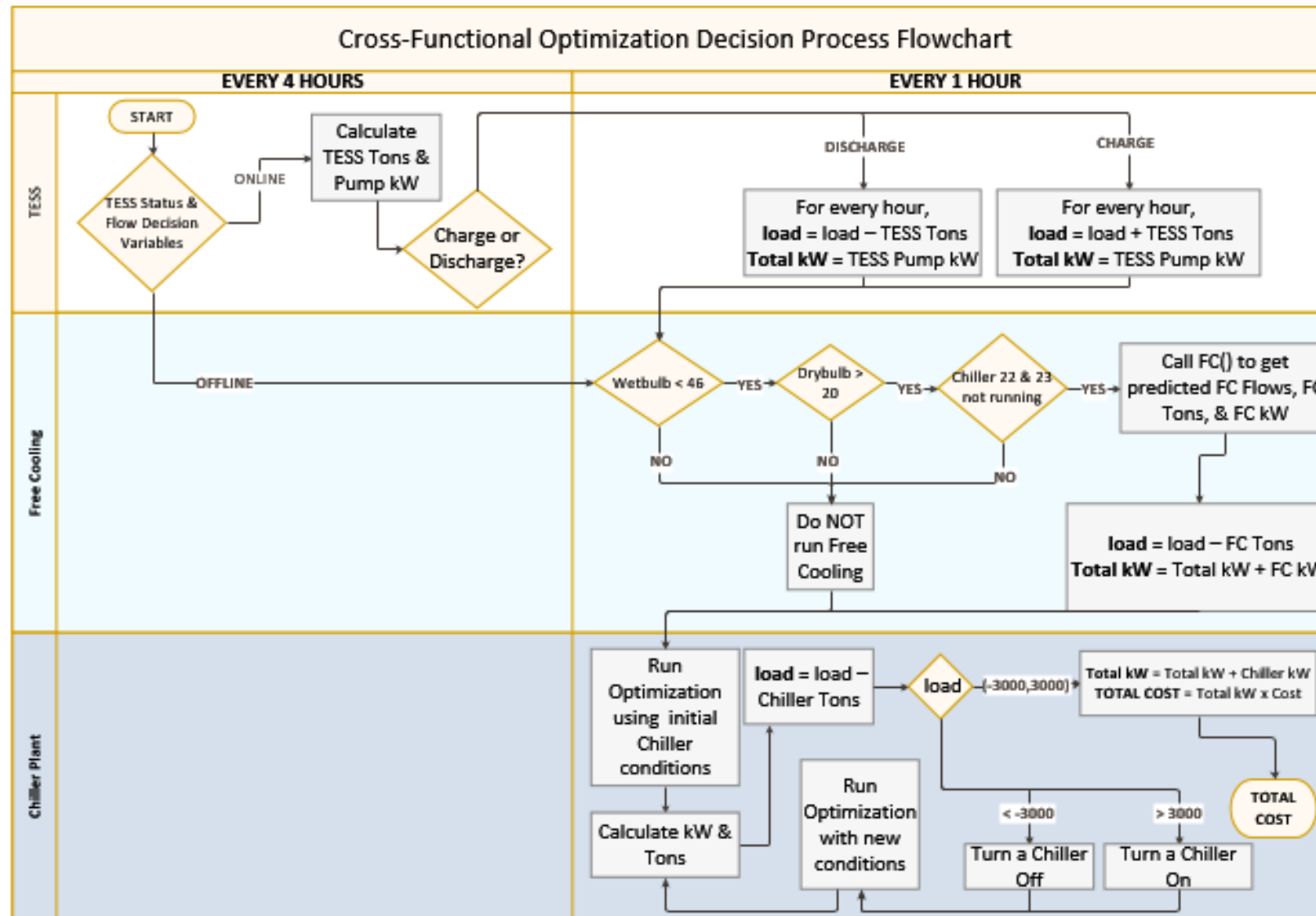


Application Supervised Machine Learning (ML)

- We use ML probability to make decisions or predictions with a reasonable degree of certainty.

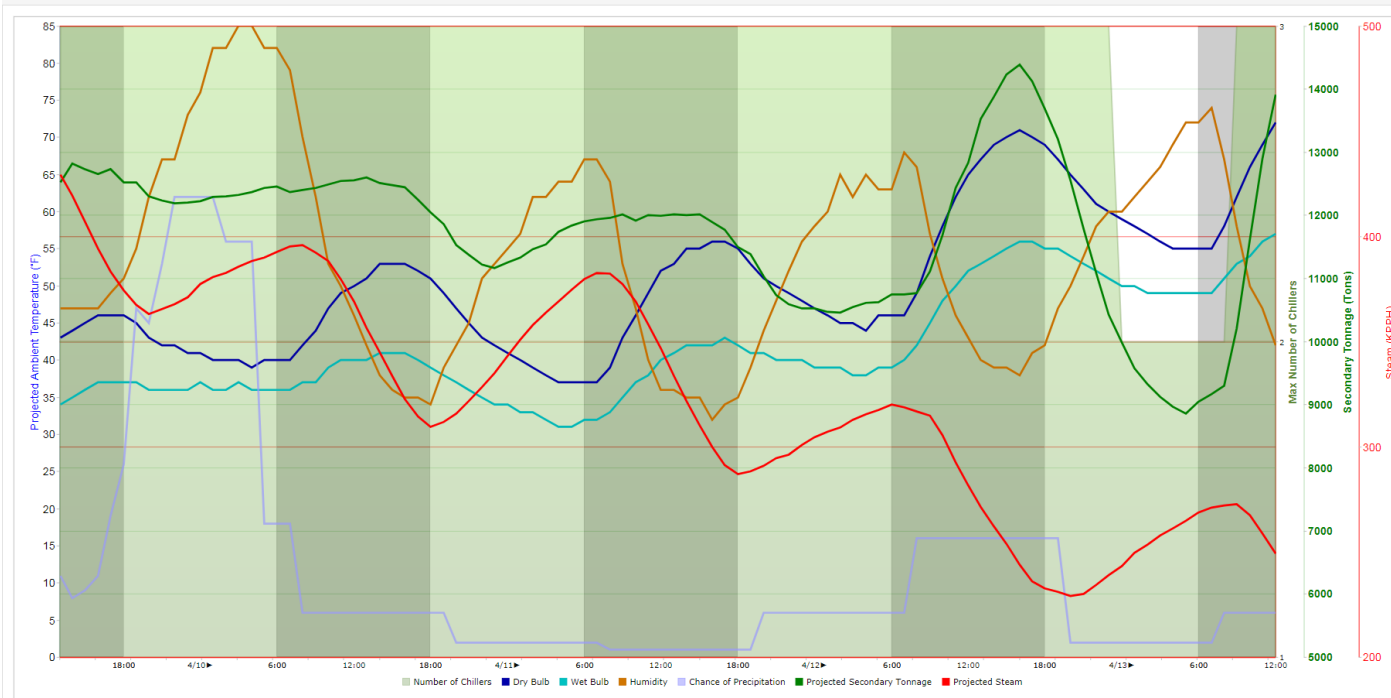


Optimization Using Machine Learning - Mixed Integer Non-Linear Optimization

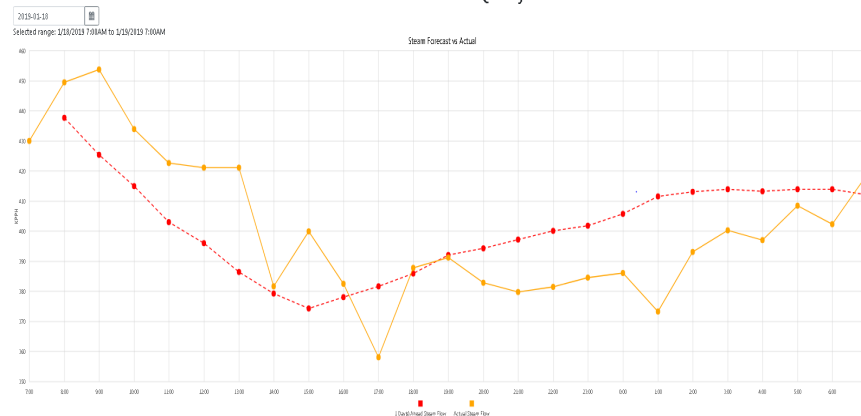


Artificial Neural Network Based Load Forecaster and Error Analysis

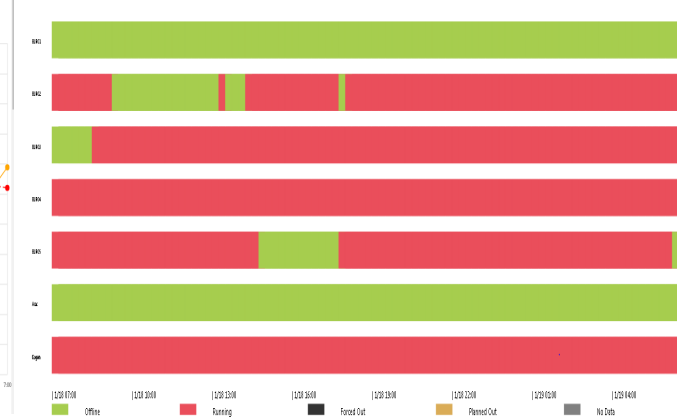
96-hour Forecast Data



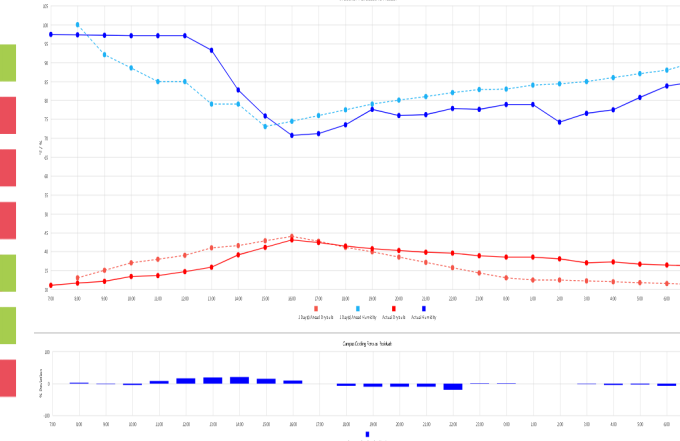
Steam Forecaster Quality



Steam Status



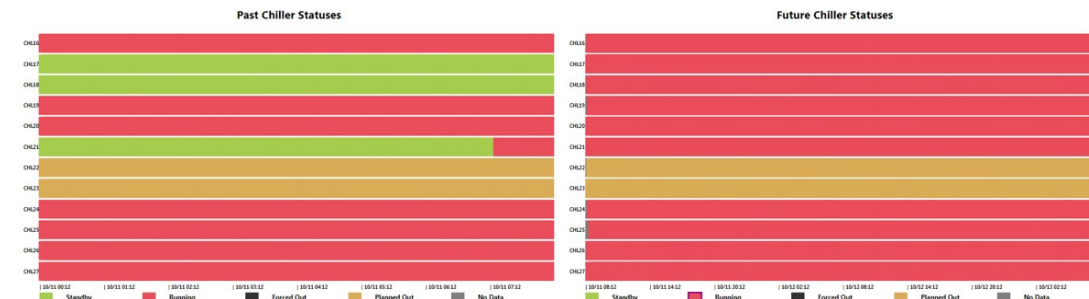
Weather Forecast vs Actual





Plant Optimization

Asset Availability Website



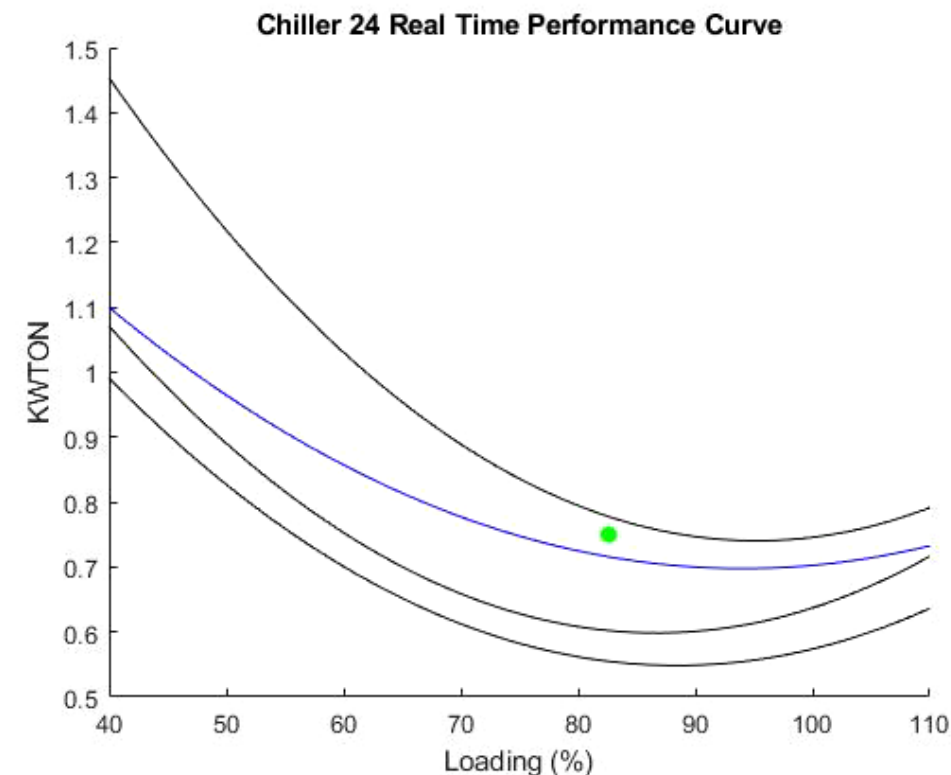
Constraints:

- Chiller/Boiler run time and availability
- Natural gas prices
- Electrical feeder load balance
- Limits of the individual chiller /free cooling capacity, flow, temp, etc.
- TES tank status and capacity
- Load Forecasting and Energy Balance
- PJM Electricity Price
 - *PJM Interconnection is a regional transmission organization (RTO) that coordinates the movement of wholesale electricity in all or parts of Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Maryland, Michigan, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia and the District of Columbia.*

Decision Variables:

- The chiller condenser evaporator flow, temp
- The load distribution among the chillers
- Free cooling flow, number of heat exchangers
- TES charge / discharge dispatch decision and flow

Optimization Animation



Prescriptive Analytics by Machine Learning

Chiller Plant Optimization & Operation Recommendations

The objective: Minimize the total equivalent cost

The constraints:

- Chiller run time and availability
- Limits of the individual chiller /free cooling capacity, flow, temp
- Load Forecasting and Energy Balance
- Future PJM Electricity Price

The variables:

- The chiller condenser evaporator flow, temp
- The load distribution among the chillers

Typical Suggestions:

- Run minimum number of chillers, shift more load to the more efficient chillers or the steam turbine chiller, run more cooling tower cells to reduce the tower return temp, or increase the chilled water supply temp.

Division of Technical Resources

Office of Research Facilities

The National Institutes of Health

The formulae

$$\frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial \mu^2} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} \left(\mu^2 \right) = 2$$

$$- \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial \mu^2} = - \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} \left(\mu^2 \right) = -2$$

$$- \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial \mu^2} = - \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} \left(\mu^2 \right) = -2$$

for building

$$\frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial \mu^2} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} \left(\mu^2 \right) = 2$$

$$- \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial \mu^2} = - \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} \left(\mu^2 \right) = -2$$

$$- \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial \mu^2} = - \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} \left(\mu^2 \right) = -2$$

state of the art

$$\frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial \mu^2} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} \left(\mu^2 \right) = 2$$

$$- \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial \mu^2} = - \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} \left(\mu^2 \right) = -2$$

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biomedical research facilities.

$$\frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial \mu^2} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} \left(\mu^2 \right) = 2$$

$$- \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial \mu^2} = - \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} \left(\mu^2 \right) = -2$$

$$- \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial \mu^2} = - \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mu^2} \left(\mu^2 \right) = -2$$

Time

3/21/18 10:08 PM

Chiller	Timed CHW return T	CT inlet WT	Timed CW Flow	Optimized CW Flow	Timed CHWS temp	Optimize d CHWS temp	Timed CHW flow (GPM)	Optimize d CHW flow (GPM)	Simulated / Optimized Tonnage	Timed Compressor KW	Optimize d Comp KW	Timed steam flow 16.0h	Convert and optimize d steam flow	Simulate d steam flow	Pump / Fan kW	Total curent kW	Total Optimizes d kW	ONLINE STATUS	AVAILABLE DISPATCH STATUS	Current UNIT RUN COST (\$/hr)	Optimized UNIT RUN COST (\$/hr)	Unit Run Cost Delta (\$/hr)	Estimated kWh/ton based on Wet Bulb regression
Free cooling 4WK Picard		33.1	31.1	1490	124.5	41.4	45.1	1254	12154	2533	2046				1921	1510	3426	1	0	441	364	76	0.8
Total									12154	10953													0.0

CHL Plant

Current KW

Optimized Plant KW

Timed (Cur)

Prim Ton

Optimized Plant Ton

CHL Plant

Current \$

Optimized Plant

\$

6546

5379

12154

10953

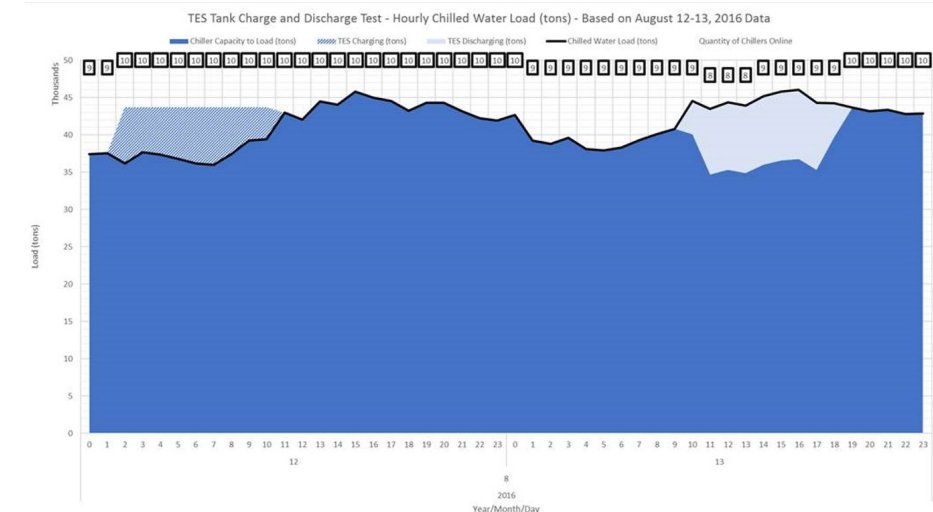
720

590

Timed Wet bulb	31.2	F	Num of CH online	1.0	Ton/CH	10955.2	Idea condition	Num of CH	2.0
Timed Load	10955.2	Ton	Decrease in one CH?	Yes			Num of Old side	1.0	
			Decrease in one CH?	No			Num of New side	0.0	

Use 2000 ton as the hideout criteria.

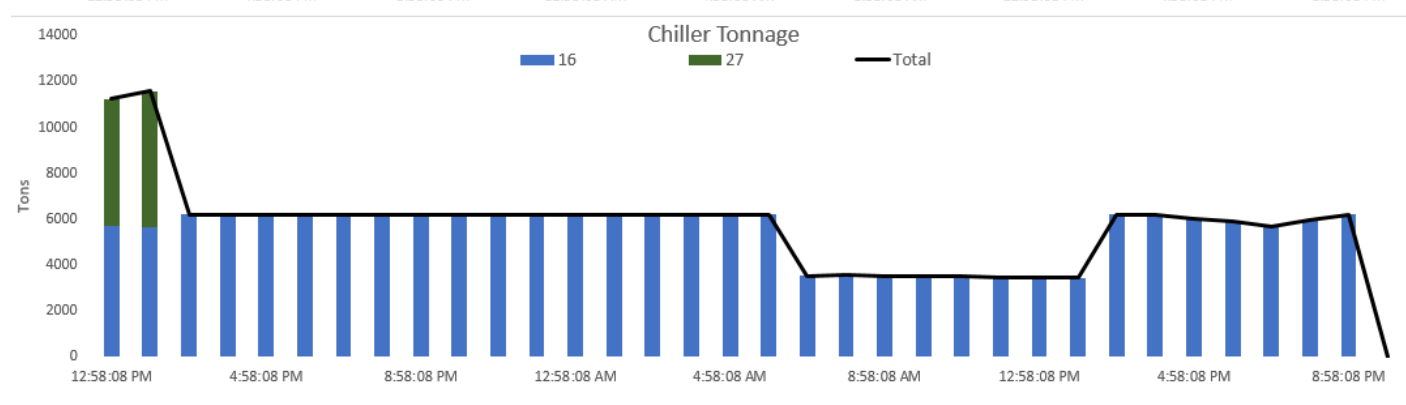
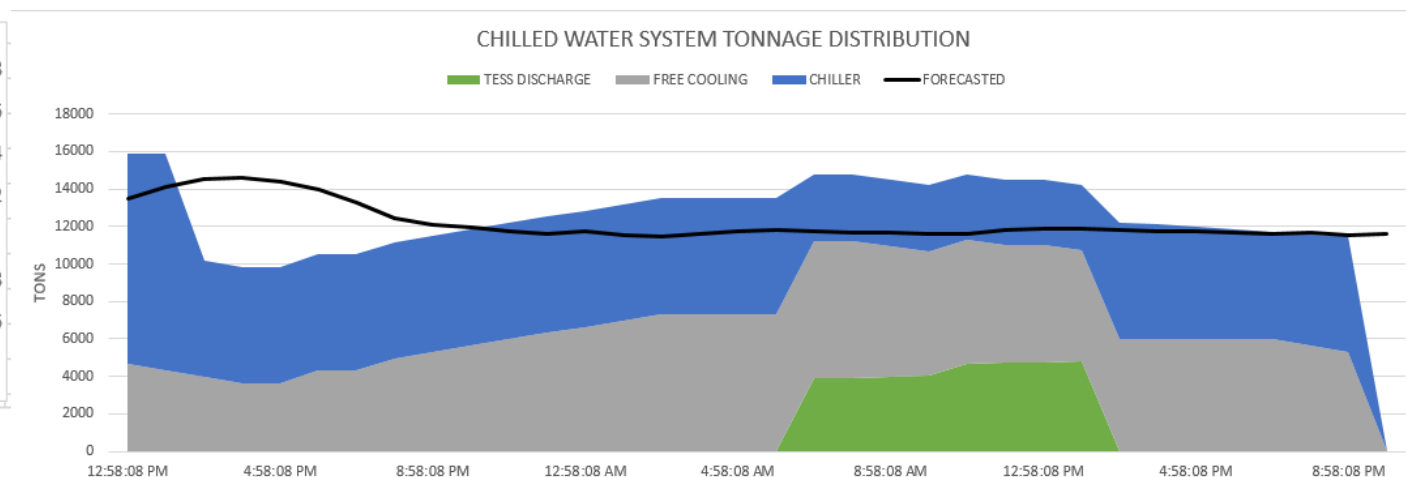
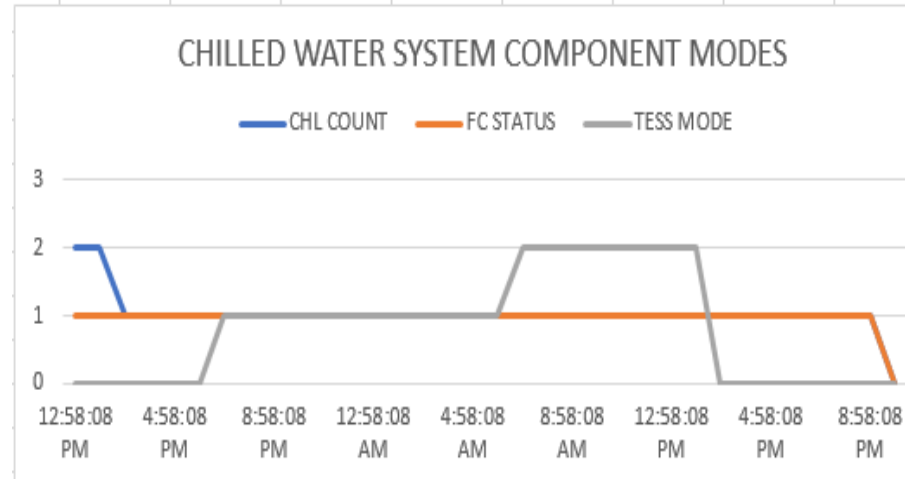
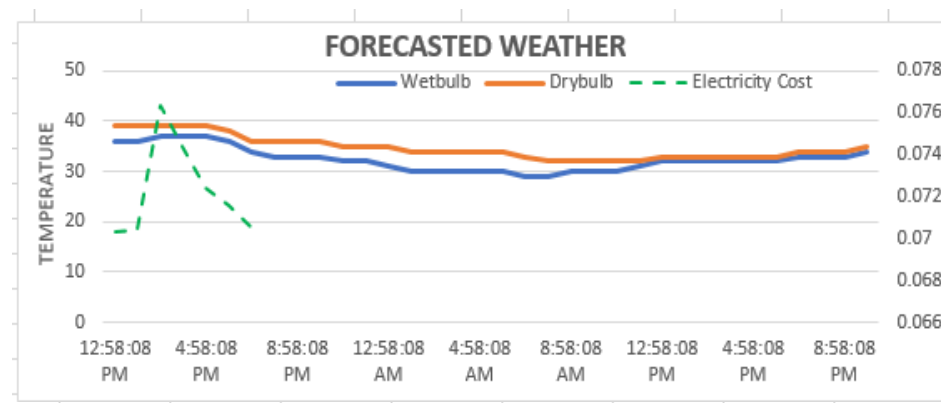
Note the steam turbine compressor kW is based on the steam MMBTU.



Optimization Results and Recommendations

Typical Suggestions:

- Run minimum number of chillers, shift more load to the more efficient chillers or the steam turbine chiller, run more cooling tower cells to reduce the tower return temp, or increase the chilled water supply temp.



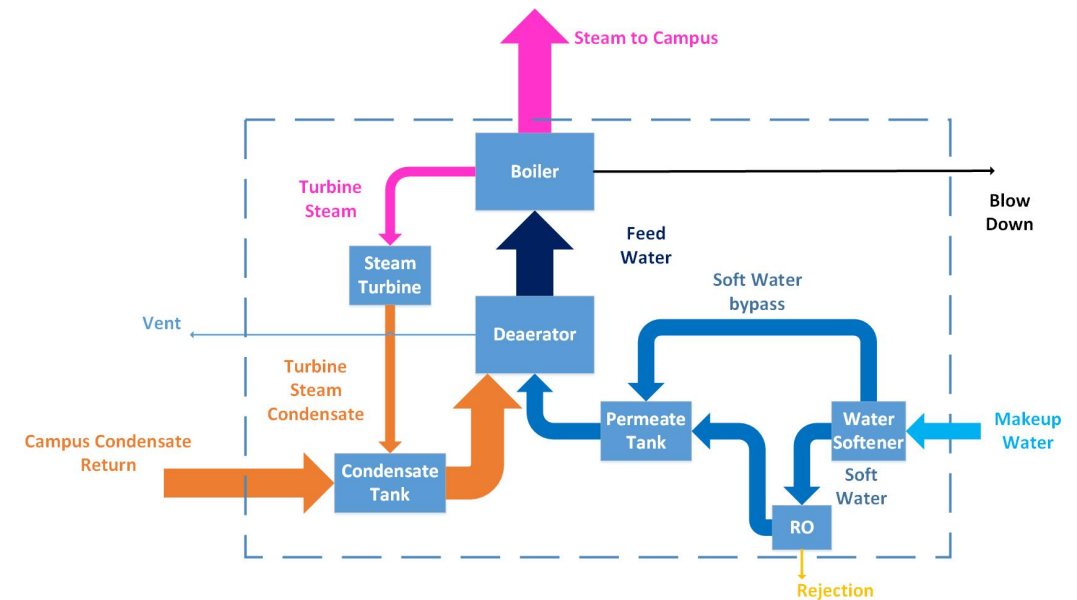
Data Quality Management

Data Generation

DQ Dimensions		Metric functions
Accuracy		$Acc = (Ncv / N)$
Completeness		$Comp = (Nmv / N)$
Consistency		$Cons = (Nvrc / N)$
<i>Ncv</i>	Number of correct values	
<i>Nmv</i>	Number of missing values	
<i>Nvrc</i>	Number of values that respects the constraints	
<i>N</i>	Total number of values (rows) of the sample Dataset	

Online statistic scan
 Identify the incorrect and missing data
 Clean and update the data
 Calibrate and maintain the sensors
 Fix the data / interface communication errors
 Error propagation and metrological standards

Data Utilization



Calculation Handbook and Change Management SOP
 Daily / Monthly Dashboard Review SOP
 Machine baseline and health check
 Energy / mass/ cost balance and cross disciplinary check
 Text message & emails notifications

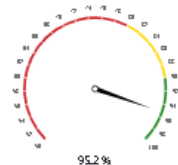


Real-time Data Quality Dashboard

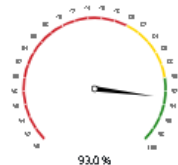
Central Utility Plant Data Quality Overview

Click on any button to view more data.

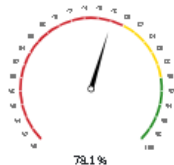
Chiller Plant



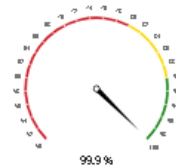
Boiler Plant



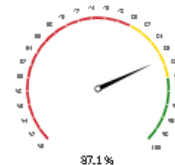
Chemical



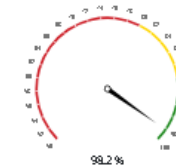
TESS



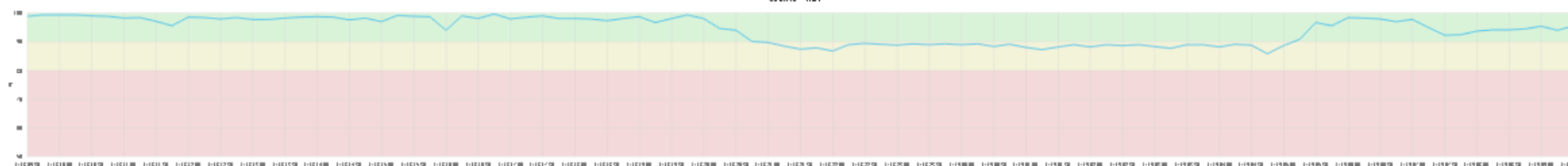
Cogen



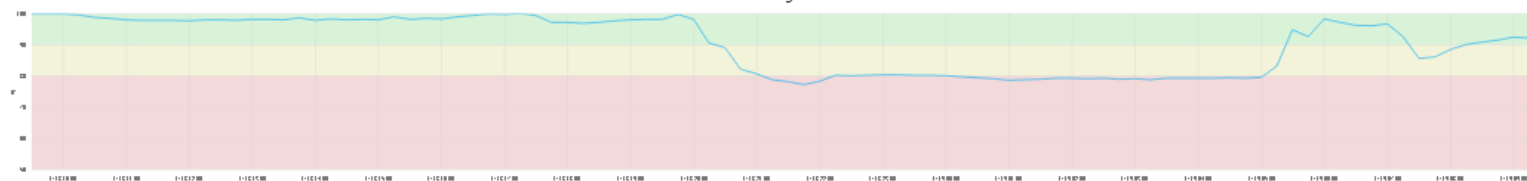
Balance of Plant



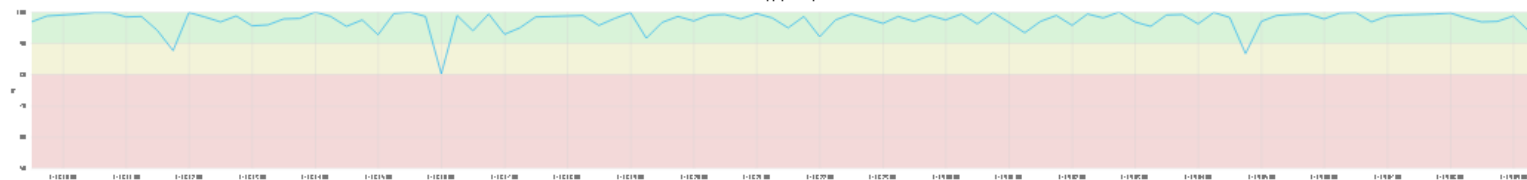
Chiller Run



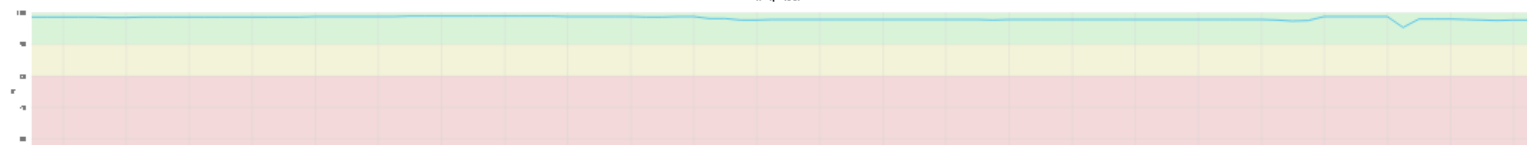
Trinaga



Soc Supply Temp

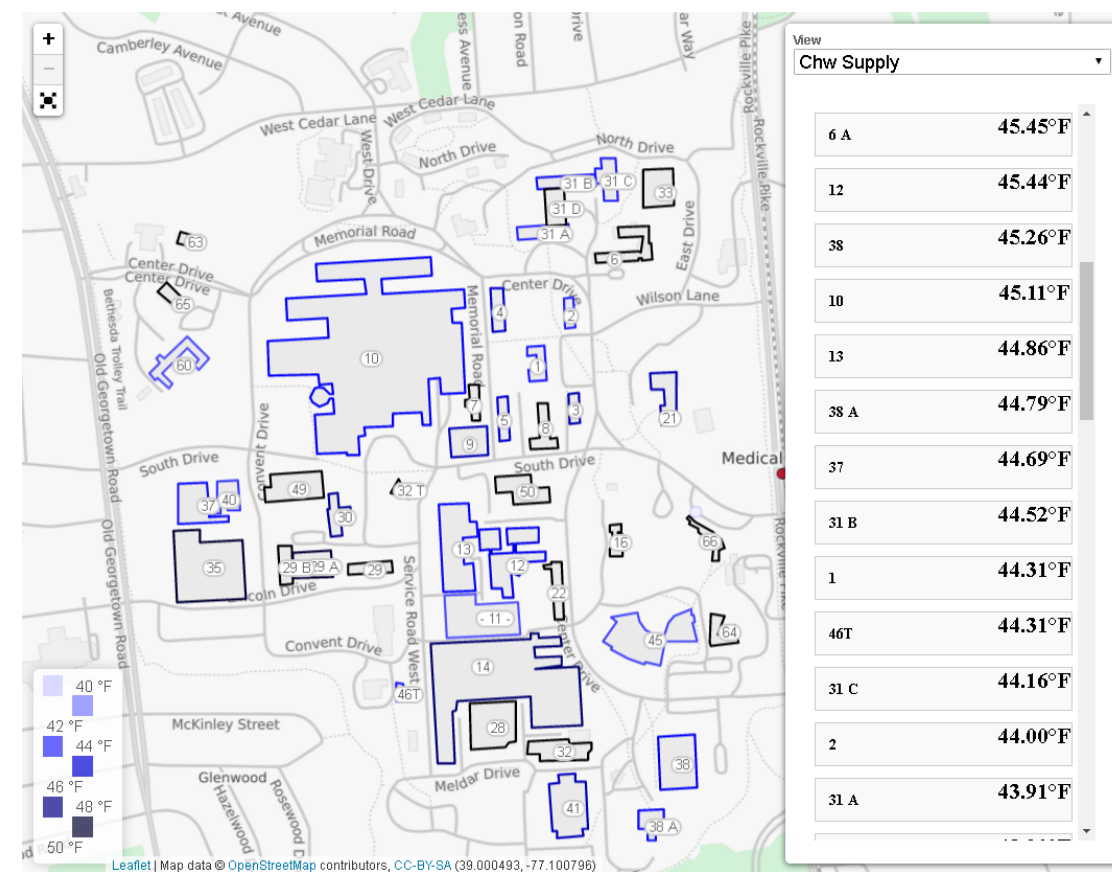
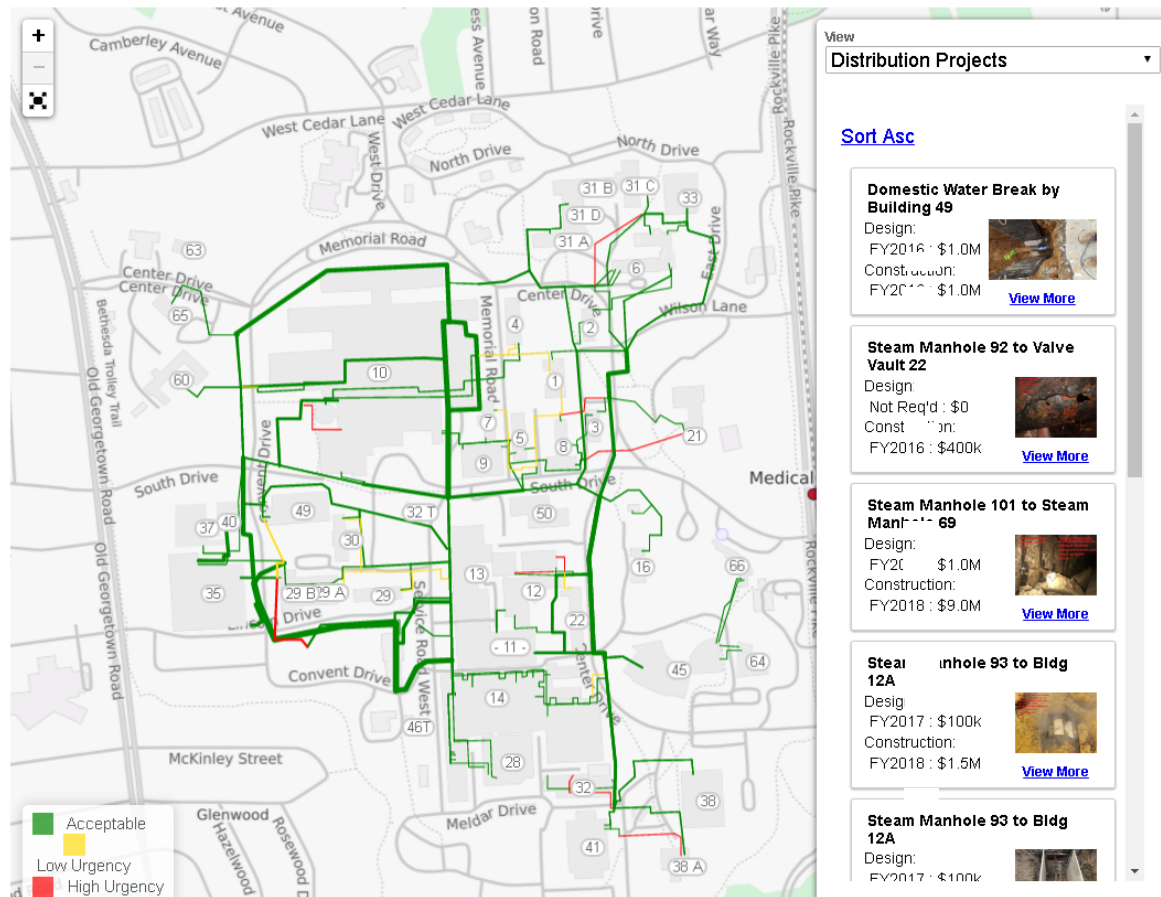


kW/circ

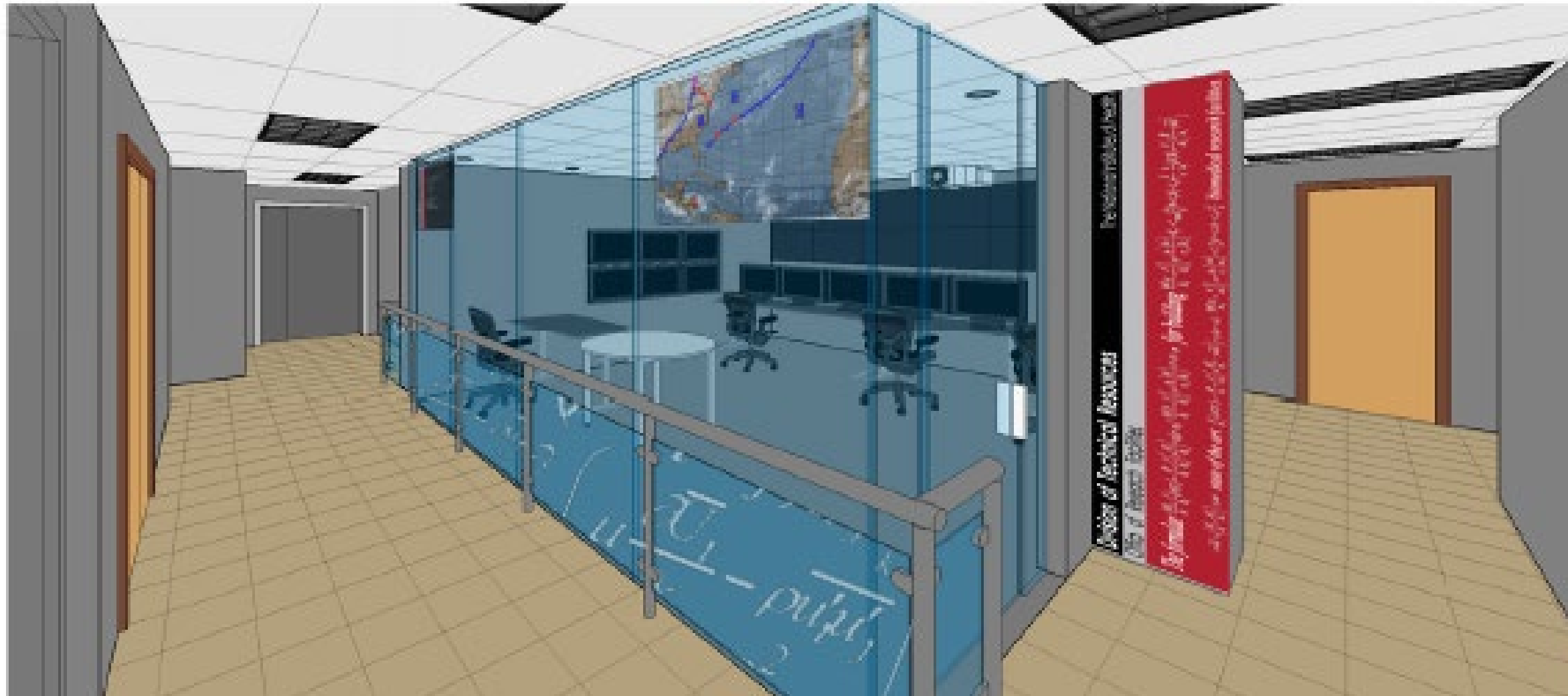


Using GIS for Visualizing Campus Building Automation System Data

Integrate real-time data with open-source GIS to visualize real-time utility distribution information



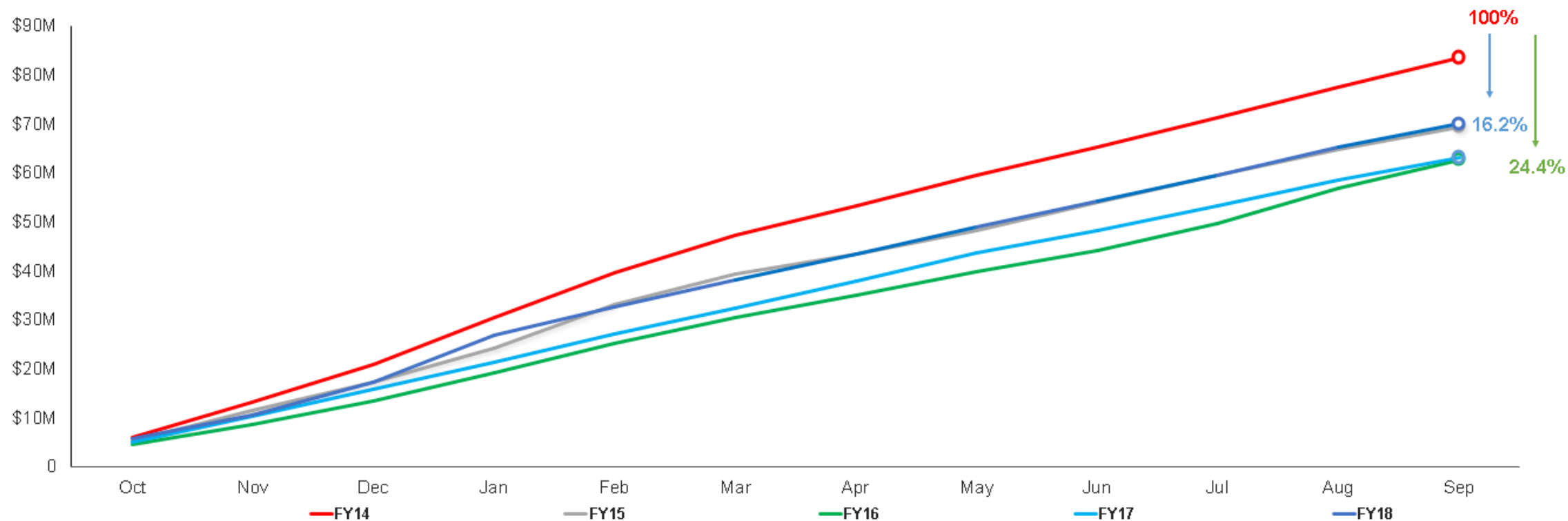
Operator training on normal and emergency scenarios, situation playback, evaluate innovative control strategy and optimize the process



Tangible Results – Financial

Millions of dollars saved despite increased utility costs & demand!

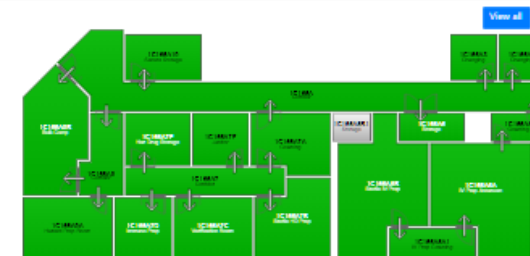
Bethesda Campus Energy & Water Billing



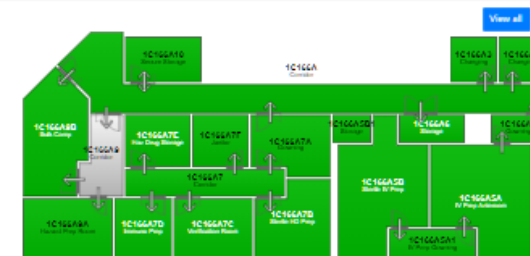
Tangible Results - Reliability

- Since FY14, no loss of control, no need for early dismissal of office buildings
- No impacts to patient safety or patient comfort
- No impacts to cGMP space – temperature, humidity, differential pressures and air change rates
- No impacts to research animals
- No impacts to biospecimens stored in ultralow temperature freezers
- Scientists able to focus on science, vice distractions associated with building issues

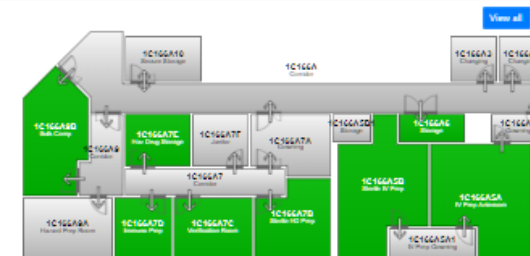
I-IVAU - Differential Pressures



I-IVAU - Temperatures



I-IVAU - Humidity



I-IVAU - Air Changes Per Hour

