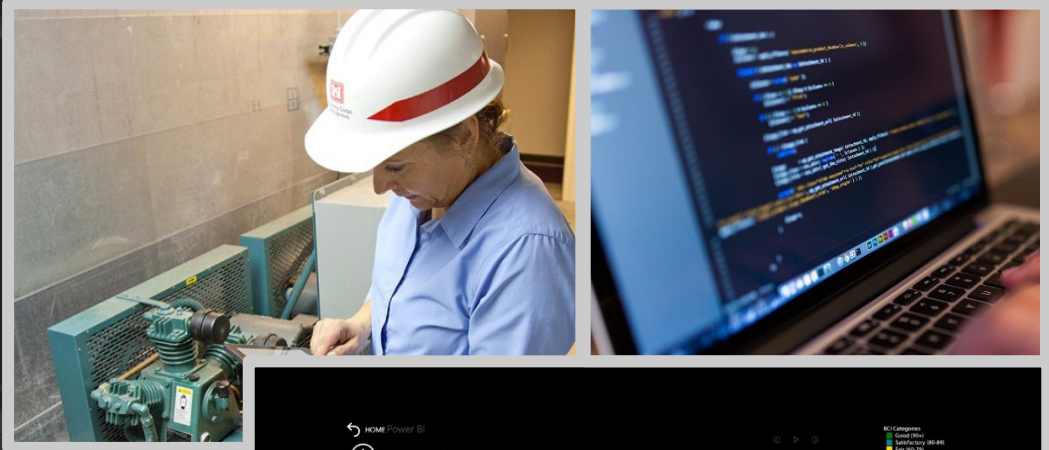




SUSTAINMENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (SMS)

ARMY MDI IMPLEMENTATION SMS SUMMIT 2024



U.S. ARMY



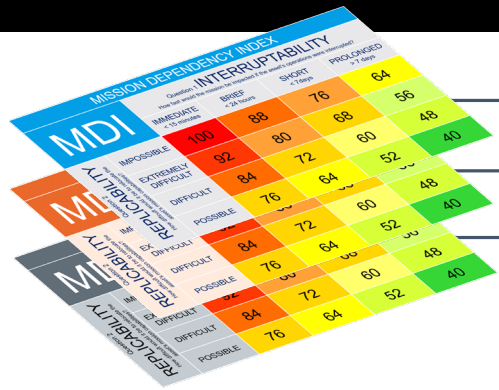
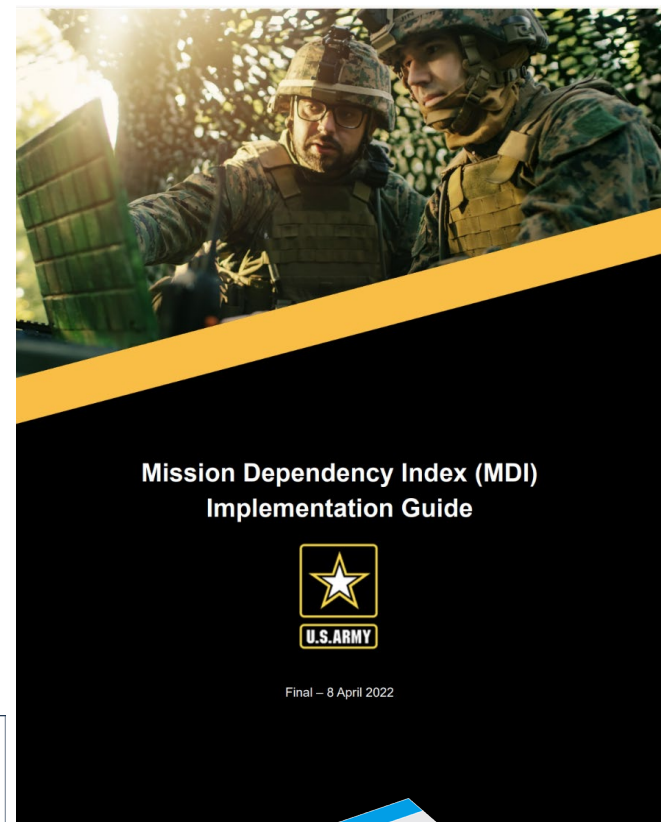
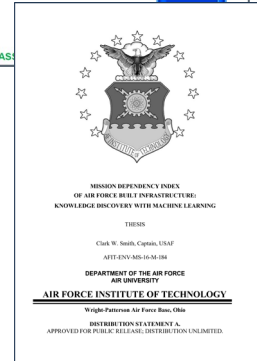
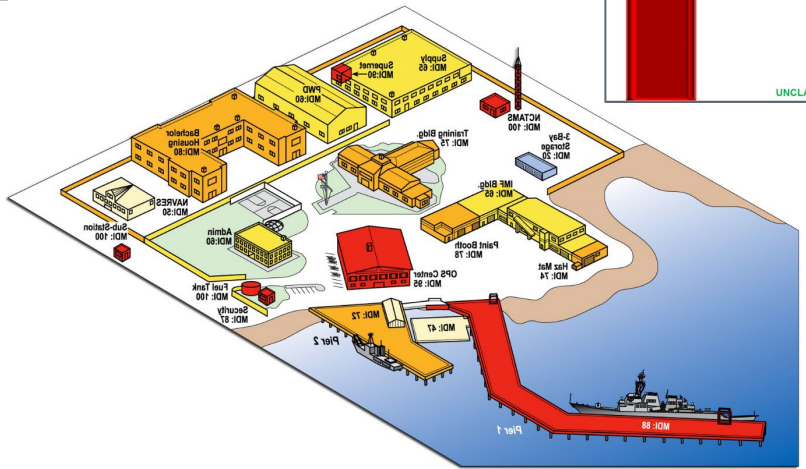
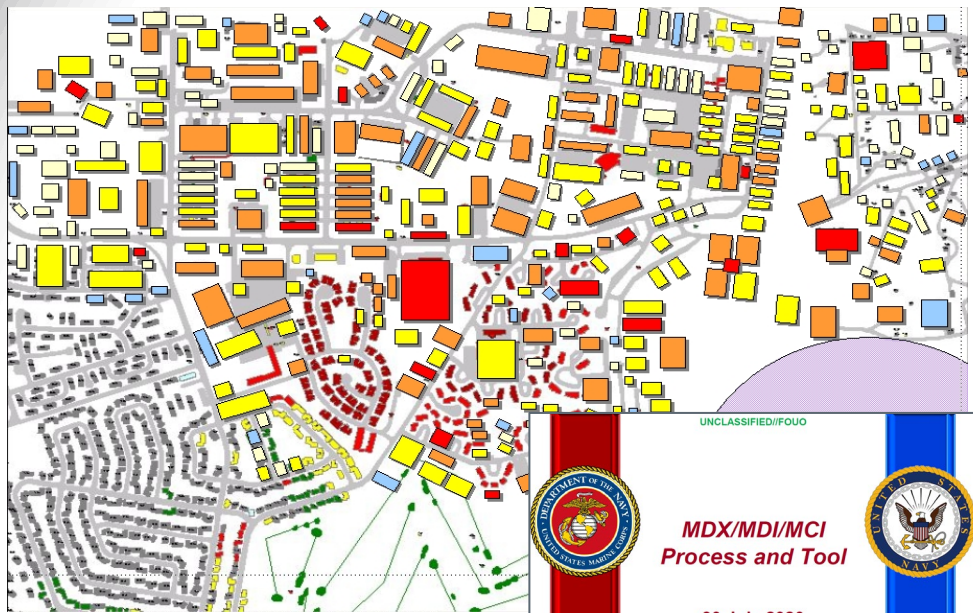
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ERDC
ENGINEER RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT CENTER

“Current and emerging trends require us to examine installations and infrastructure through a new lens – we will revise doctrine, training, and investments accordingly.”

MDI IMPROVEMENTS – 20+ YEARS IN THE MAKING



- Tactical
- Operational
- Strategic



MDI IMPLEMENTATION

- USAF Implementation
 - USAF began utilizing the CATCODE MDI. CATCODE MDI is based on an average MDI score calculated for each CATCODE grouping and assigned to each RPUID based on its CATCODE
 - The USAF determined that the CATCODE MDI, which they had been using since 2008 was not adequately supporting SRM requirement prioritization. They re-baselined their real property inventory utilizing an interview-based process (Tactical MDI / T-MDI). T-MDI is based on direct input from operational and mission support leadership at each installation. T-MDI that is generated through surveys and logic rules to assign a unique MDI score to approximately ~60,000 RPUIDs (focus on buildings and priority structures).
- For MDI development, the following principles and criteria have been formulated:

MDI data acquisition requires the risk-based perspective of a single, senior executive decision maker (e.g., senior commander at an installation)



MDI requires a facility inventory boundary condition (e.g., installation's fence line)




MDI requires a mission context as seen from the single, executive decision maker's perspective (e.g., tactical missions executed under the Senior Commander's authority (which includes mission support to tenant units))



MDI SURVEY FRAMEWORK

Scenario

The following two questions are answered in the context that an occupant is asked to move out of a building as a result of long-term deferred maintenance, and not because of catastrophic unplanned events. One asset goes offline at a time.

 MISSION DEPENDENCY INDEX					
MDI		Question 1 INTERRUPTABILITY How fast would the mission be impacted if the asset's operations were interrupted?			
		IMMEDIATE < 15 minutes	BRIEF < 24 hours	SHORT < 7 days	PROLONGED > 7 days
Question 2 REPLICABILITY How difficult would it be to relocate the asset's mission capabilities?	IMPOSSIBLE	100	88	76	64
	EXTREMELY DIFFICULT	92	80	68	56
	DIFFICULT	84	72	60	48
	POSSIBLE	76	64	52	40

Question 1 - Interruptability

How fast would the overall installation's mission capabilities be impacted if the ability to accomplish the specific functional capabilities in building ____ were interrupted? (Assume complete unavailability.)

Immediate:

- Mission capabilities are immediately impacted
- Response action is automatic and would occur in less than 15 minutes
- Facility is manned 24/7 or is always available for operation

Brief:

- Mission capabilities are measurably impacted, but manageable within a 24-hour window
- Response or mitigating actions would absolutely occur within 24 hours, including over weekends
- Response actions require decision-maker authorization

Short:

- Mission capabilities are impacted and reasonably managed within a seven-day window
- Mitigating actions would occur within a week
- There is time to optimize or schedule response actions

Prolonged:

- Mission impact is minor
- Only minor mitigating actions may be needed
- Response action may be delayed for more than a week

Question 2 - Replicability

How difficult would it be for the installation to relocate or replicate functional capabilities if this facility's operations were interrupted? (Non-fixed equipment could be moved.)

Impossible:

- An alternate location is not available
- Mission readiness is severely impacted for the foreseeable future

Extreme Difficult:

- An alternate location exists with minimally acceptable capabilities
- A significant in-house effort in terms of money and man hours would be required
- Other mission-enabling capabilities would be measurably disrupted

Difficult:

- An alternate location exists with acceptable capabilities and capacity
- A measurable, unbudgeted level of effort in terms of money and man hours are required
- Mission readiness would not be compromised in the process

Possible:

- An alternate location is readily available with sufficient capabilities and capacity
- The level of effort is budgeted for and/or may be easily absorbed

ARMY MDI OBJECTIVE

Objective: Implement a sustainable MDI solution that transforms Army's enterprise risk management approach for infrastructure investment decisions. The MDI solution will capture and evaluate MDI ratings and be used to prioritize facility investment decisions.

Guiding Principles:

- Metric is not a DPW planning exercise, success hinges on mission / operator input
- Army intends to implement a hybrid approach by utilizing a seed dataset to predict remaining MDI results. Solution will include ability for installations to provide direct input.
- MDI will leverage existing and emerging real-time data sources (e.g., real property asset data as a baseline)
- MDI intended to be utilized as an input to support resourcing and readiness decision-making. Allows Army ability to shift from worst first prioritization.

**MDI is tied to the Mission,
not the Facility**

MDI IMPLEMENTATION

This effort is a multi-phase effort:

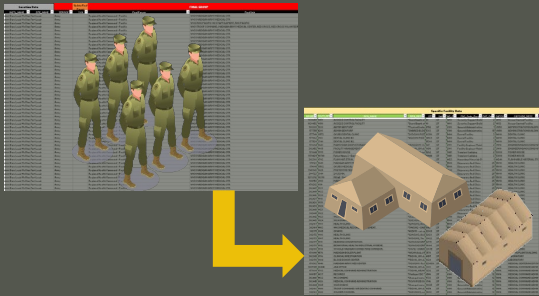
Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Future Phase	Future Phase
Data Driven Baseline MDI <ul style="list-style-type: none"> › MDI Baseline created utilizing USAF Tactical MDI results and Army FRD, Installation Category and On Hand Asset Ratio Score › Pilot completed at Army Installation 	Initiate Army Tactical MDI & Framework Established <ul style="list-style-type: none"> › Establish Tactical MDI Framework › Conduct Tactical MDI surveys at selected installations › Focus is primarily buildings and priority structures › Develop methodology for predicting Tactical MDI scores 	Develop MDI Solution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> › Develop sustainment solution 	Expanded MDI Solution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> › Conduct additional surveys at select installations › Expand scope of Tactical MDI scores (include remaining structures and linear assets) 	Sustainment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> › Sustain Tactical MDI Scores for all reporting organizations – Installations have ability to directly update MDI scores

Follow-on phases will fully develop the MDI program.

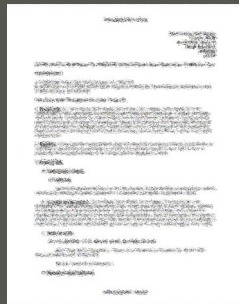
MDI SURVEY PROCESS

Initiation Activities

- ✓ Determine Installation POC
- ✓ Validate Real Property and Unit Information
- ✓ Survey Coordination



Alignment of Units /Groups to Facilities



Installation MDI OPORD

Pre-Survey Activities

- ✓ Confirm Survey Week Schedule
- ✓ Final Coordination Call



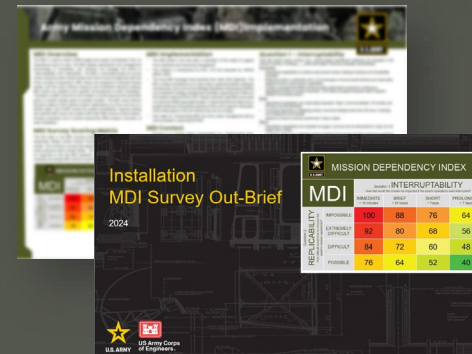
MDI Schedule

Conduct Survey

- ✓ Leadership In-Brief
- ✓ Two questions, all facility mission-enabling functions covered. Focus on Mission/Risk systems' perspective
- ✓ Senior Commander Out-brief



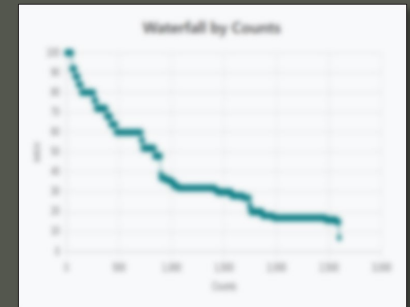
Capture of MDI Data



MDI Placemat & MDI Survey Out-brief

Post Survey

- ✓ Interim Report Submission
- ✓ Close out Action Items
- ✓ Submit Final Report



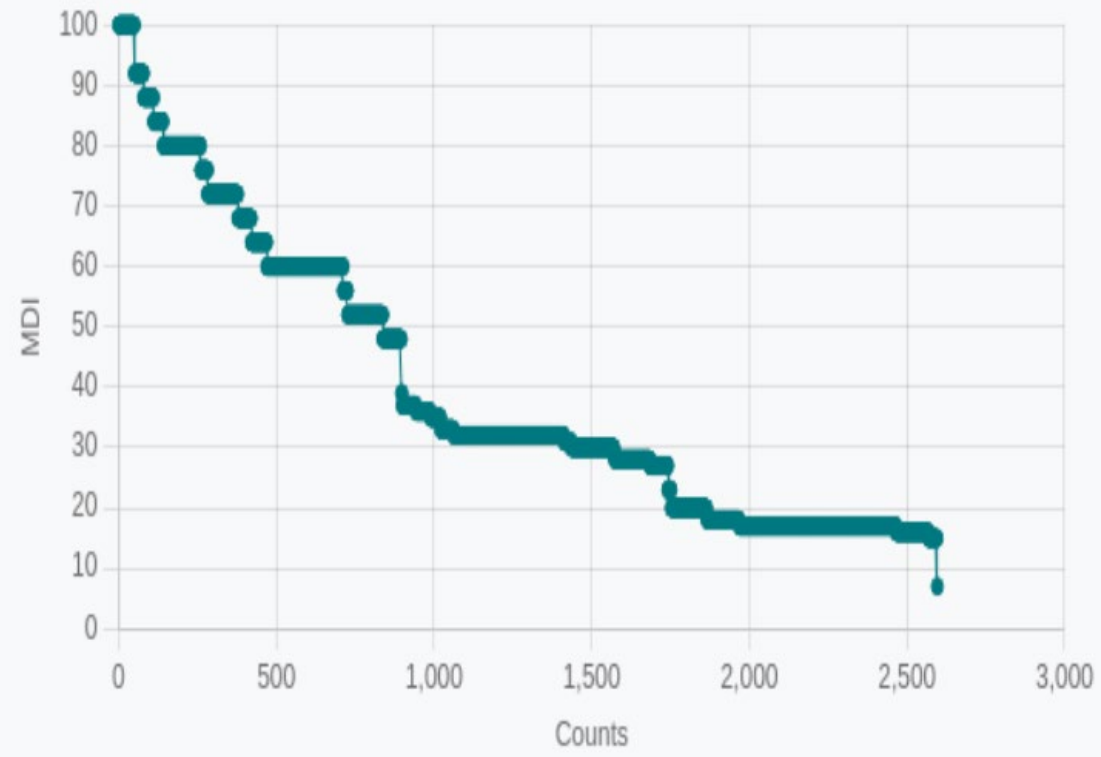
MDI Waterfall



MDI Heatmap

EXAMPLE SURVEY HIGHLIGHTS

Waterfall by Counts



Heatmap by Counts

MDI		INTERRUPTABILITY			
		IMMEDIATE	BRIEF	SHORT	PROLONGED
REPLICABILITY	IMPOSSIBLE	52	32	6	30
	EXTREMELY DIFFICULT	29	125	75	14
	DIFFICULT	30	96	247	60
	POSSIBLE	16	19	115	1721

HYBRID APPROACH

Army Mission Dependency Index (MDI) Implementation

MDI Overview
The MDI is used to inform SRM budget and project prioritization from an Operational point of view. The MDI applies operational risk management terminology of "probability" and "severity" but changes the words to "interruptability" and "replicability". The MDI is calculated based on survey inputs using the matrix shown below and rules to ensure alignment with the Army concept of operations. MDI values are assigned to individual facility assets, and this score informs resource and investment decision-making. Therefore, an MDI score from one location is not the same as the same MDI given to another facility asset at another location. The MDI score informs decision-makers of the relative mission dependency an Army unit has to a facility asset. Use of MDI scores that specific MDI score into context, thereby evaluating risk to mission for each installation.

MDI Survey Score
The first step in the MDI survey is to identify critical mission functions that are enabled by facility assets. This involves a survey that gathers scoring input on each asset using the matrix shown below. The input score is determined based on response to the two MDI questions. Additional rules are applied to calculate and assign MDI scores to each facility asset.

MDI Framework

MISSION DEPENDENCY INDEX

MDI	INTERRUPTABILITY			
	IMPOSSIBLE	EXTREMELY DIFFICULT	DIFFICULT	POSSIBLE
IMPOSSIBLE	100	88	76	64
EXTREMELY DIFFICULT	82	80	68	56
DIFFICULT	64	72	60	48
POSSIBLE	78	64	52	40

Points of Contact
Lance E. Dorschner, Army JCEC-9-3
Louis (Bartley) Bartels, PhD
louis.bartels@usace.army.mil
217-324-4442
Mr. Kent Anderson
kent.a.anderson2.us@army.mil
217-328-9228
Contracting Project Manager
Ms. Carrie Heitsman
carrie.heitsman@natech.com
249-322-8892
Michael Gussing, PhD
michael.gussing@usace.army.mil
217-388-6307

Question 1 – Interruptability
How fast would senior mission (e.g., division-level) operational readiness be impacted if the mission function in building _____ were interrupted? (Assume complete unavailability).
Immediate:
• Operational capabilities to achieve senior-level mission tasking is directly and measurably impacted
• Response action is automatic and a 15-minute gap in service would directly and measurably degrade division-level mission capabilities
• Facility is operated 24/7/365 and the function performed is involved in continuous operational control of mission execution. (This does not apply to passive alarm systems related to the facility asset)
Brief:
• Operational capabilities are measurably impacted. Gaps in service between 15 minutes and 24 hours can be absorbed
• Corrective response or mitigating actions cannot be delayed more than 24 hours, including over weekends and holidays
• Applies to mission functions performed 7 days a week.
Short:
• Operational capabilities are impacted, but gaps in service can be absorbed for a day, but not longer than a week.
• Corrective response or mitigating actions related to the mission function would be completed in a week's time
• Applies to mission functions that are performed 5 days a week (e.g., closed on weekends)
Probable:
• Mission impact is minor / manageable within the division's range of control.
• Only minor mitigating actions may be needed
• Corrective response or mitigating actions may be delayed for more than a week
Question 2 – Replicability
How difficult would it be for the unit to relocate or replicate the mission function(s) if this facility's operations were interrupted? Non-fixed equipment could be moved. This also assumes an alternate location provides the same or equivalent mission function capabilities as the current location.
Impossible:
• An alternate location is not available and not replicable within the division's span of control or capabilities
• Operational Readiness is severely impacted for the foreseeable future
Extremely Difficult:
• An alternate location exists with minimally acceptable capabilities (equivalent to current capabilities)
• A significant in-house effort in terms of money and labor would be required
• Other mission-enabling capabilities would be measurably disrupted
Difficult:
• An alternate location exists with acceptable capabilities and capacity
• A measurable, unbudgeted level of effort in terms of money and labor would be required
• Mission readiness would not be compromised in the process
Possible:
• An alternate location is available with sufficient capabilities and capacity
• The level of effort to replicate the mission function is manageable or may be easily absorbed

Question 1
Response

+

Question 2
Response

=

1. Direct Survey Score

MDI Survey Score

MDI Scores are foundation to predicting remaining Army MDI results

Remaining Army
Installations will receive
Extrapolated scores

Extrapolated (Modeled) scores are informed by how directly surveyed units (e.g., infantry unit) responded to Question 1 and Question 2 for each real property type (e.g., vehicle maintenance shops, hangars, etc.)

2. Extrapolated (Modeled) Survey Score

Question 1
Response

Question 2
Response

Senior Commanders will be asked to review & validate extrapolated MDI results

Real Property
Data
(HQIIS)

+

Unit
Information
(ASIP, FMSWeb)

All MDI scores utilize enterprise real property and available unit information as the foundation

UTILIZATION OF MDI

The Army values mission-oriented, risk-based decision making, including decision making that delivers facility-based, mission-enabling capabilities.

MDI helps the Army remain strategic, agile, and efficient in managing its MILCON/FSRM annual budget in support of mission objectives.

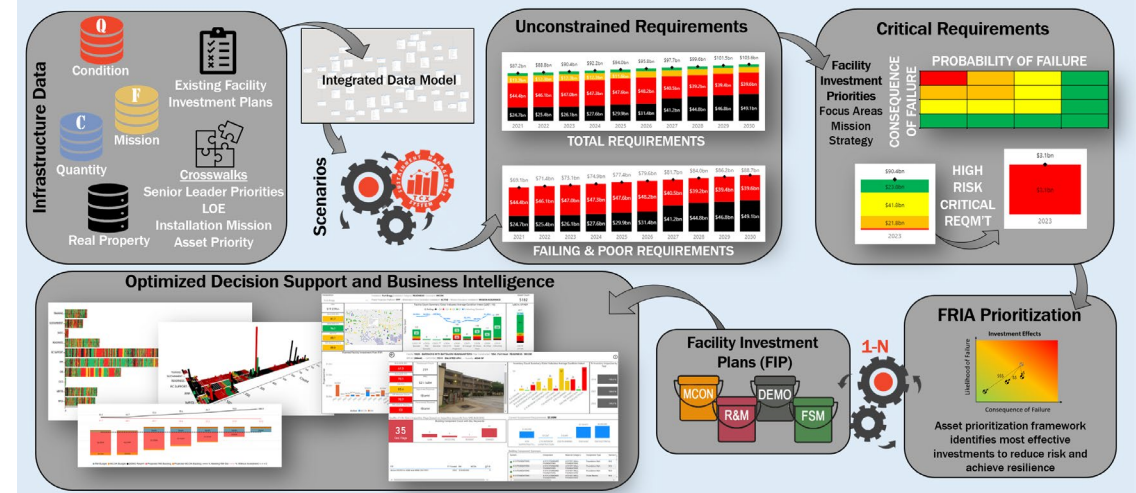
The MDI metric directly supports strategic readiness and resiliency initiatives.

Benefits:

- Improves Army Mission Readiness
- Reflects voice of mission owners
- Better manages operational risk
- Better prioritizes limited SRM

Facility Investment Analytics (FIA26)

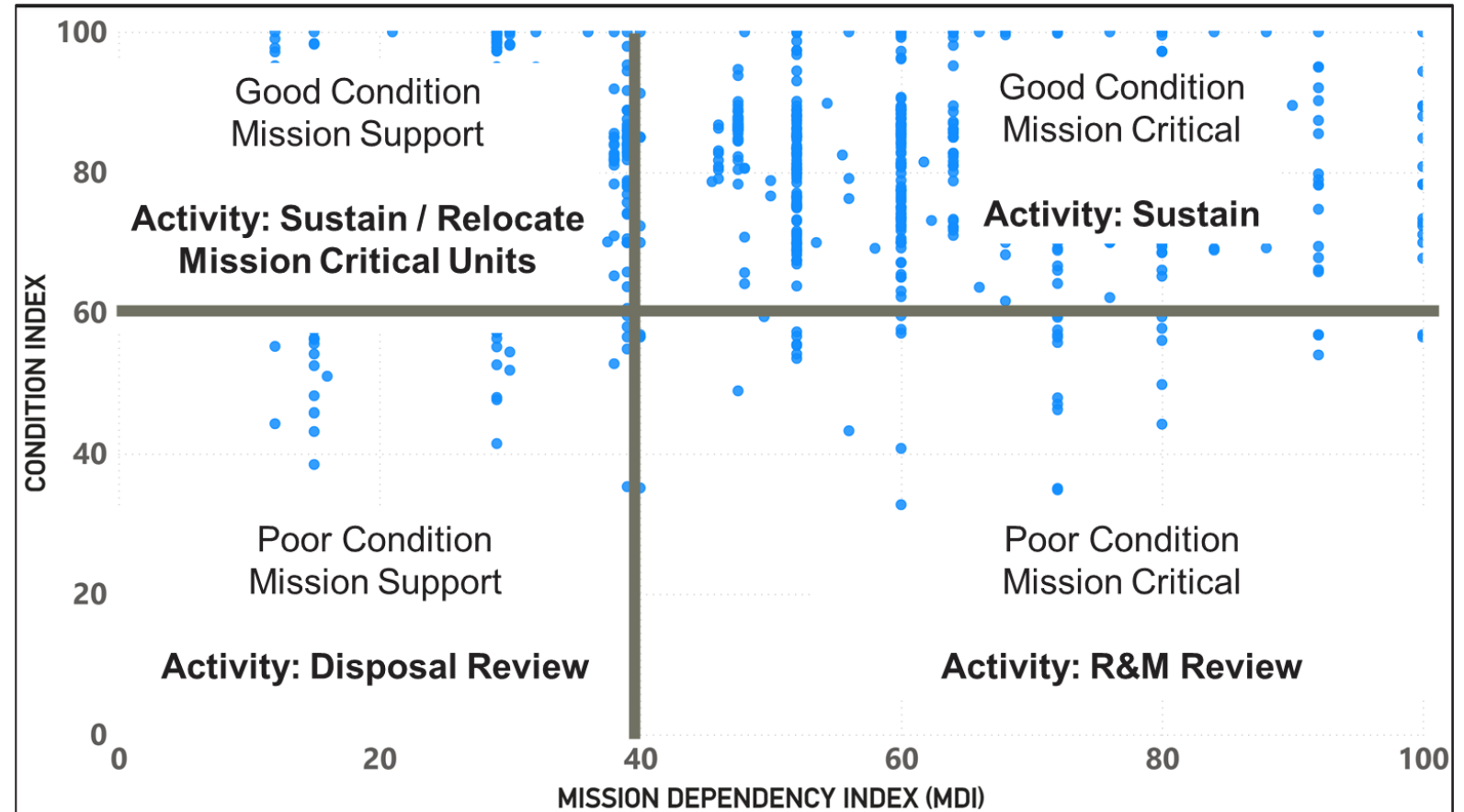
FIA is a decision support tool for II-PEG POM planning that helps prioritize FSRM requirements and informs Facility Investment Plan (FIP) development based on critical infrastructure requirements from Army Senior Leaders (ASL) and risk prioritization analysis.



MDI gives Senior Mission Commanders a voice in facility project prioritization using the interview-based Tactical Mission Dependency Index (T-MDI) by capturing the mission that the facilities support.

NEW WAY OF LOOKING AT INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- Tactical MDI is **measurably different and better** than proxy metrics
- **Overwhelmingly positive** feedback from local operational commanders
- Senior Commander **risks and operational needs clearly communicated**
- **Improves communications and risk management** across facility life cycle management



FINAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Principles
 - Decision-maker
 - Boundary conditions
 - Mission Context
- Approach
- Sustainment
- Feedback / Collaboration on MDI



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