

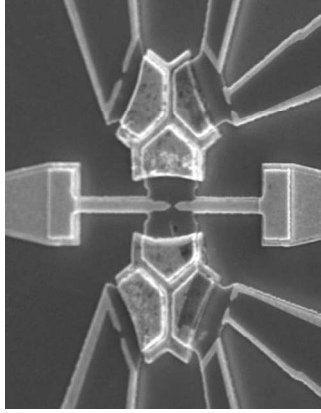
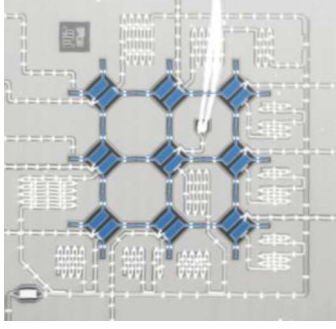
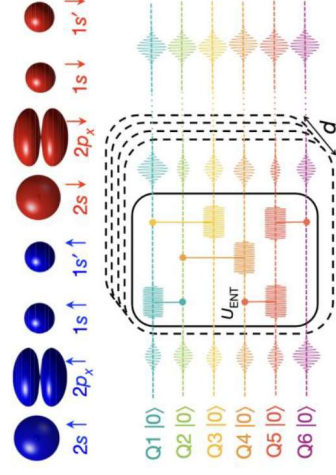
Emulating the Bose-Hubbard Model with Arrays of Superconducting Qubits

William D. Oliver
Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Frontiers of Engineered Coherent Matter and Systems
03 October 2024

In collaboration with:

Flavors of Quantum Simulation

Pouse et al. Nat. Phys. **19** (2022)Karamlou et al.
npj Q. I. 8 (2022)

Kandala et al.
Nature **549** (2017)

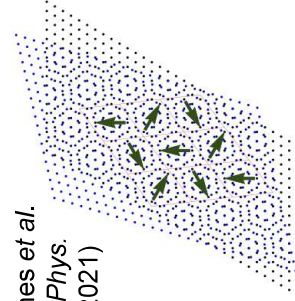
Natural materials

- Large lattices
- Less control
- Extensive measurements

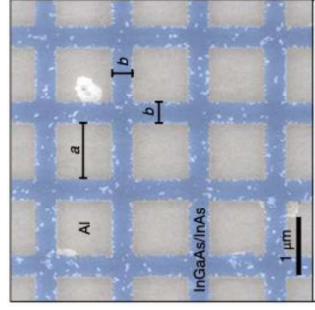
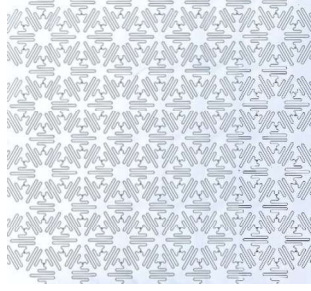
Quantum dot model systems

Moire lattices

Metamaterials

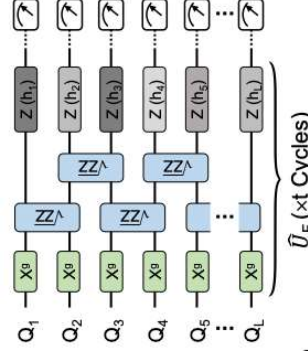


Kennes et al.
Nat. Phys.
17 (2021)

Böttcher et al. *arXiv* (2022)

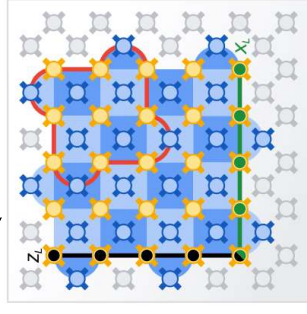
Kollár, Fitzpatrick, and Houck.
Nature **571** (2019)

Trotterized interactions

Mi et al. Science **378** (2022)

Algorithms (fault tolerant)

- hardware)



Google Quantum AI,
Nature **614** (2023)

Simulators

- Small lattices
- Precision control
- Site-resolved measurements

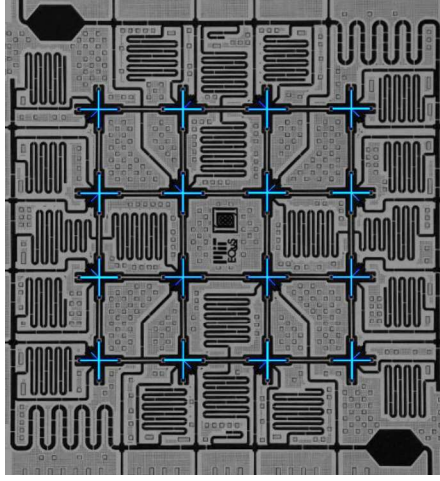
Hardware

Superconducting qubits

Trapped ions

Neutral atoms

Quantum dots, ...



Approach

Analog/Hybrid

Set/sweep H parameters

Digital gates for initialization, benchmarking, ...

Digital

Sequence of digital gates

System Evolution

Emulation

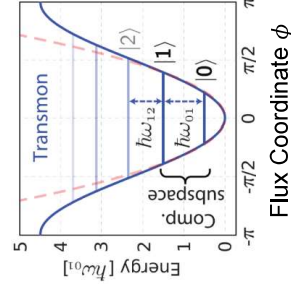
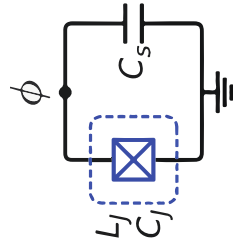
System evolution mimics the Hamiltonian of interest

Simulation

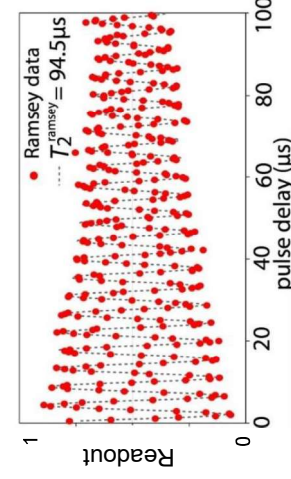
System evolution is encoded and inferred from an algorithm

- 9-qubit and 16-qubit artificial lattices
- XYZ control for each site, simultaneous and distinct
- Always-on and parametrically driven coupling
- Site-resolved readout, simultaneous and unique
- Bose-Hubbard Hamiltonian

SC Qubit – Nonlinear Oscillators

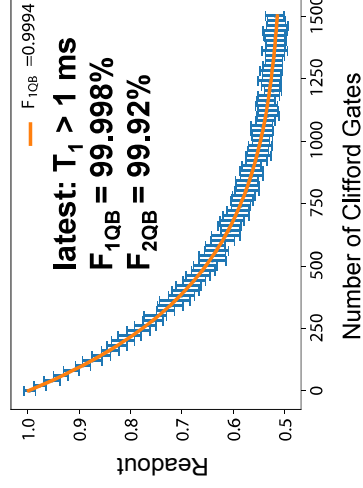
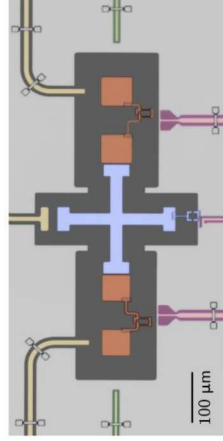


Quantum Coherence



F. Yan, PR Applied (2018); Y. Sung, PRX (2021); M. Kjaergaard, et al., PRX (2022)

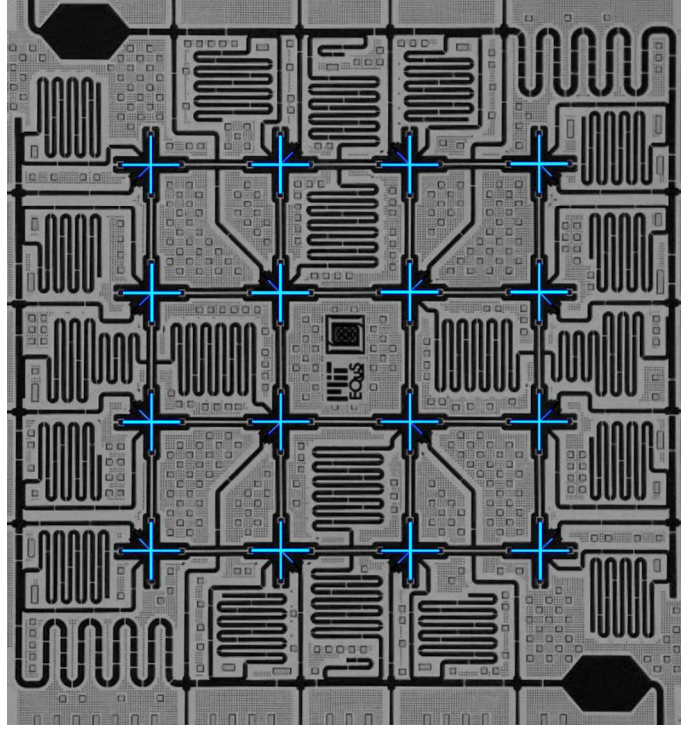
Gate-Model Fluxonium & Tunable Couplers



L. Ding, et al., PRX (2023); D. Rower, et al., arXiv:2406.08295

2D Arrays of Qubits

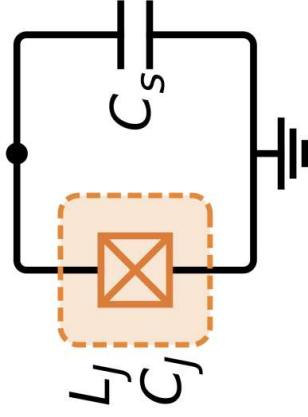
Lattices, Error Propagation, Coherent Errors, ...



Y. Yanay, et al., npj Quantum Information 6, 58 (2020)
A. Karamlou, et al., Nature (2024)

Transmon qubit

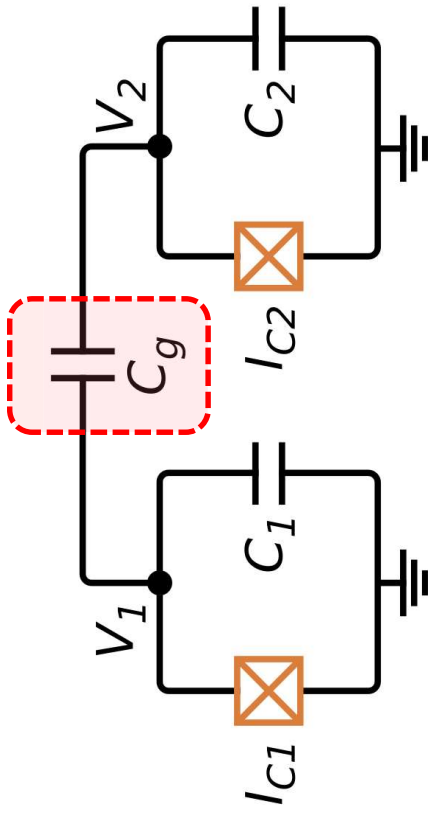
“Artificial atom”



$$H = \omega a^\dagger a + \alpha a^\dagger a (a^\dagger a - 1)$$

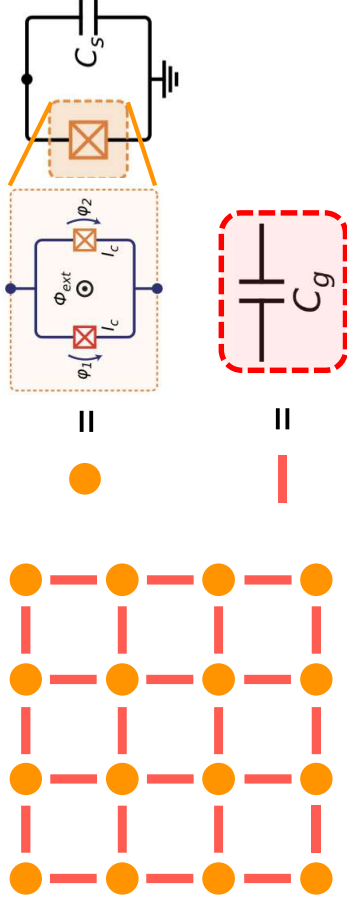
Capacitively coupled transmons

“Artificial molecule”

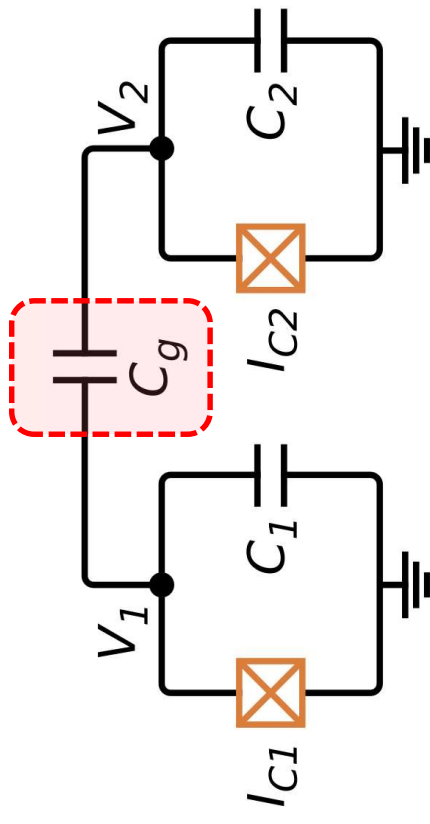


$$H = \omega_a a^\dagger a + \omega_b b^\dagger b + J(a^\dagger b + a b^\dagger) + \alpha[\dots]$$

Coupled transmon lattice Artificial material

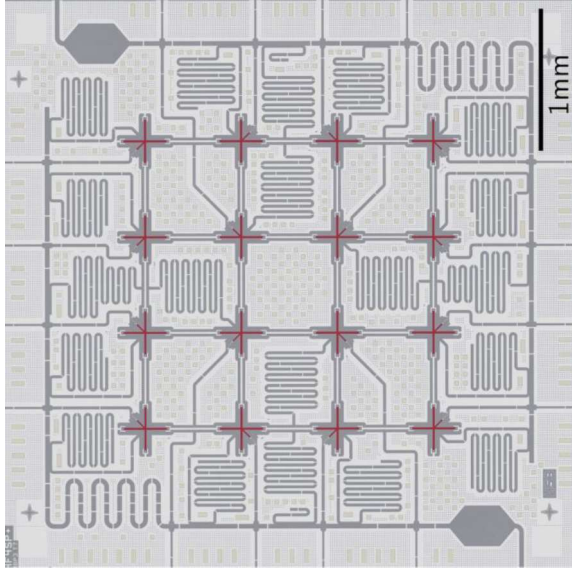


Capacitively coupled transmons “Artificial molecule”



$$\hat{H}_{\text{BH}}/\hbar = \sum_i \epsilon_i \hat{n}_i + \sum_i \frac{U_i}{2} \hat{n}_i (\hat{n}_i - 1) + \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} J_{ij} \hat{a}_i^\dagger \hat{a}_j$$

$$H = \omega_a a^\dagger a + \omega_b b^\dagger b + J(a^\dagger b + ab^\dagger) + \alpha[\dots]$$



4x4 **transmon** array
Flux tunable
Capacitive coupling

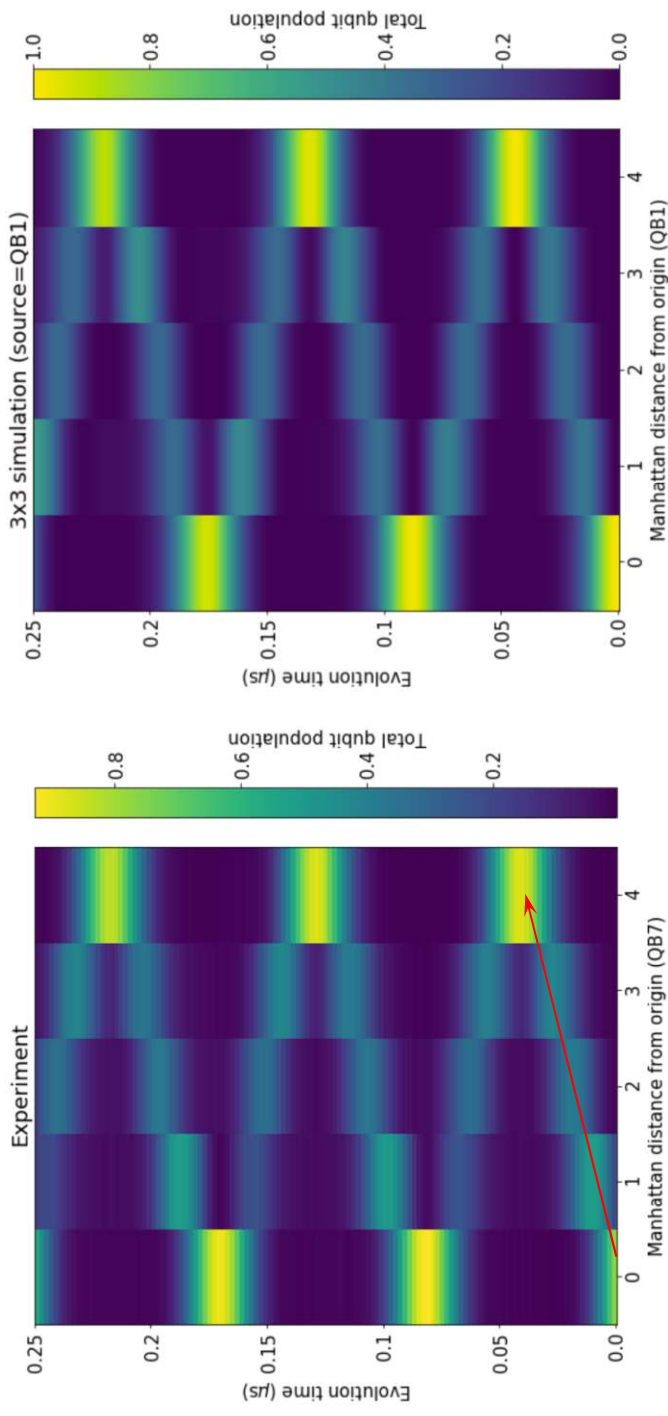
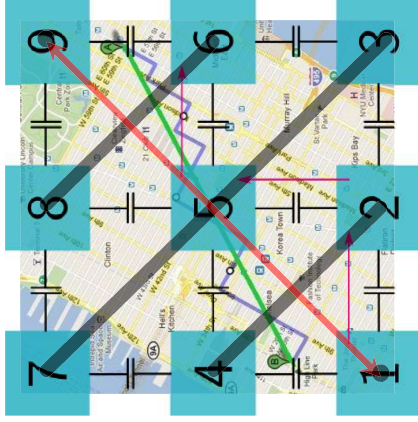
$$\hat{H}_{\text{BH}}/\hbar = \sum_i \epsilon_i \hat{n}_i + \sum_i \frac{U_i}{2} \hat{n}_i (\hat{n}_i - 1) + \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} J_{ij} \hat{a}_i^\dagger \hat{a}_j$$

local site energy (qubit frequency) on-site interaction (qubit anharmonicity α) nearest-neighbor interaction (capacitance)

Tunable 3-5 GHz 200 MHz 6 MHz

Transmon array emulates the Bose-Hubbard Model
 $U \gg J \rightarrow$ hard-core limit

Manhattan distance

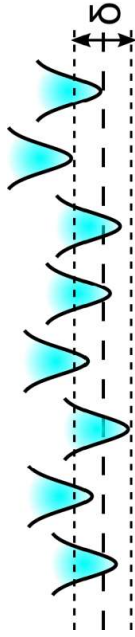


Recent work on 9-qubit and 16-qubit chips:

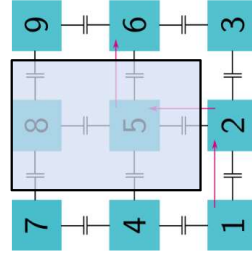
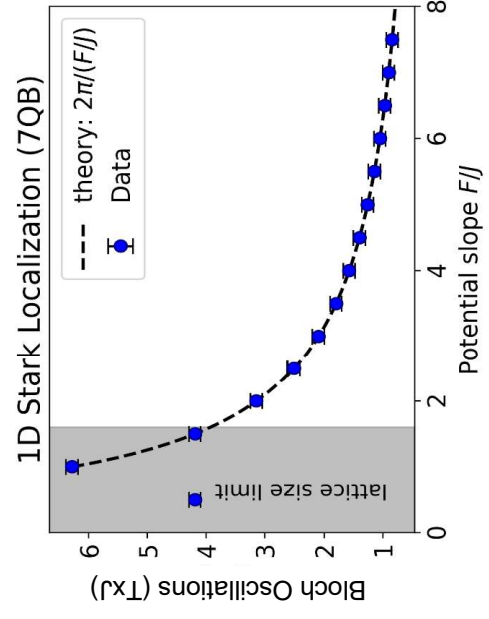
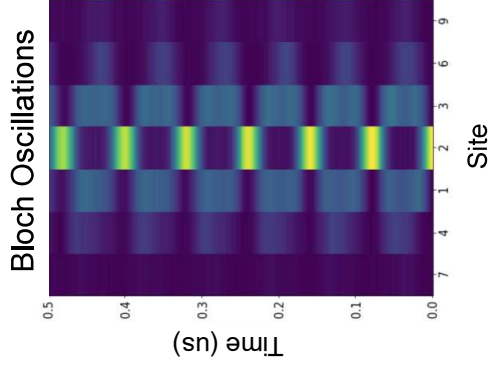
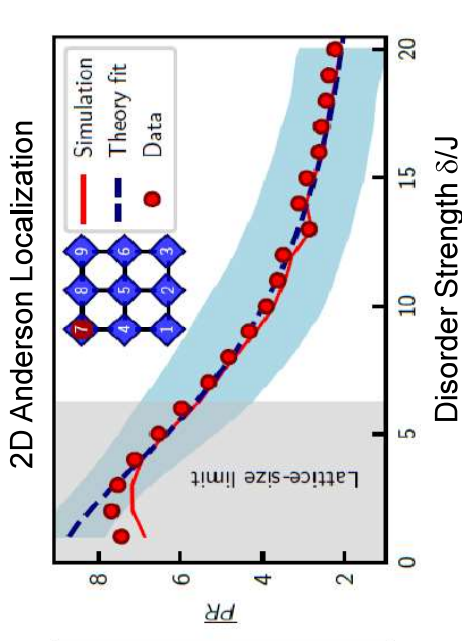
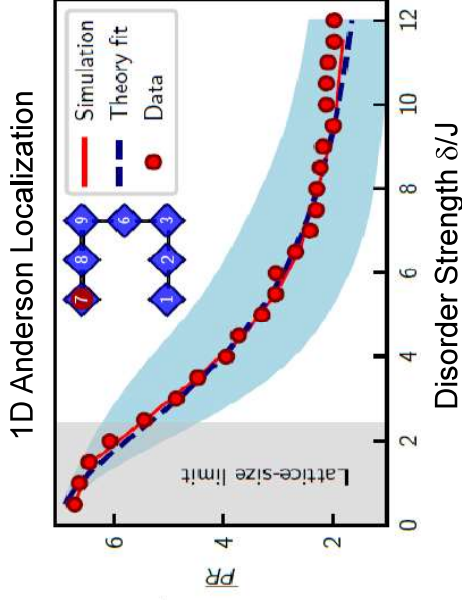
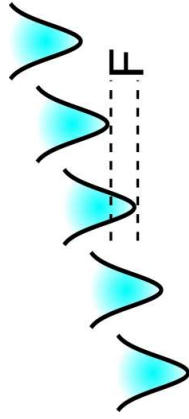
- Out-of-time-ordered correlation (OTOC) functions – Nature Physics 2022
- Anderson & Stark localization, Bloch oscillations – npj Quantum 2022
- Area versus volume law entanglement – Nature 2024
- Synthetic magnetic vector potential – arXiv:2405.00873 | accepted Nature Physics 2024
- Quantum attention network – with Prof. Eun-Ah Kim, et al., arXiv:2405.11632

Localization Experiments

Disordered Lattice



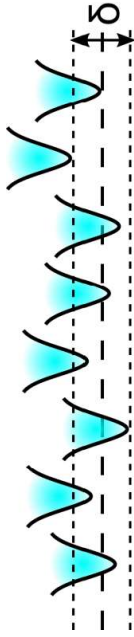
Wannier-Stark Ladder



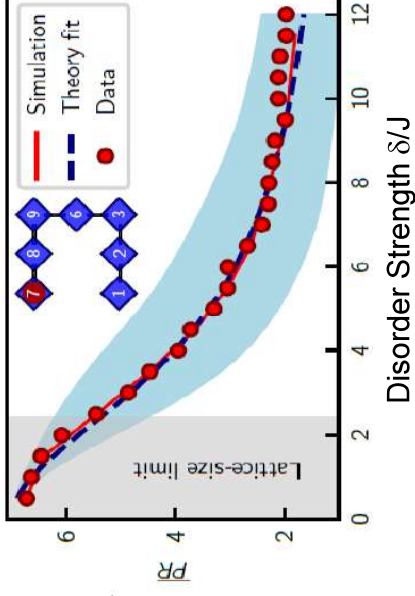
J. Braumueller, A. Karamlou, Y. Yanay, et al., Nat. Phys. 18, 172 (2022)
A. Karamlou, J. Braumueller, Y. Yanay, et al., npj Quantum Inf. 8, 35 (2022)

Localization Experiments

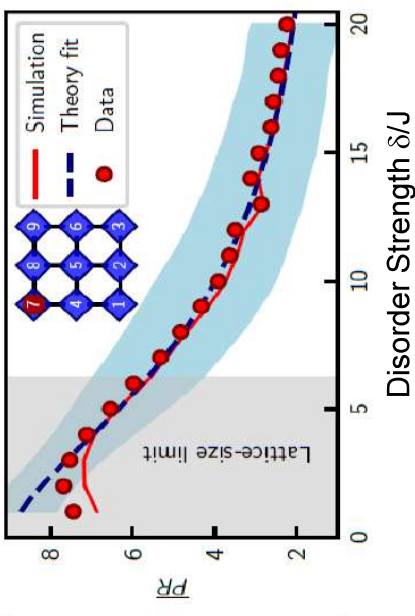
Disordered Lattice



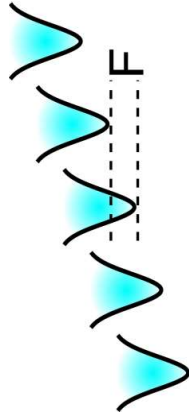
1D Anderson Localization



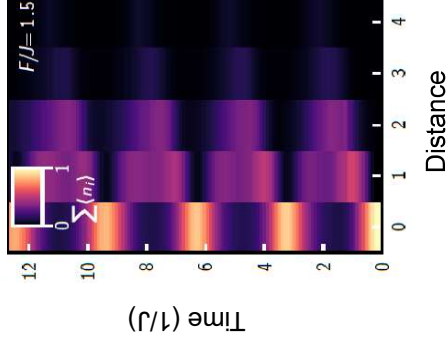
2D Anderson Localization



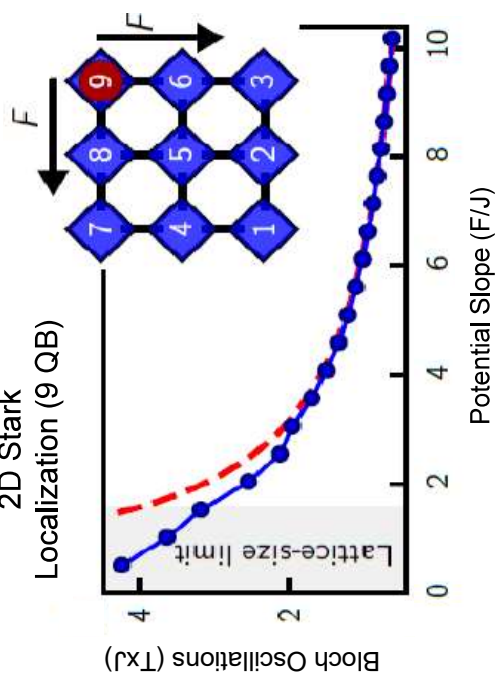
Wannier-Stark Ladder



Bloch Oscillations

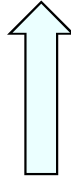
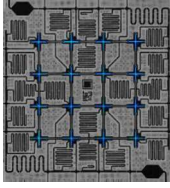
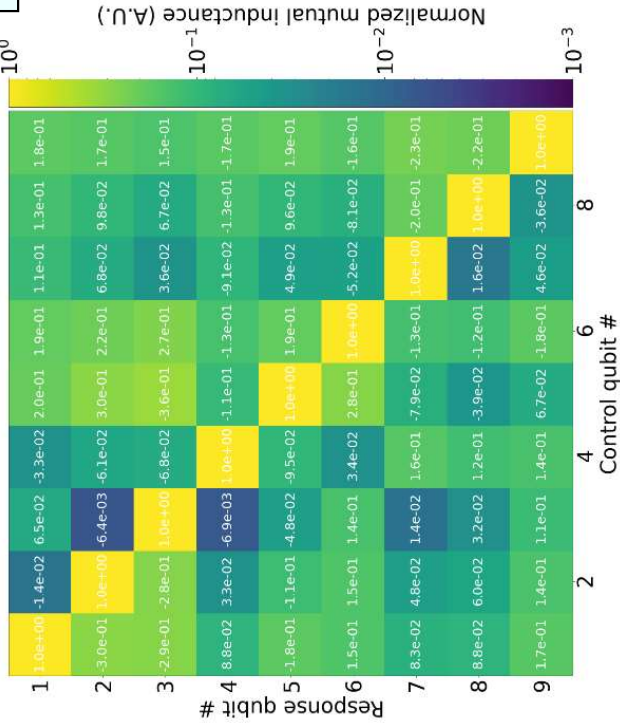


2D Stark Localization (9 QB)

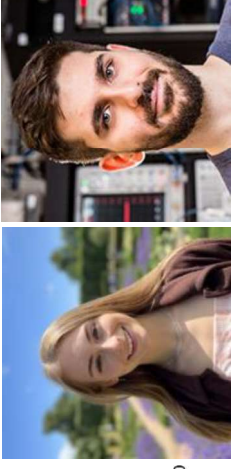
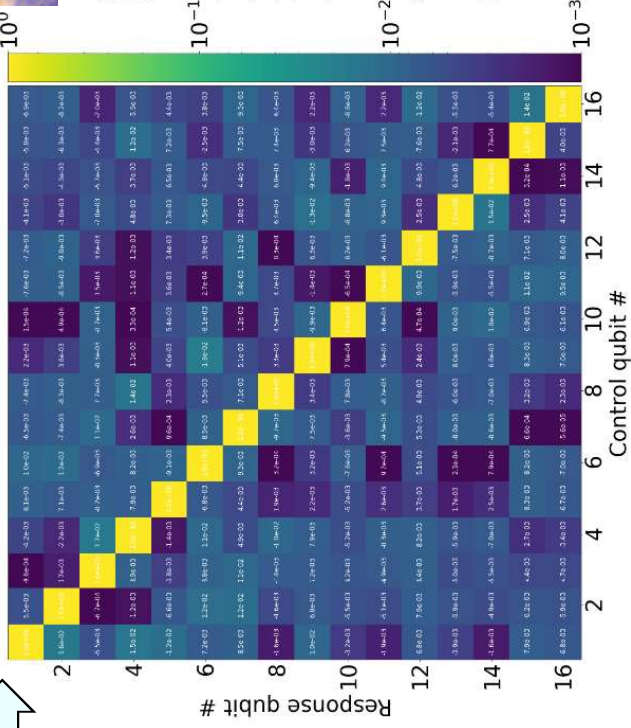
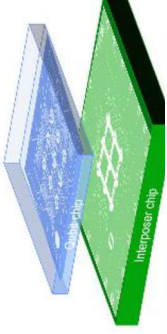


J. Braumueller, A. Karamlou, Y. Yanay, et al., *Nat. Phys.* **18**, 172 (2022)
A. Karamlou, J. Braumueller, Y. Yanay, et al., *npj Quantum Inf.* **8**, 35 (2022)

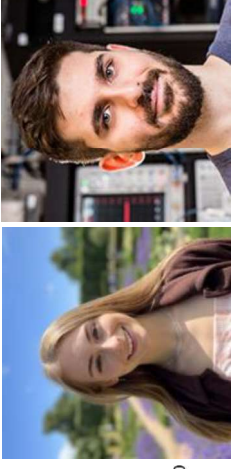
Planar chip (9 qubits)



Flip chip (16 qubits)



Cora Barrett



Amir Karamlou

Sarah Muschinske



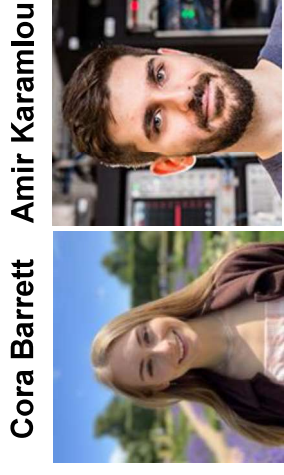
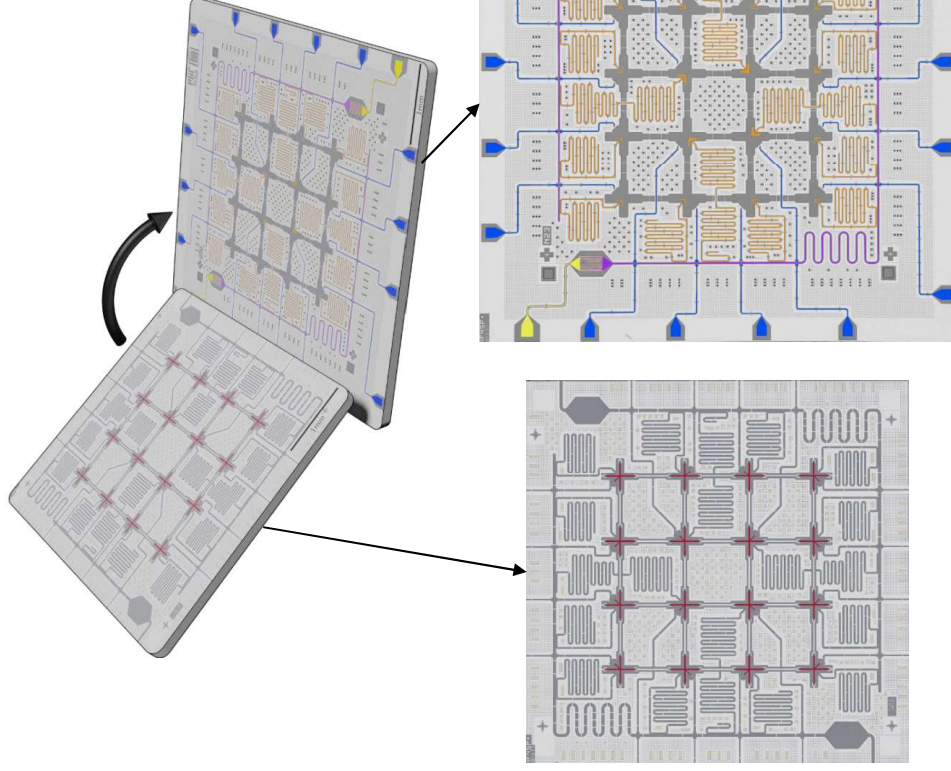
Ilan Rosen (PD)



Calibration: C. Barrett, A. Karamlou, et al., *Phys. Rev. Applied* (2023)
Many-Body Entanglement: A. Karamlou, I. Rosen, et al., *Nature* (2024)

Crosstalk improved >10x using flip-chip “screening”

4x4 Transmon Array



Cora Barrett Amir Karamlou

Sarah Muschinske



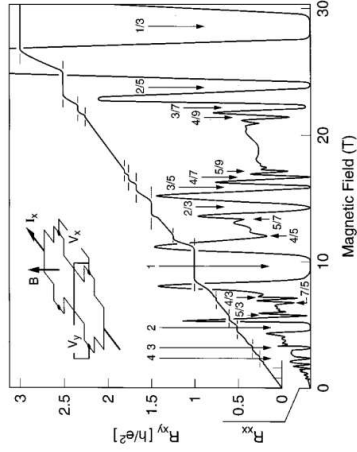
Ilan Rosen (PD)



- Excitation frequency: 4.5 GHz
- Avg. anharmonicity: -218 MHz
- Avg. coupling rate: 5.9 MHz
- Avg. T_1 : 22.8 μ s
- Avg. readout fidelity: 93%
- Avg. single-qubit RB:
 - 99.8% (individual),
 - 99.6% (simultaneous)
- U (200 MHz) $>>$ J (6 MHz)

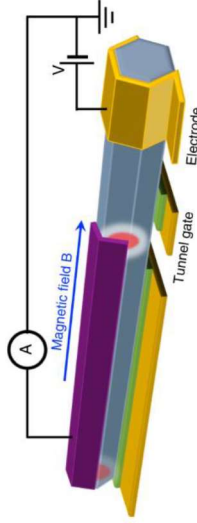
States with broken time-reversal symmetry

Quantized Hall effects



Eisenstein and Stormer, Science 248 (1990)

Topological superconductivity



Zhang et al. Nat. Comm. 10 (2019)

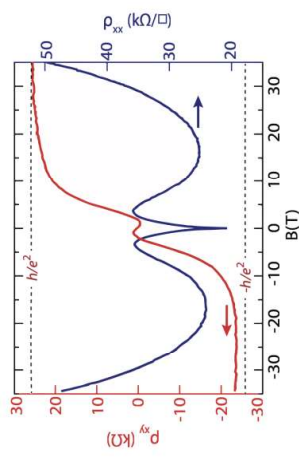


Can we realize an effective magnetic field with a superconducting qubit array?



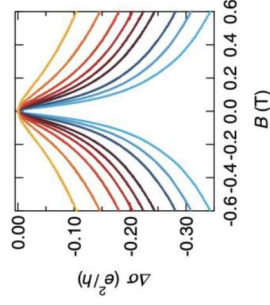
Material characterization with magnetic fields

Hall effect: carrier density, mobility, multi-band fluids



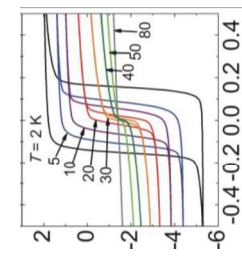
Salehi et al. Adv. Mater. 31 (2019)

Weak localization:
carrier coherence length



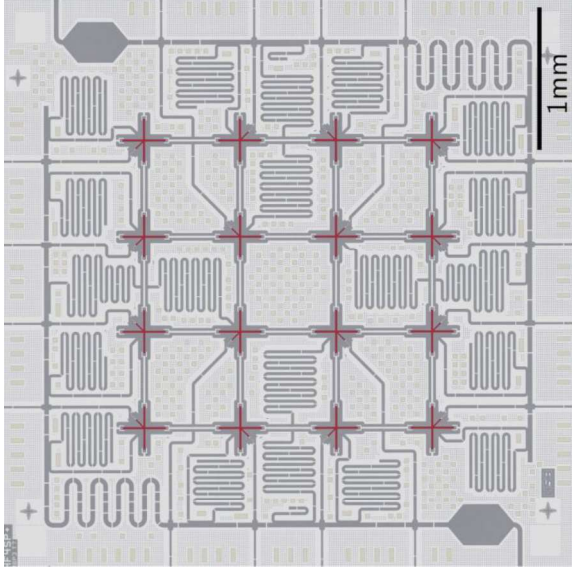
Rosen et al. PRB 99 (2019)

Anomalous Hall:
magnetic coercivity



Checkelsky et al. Nat. Phys. 10 (2014)

Superconducting processor



Bose-Hubbard model

$$\hat{H}_{\text{BH}}/\hbar = \sum_i \epsilon_i \hat{n}_i + \sum_i \frac{U_i}{2} \hat{n}_i (\hat{n}_i - 1) + \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} J_{ij} \hat{a}_i^\dagger \hat{a}_j$$

On-site energy Anharmonicity Exchange interaction

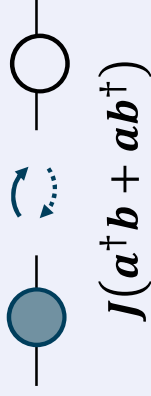
Peierls substitution

Continuum model $\longrightarrow$ Lattice model

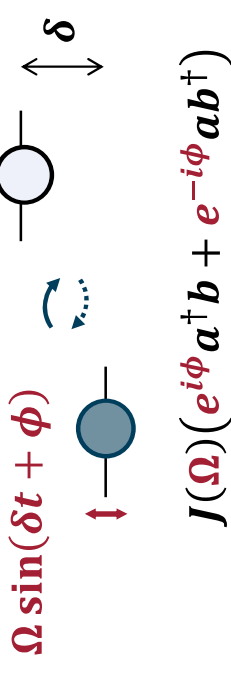
$$H = (p - A)^2 \longrightarrow H = \sum_m J e^{i\phi} |m\rangle \langle m+1| + H.C.$$

Vector potential Peierls phase

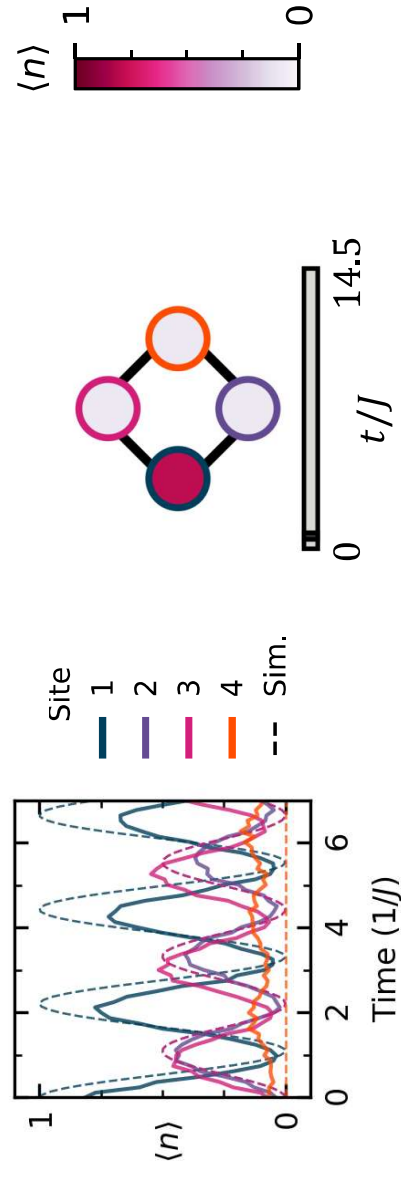
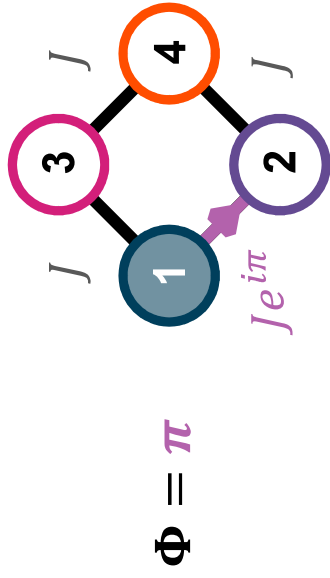
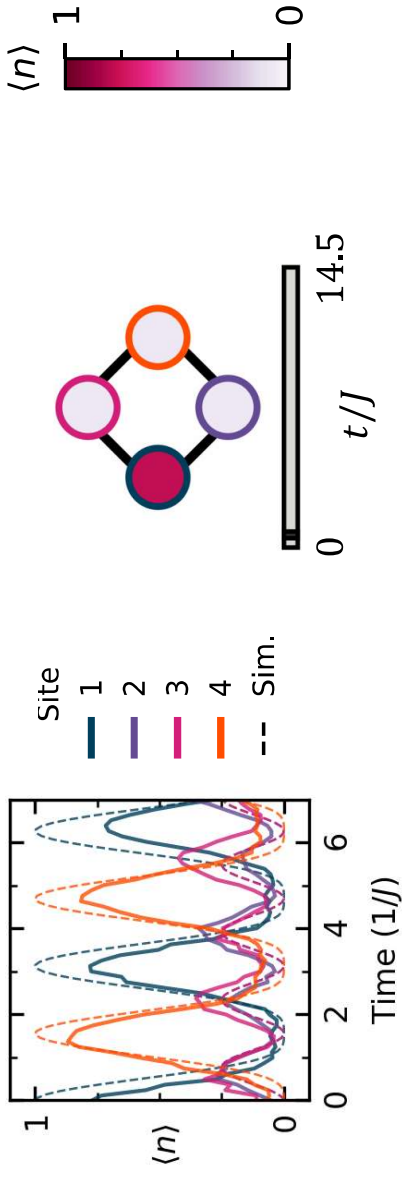
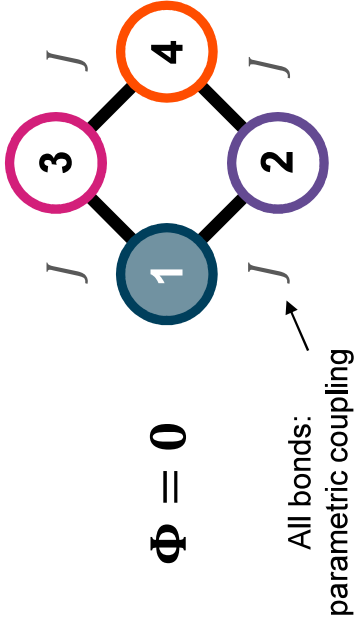
Direct transverse coupling



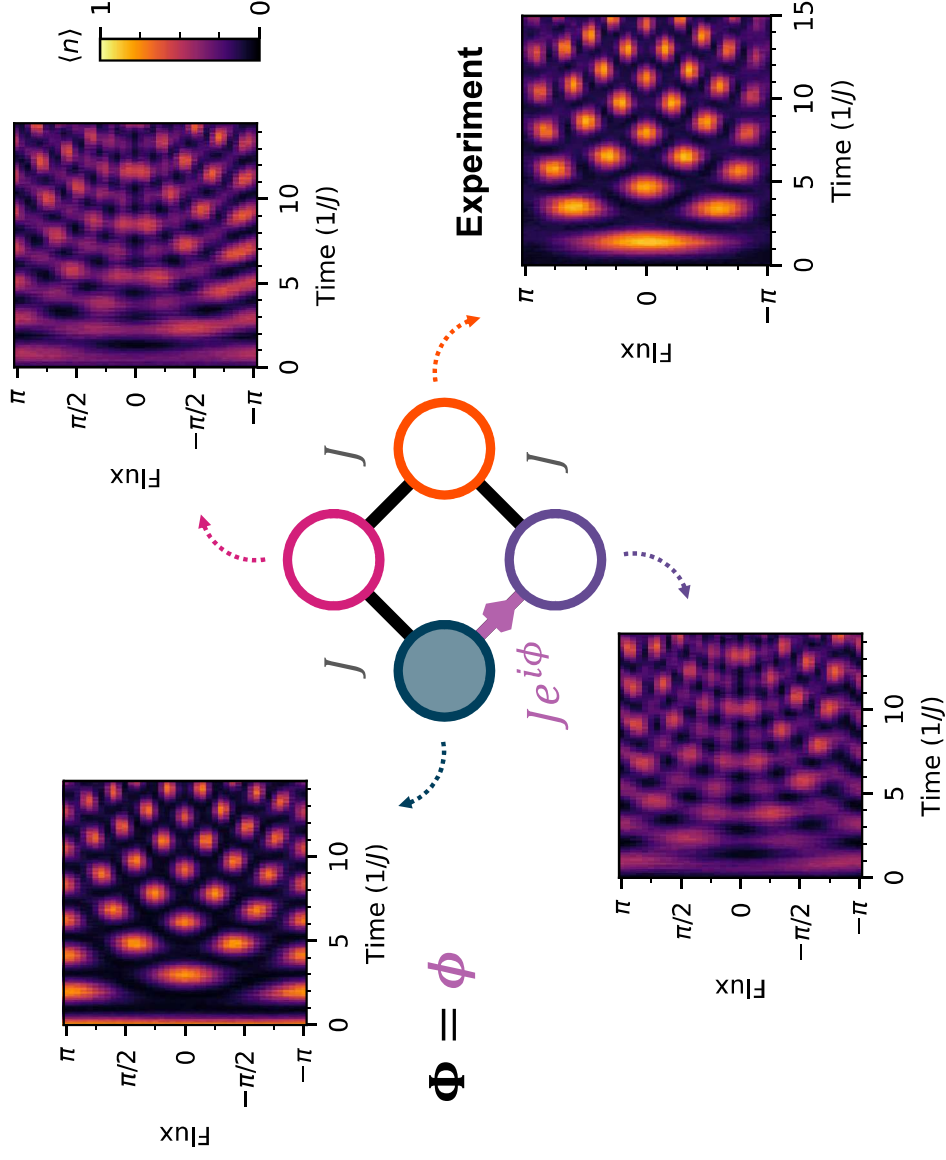
Transverse parametric coupling



We can set Peierls phases in our lattice by parametrically driving pairs of superconducting qubits and thereby emulate the magnetic vector potential



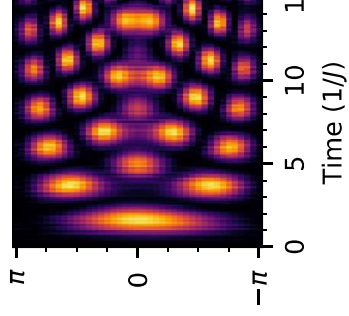
Aharonov-Bohm Effect



We can read out the qubits simultaneously on each trial

Simulation

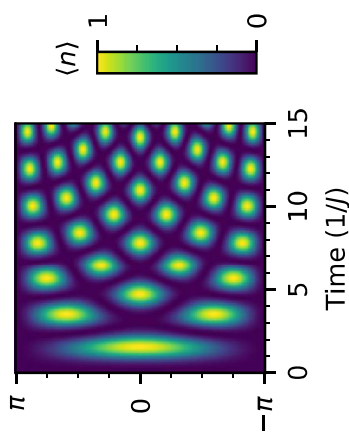
Full simulation of experiment



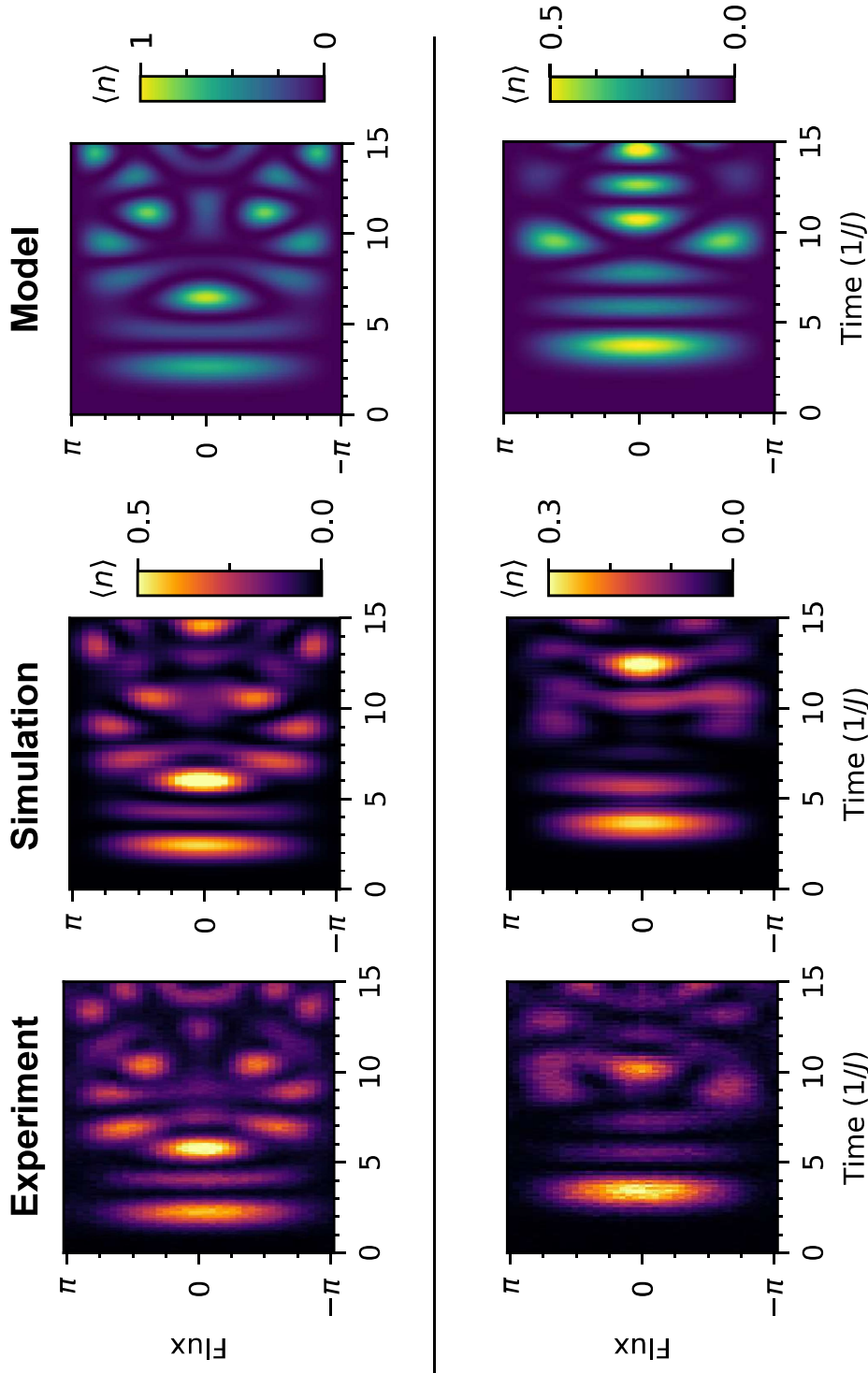
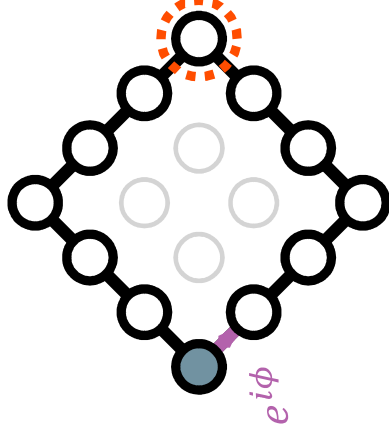
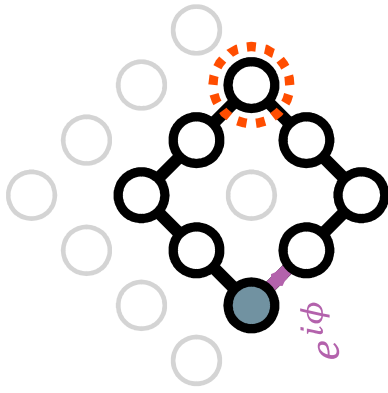
Model

Harper-Hofstadter

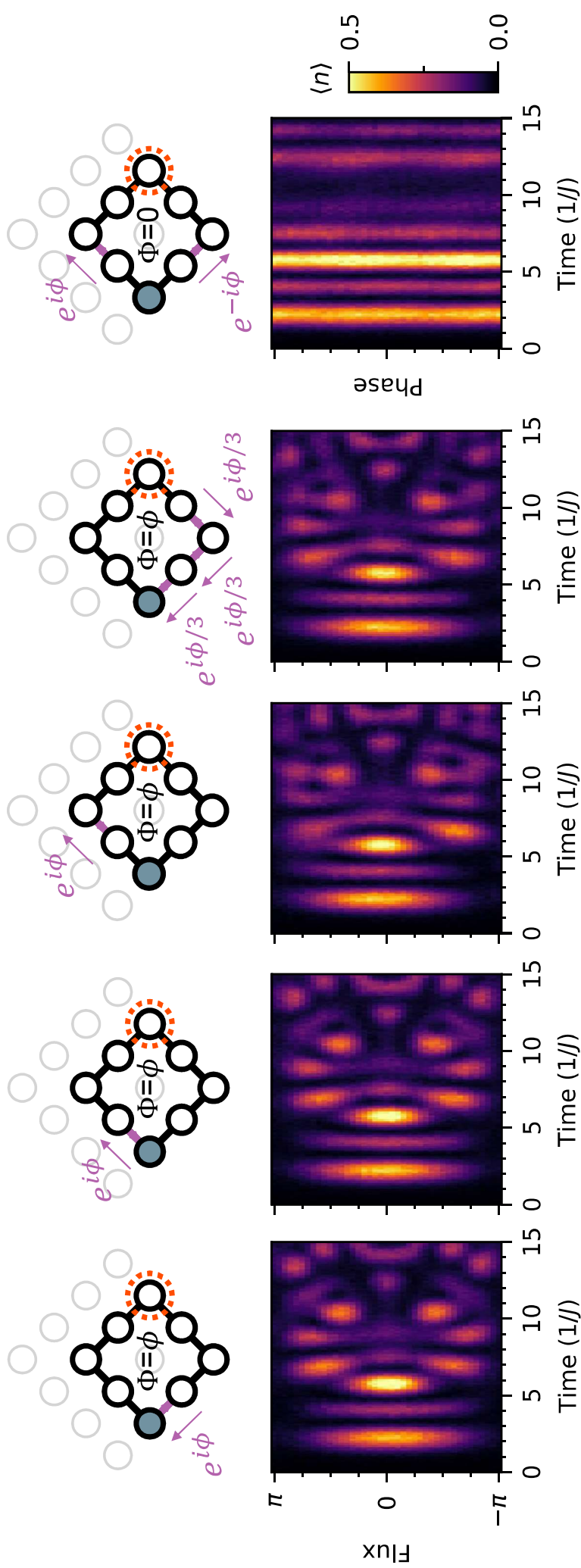
$$H = J \sum e^{i\phi_{ij}} a_i^\dagger a_j + \text{H.C.}$$

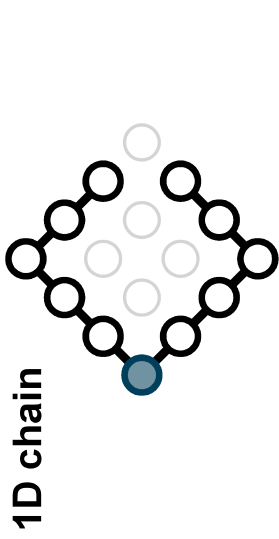


Aharonov-Bohm Effect in Larger Rings



Synthetic magnetic flux: $\Phi = \sum_{\text{oriented}} \phi_m$ (sum around loop)





Continuum model Lattice model

$$A \rightarrow \phi$$

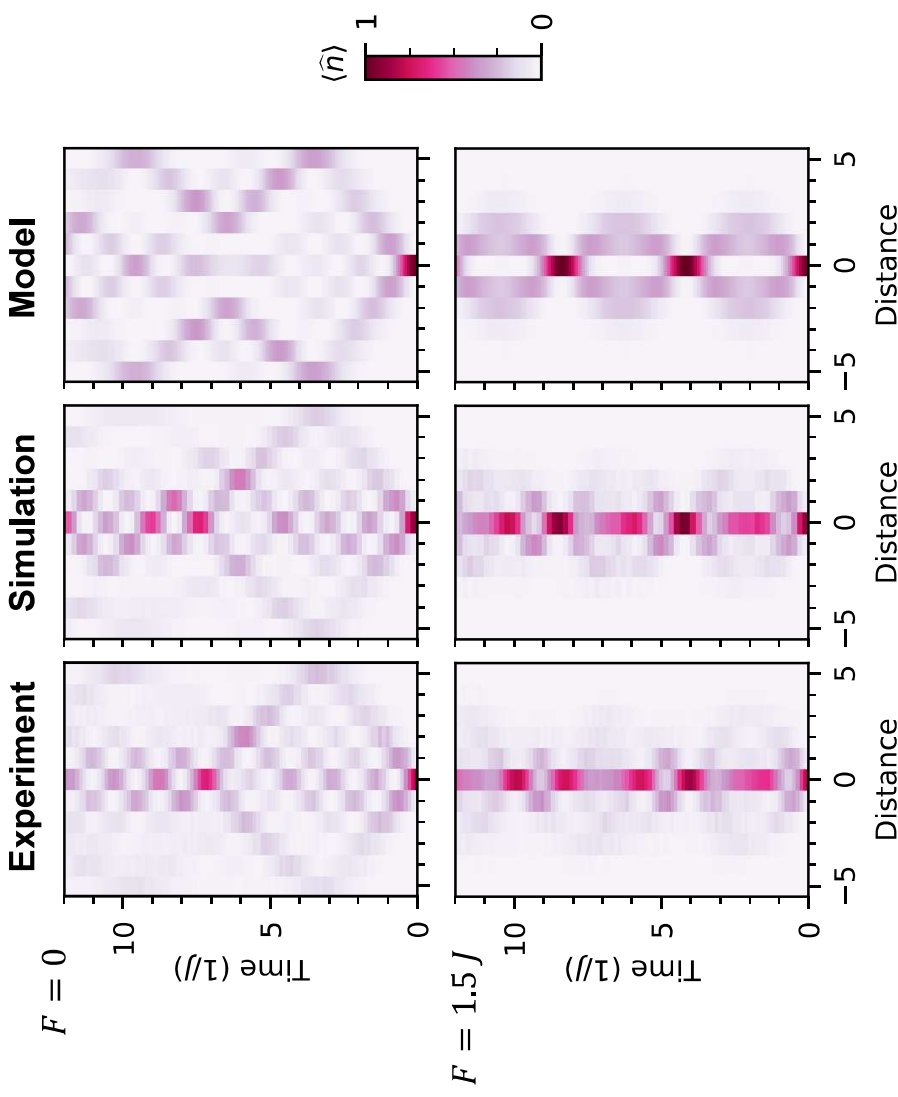
$$E = -\frac{\partial A}{\partial t} \rightarrow F = -\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t}$$

Synthetic E-field → Bloch Oscillations

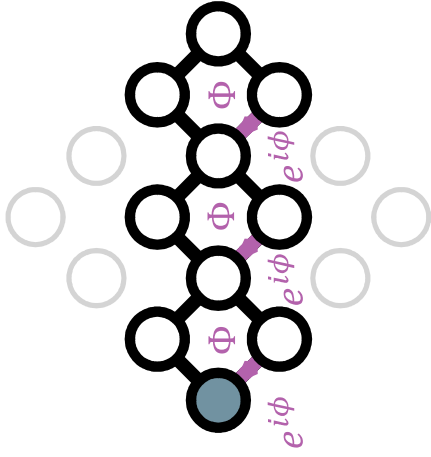
Bloch, Z. Phys. 52 (1929)

Guo et al. npj Quant. Inf. 7 (2021)

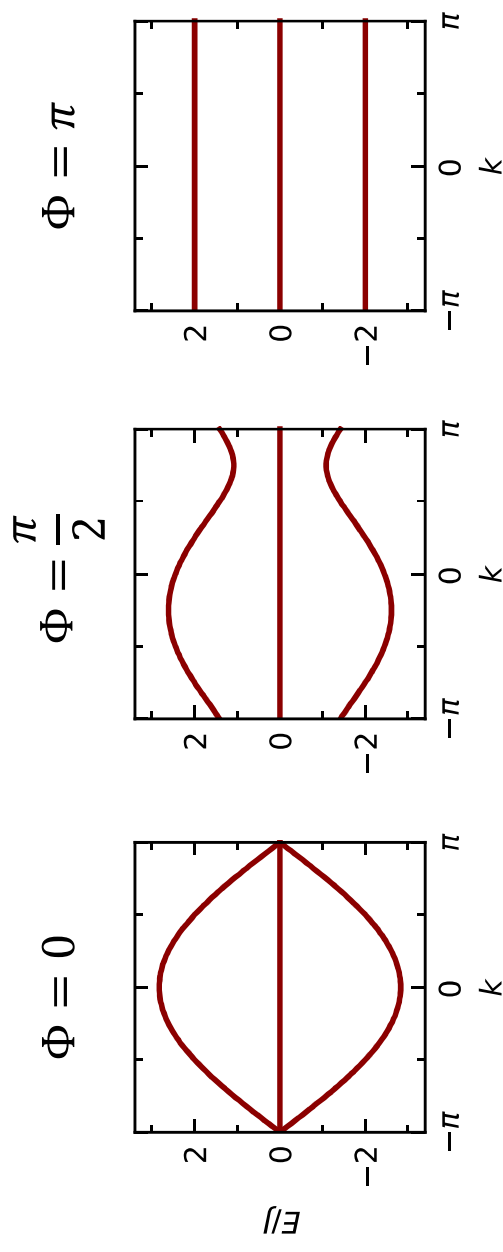
Karamlou et al. npj Quant. Inf. 8 (2022)



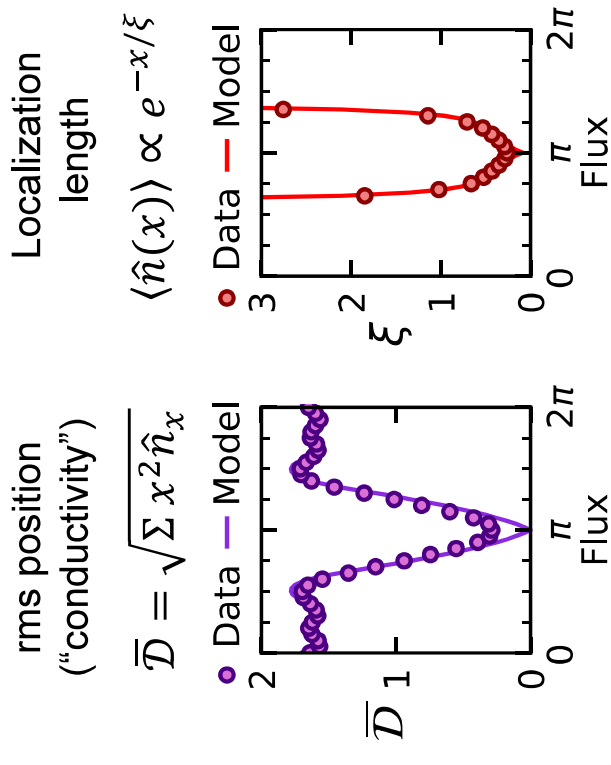
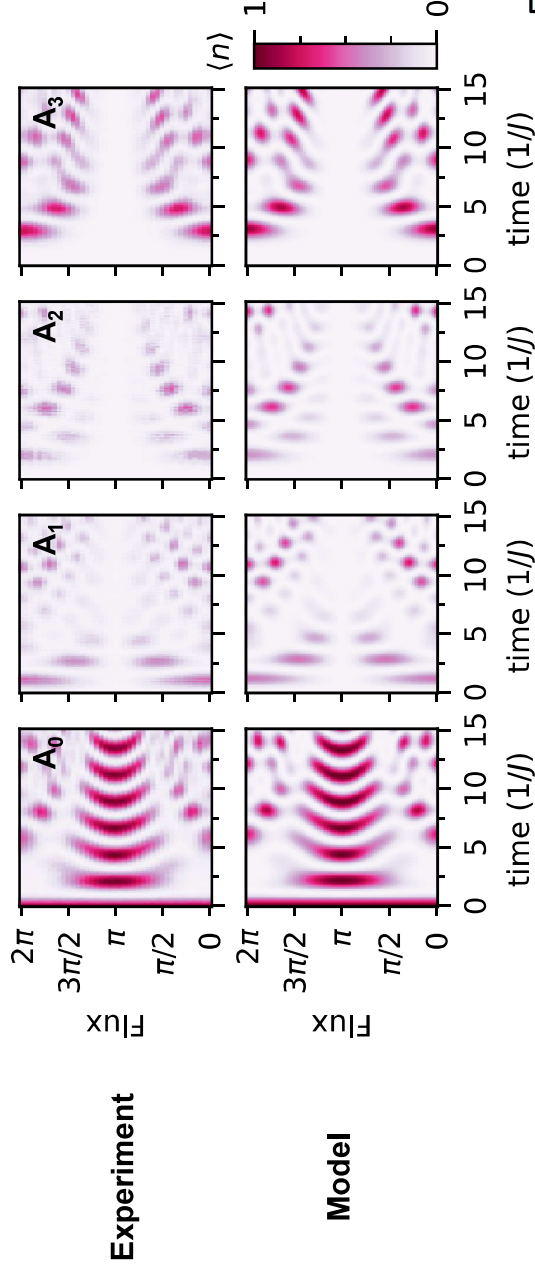
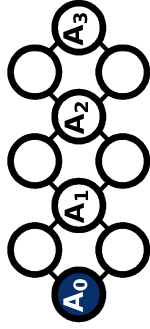
Rhombus Lattice



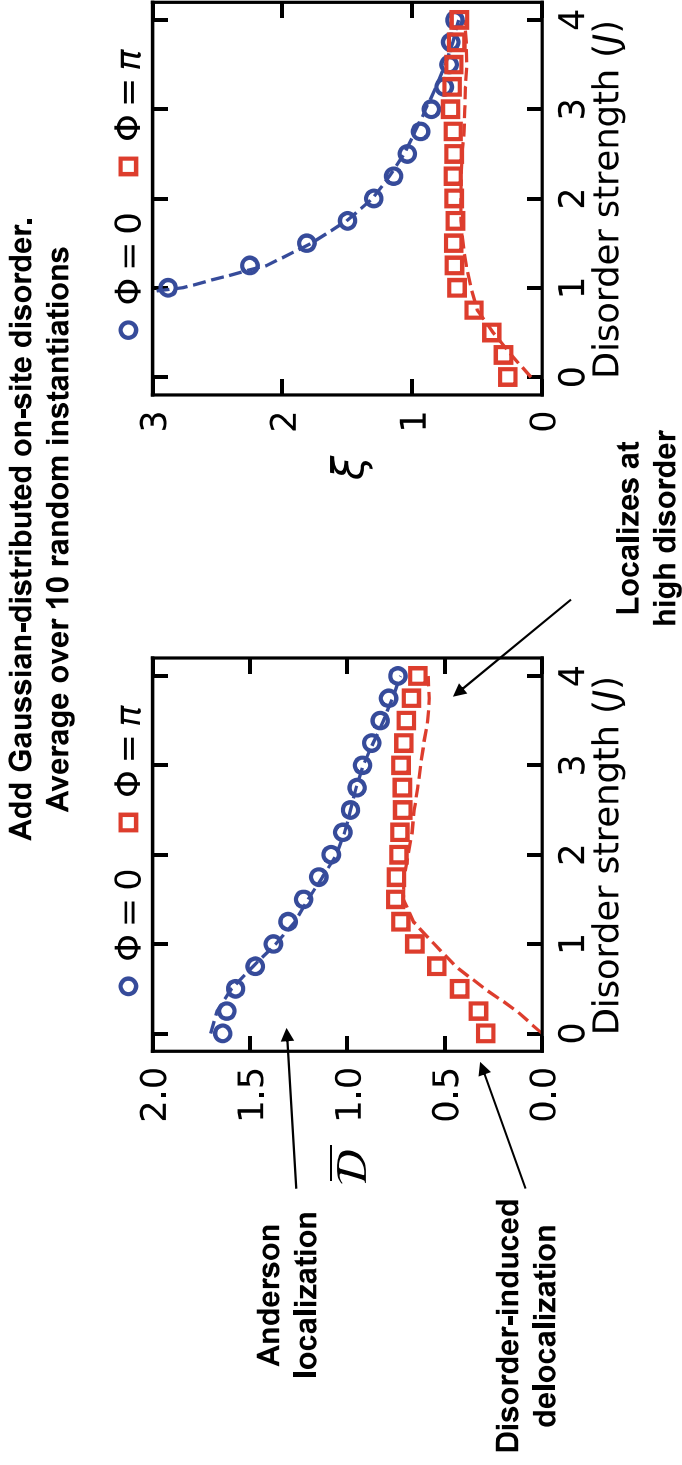
Band Structure (continuum)



String together 2x2 plaquettes to emulate three unit cells of the rhombus lattice, which always features one flat band, and at $\Phi=\pi$, all bands become flat.



**Particle motion is arrested
near the flat-band condition at half-flux**



Anderson localization is reversed
near the flat-band condition at half-flux



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