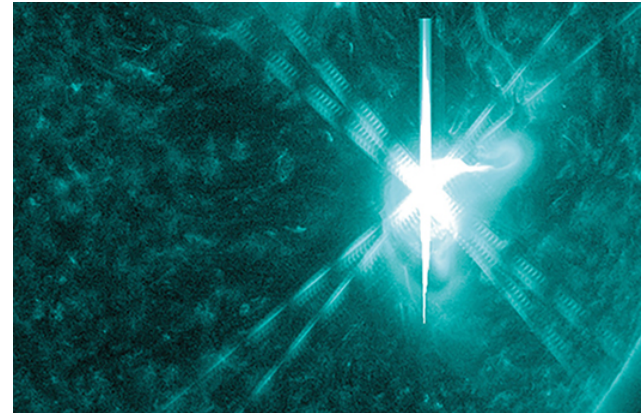
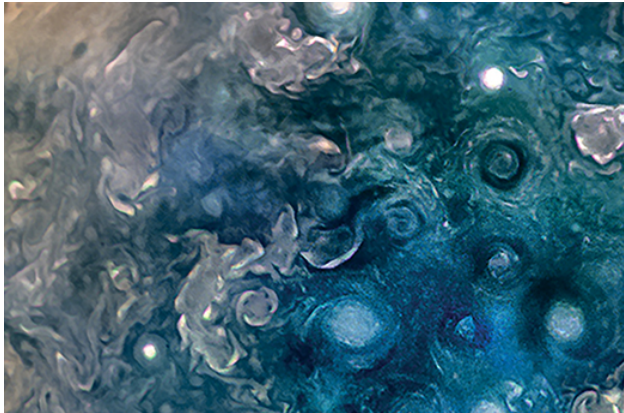


# SCIENCE

National Aeronautics and  
Space Administration



NAS COMMITTEE ON SOLAR AND SPACE PHYSICS

## NASA's Perspectives on Small Satellites and Constellations

Dr. Charles D. Norton

Special Advisor, Small Spacecraft Missions

Science Mission Directorate, NASA

October 1, 2018

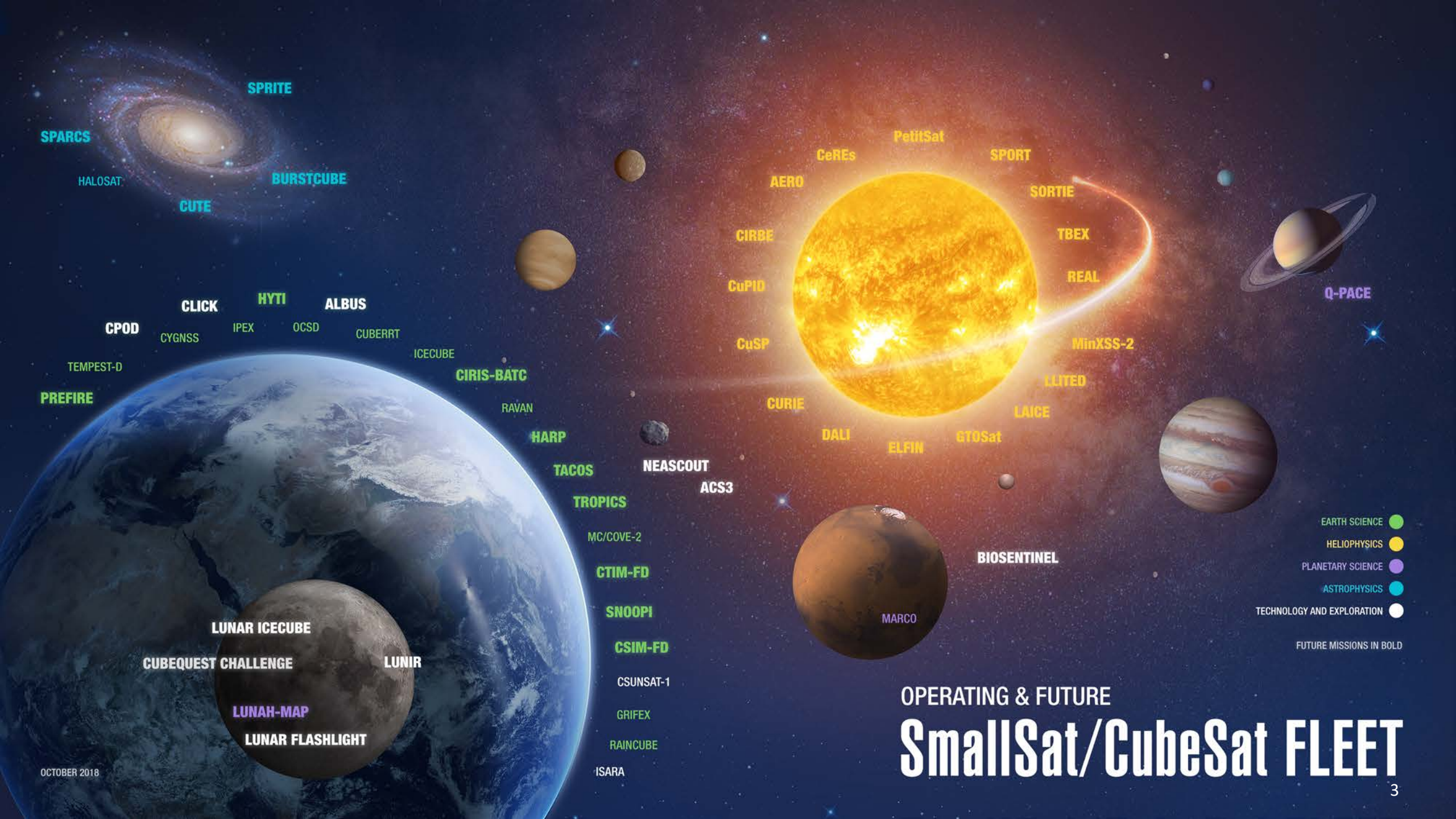


# NASA Science Mission Directorate

An Integrated Program  
Enabling Great Science







# OPERATING & FUTURE SmallSat/CubeSat FLEET

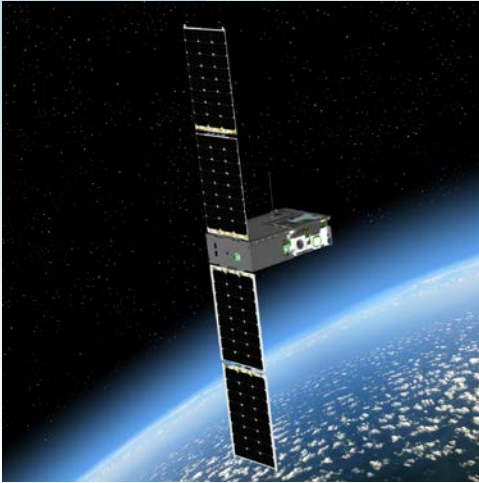


# Why Small Spacecraft Matter

- Increases the pace of exploration and discovery, at lower cost, allowing for higher risk tolerance
- Leverages NewSpace industry capabilities through commercial partnerships
- Enables new scientific discoveries via constellations providing increased spatial and temporal coverage
- Advances new technologies for future missions
- Mitigates strategic knowledge gaps and provides an increasingly capable platform to precede human explorers to the Moon, Mars, and other destinations
- Lowers barriers to entry for new investigators and ideas



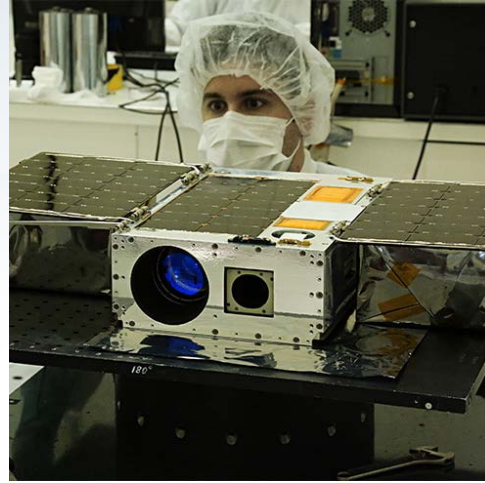
# Small Missions Advance NASA Science & Technology



**CSIM-FD**

## Compact Solar Spectral Irradiance Monitor

Single 6U CubeSat at 1/10<sup>th</sup> (mass) and 1/20<sup>th</sup> (volume) of prior SORCE SIM instrument for understanding how solar variability impacts Earth's climate

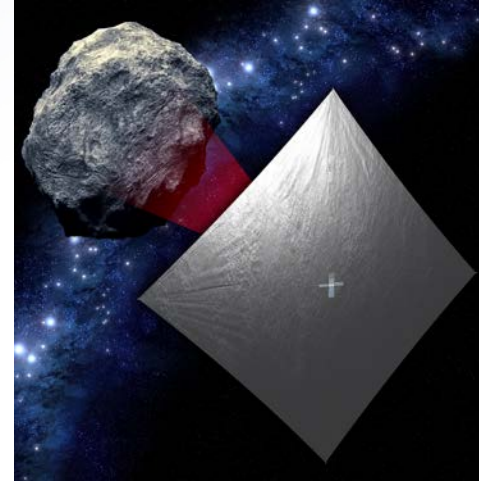


**ASTERIA**

## Arcsecond Space Telescope

Achieved < 0.5 arcsecond RMS and <0.01 K thermal control for precision photometry while verifying known transit of super-Earth 55 Cancri-e enabling exoplanet research

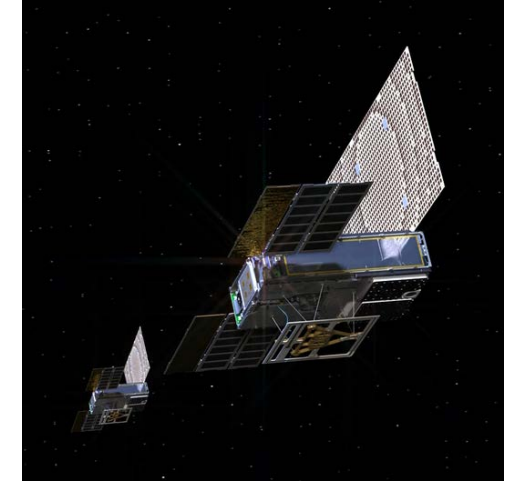
**2018 SmallSat Mission of the Year**



**NEAScout**

## Near Earth Asteroid Scout

Single 6U CubeSat reconnaissance mission to image a near-Earth asteroid determining regional morphology, regolith properties, spectral class and other features, to close strategic knowledge gaps for potential human/robotic exploration missions



**MarCO**

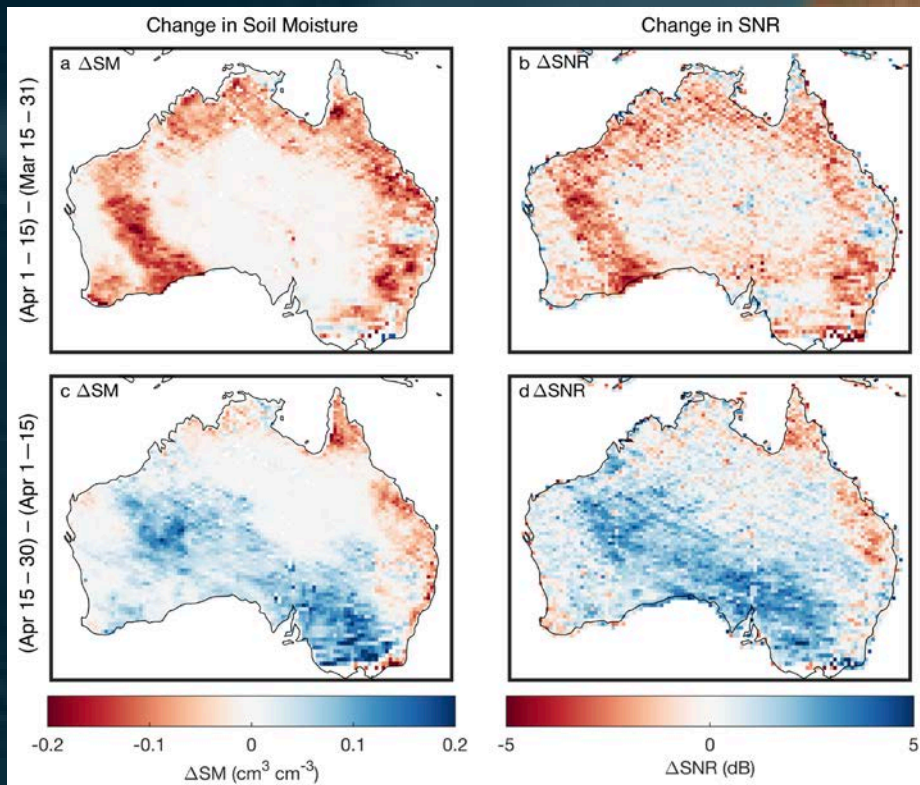
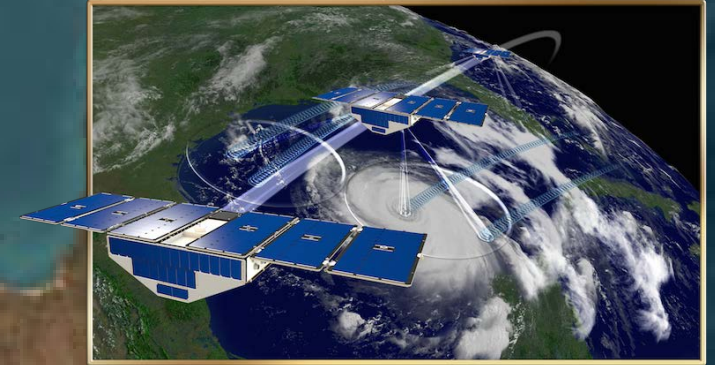
## Mars Cube One

Two independent 6U CubeSats testing various deep space technologies, in a non-interference manner, relaying telemetry from the Mars InSight EDL sequence



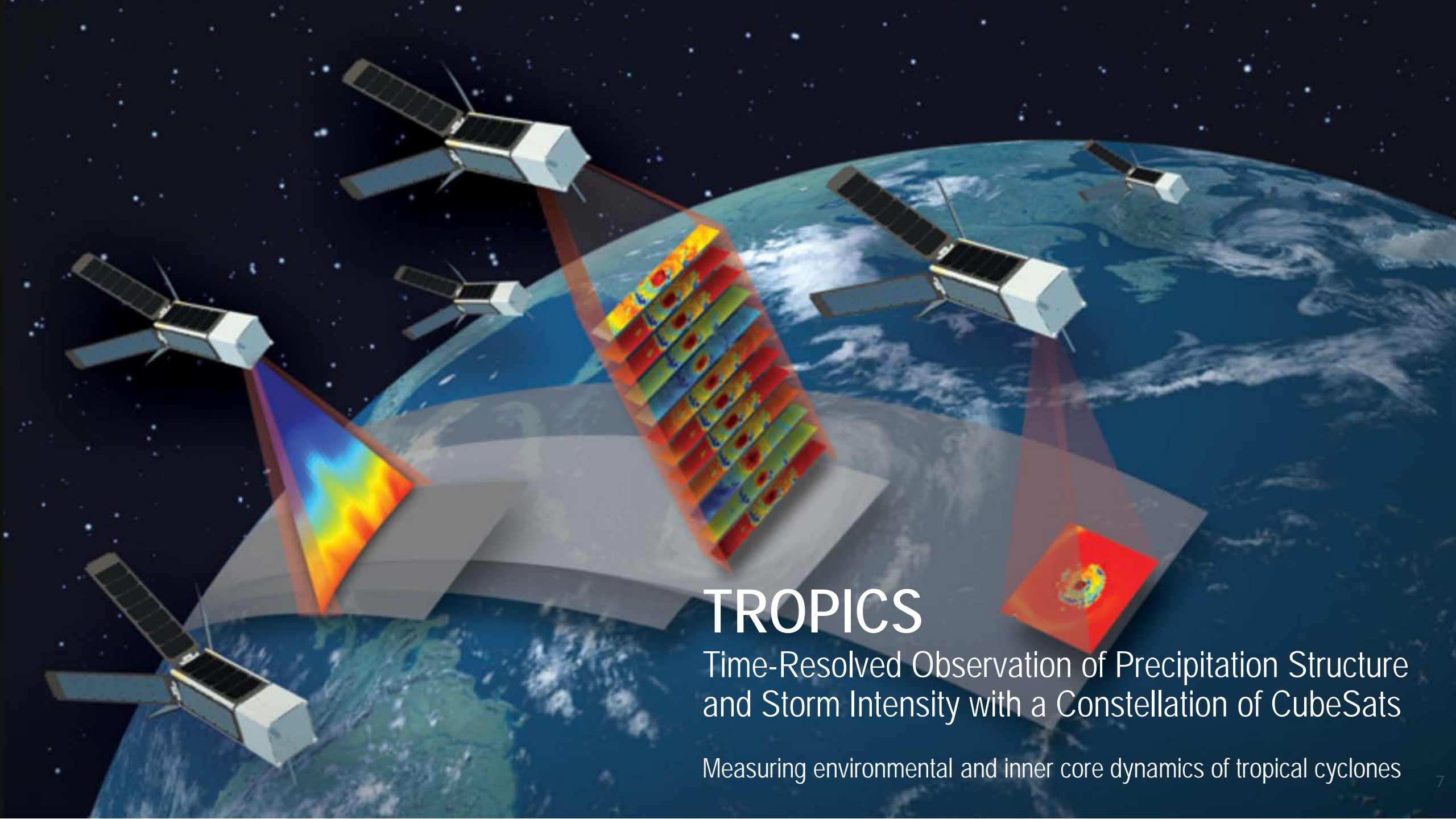
# CYGNSS

Land Hydrology Opportunistic Measurement  
Near-Surface Soil Moisture



June 8, 2018 – Nature Scientific Reports: Change in mean SMAP soil moisture compared to change in CYGNSS SNR



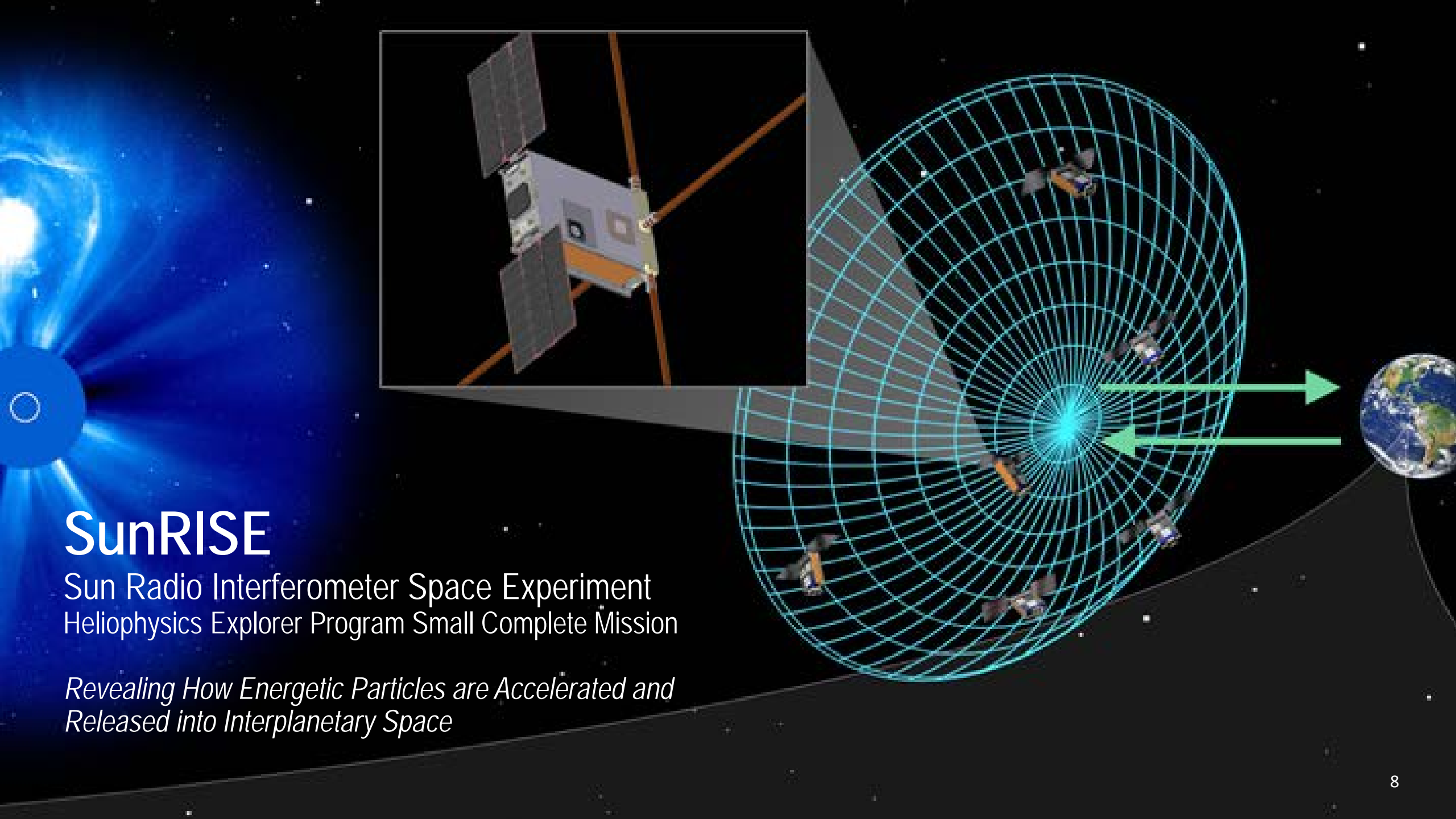


# TROPICS

Time-Resolved Observation of Precipitation Structure  
and Storm Intensity with a Constellation of CubeSats

Measuring environmental and inner core dynamics of tropical cyclones





# SunRISE

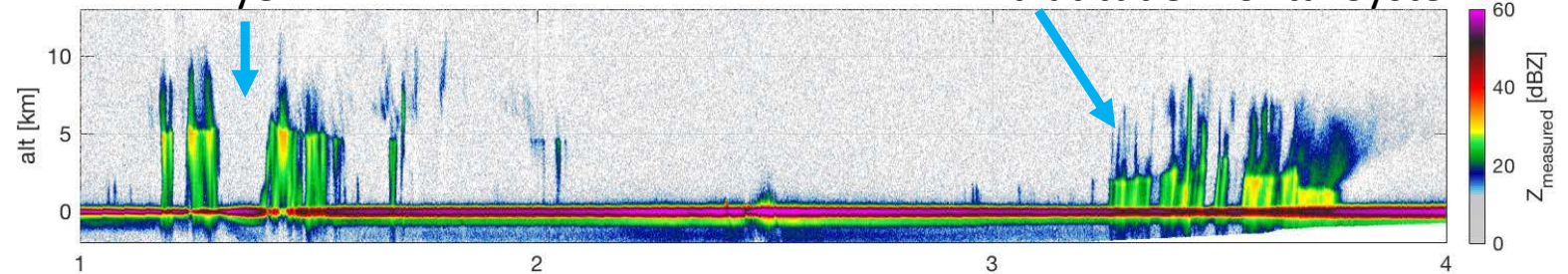
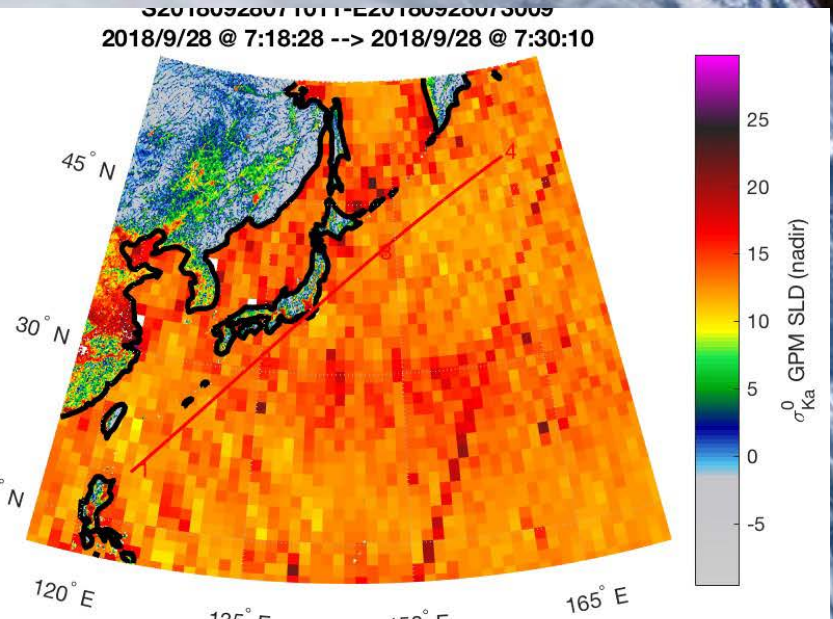
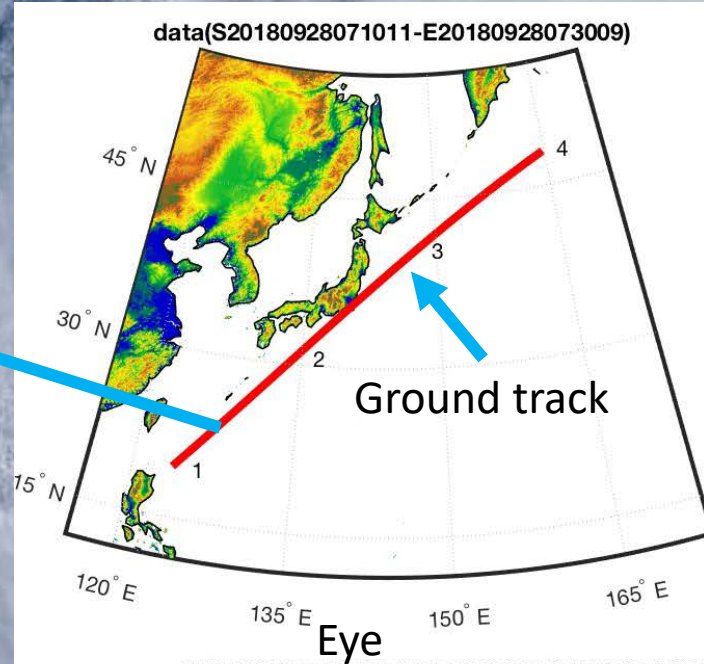
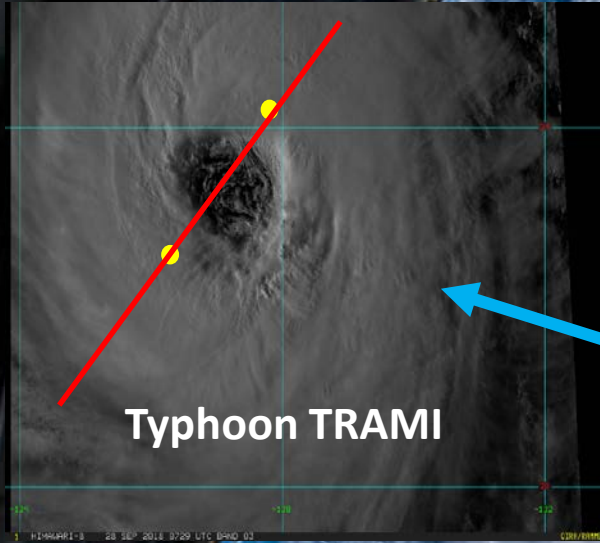
Sun Radio Interferometer Space Experiment  
Heliophysics Explorer Program Small Complete Mission

*Revealing How Energetic Particles are Accelerated and  
Released into Interplanetary Space*

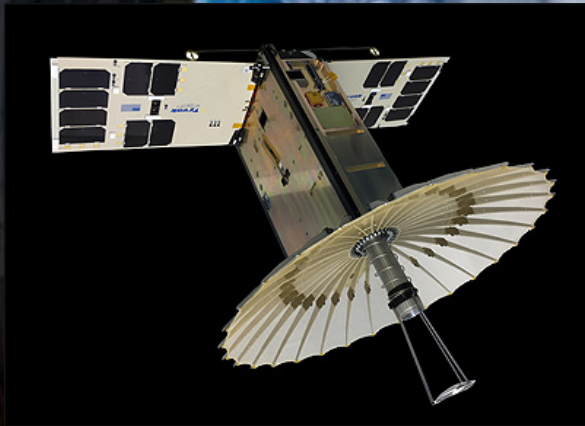


# RainCube Observing Typhoon Trami

First fully operational precipitation radar September 11, 2018



Vertical profile of radar reflectivity measurements of the observed stratiform rain together with ocean surface reflectivity measurements with deep convective tower approximately 9km high

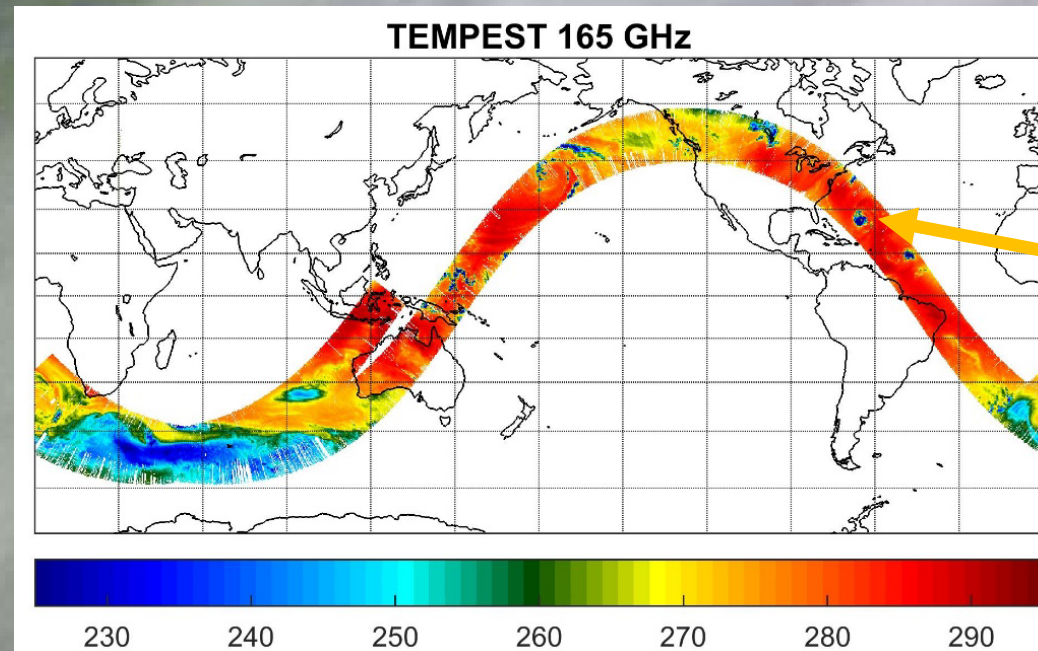
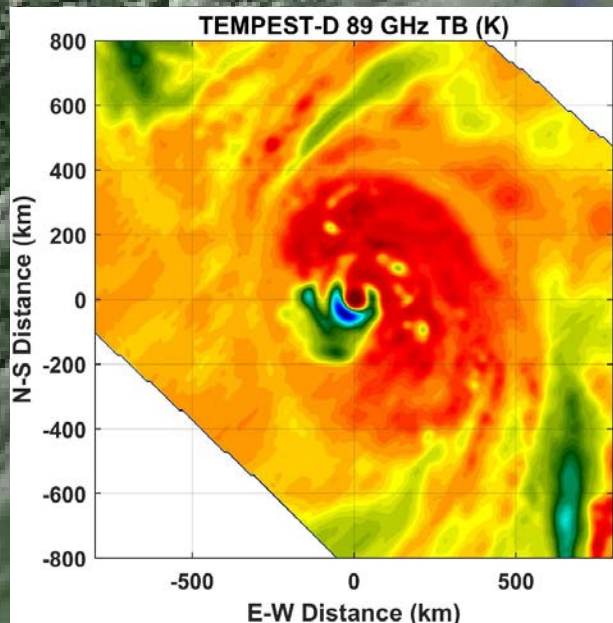
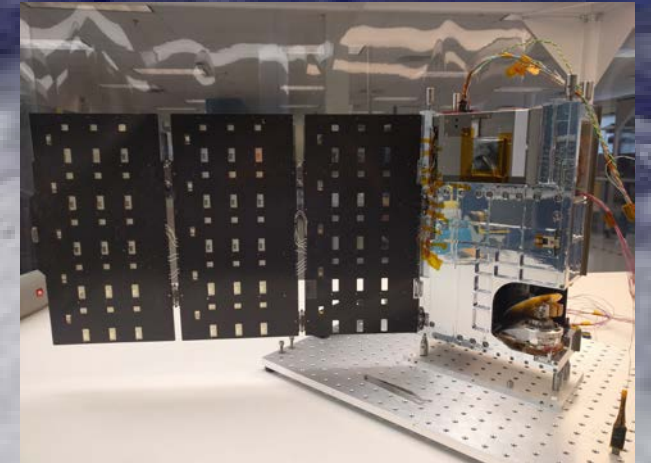




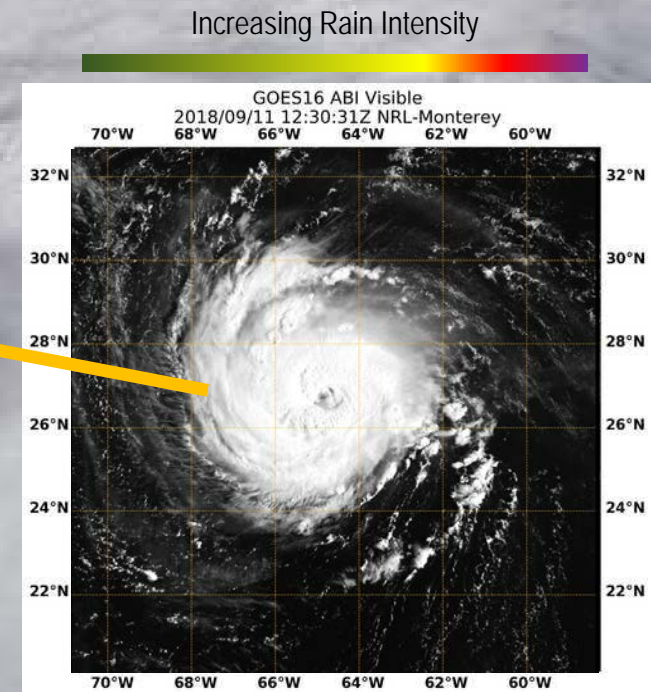
# TEMPEST-D: First Light

Millimeter-wave radiometry for temporal evolution of tropical storms

- Observed Hurricane Florence on first full swath-width orbit on 9/11/18
- 89 GHz brightness temperature of Florence sensitive to clouds, precipitation, water vapor and strong convection (Left)
- 165 GHz brightness temperature of Florence images convection around inner core through ice scattering signature (Right)



All 5 channels (89, 165, 176, 180, 182 GHz) operational with 165 GHz shown above

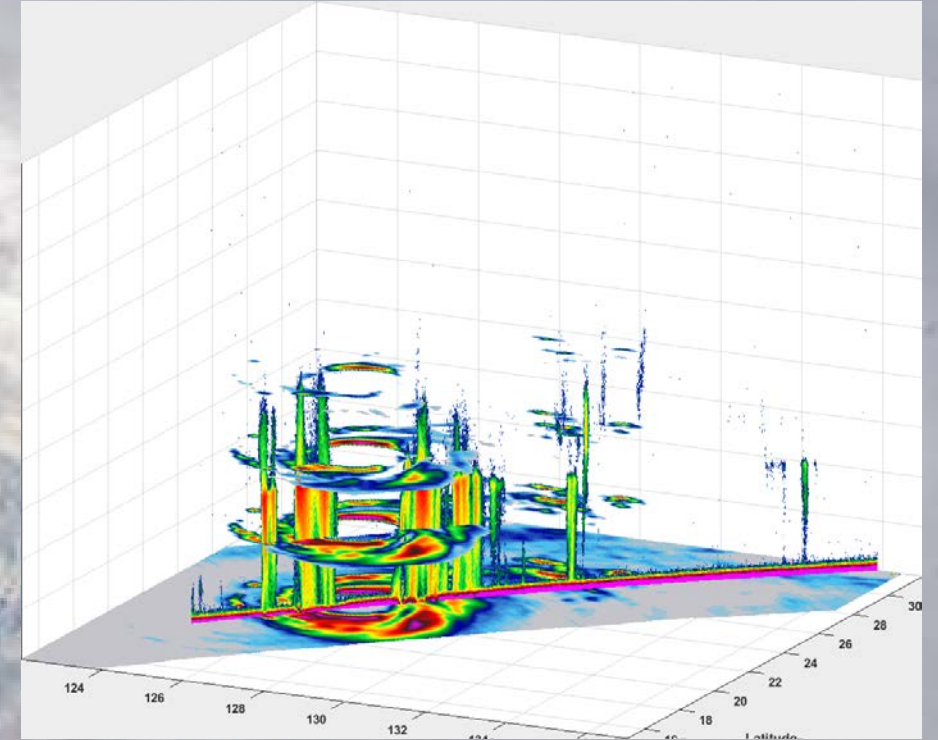
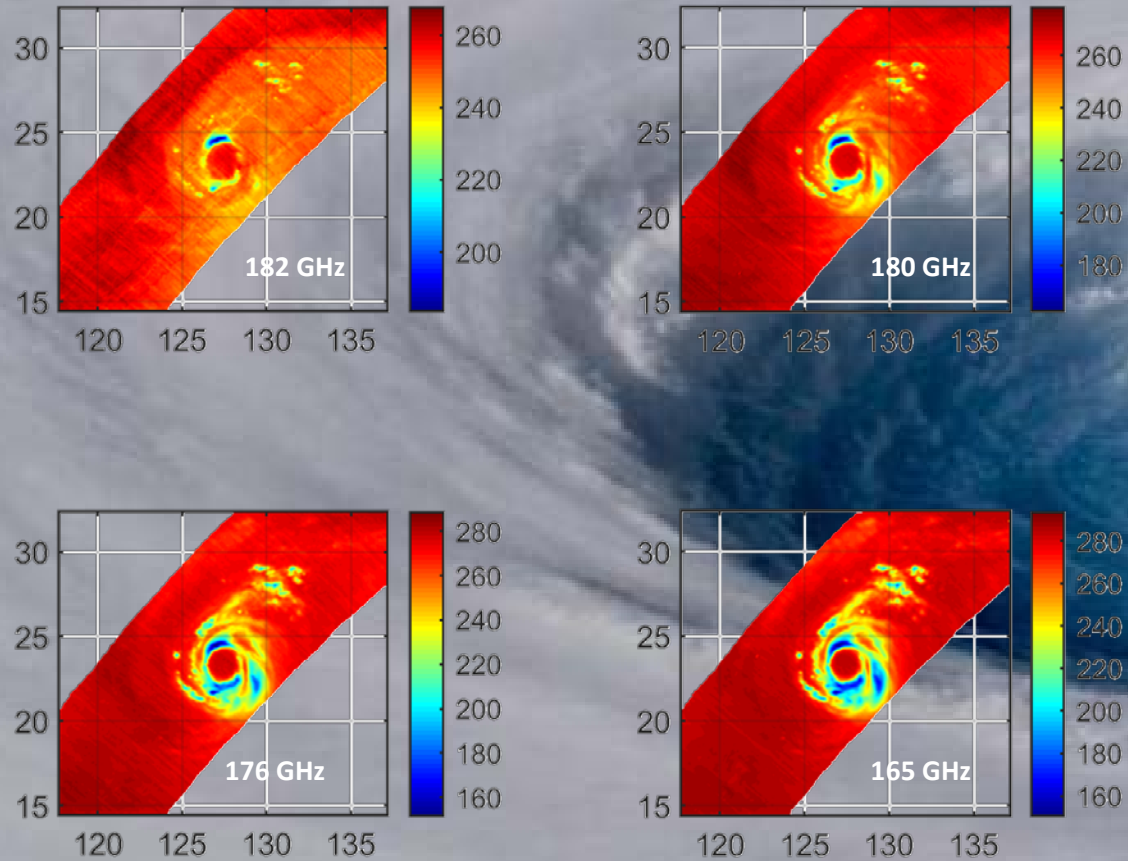


Combined TEMPEST-D/NOAA GOES image of Hurricane Florence



# RainCube/TEMPEST-D Observing Typhoon Trami

Spacecraft "constellation" separated by 5 minutes revealing 3D storm structure



*Illustration of complimentary nature of these sensors flow in constellation for observing precipitation*



# Small Satellite Constellation Data Buy Announced

- Blanket purchase agreements awarded to three companies:
  - **Planet** – three satellite constellations including 200+ satellites supplying imagery and derived products over the entire Earth
  - **DigitalGlobe** – operates five satellite constellations that provide very high-resolution (31-50-cm) images
  - **Spire** – constellation of 48 satellites collecting Radio Occultation soundings and ship reports
- Provides a cost-effective means to augment and complement the suite of Earth Observations
- Acquires data sets, and information products and associated meta-data, through industry partners





# CubeSat Launch Initiative Broadens Access to Space



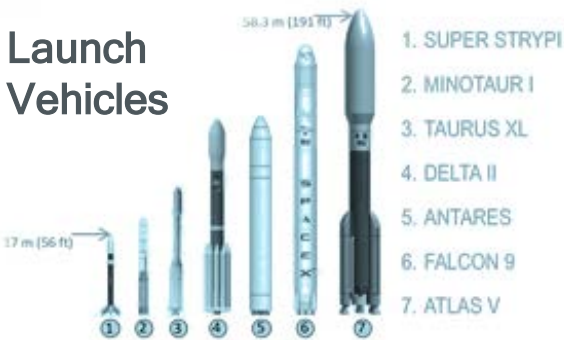
- **PROMOTES** innovative public-private technology partnerships
- **FACILITATES** low-cost technology development
- **STRENGTHENS** NASA and the Nation's future workforce



## Launch Providers

	 A	 B	 C	 D	 E	 F	TOTAL BY STATUS
MANIFESTED	3	0	2	4	18	21	48
LAUNCHED	15	13	13	1	17	0	59
TOTAL BY PROVIDER	18	13	15	5	35	21	107

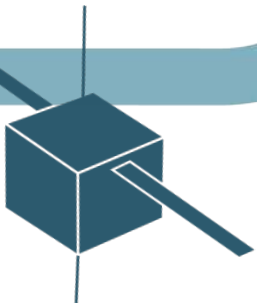
## Launch Vehicles



**91**  UNIQUE ORGANIZATIONS

 **71** UNIVERSITIES

**155**  
CUBESAT  
MISSIONS  
SELECTED





# New ESPA-Class Rideshare Policy

- Actively soliciting ESPA-class rideshare scientific payloads
- Directly supports NASA, government, academic, commercial, and international partnerships
- Recognizes future importance of constellation systems and economies of scale enabled by ESPA-class rideshare







# RELIC

Low Frequency Radio Astronomy  
Constellation Concept

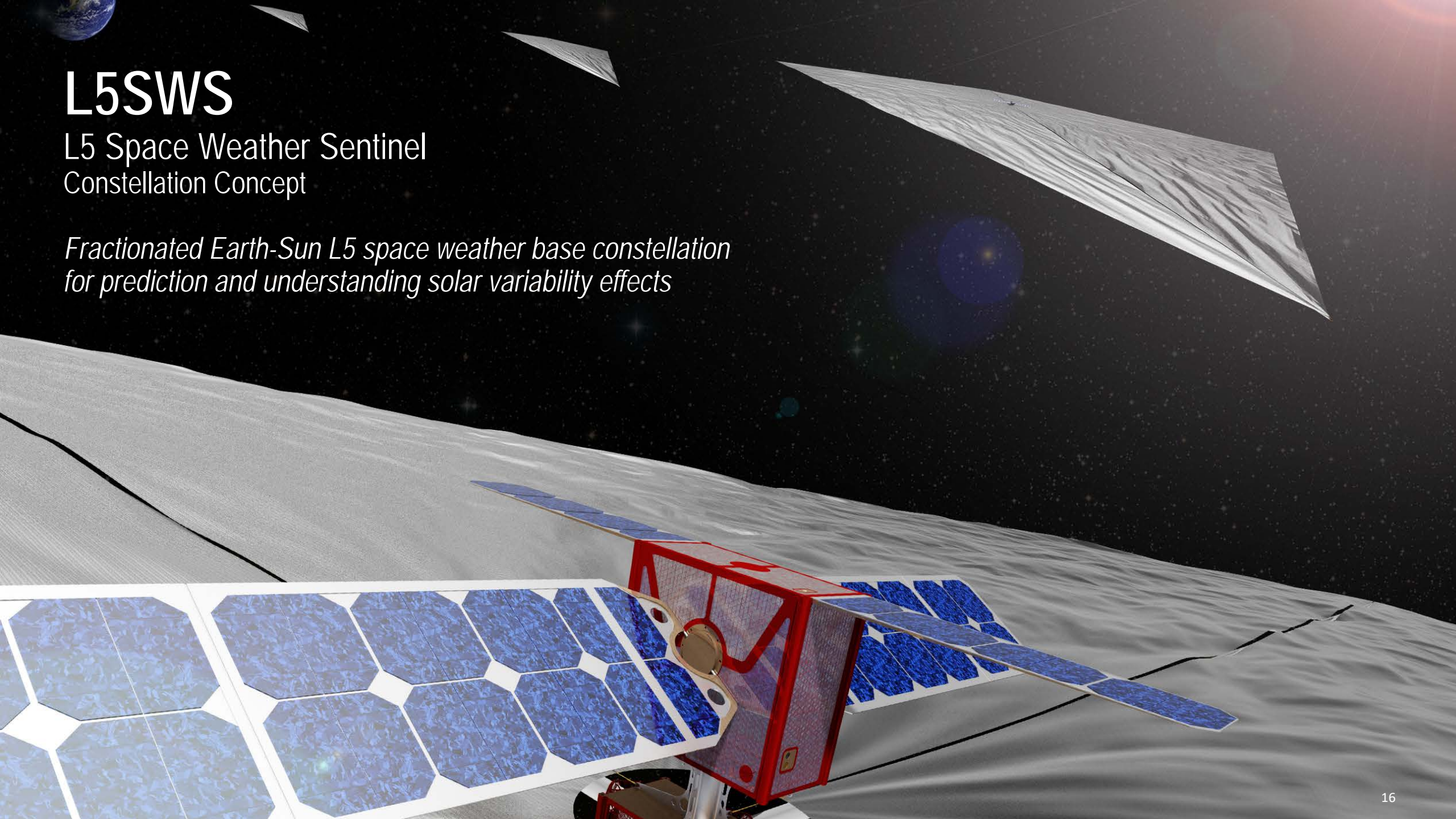
*Understanding energy transport from black holes to the  
intergalactic medium (RELIC)*



# L5SWS

## L5 Space Weather Sentinel Constellation Concept

*Fractionated Earth-Sun L5 space weather base constellation  
for prediction and understanding solar variability effects*





EXPLORE AS  
**ONE**



EXPLORER 1



INSIGHT



PARKER



ICESAT-2



WEBB