Model Validation and R2O at CCMC

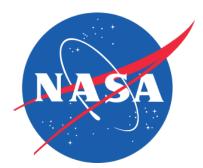
M. Leila Mays (NASA GSFC)

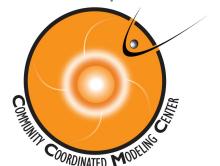
CCMC Deputy Director

m.leila.mays@nasa.gov

11 September 2020

Space Weather Operations and Research Infrastructure Workshop (National Academies Space Studies Board)









Models at CCMC

LFM-TING

LFM-MIX

OpenGGCM+CTIM

SWMF+RCM

SWMF+RCM+deltaB

SWMF+RCM+RBE

SWMF+RCM+CRCM

SWMF.SC+EEGGL+CME

AWSoM EEGGL

SRPM

PFSS.Petrie ANMHD

PFSS.Macneice

PFSS.Luhmann

UMASEP MAG4

AMOS

NLFFF WSA

SNB3GEO MAGIC

GCR BON NOVICE

> NAIRAS CARI-7

WSA-ENLIL

WSA-ENLIL+Cone

WSA-ENLIL+EPREM

WSA-ENLIL+SEPMOD

REIeASE

PREDICCS

EMMREM

iPATH

EXO Solar Wind

CORHEL

Heltomo SMEI

Heltomo IPS

BRYNTRN

DBM

SWMF.SH

DIPS

AMPS

PIC-Hesse

SAMI-3 TIE-GCM **GMAT** SAM

> **CTIPe IDA4D**

> > **USU-GAIM**

SWACI-TEC RCM

ABBYNormal Fok.CIMI

NRLMSISE LFM-MIX-TIEGCM Fok.RBE

LANLstar **GITM** WINDMI **UPOS RB**

PBMOD Tsyganenko **AE-8/AP-8 IGRF**

TRIPL-DA Weigel-deltaB **AE-9/AP-9** PS VP

Weimer IE **AACGM VERB** Apex

Weimer-deltaB

IRI **JB2008**

IMPACT DTM

COSGROVE-PF Ovation Prime

lonosphere/ Inner Magnetosphere Thermosphere

Corona Heliosphere **Magnetosphere**

Local Physics

VPIC

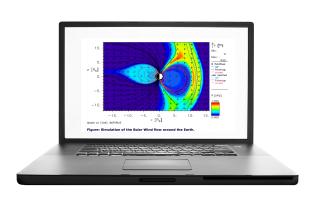
PAMHD

GUMICS

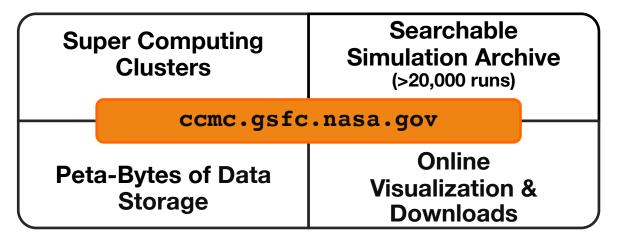
GIC



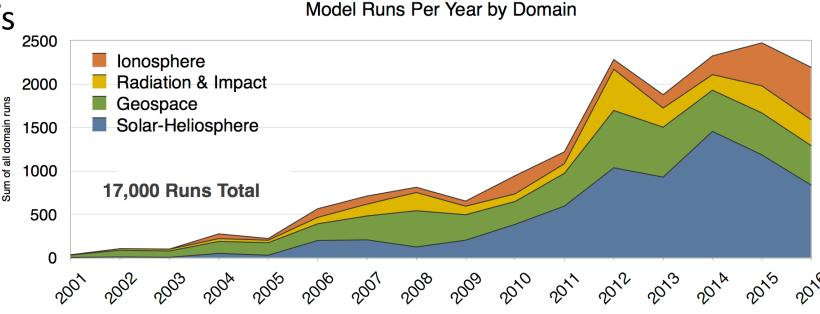
CCMC Simulation Services: Runs-on-Request







- Advances the community's scientific research
- Mission science/planning support
- Model validation in a research setting
- Model delivery point



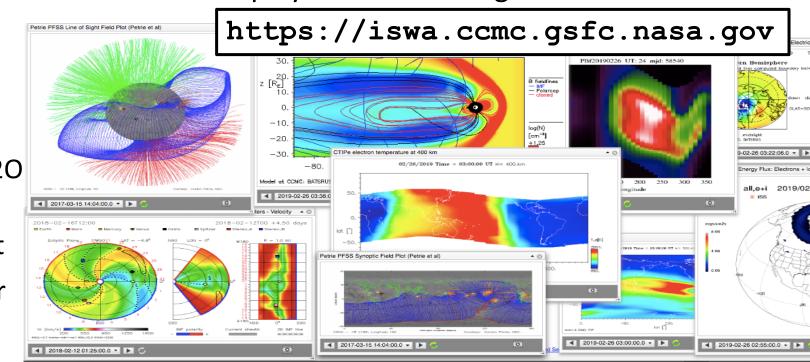


CCMC Simulation Services: Continuous Runs

- CCMC hosts ~100 models, 20 of which are also running in real time, including experimental model chains
- CCMC approach to finding model forecasting value: highlight the forecast possibilities while keeping in mind the model limitations. Experiment.
- Real time model outputs are available via iSWA displays and streaming

Goals include:

- Validation in a real time setting
- Demonstration of operational potential and facilitate entry to R2O pipeline
- Mission science campaign support
- Feedback for the model developer on long term model performance





Validation at CCMC: Evaluating Model Performance

- Benchmarks current model performance. Traces progress over time.
- Validation to improve scientific understanding
 - Science-based metrics
 - CCMC leadership in community challenges/campaigns at GEM, CEDAR, SHINE, ISWAT
- Validation to determine R2O transition suitability
 - Operationally relevant metrics to test forecast value
 - CCMC validation collaborations with SWPC (ENLIL, SWMF, WSA, ADAPT)

Modes:

- Historical validation
- Real-time forecast validation (CCMC community scoreboards)
- Simulated (as-if) real-time forecast validation

Coordinated Community Effort:

International Forum on Space Weather Capabilities Assessment

SOLAR

CCMC facilitator(s): P. Macneice

- Solar Flare Prediction (Leads: S. Murray, M. Georgoulis, S. Bloomfield, K.D. Leka Scoreboard Leads: S. Murray, M.L Mays) ssa-0,ssa-6
- Coronal & Solar Wind Structure
 Coronal & SW Structure; Ambient SW; Coronal Hole Boundaries
 (Leads: P. Macneice, L. Jian) ssa-?
- 3D CME kinematics and topology (Leads: B.Thompson, C.Moestl, D.Barnes)
- Solar Indices and Irradiance (Leads: J. Klenzing, C. Henney, K. Muglach) SSA-0

GEOSPACE: Geomagnetic Environment

CCMC facilitator(s): L.Rastaetter

- Ground Magnetic Perturbations: dBdt, delta-B, GICs, FACs (Leads: D. Welling, H. Opgenoorth, C. Ngwira) ssa-1
- Geomagnetic Indices (Leads: M. Liemohn) SSA-1
- Magnetopause location and geosync. orbit crossing (Leads: Y. Collado-Vega, S. Merkin) SSA-1

HELIOSPHERE

CCMC facilitator(s): M.L. Mays, A. Taktakishvili, P. Macneice

- CME Arrival Time (Leads: C. Verbeke, M.L. Mays, A. Taktakishvili) SSA-1
- IMF Bz at L1 (Leads: N. Savani, P. Riley) ssa-1
- SEPs (Leads: I.G. Richardson. P. Quinn, M. Marsh, M.L. Mays Scoreboard Leads: M. Dierckxsens, M. Marsh) ssa-3,ssa-6

GEOSPACE: Auroral Region

CCMC facilitator(s): M.Kuznetsova

 Auroral precipitation and high latitude (Leads: R. Robinson, Y. Zhang, B. Kosar) Forum working teams focused on different evaluation topics.

Cross-team interactions.

RADIATION and PLASMA EFFECTS Scope of work

CCMC facilitator(s): Y. Zheng, M. Kuznetsova

- Surface Charging few eV keV electrons, plasma density (Leads: J. Minow, D. Pitchford, N. Ganushkina) SSA-6
- Internal Charging keV-MeV electrons (Leads: P. O'Brien, Y. Shprits) ssA-6
- Single Event Effects MeV-GeV-TeV protons, ions (Leads: M. Xapsos, J. Mazur, P. Jiggens) SSA-3,SSA-6
- Total Ionizing Dose keV-MeV electrons, keV-GeV protons,ions (Leads: I. Jun, T. Guild, M. Xapsos) SSA-6
- Radiation effects for aviation (Leads: K. Tobiska, M. Meier) SSA-6

IONOSPHERE

CCMC facilitator(s): J. Shim, M. Kuznetsova

- Neutral Density and Orbit Determination at LEO (Leads: S. Solomon, T. Fuller-Rowell, S. Bruinsma, E. Sutton) ssa-2
- Global & Regional TEC (Leads: L. Scherliess, R. Calfas) SSA-4
- Ionosphere Plasma Density: NmF2/foF2, hmF2, TEC (Leads: I. Tsagouri, M. Angling, J. Shim) SSA-5
- Ionosphere Scintillation (Leads: E. Yizengaw) SSA-5

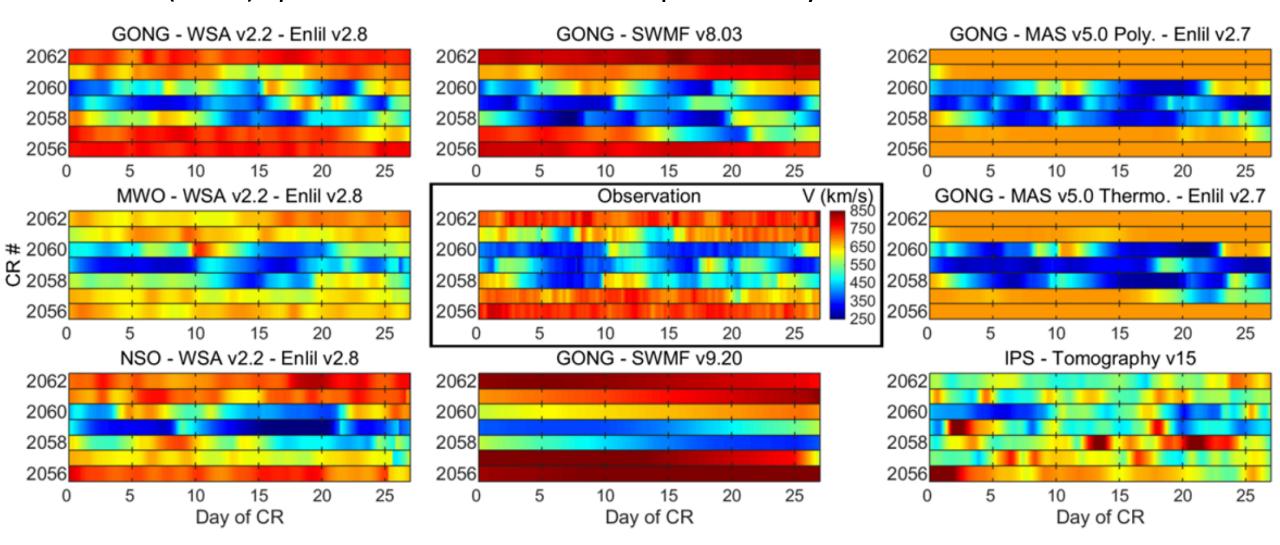
The COSPAR ISWAT initiative is a global hub for collaborations addressing challenges across the field of space weather.

S: Space weather origins at the Sun	H: Heliosphere variability	G: Coupled geospace system	Impacts
S1: Long-term solar variability	H1: Heliospheric magnetic field and solar wind	G1: Geomagnetic environment	Climate Electric power
S2: Ambient solar magnetic field, heating and spectral irradiance	H2: CME structure, evolution and propagation through heliosphere	G2a: Atmosphere variability	systems/GICs Satellite/debris drag
S3: Solar eruptions	H3: Radiation environment in heliosphere	G2b: Ionosphere variability	Navigation/ Communications
	H4: Space weather at other planets/planetary bodies	G3: Near-Earth radiation and plasma environment	(Aero)space assets functions
Overarching Activities: Assessment Information Architecture Data Utilization Education/Outreach			Human Exploration

Each Cluster has at least one team on predictive capabilities assessment with CCMC involvement

Example: Validation Study using CCMC Runs-on-Request

Jian et al. (2015) Space Weather: solar wind speed at Ulysses



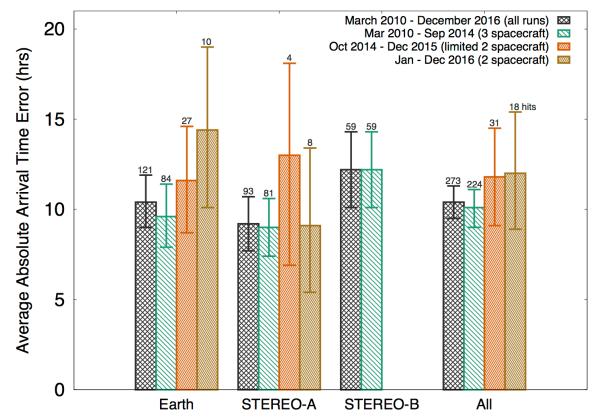
Examples: Validation Studies of CME Arrival Time Error using:

CCMC Real-Time Runs

Wold et al. (2018) JSWSC, for WSA-ENLIL+Cone:

- 10.4 ± 0.9 hours error
- 1.7 hour error increase with single coronagraph

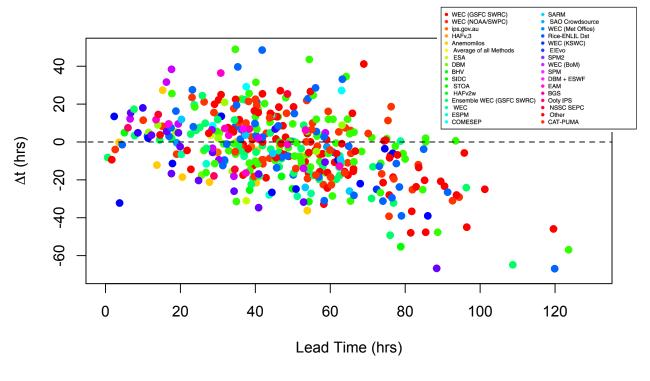
Average Absolute Error at Earth, STEREO A & B



CCMC Scoreboards

Riley et al. (2018) Space Weather:

- First comprehensive analysis of CME scoreboard data
- 13 hours error (scoreboard average)
- ±20 hours standard deviation





Validation: CCMC community scoreboards

https://ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov/challenges/















Leads: **CCMC** (L. Mays), **UK Met Office**

Leads: Trinity College Dublin (S. Murray), ROB (J. Andries)

Leads: NASA SRAG, CCMC (L. Mays), BIRA-IASB (M. Dierckxsens), GSFC (I. Richardson)

- Scoreboards collect forecasts from the community before event is observed
- Allows a consistent **real-time** comparison of various operational and research forecasts.



Leads: **PredSci** (P. Riley), **University of Reading** (M. Owens)



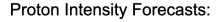
CCMC R2O Collaboration with NASA Johnson Space Center: Astronaut Safety

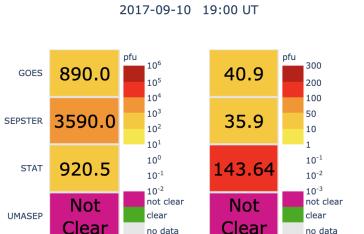


- In 2018 CCMC started a multi year project (ISEP) with NASA Space Radiation Analysis Group to transition 7 research Solar Energetic Particle models to operations: including MAG4, UMASEP, RELEASE, SEPSTER, SEPMOD, STAT, iPATH
- These models were chosen by SRAG based on their operational requirements including
 - Can it run in real-time?
 - Is the input data available in near real-time?
 - Some degree of documented performance
- Models transitioned, and **SEP Scoreboard displays** built by CCMC will be used operationally by SRAG for human missions beyond LEO starting in 2022.









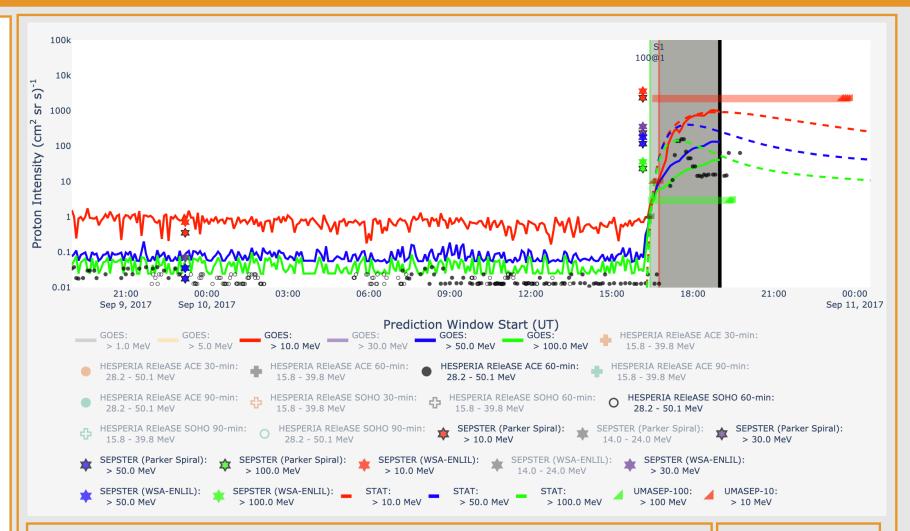
> 100 MeV

Proton All Clear Forecasts:

> 10 MeV

UMASEP

2017-09-10 19:00 UT



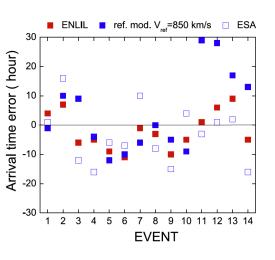


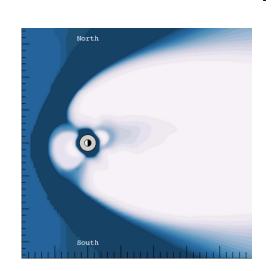
CCMC & NOAA SWPC Collaborations

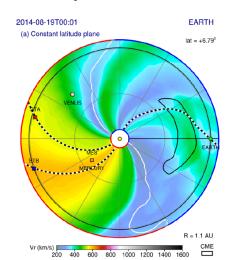
• 20-year partnership since CCMC establishment.

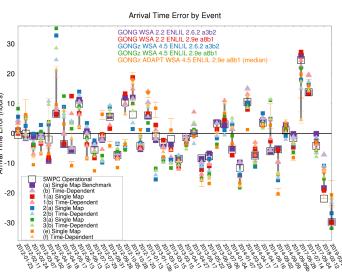
Major successes:

- Demonstrated potential of Enlil for operational forecasting (2006 2009)
- Geospace model transition to operations at NOAA/SWPC (2013 2015)
- NASA-NOAA space weather MOU on space weather modeling capabilities:
 MOU Annex to validate model upgrades (2017 2020)









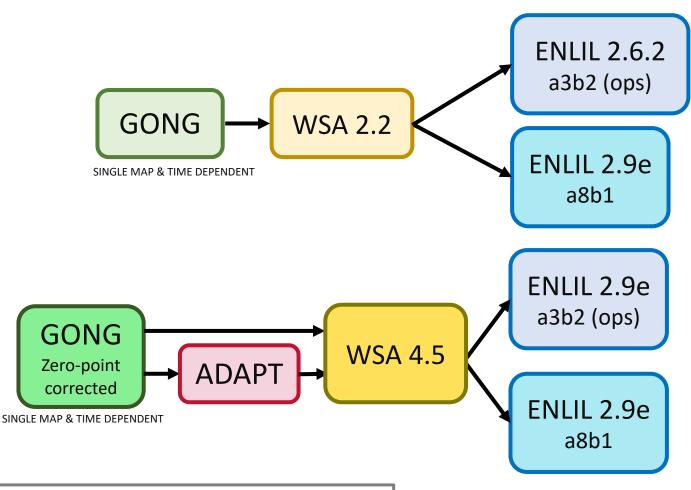


NOAA SWPC / CCMC MOU Annex CME Arrival Time



- Tested if model upgrades improve
 CME arrival time prediction
- CCMC performed and analyzed over 1200 simulations
- Result: ADAPT and timedependent driven simulations decrease CME arrival times errors by 6 hours for GONG zero-point corrected inputs.
- Final report was delivered in May 2020

CCMC performed over 1200 simulation variations:



https://ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov/annex/



Validation: Opportunities for Improvement

- Better community involvement and coordination, including operations
 - Community agreement on metrics selection and validation approach
 - Community definition of Essential Space Environment Quantities
 - COSPAR ISWAT teams
- Better preparation of observations and their uncertainties
 - Involving data experts on validation teams
 - Some observations are actually techniques/models themselves
- Better care in comparing models
 - Validation studies with different designs cannot be directly compared
- Better transparency and collaboration in validation studies
 - Providing data and necessary details how were forecasts were constructed? How was validation performed?
 - CCMC CAMEL tool

Comprehensive Assessment of Models and Events based on Library tools (CAMEL)

https://ccmc.gsfc.nasa.gov/camel

Domain

Validation Study

Parameters

Flow_Speed (km/s)

Polarity

Polarity

Resources

spase://CCMC/NumericalOutput/WSA/Version2.2/PredictedSolar/WindOutput/1Day

Interactive web interface
for display and analysis of
evaluation results

Resources

Spase://CCMC/NumericalOutput/WSA/Version2.2/PredictedSolar/WindOutput/2Day

Polarity

Date Range

O1/01/2017 - 01/31/2017

CCMC Metadata Registry
stores SPASE-based
2/PredictedSolar/WindOutput/2Day

and analysis of
evaluation results

Library of metrics (tailored for specific studies)



Validation for single and multiple events

Framework to combine tools to perform model execution, post-processing and evaluation

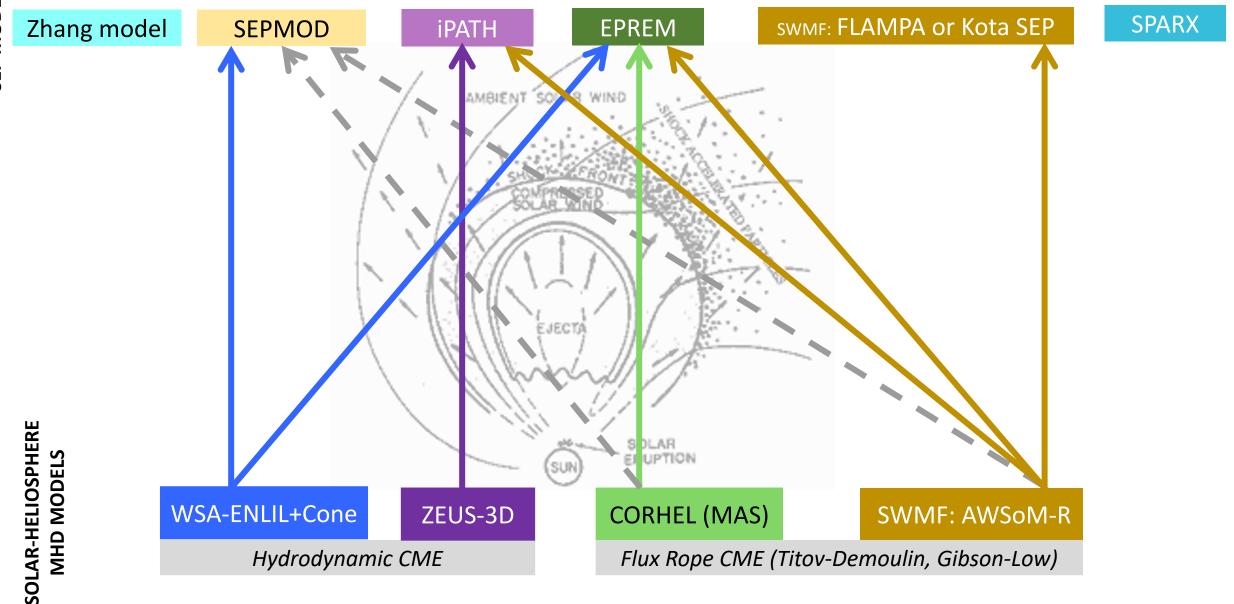


R2O: Opportunities for improvement

- NASA/NSF: It is necessary to fund model development (science and applied) to achieve forecast improvements, model validation, and model transition. If the agencies want to see R2O progress, it must be funded.
- **Developers/CCMC:** Research models delivered to CCMC are rarely ready for production, CCMC staff makes preparations
- **Developers:** Are often not thinking about real-time/operational uses of their models. CCMC sometimes guides/suggests.
- **Developers/CCMC:** need to be creative about how their scientific model improvements could be used for real time forecasts. CCMC can sometimes suggest chaining or coupling with another model.
- **SWPC/CCMC:** collaborate more closely on the evaluation and transition process (Space Weather Proving Grounds)

Example: Coupled Heliosphere and SEP models

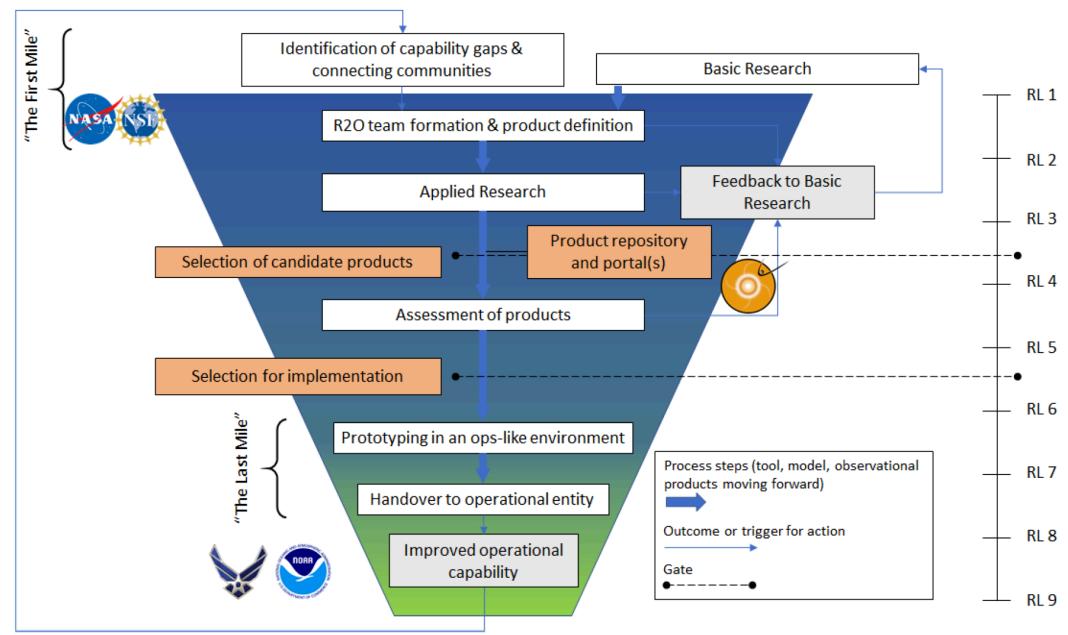




Modelers: N. Arge, D. Odstrcil, J. Luhmann, J. Linker, N.Schwadron, M. Gorby, I.Sokolov, G. Li, S. Dalla, M. Zhang



Space Weather Proving Grounds





Future ideas: L5 & heliospheric space weather

- Magnetograms: reduce errors in background solar wind prediction (Mackay et al., 2016, ApJ); useful for flare prediction models; useful for solar index prediction
- EUV and magnetograms: track active region development with longer lead times for probabilistic flare and CME onset forecasting.
- Heliospheric Imagers: update CME arrival time forecasts, and subselect/constrain ensemble forecasts.
- Solar wind: provide high speed stream forecasts; subselect ensemble solar wind predictions (e.g. WSA-ADAPT).
- Coronagraphs and EUV: reduce CME measurement errors.
- Solar energetic particle: useful for SEP models, and provide connectivity information relevant for forecasting.

Thank you &
please join the community validation effort!

m.leila.mays@nasa.gov