OSSEs – Lessons Learned in the Troposphere

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How NWP Uses Observations

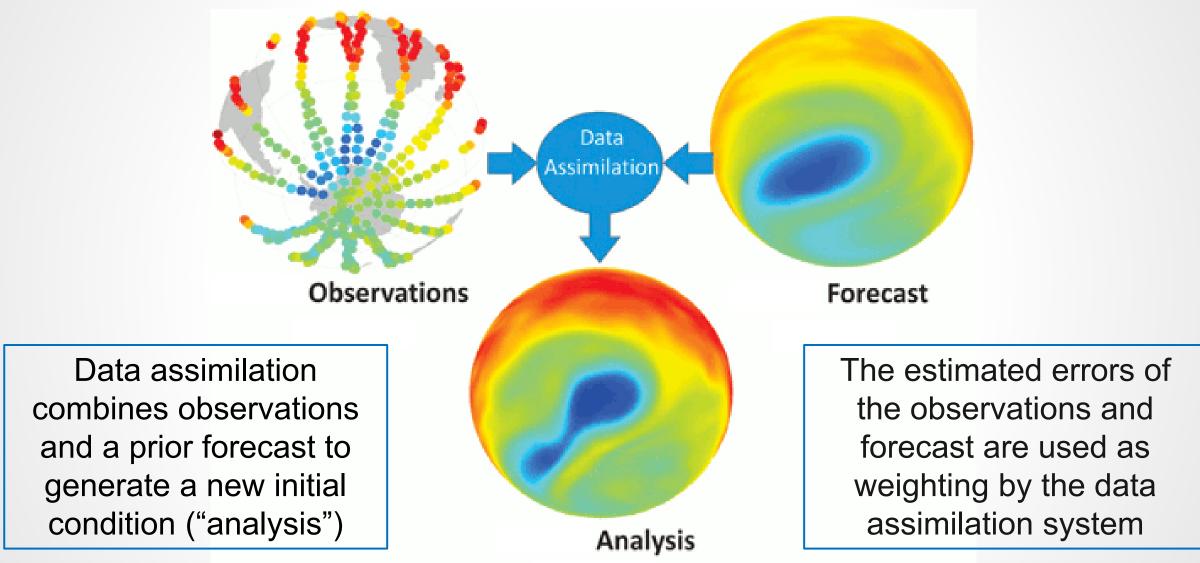
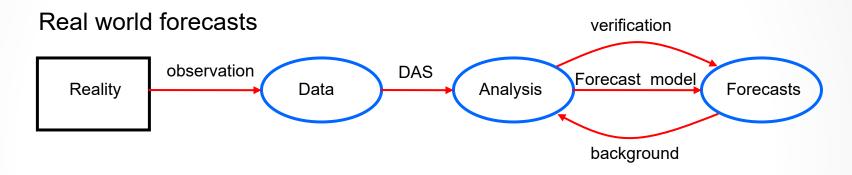


Image: Lahoz, W. and P. Schneider, Front. Environ. Sci., 2014, with permission from the author

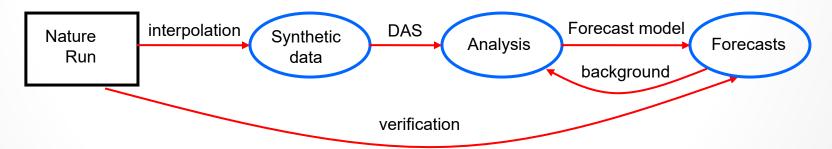




OSSEs vs the Real World



OSSE forecasts







Why Do an OSSE?

- 1. You want to find out if a new observing system will add value to NWP analyses and forecasts
 - Most common goal
- 2. You want to make design decisions for a new observing system
 - Can compare many different configurations; determine instrument requirements
 - Early involvement in instrument design process
- 3. You want to investigate the behavior of data assimilation systems in an environment where the truth is known. The availability of a complete true state of the atmosphere allows the explicit calculation of some quantities not possible in the real world:
 - Analysis error
 - Short-term forecast error
 - Efficacy of the data assimilation system





When Not to Run an OSSE

- When you can't model the phenomena you are interested in
- When you can't simulate your new observations
- When you can't assimilate your new observations



Challenges with Nature Runs

- Identical or fraternal twins
 - > Same model (identical) or similar model (fraternal) used for the Nature Run as for experiments
 - Lack of model error complicates every aspect of the OSSE process
 - Mitigation: use different model bases and resolutions for the NR and experiment model; use alternative options for parameterizations; Nature Runs as community resources
- Gigantic output files and huge computational resource requirements
 - Need both high spatial and high temporal resolution
 - I/O is the heaviest burden
 - Mitigation: integrate observation simulators into the Nature Run model to reduce I/O and space requirements





General OSSE Challenges

- Results only apply within the OSSE system no concrete connection to the real world
 - ➤ **Mitigation:** validation of the OSSE behavior and performance compared to the real world both overall and specific to the particular experiments at hand
- Observation simulation achieving realism including observation errors
 - Mitigation:
 - 1. Make sure the Nature Run produces realistic fields needed to simulate the observations
 - 2. Use different "operators" to simulate observations than for assimilation
 - 3. Build capability for simulating realistic observation errors
 - 4. New instruments test a range of simulated observation errors and/or observation operators
- By the time the new instrument is deployed, both the global observing network and the forecast models/DAS will be different



