

Less Talk More ACTION Research:
Follow the COVID-19 Data to Address
Racial & Ethnic Health Disparities in a
Global Pandemic

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BUILDING BRIDGES
BUILDING TRUST
BUILDING TRUST
HEALTHY COMMUNITIES



# The Historical Context of Health Disparities

"...If there is no **struggle**, there is no progress. Those who profess to favor freedom, and yet depreciate agitation, are men who want crops without plowing up the ground. They want rain without thunder and lightning. They want the ocean without the awful roar of its many waters..."

(Fredrick Douglass)





# Defining Health Disparities and Health Equity



## The words we use can matter. Definitions can matter:

While some differences in definitions may reflect only stylistic preferences,

others convey values and beliefs that can be used explicitly or implicitly to justify and promote particular views, policies, and practices.

"Health equity means that everyone has a fair and just opportunity to be as healthy as possible..."

For the purposes of measurement, health equity means reducing and ultimately eliminating disparities in health and its determinants that adversely affect excluded or marginalized groups.

... if an effort does not address poverty, discrimination, or their healthdamaging consequences for groups of people who have historically been excluded or marginalized – it's probably not a health equity effort.



### **History Matters**



"An authentic, exquisitely detailed case study of the consequences of racism in American life."

- The New York Times Book Review

The Tuskegee Syphilis Experiment



The modern classic of race and medicine updated with an additional chapter on the Tuskegee Experiment's legacy in the age of AIDS

# Human Radiation **Experiments**

Final Report of the



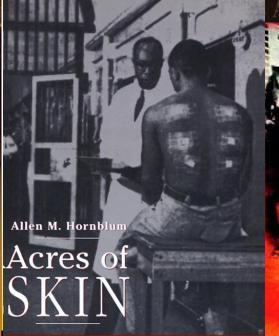
THE Infamous

Syphilis Study

AND ITS Legacy

Examining Tuskegee

SUSAN M. REVERBY



Human Experiments at Holmesburg Prison A true story of abuse and exploitation in the name of medical sciences

THE IMMORTAL LIFE MEDICAL Dieterwork his milk without adding

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their times would water by the same

REBECCA SKLOOT





LACKS PERIMENTATION ON BLACK AMERICANS FROM COLONIAL TIMES TO THE PRESENT





# U.S. Public Health Service Syphilis Study done at Tuskegee (1932-1972)



The Tuskegee Syphilis
Study, described as
arguably the most
infamous biomedical
research study in U.S.
History

A doctor draws blood from one of the Tuskegee test subjects



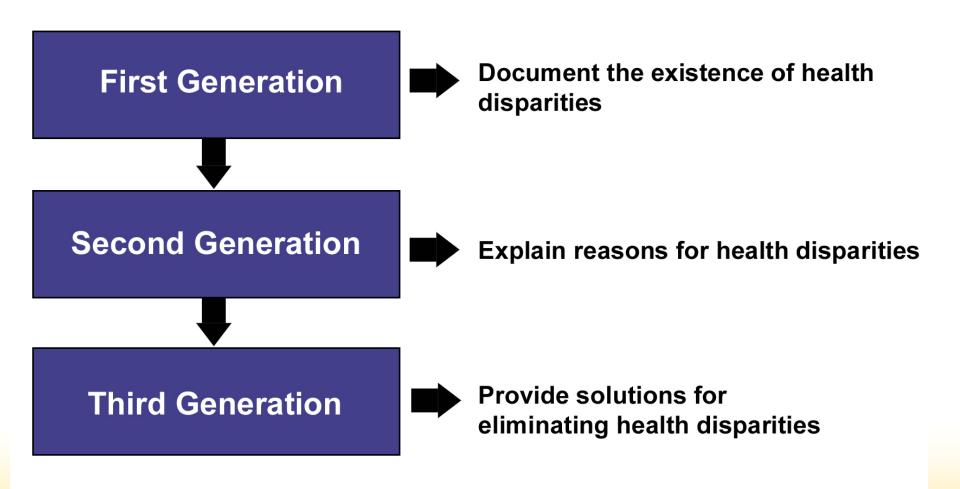


"...The people who ran the study at Tuskegee diminished the stature of man by abandoning the most basic ethical precepts. They forgot their pledge to heal and repair. They had the power to heal the survivors and all the others and they did not. Today, all we can do is apologize...."

President William Jefferson Clinton
The White House
May 16, 1997
<a href="http://www.cdc.gov/tuskegee/clintonp.htm">http://www.cdc.gov/tuskegee/clintonp.htm</a>



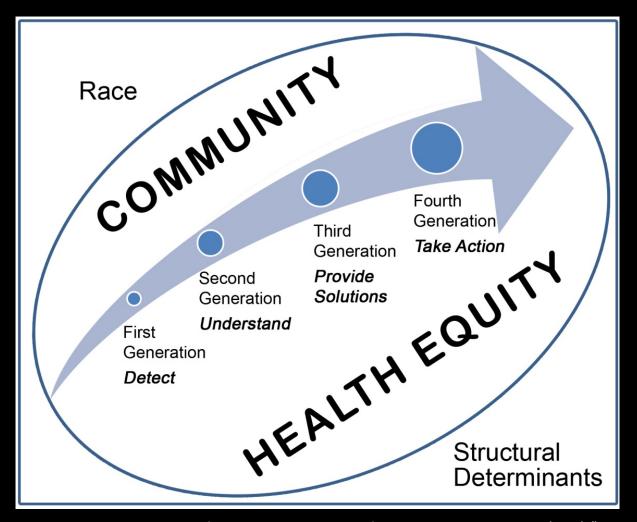
#### SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH § MARYLAND CENTER FOR HEALTH EQUITY



Thomas, S. B., S. C. Quinn, et al. (2011). "Toward a Fourth Generation of Disparities Research to Achieve Health Equity." <u>Annual Review of Public Health 32(1): 399-416.</u>



### The Health Equity Action Research Trajectory: A Platform for 4<sup>th</sup> Generation Disparities Research





### The Wicked Problem

- "...A wicked problem is a social or cultural problem that is difficult or impossible to solve for many reasons including:
- 1.incomplete or contradictory knowledge,
- 2.the number of people and multiple opinions involved,
- 3.the large economic burden, and
- 4.the fact that complex problems are typically offloaded to policy makers, or written off as too big and cumbersome to solve.



### **Cultural Tailoring Matters**

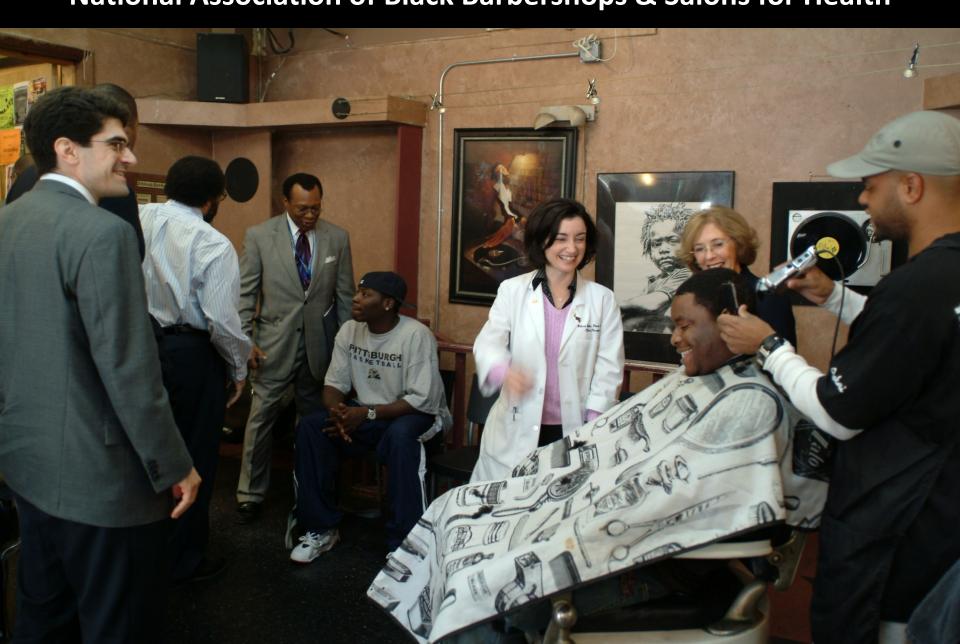
#### **2001 FEDERAL DHHS**

### TAKE A LOVED ONE TO THE DOCTOR DAY

4th GENERATION APPROACH:

TAKE A HEALTH PROFESSIONAL TO THE PEOPLE

### Health Advocates In-Research and Research (H.A.I.R.) National Association of Black Barbershops & Salons for Health









#### About the Health Advocates in-Reach and Research Campaign

The Maryland Center for Health Equity (M-CHE), with funding from the Cigna Foundation, trains barbers and stylists within Black barbershops and salons across metropolitan Washington, DC as lay health advocates. In this capacity, barbers and stylists can communicate with their clients about colon and prostate cancer risk, while encouraging age-appropriate health screenings and healthy lifestyle changes.

The M-CHE's Health Advocates In-Reach and Research campaign (HAIR) mobilizes these barbershops and salons as venues for health promotion. They serve to set best practice standards for raising awareness about and encouraging participation in biomedical clinical trials, especially for prostate, colon and other cancers that disproportionately impact African Americans.

Dr. Stephen Thomas, director of the Maryland Center for Health Equity since 2010, first established a HAIR network in Pittsburgh, Pa. in 2002, with support from the National Institutes of Health-National Institute on Minority Health and Health Disparities.

Learn more about HAIR at sph.umd.edu/HAIR

This event would not be possible without the generous support of our sponsors:

Lead Sponsor: Advancing Cancer Treatment

Supporting Sponsor: The Leukemia & Lymphoma Society





### WHAT BLACK BARBERS & STYLISTS SAY TO SCIENTISTS: NO RESEARCH ON US WITHOUT US!

An Innovation Design Studio on Biomedical Clinical Trials and the Role of Black Barbershops and Salons in Recruitment and Retention of African Americans

Monday, December 9, 2019

The Hotel at The University of Maryland 7777 Baltimore Ave, College Park, MD 20742