

Marjorie R. Jenkins, MD MEdHP FACP
Dean, School of Medicine Greenville
Associate Provost
University of South Carolina
Chief Academic Officer
Prisma Health Upstate

National Academies of Science, Engineering and Medicine May 31, 2023



Disclosure

No relationship or financial conflicts of interests to disclose.

The statements and opinions expressed are those of the speaker and do not represent University of South Carolina or Prisma Health

An ad hoc committee of the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine will:

- 1. Review the existing literature on chronic debilitating conditions specific to women.
- 2. The review will consider:
 - The epidemiology of chronic debilitating conditions including gender and racial and ethnic differences in clinical presentation and outcomes
 - ➤ How the development and accumulation of chronic debilitating conditions in women are influenced by factors such as menopause, aging-related skeletal muscle dysfunction (loss of muscle mass, muscle strength, and muscle function), and frailty
 - > Prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of female-specific gynecologic conditions
 - > To the extent possible, the social and economic impact of chronic debilitating conditions
- 3. Assemble evidence-based findings on chronic debilitating conditions in women.
- 4. The findings should incorporate the influence of social determinants of health, including but not limited to gender, race and/or ethnicity, socioeconomic status, sexual and gender minorities, and underserved rural populations
- 5. Produce a report that describes current gaps in evidence and provides a suggested research agenda for the future

REVIEW THE EXISTING LITERATURE ASSEMBLE EVIDENCE-BASED FINDINGS

- Not a universally accepted definition of gender
- Lack uniform knowledge of when science should utilize the terms sex and gender
 - recognition sex & gender are not interchangeable
- > Limitations of literature search engine capabilities
- ➤ No mandatory reporting of sex and gender analysis and/or limitations to sex and gender analysis

> Addict Biol. 2022 Nov;27(6):e13236. doi: 10.1111/adb.13236.

Gender differences in cocaine-induced hyperactivity and dopamine transporter trafficking to the plasma membrane

Jing Deng ^{1 2}, Xirong Zheng ^{1 2}, Linyue Shang ^{1 2}, Chang-Guo Zhan ^{1 2}, Fang Zheng ^{1 2}

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 36301205 PMCID: PMC9625146 (available on 2023-11-01) DOI: 10.1111/adb.13236

Abstract

As well known, cocaine induces stimulant effects and dopamine transporter (DAT) trafficking to the plasma membrane of dopaminergic neurons. In the present study, we examined cocaine-induced hyperactivity along with cocaine-induced DAT trafficking and the recovery rate of the dopaminergic system in female rats in comparison with male rats, demonstrating interesting gender differences.

> J Chem Neuroanat. 2022 Jul;122:102092. doi: 10.1016/j.jchemneu.2022.102092. Epub 2022 Mar 29.

Gender differences in effects of prenatal and postnatal exposure to electromagnetic field and prenatal zinc on behaviour and synaptic proteins in rats

Burcu Acikgoz ¹, Nevin Ersoy ², Ilkay Aksu ³, Amac Kiray ⁴, Husnu Alper Bagriyanik ², Muge Kiray ⁵

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 35364275 DOI: 10.1016/j.jchemneu.2022.102092

Gender differences pharmacokinetics, bioavailability, hepatic metabolism and metabolism studies of Pinnatifolone A, a sesquiterpenoid compound, in **rats** by LC-MS/MS and UHPLC-Q-TOF-MS/MS.

Peng W, Li Z, Cai D, Yi X, Yue Jeff Zhang J, Zhong G, Ouyang H, Feng Y, Yang S.

Phytomedicine. 2023 Jan;109:154544. doi: 10.1016/j.phymed.2022.154544. Epub 2022 Nov 13.

PMID: 36610155

This difference in **rat** genders may pertain to the **sex**-specific expression of hepatic enzymes as demonstrated in the metabolic stability evaluation in the present research; the male **rats** exhibited higher CL(int(mic)) (158.839.57 mul/min/mg protein) than female ...



<u>J Neurotrauma.</u> 2019 Jun 15; 36(12): 1974–1984.

Published online 2019 May 28. doi: <u>10.1089/neu.2018.6233</u>

PMCID: PMC6599384

PMID: <u>30489213</u>

Functional and Histological Gender Comparison of Age-Matched Rats after Moderate Thoracic Contusive Spinal Cord Injury









SLIDE LIBRARY VIDEO LIBRARY MICRO MODULES LEARNING MODULES VXMED TEMPLATES PARTNERS RESOURCES

RESOURCES

These resources are freely available and are intended to facilitate the research, creation, and dissemination of sex and gender education information.

Announcements

Sex and Gender Education Materials

NIH Courses on Sex and Gender Influence on Health and Disease

Slide Set How-To Guides

Learning Module Resources

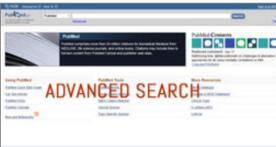
Literature Search & Database Resources

LITERATURE SEARCH & DATABASE RESOURCES

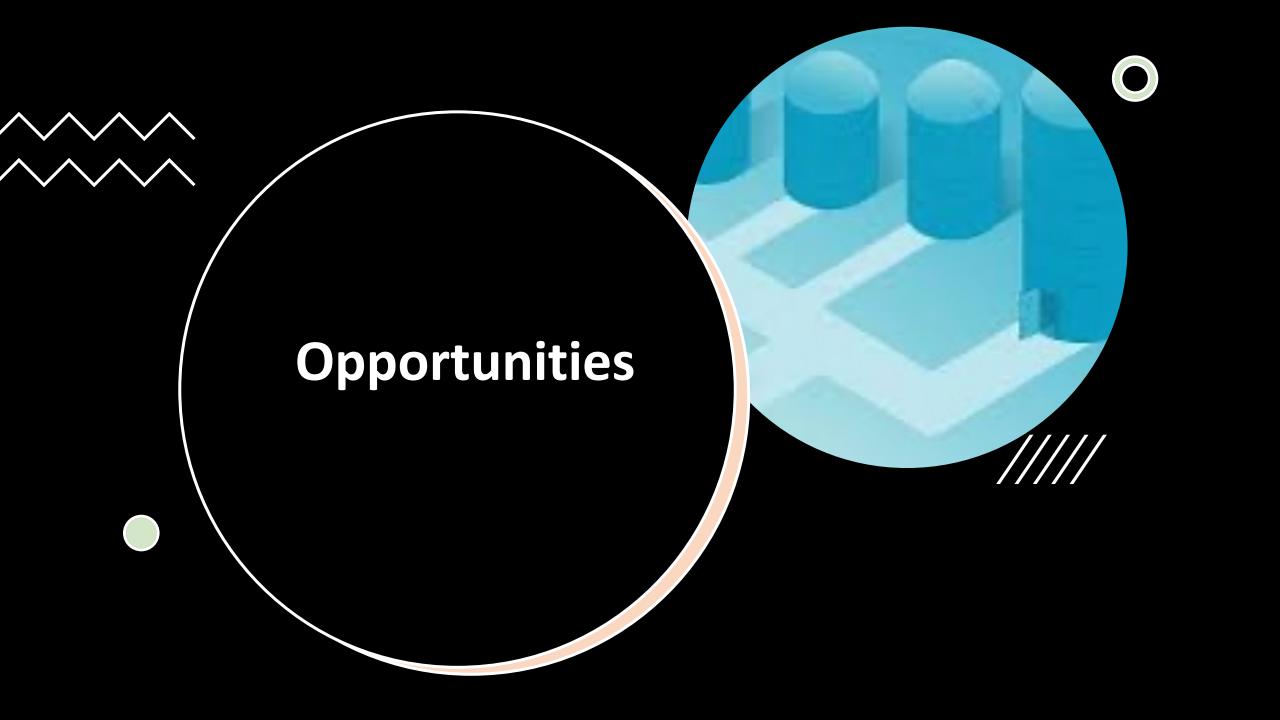




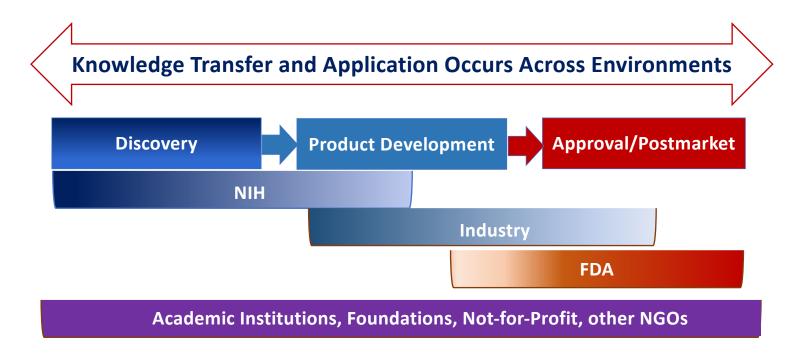
View How to Guide / Article



PubMed Search Tool (Advanced)



Traditional Research Environments



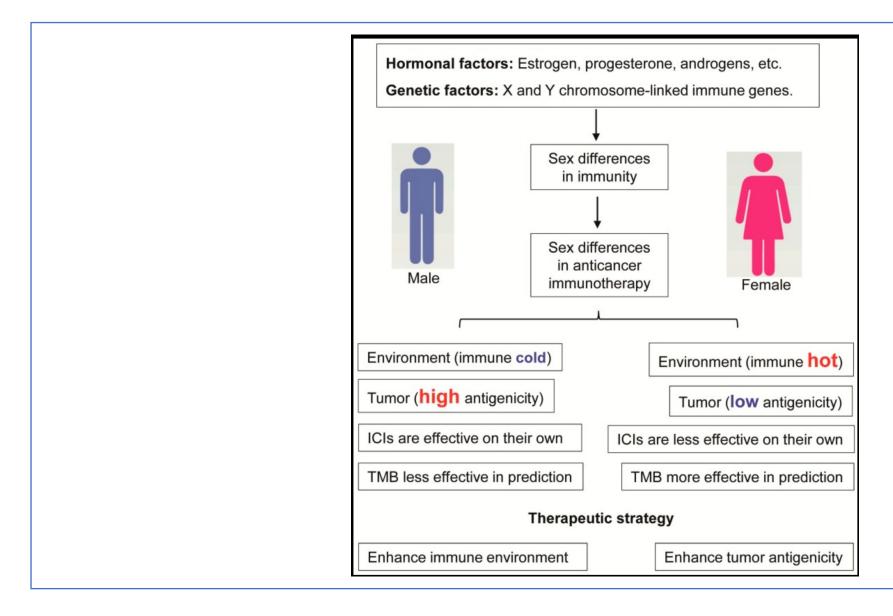
Women Women Sex Unspecified Male Models Men (51% of (80% of (76%)(80%)(67%)Population) Healthcare Decisions) Population Health & Cell-Based Human Clinical Animal-Based Health Systems Research Trials Care Research Research

Image Source: M. Jenkins @ Laura W Bush Institute
Published: Development of a PubMed Based Search Tool for Identifying Sex and Gender Specific Health Literature
JWH 9 Feb 2016https://doi.org/10.1089/jwh.2015.5217

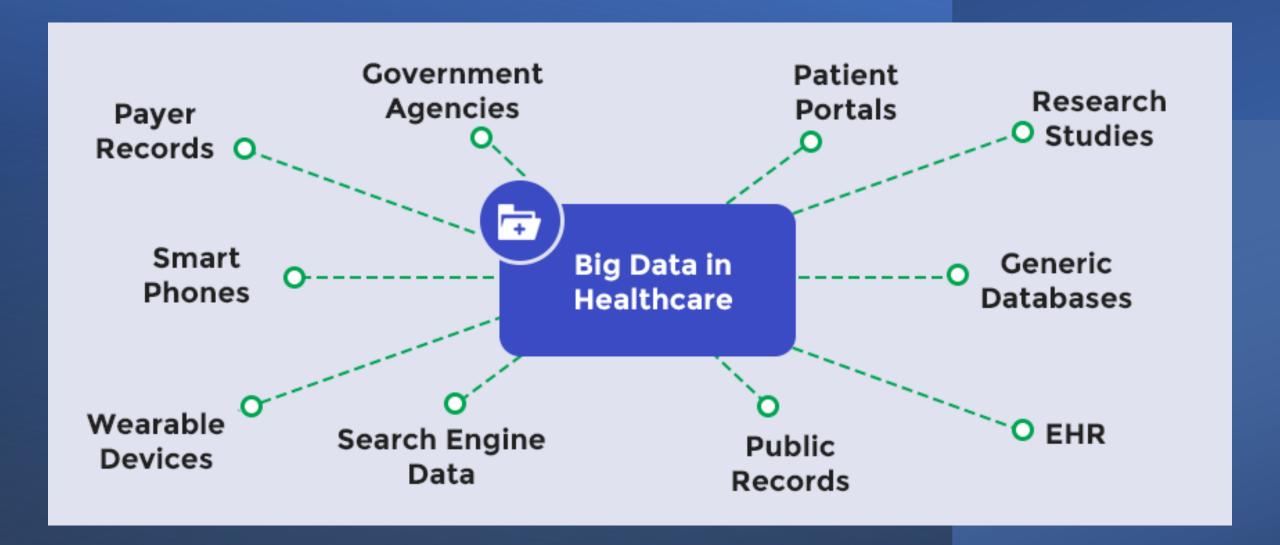
Sex bias in infectious diseases, inflammatory diseases, and cancers

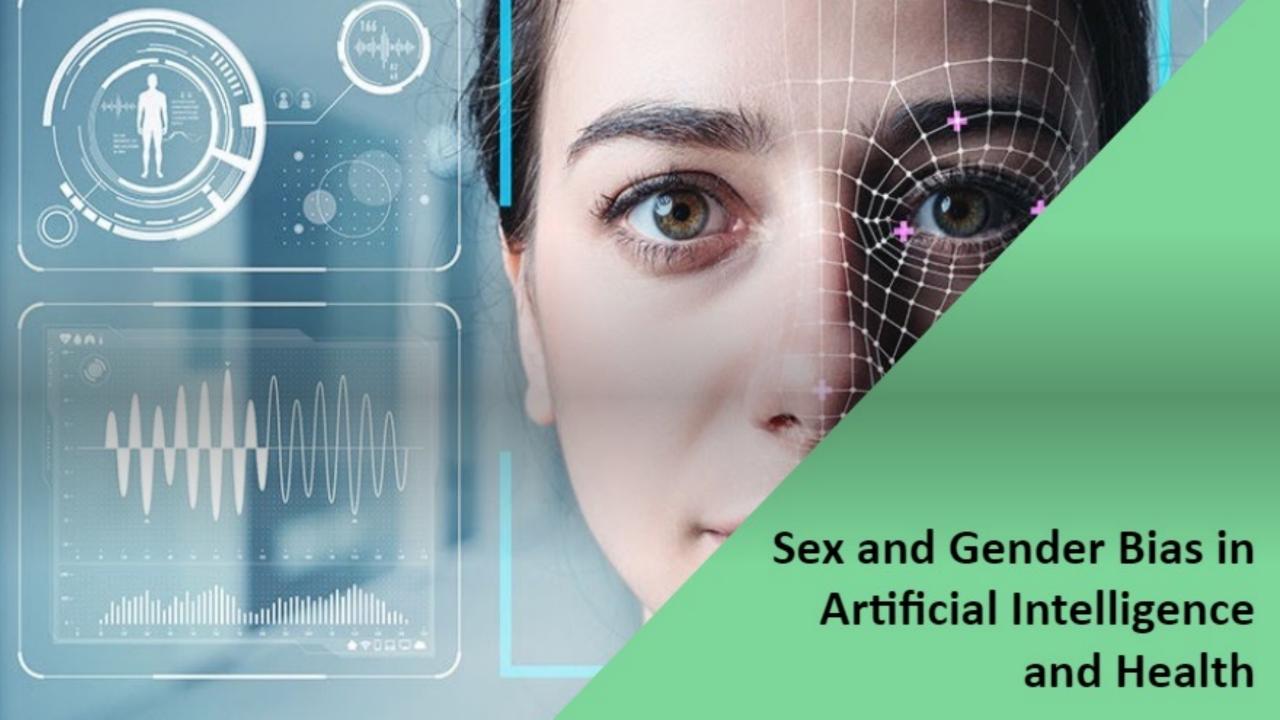
Male bias Female bias Non-reproductive Autoimmune diseases Infectious diseases cancers Graves disease HIV Ebola Bladder Hashimoto thyroiditis Influenza MERS Bowel Multiple sclerosis Hepatitis B Kidney Toxoplasmosis Rheumatoid arthritis Legionella Tuberculosis Leukaemia Systemic lupus Malaria Leptospirosis Liver erythematosis Campylobacter Zika Lung Schistosomiasis • Type 1 diabetes Malignant melanoma Amebiasis Oesophagus Stomach Aspergillosis

Concept of Biological Plausibility



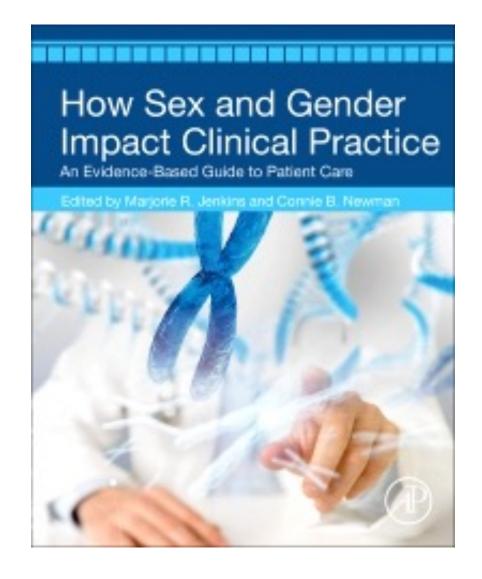








Lessons learned through creating an evidencebased sex and gender clinical textbook for primary care physicians



Gender Bias in Medicine



Casey Quinlan

Research Focused on Gender Bias

Validated Diagnosis And Assessment Tools

In Populations For Which They Will Be Utilized

Implement Objective
Algorithms for
Treatment of Diagnosed
Conditions

Medical Education Research Review > Can J Cardiol. 2022 Dec;38(12):1865-1880. doi: 10.1016/j.cjca.2022.09.009. Epub 2022 Sep 15.

Sex and Gender Bias as a Mechanistic Determinant of Cardiovascular Disease Outcomes

Isabel Kim ¹, Thalia S Field ², Darryl Wan ³, Karin Humphries ¹, Tara Sedlak ⁴

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 36116747 DOI: 10.1016/j.cjca.2022.09.009



Original Investigation | Cardiology

Association of Gender and Race With Allocation of Advanced Heart Failure Therapies

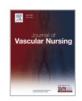
Khadijah Breathett, MD, MS, Erika Yee, BS, Natalie Pool, PhD, RN; Megan Hebdon, PhD, DNP, RN; Janice D. Crist, PhD, RN; Ryan H, Yee, BS; Shannon M. Knapp, PhD, Sade Solola, MD: Luis Lluy; Kathryn Herrera-Theut, BS; Leanne Zabala, MD; Jeff Stone, PhD; Marylyn M. McEwen, PhD, RN; Elizabeth Calhoun, PhD; Nancy K, Sweltzer, MD, PhD

JAMA Network Open. 2020;3(7):



Journal of Vascular Nursing

Volume 15, Issue 4, December 1997, Pages 124-127



Perceived gender bias in the treatment of cardiovascular disease

Ruth Thurau BSN (RN) * 🙎

> Epilepsy Behav. 2021 Jan;114(Pt A):107272. doi: 10.1016/j.yebeh.2020.107272. Epub 2020 Jul 8.

Gender differences in Epworth Sleepiness Scale revealed by paired patient-spouse scoring

Andreja Packard ¹, Ramon Bautista ², Carmen Smotherman ³, Shiva Gautham ³

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 32651121 DOI: 10.1016/j.yebeh.2020.107272

STANDARD STEMI CARE in ER

490 men

233 women

Men Women

Who received standard of care by clinical guidelines?

77%

69%

Door to cardiac catheterization balloon time

104 min

112 min

30-day mortality 6.1% higher in women

INTERVENTION

378 men 171 women

4-step protocol

- 1. ER Criteria do not require cardiology consult
- 2. Guideline based drug therapy
- 3. Immediate transfer to the cardiac cath lab
- 4. Initial radial approach for vascular access

Source: Huded CP, et al J Am Coll Cardio March 2018

Bridging the Gender Gap in STEMI Care & Outcomes

When Cleveland Clinic adopted a new care process for ST elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI), it did more than improve outcomes. It significantly shrank the well-established gender gap in STEMI care — to the benefit of women:

Q _x	BEFORE PROTOCOL	3
69%	Use of guideline-directed therapy	77%
112 min	Door-to-balloon time	104 min
10.7%	30-day mortality	4.6%
RE	MOVED GENDER BIA	45
80%	Use of guideline-directed therapy	84%
91 min	Door-to-balloon time	89 min
6.5%	30-day mortality	3.3%

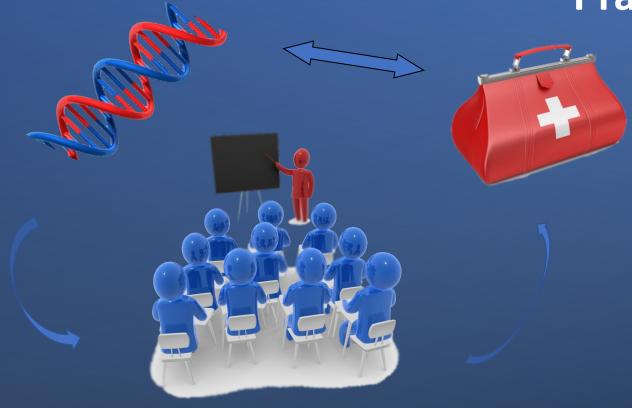


Details at: Huded CP, Johnson M, Kravitz K, et al. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2018 Mar 10 [Epub ahead of print].

Education and the Hidden Curricula



Sex and Gender Research Translation to
Clinical
Practice



Health Professions Education

Hidden Curriculum

By John T. Brinkmann, MA, CPO/L, FAAOP(D)

Interesting Concept Emerged

"STACKING"

Sex & Gender

Impact

on

Health

Outcomes

Therapeutics

Labs & Diagnostics

Physical Exam

Communication/History

Social Determinants of Health

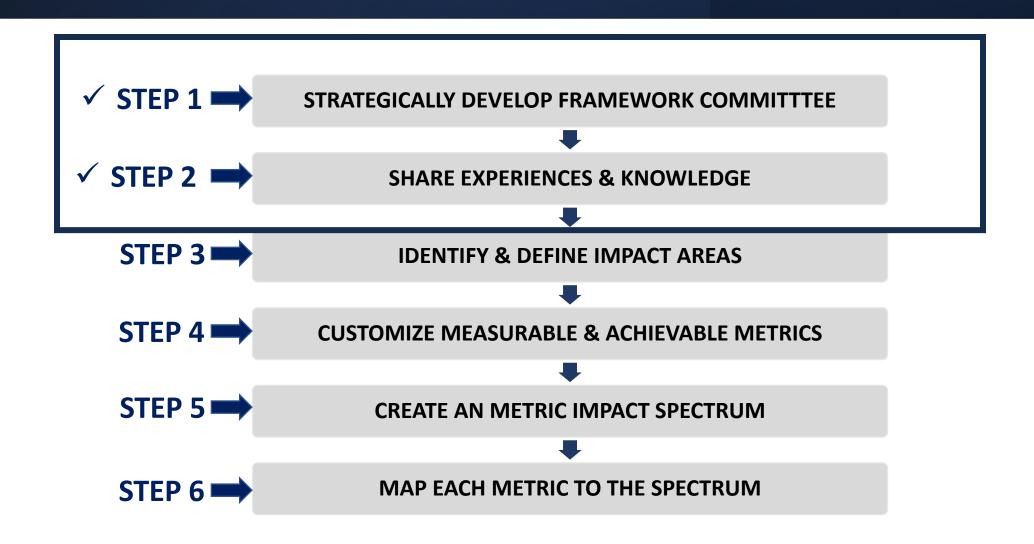




FDA Office of Women's Health Research Impact and Outcomes Framework

https://www.fda.gov/files/science%20&%20research/published/FDA-Office-of-Women%E2%80%99s-Health--Research-Impact-and-Outcomes-Framework.pdf

Framework Development





This Research Agenda will......

What Will Drive Others To Progress This Research Agenda



- Knowledge Gaps
- Public Health Priorities
- Align with a Major Funding Agency or Partner
- Supports Institutional Mission
- Academics
 - Extramural Funding
 - Federal
 - Industry
 - Big Tech
 - Non-Profit
 - Faculty Development
 - K Awardees
 - Develop a National Reputation
- Community Awareness and Support
- Meet the The Healthcare Triple Aim
 - Improve Access, Lower Cost, Increase Quality,

STEP 3 Impact Areas

Examples: Align and Define

Engagement

Harnessing appropriate expertise and capabilities, attracting key players to ensure the progress of the research agenda

Advocacy

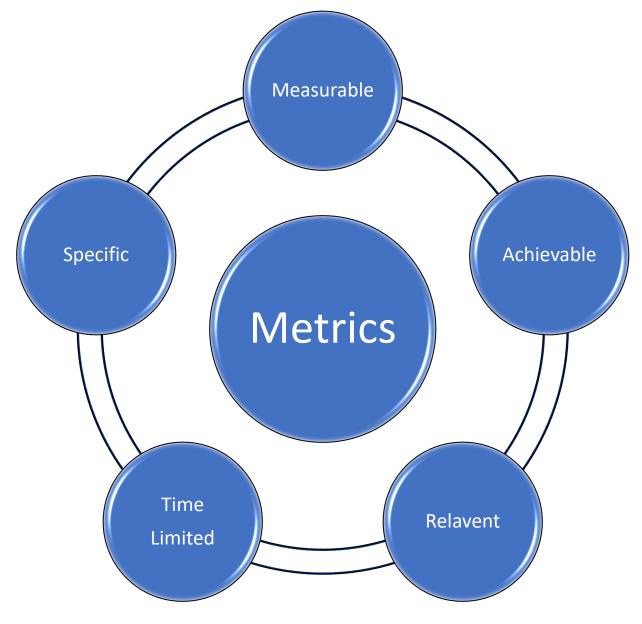
Increasing awareness to influence decisions and actions by stakeholders in progressing the research agenda and dissemination of discoveries

Significance & Alignment

Ensuring funding decisions and research outcomes progress the application of clinically meaningful evidence-based findings and improve health outcomes for women with chronic disease

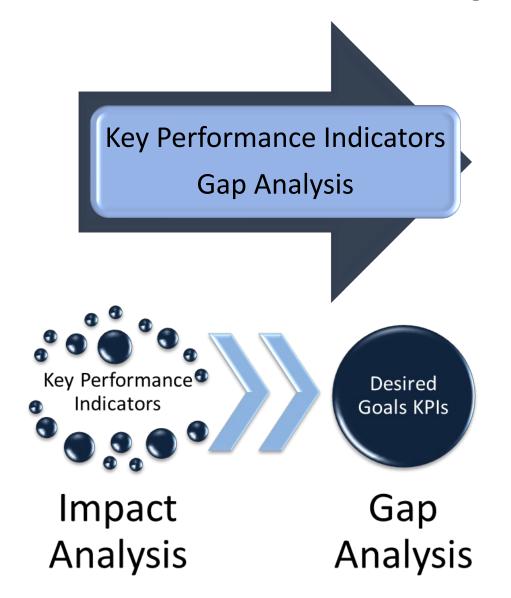
Innovation

Producing a new and measurable shift in the landscape of chronic disease diagnosis, evaluation, treatment, and prognosis in women with chronic diseases



STEP 4 Developing Metrics

Plan to Measure Impact

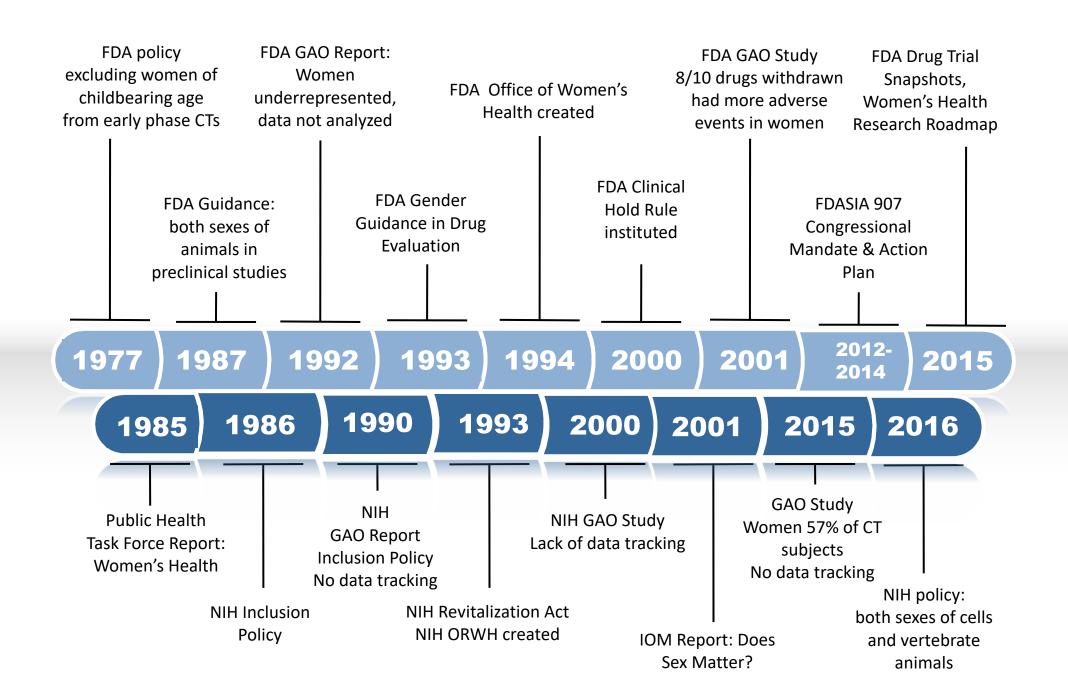


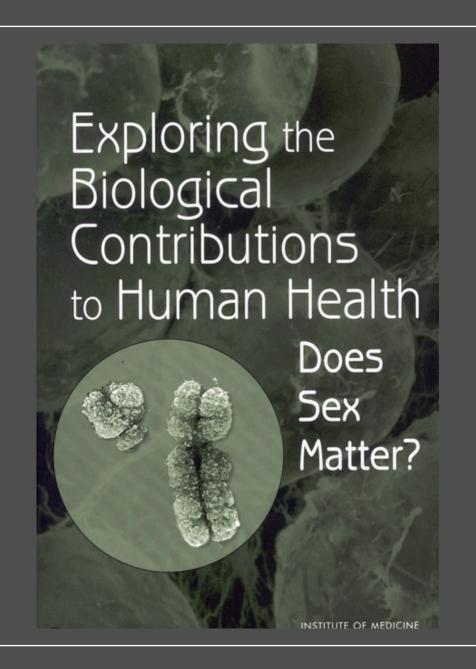


RIO Framework User Guide

https://www.fda.gov/downloads/ScienceResearch/SpecialTopics/WomensHealthResearch/UCM603175.pdf

Acknowledging Decades of Foundational Work





PRINCIPLES of GENDER-SPECIFIC MEDICINE

SECOND EDITION



MARIANNE J. LEGATO, M.D.



Open camera or QR reader and scan code to access this article and other resources online.



Public Priorities in Women's Health: Analysis of Request for Information Published to Inform "Advancing NIH Research on the Health of Women: A 2021 Conference"

Elizabeth Barr, PhD,¹ Samia Noursi, PhD,¹ Erik Roodzant, MA,^{1,2} Amelia Ubesie, DrPH, MPH,^{1,2} Shilpa Amin, MD,¹ Nikeya Macioce, PhD,^{1,3} Damiya Whitaker, PsyD,¹ Janine A. Clayton, MD,¹ and Sarah M. Temkin, MD¹

"The NIH vision of a world where every woman receives evidence-based disease prevention and treatment tailored to her unique needs, desires, and circumstances."

THANK YOU

Marjorie R. Jenkins, MD MEdHP FACP mjenkins@greenvillemed.sc.edu

