How Data Science, AI, and Other Tech Approaches Can Help Address the Systems Leading to Obesity

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Health research throughout the lifespan





BILL & MELINDA GATES foundation











Meteorology vs. Obesity Prevention and Control

The One Thing To Do To Stop The Obesity Epidemic



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World Cancer Research Fund International

Diet and Cancer Report

Research we fund

Home - Public Policy - We need a whole systems approach to tackle obesity

Stephen Hawking Is Right But Also Wrong About Obesity



We need a whole systems approach to tackle obesity





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Obesity Epidemic Getting Worse, What Happens When You Don't Do Enough





How Our Health-Care System Is Feeding the Obesity Epidemic

BY BRUCE Y. LEE SEPTEMBER 23, 2016 10:01 AM EDT





Using only a single measure to determine the weather

Now, over to Al for the weather.

Today, the temperature is going to be 90°, and tomorrow it will be 95°, on Saturday it will be 92° and on Sunday it will be 89° - and that's the weather! Back to you, Cindy.





SOLUTION: Develop multiple, complex, and dynamic measures for obesity

Original Article
EPIDEMIOLOGY/GENETICS

Obesity

The Additional Costs and Health Effects of a Patient Having Overweight or Obesity: A Computational Model

Saeideh Fallah-Fini^{1,2}, Atif Adam¹, Lawrence J. Cheskin¹, Sarah M. Bartsch¹, and Bruce Y. Lee ¹

Objective: This paper estimates specific additional disease outcomes and costs that could be prevented by helping a patient go from an obesity or overweight category to a normal weight category at different ages. This information could help physicians, other health care workers, patients, and third-party payers determine how to prioritize weight reduction.

Methods: A computational Markov model was developed that represented the BMI status, chronic health states, health outcomes, and associated costs (from various perspectives) for an adult at different age points throughout his or her lifetime.

Results: Incremental costs were calculated for adult patients with obesity or overweight (vs. normal weight) at different starting ages. For example, for a metabolically healthy 20-year-old, having obesity (vs. normal weight) added lifetime third-party payer costs averaging \$14,059 (95% range: \$13,956-\$14,163), productivity losses of \$14,141 (\$13,969-\$14,312), and total societal costs of \$28,020 (\$27,751-\$28,289); having overweight vs. normal weight added \$5,055 (\$4,967-\$5,144), \$5,358 (\$5,199-\$5,518), and \$10,365 (\$10,140-\$10,590). For a metabolically healthy 50-year-old, having obesity added \$15,925 (\$15,831-\$16,020), \$20,120 (\$19,887-\$20,352), and \$36,278 (\$35,977-\$36,579); having overweight added \$5,866 (\$5,779-\$5,953), \$10,205 (\$9,980-\$10,429), and \$16,169 (\$15,899-\$16,438).

Conclusions: Incremental lifetime costs of a patient with obesity or overweight (vs. normal weight) increased with the patient's age, peaked at age 50, and decreased with older ages. However, weight reduction even in older adults still yielded incremental cost savings.





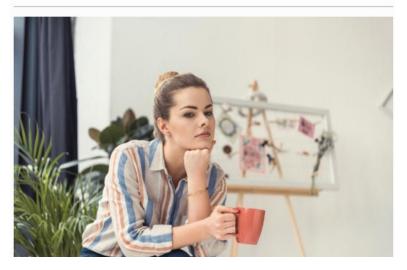
Relying on simple associations and correlations for the weather

Forbes

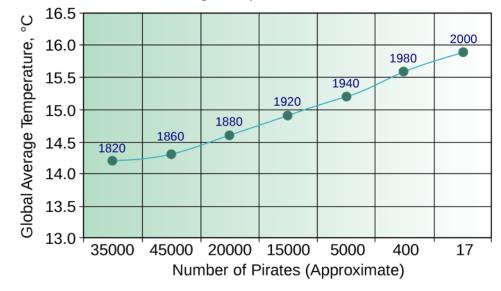
No, These Two Studies Don't Prove That Coffee Leads To Longer Life



Bruce Y. Lee Contributor ①
Pharma & Healthcare



Global Average Temperature vs. Number of Pirates





SOLUTION: More systems approaches for obesity



TOP DOWN

Look for patterns and associations



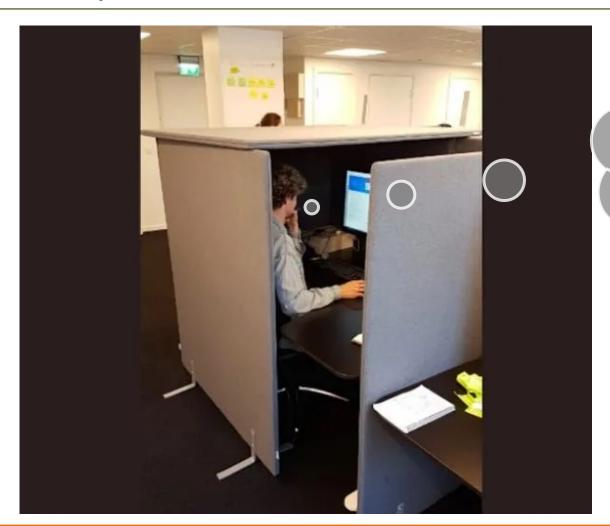
BOTTOMS UP

Re-create the system and understand mechanisms





Have data collection a separate and isolated activity

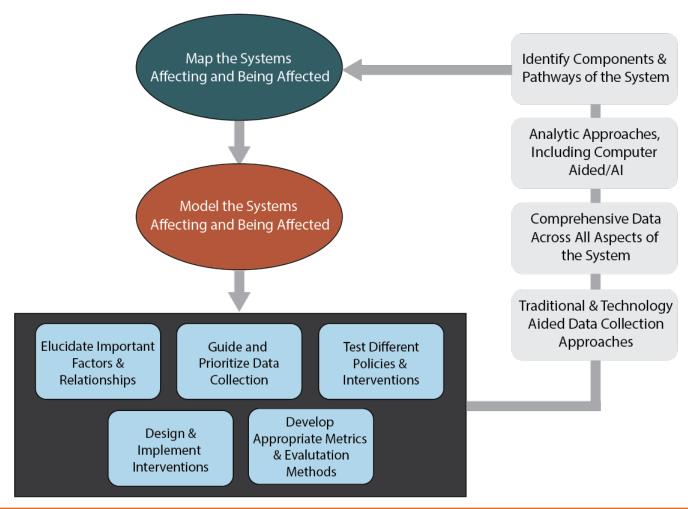


Barometric pressure...MY
PRECIOUS





SOLUTION: Integrate data collection, systems mapping and modeling, and policies and interventions







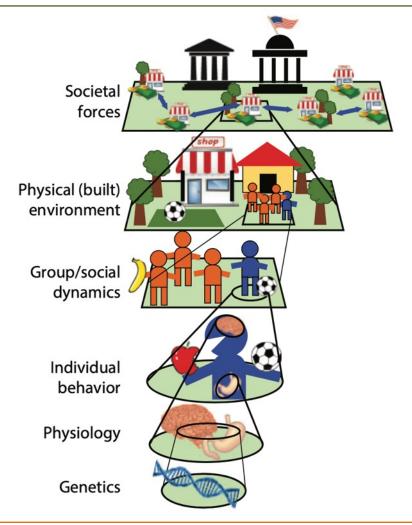
Not readily sharing weather data







SOLUTION: More open data sharing







Assuming that the weather in one location is the same everywhere else



Source: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=20VQuuqNvsc



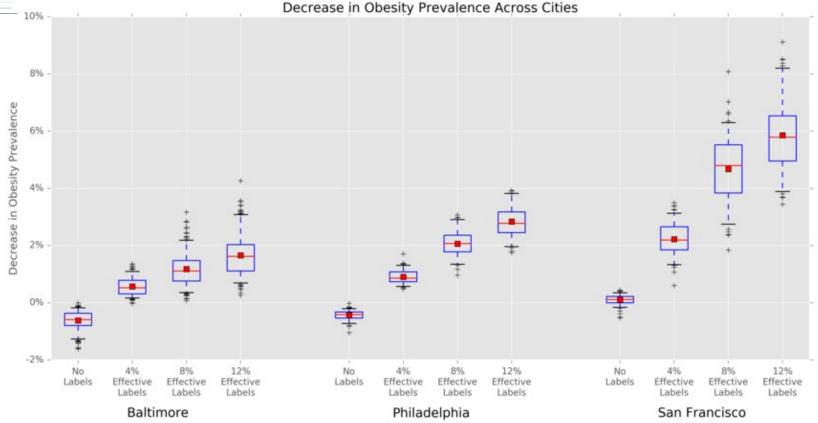


SOLUTION: Consider the environment



Simulating the Impact of Sugar-Sweetened Beverage Warning Labels in Three Cities

Bruce Y Lee, MD . Marie C. Ferguson, MSPH, Daniel L. Hertenstein, BS, Atif Adam, PhD, Eli Zenkov, PhD, Peggy I. Wang, PhD, Michelle S. Wong, PhD, Joel Gittelsohn, PhD, Yeeli Mui, PhD, Shawn T. Brown,







Not factoring in time when it comes to the weather

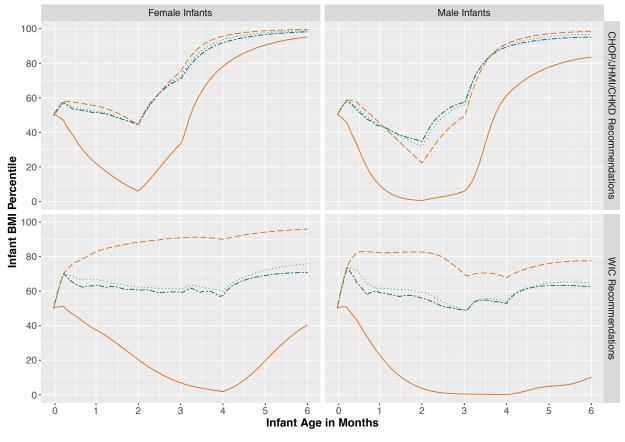


Photo credit: tomazl Website: Pexaby





SOLUTION: Move toward more real time surveillance





How caregiver reacts when checking infants weight each week

--- Adjust by quartile --- All lower quartile
--- Adjust by half -- No feedback

Ferguson, et al. Pediatric research, 2020.

Note: Infant starting BMIs are normally distributed around the 50th percentile





Blaming individuals for the weather



Source: Social media meme





SOLUTION: Factor in the surroundings such as social determinants







PROJECT PLAY



Relying on single interventions to deal with the weather



Source: https://9gag.com/gag/a1ZxNE2





SOLUTION: Multiple multiscale layered and integrated policies and interventions





Simulating the Impact of Crime on African American Women's Physical Activity and Obesity

Tiffany M. Powell-Wiley, Michelle S. Wong, Joel Adu-Brimpong, Shawn T. Brown,

Change in Overweight and Obesity Prevalence Over One Year

Percent of Accessible Physical **Activity Locations**



Change in Obesity Prevalence Over One Year

> Percent of Accessible Physical **Activity Locations**

		10%	50%	90%
Baseline Probability to Exercise	100%	-9.04%	-20.11%	-24.38%
	50%	-0.77%	-6.70%	-9.13%
	37.50%	1.05%	-2.91%	-4.46%
	25%	2.94%	0.25%	-0.79%





Not using the latest technology and advances when addressing the weather



Source: Franklin Institute, Rachel D. Valletta, PhD https://www.fi.edu/blog/groundhog-day-science



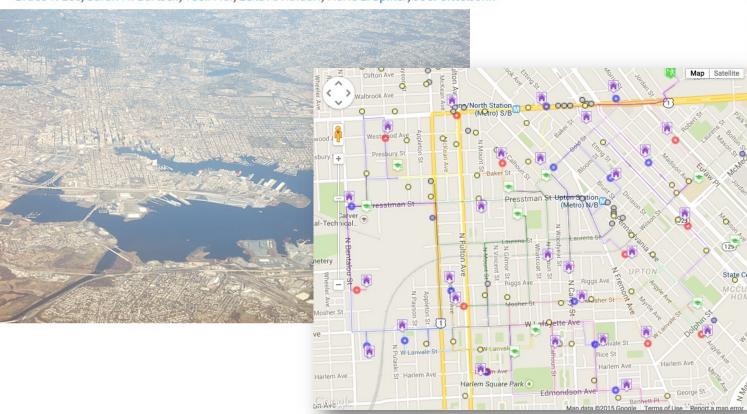


SOLUTION: Incorporate the latest technology and computational approaches

Nutrition Reviews

A systems approach to obesity

Bruce Y. Lee, Sarah M. Bartsch, Yeeli Mui, Leila A. Haidari, Marie L. Spiker, Joel Gittelsohn









Claiming that the weather is too simple or too complex







SOLUTION: Perfect is the enemy of good, need to start somewhere



CHILDREN'S HEALTH

By Bruce Y. Lee, Atif Adam, Eli Zenkov, Daniel Hertenstein, Marie C. Ferguson, Peggy I. Wang, Michelle S. Wong, Patrick Wedlock, Sindiso Nyathi, Joel Gittelsohn, Saeideh Falah-Fini, Sarah M. Bartsch, Lawrence J. Cheskin, and Shawn T. Brown

Modeling The Economic And Health Impact Of Increasing Children's Physical Activity In The United States

Bruce Y. Lee (brucelee@ jhu.edu) is executive director of the Global Obesity
Prevention Center and an associate professor in the Department of International Health at the Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, in Baltimore, Maryland.

Atif Adam is a senior analyst at the Global Obesity Prevention Center. ABSTRACT Increasing physical activity among children is a potentially important public health intervention. Quantifying the economic and health effects of the intervention would help decision makers understand its impact and priority. Using a computational simulation model that we developed to represent all US children ages 8–11 years, we estimated that maintaining the current physical activity levels (only 31.9 percent of children get twenty-five minutes of high-calorie-burning physical activity three times a week) would result each year in a net present value of \$1.1 trillion in direct medical costs and \$1.7 trillion in lost productivity





Increasing physical activity amongst children can save billions and billions of dollars

The New York Times

WELL | MOVE

Child's Play Is Good for All of Us

Phys Ed By GRETCHEN REYNOLDS MAY 3, 2017





Overweight children are costing America billions according to a new study from Johns Hopkins University. Sean Dowling (@seandowlingtv) has more. Buzz60







Summary

- Develop multiple, complex, and dynamic measures for obesity
- More systems approaches for obesity
- Integrate data collection, systems mapping and modeling, and policies and interventions
- More open data sharing
- Consider the environment
- Move toward more real time surveillance
- Factor in the surroundings such as social determinants
- Multiple multiscale layered and integrated policies and interventions
- Incorporate the latest technology and computational approaches
- Perfect is the enemy of good, need to start somewhere





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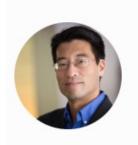
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