

Adult Palliative Care in a Value Based Payment Model

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Frank



- Frank is an 87 year old man with dementia, heart failure and kidney disease
- Uses a walker to get around
- Frequent ER visits for weakness
- Avoidable hospitalizations
- His 86 year old wife and adult son are overwhelmed
- Prognosis is uncertain
- Not eligible for hospice

Frank lives with his 86 year old wife in a two story walk up and is a retired teacher.

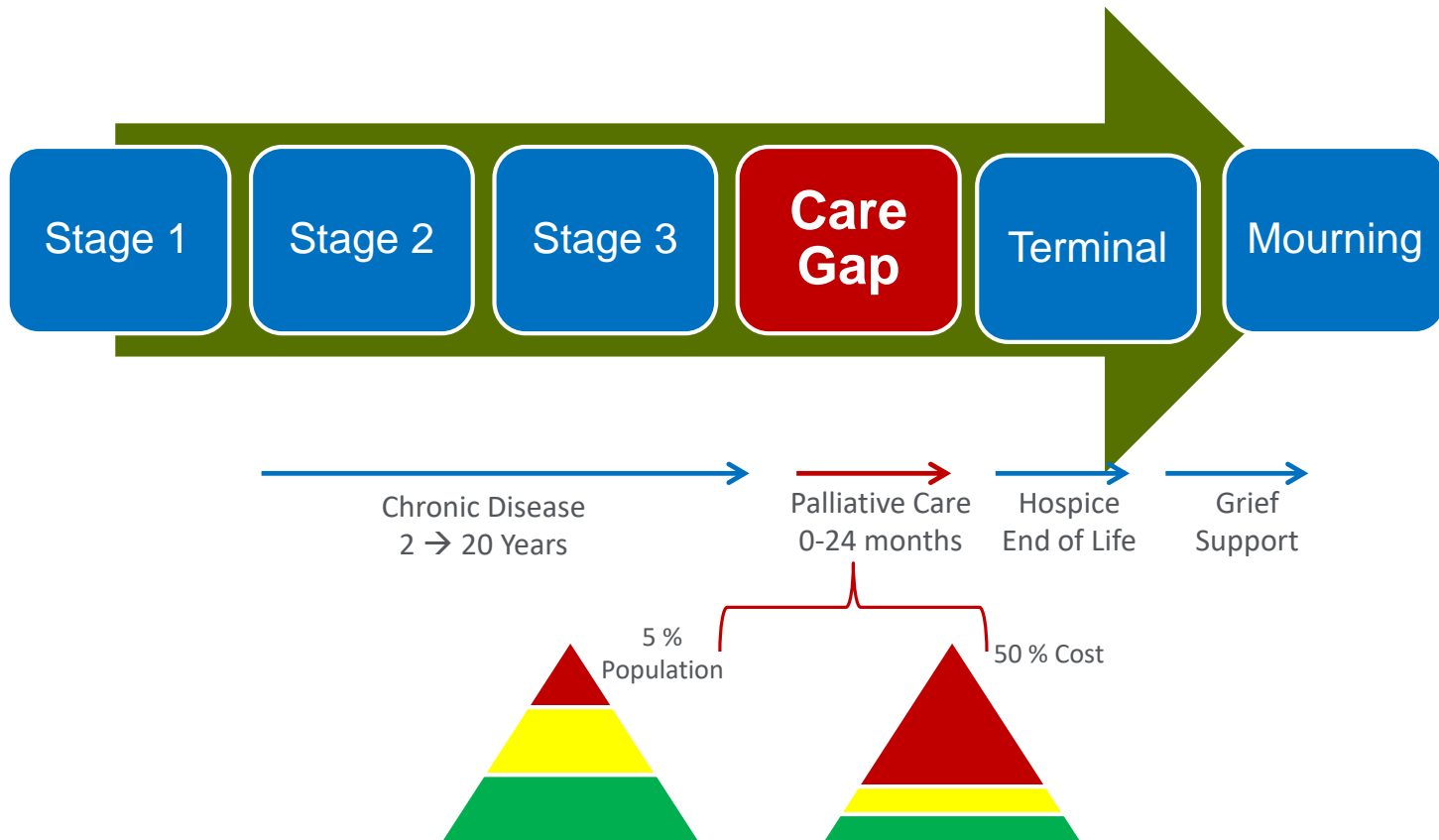
Usual Care

- Doctor's voicemail says "if this is any emergency, go to the nearest ER"
- Calls to 911
- Hospitalizations
- Family distress
- Progressive functional decline, confusion with each admission

Home-based Palliative Care

- 24/7 phone coverage, team based care, home visits
- Telemedicine visits with son
- Caregiver support
- Dinner - Meals on Wheels
- Friendly visitor program
- No ER visits, hospital admissions in 9 months

Health Care Gap for Adults with Advanced Illness



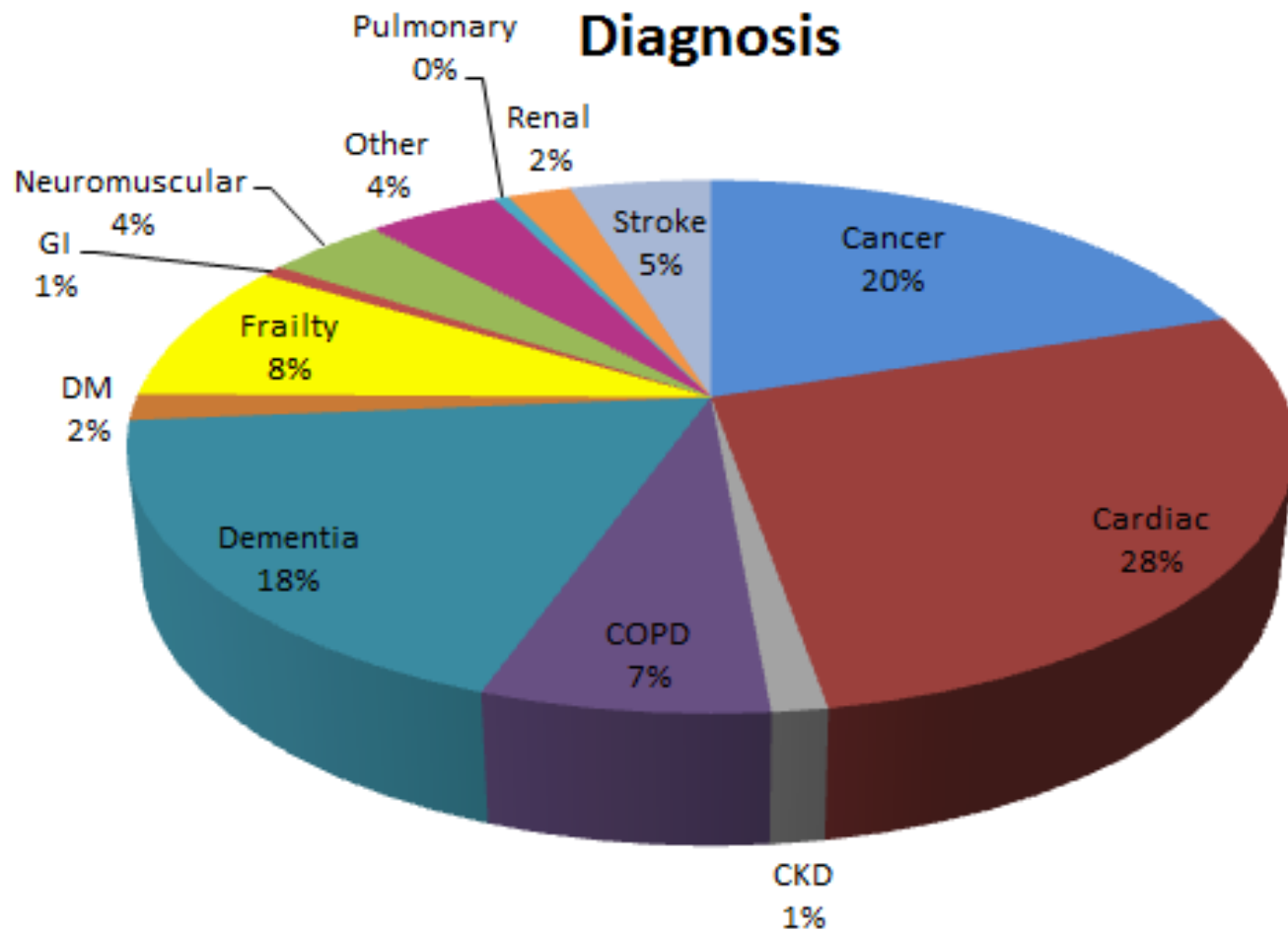
Ensure Palliative Care Needs Met: Data Driven Referrals

- Risk in waiting for physician referrals – too late
- Hot Spotter List - High spend and high need
- Can use health plan, CMS, ACO claims data
 - Utilization (e.g. ER, hospital admissions, SNF)
 - Frailty, functional impairment, disease burden
 - Risk scores, Charlson Comorbidity Index, LACE > 11

Palliative Care Triggers

- 5+ chronic conditions
- Advanced illness (e.g. Cancer, HF, COPD)
- Progressive disease
- CKD with debility
- Frailty or functional decline
- 2+ hospital admissions; ER visits

Diagnosis

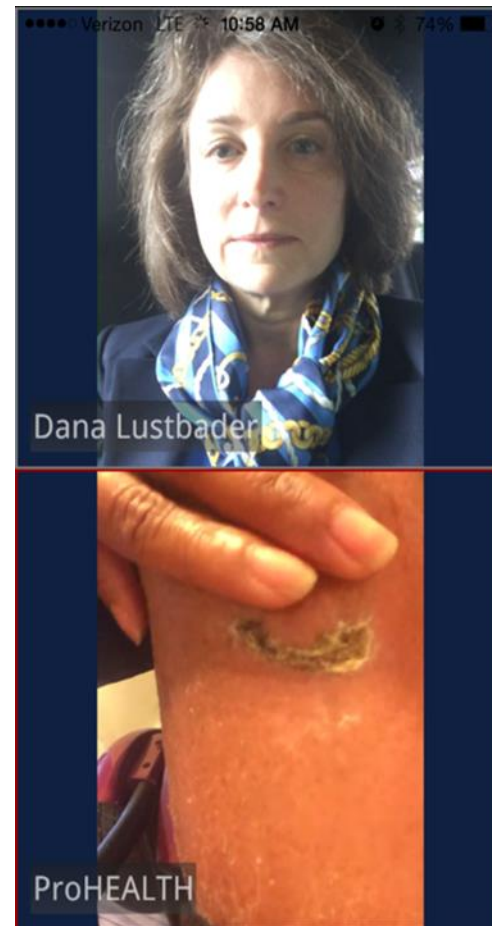


Staffing and Services

- Palliative Care Team
 - Pod = 0.5 MD; 3 RNs; 0.5 SW for 250 patients
- Cadence of encounters based on patient and family needs. Minimum of one house call per month.
- Services
 - House Calls
 - Video Calls – “telepalliative care”
 - 24/7 support
 - Volunteer Department

“Telepalliative Care” – Use Cases

- Acute Issue – patient has new distressing symptom, cough, infection, wound
- Advance Care Planning – can include other doctors, family members from around the world
- Scheduled F/U Visit – increased care access for remote and rural patients
- Caregiver Support – provide positive feedback and emotional support to stressed and undervalued family caregivers



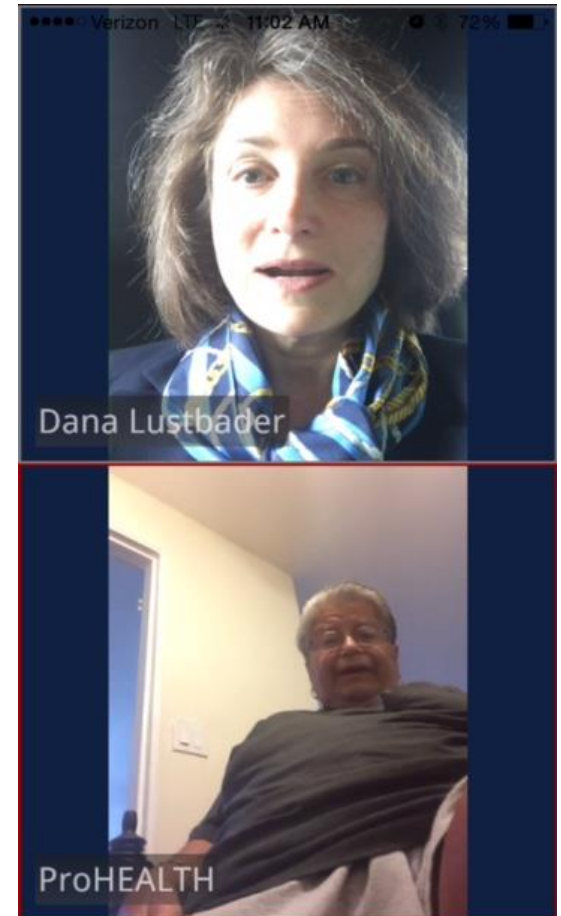
Telepalliative Care



Team Meeting



Urgent Issue



Routine Visit

The Impact of a Home-Based Palliative Care Program in an Accountable Care Organization

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- 651 decedents; 82 enrolled in a palliative care compared to 569 with usual care who died 2014-2016.
- Cost per patient during the final three months of life was \$12,000 lower with palliative care than with usual care (\$20,420 vs \$32,420; $p = 0.0002$).
- Palliative care reduced hospital admits 34%.
- Cost savings about \$2,100 PMPM for non decedents.

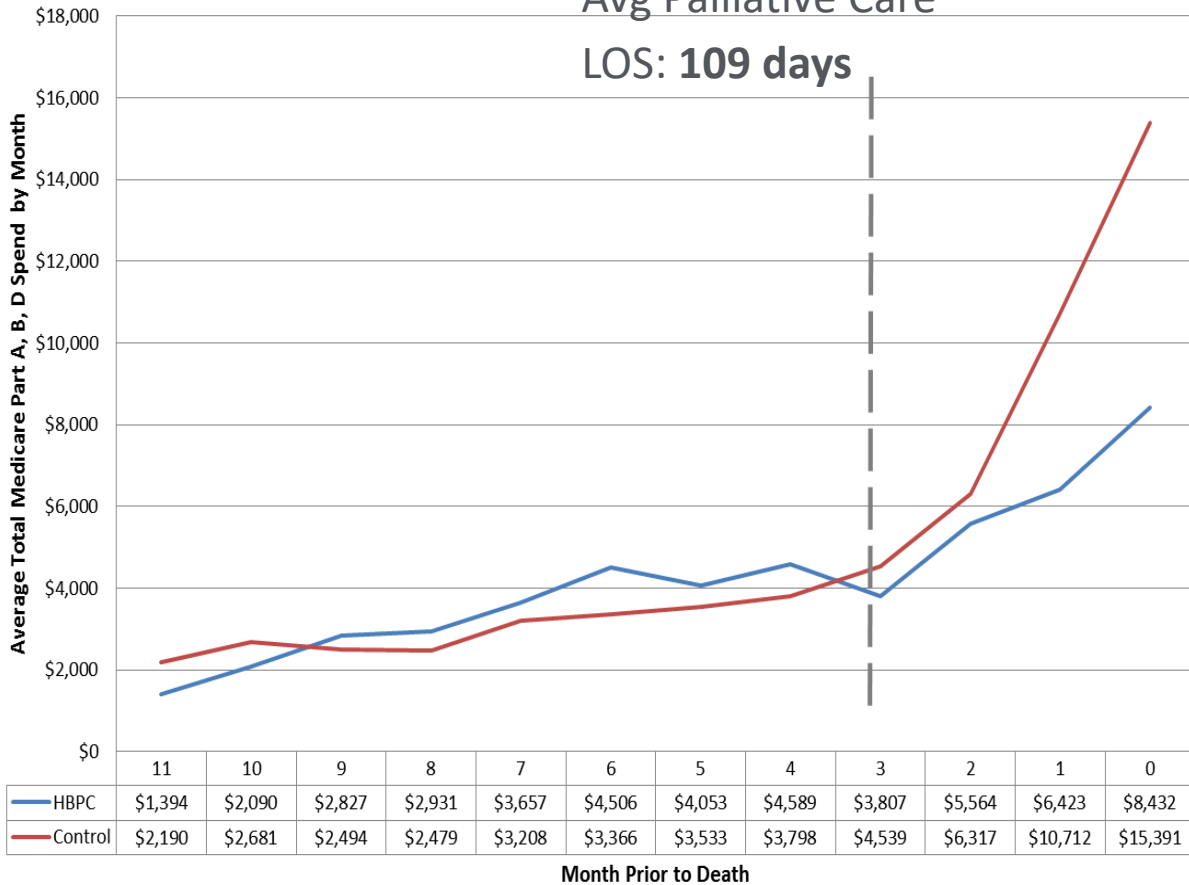
Palliative Care Associated with \$12,000 Cost Savings

Avg Part A, B, D Spend by Month Prior to Death	Control Group (N=569)	Palliative Care (N=82)	P-value
Month of death (Month #0)	\$15,391	\$8,432	0.0002
Month #1	\$10,712	\$6,423	0.0154
Month #2	\$6,317	\$5,564	0.8025
Last 3 months	\$32,420	\$20,420	0.0002
Month #3	\$4,539	\$3,807	0.8025
Month #4	\$3,799	\$4,589	0.0271
Month #5	\$3,533	\$4,053	0.0525
Last 6 months	\$44,291	\$32,869	0.0207

Table 2: Average Medicare Part A, B, D Spend by Month Prior to Death

HBPC vs. Control
Avg Palliative Care

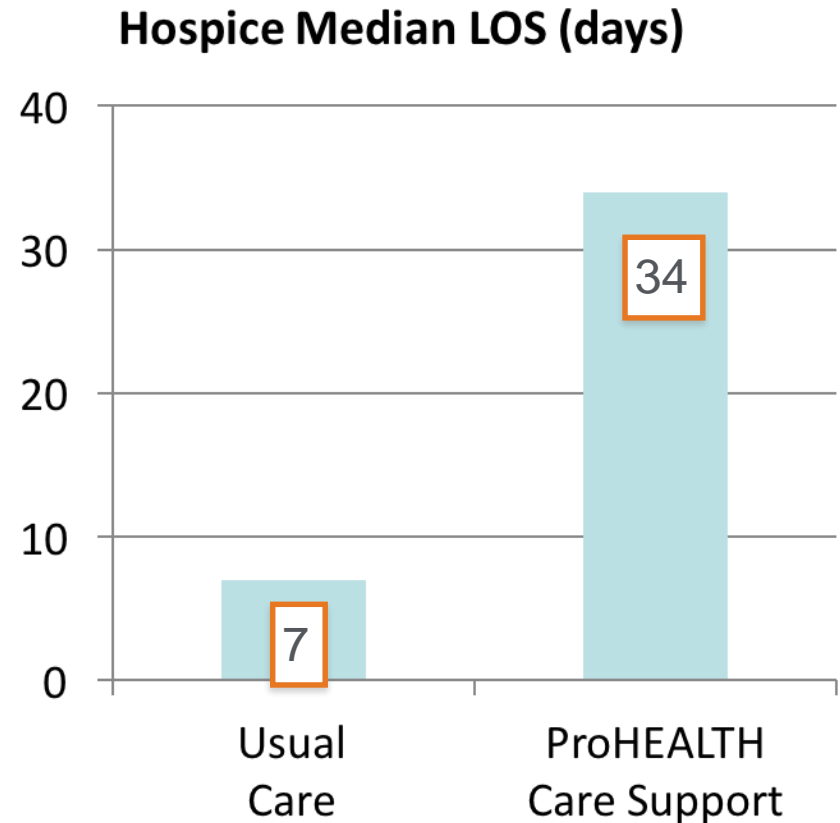
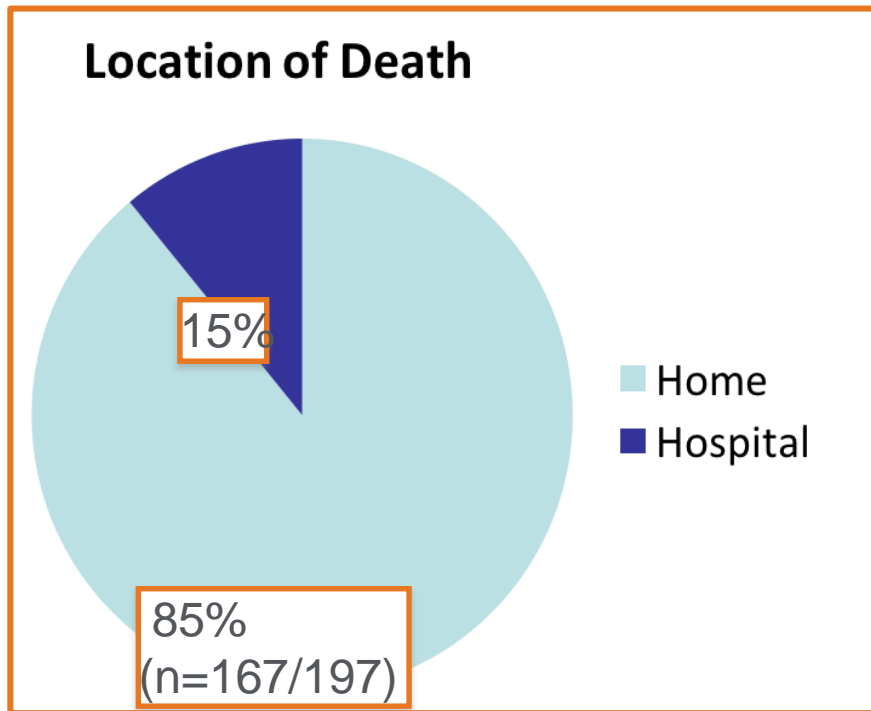
LOS: 109 days



Control 12 Month Spend: \$60,709

HBPC 12 Month Spend: \$50,274

Palliative Care Patients Who Died More Likely to be at Home with Longer Hospice LOS



How to help seriously ill people and their loved ones get palliative care?

- Fee for service is the enemy of high quality palliative care. It incentivizes high care intensity; often discordant with patient and family preferences.
- Speed up and reward full accountability for high quality palliative care through alternative payment models (APM) and measurement (patient and family experience).