Utilizing Data and Machine Learning to Change Predictive Analytics into Prescriptive Analytics

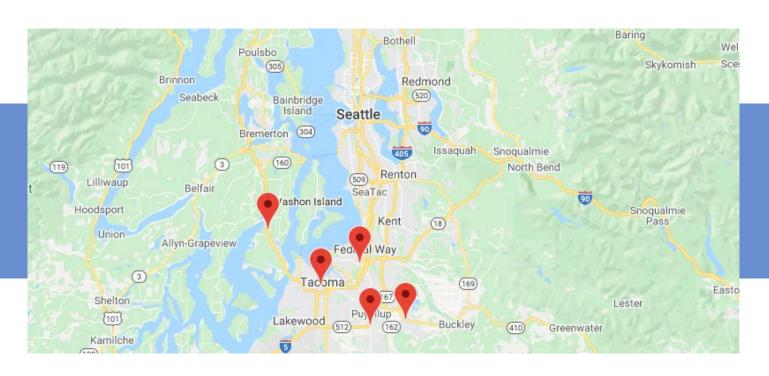
National Cancer Policy Forum Workshop Sibel Blau, MD

Northwest Medical Specialties, Medical Director Quality Cancer Care Alliance Network, CEO/President

July 14, 2020



- 5 locations around Tacoma, Washington
- 12 MDs, 13 APPs, & >250 employees
- OCM with CMS & 5 commercial VBC contracts-80% of patients
- NWMS Research has 35+ open Phase I-III studies



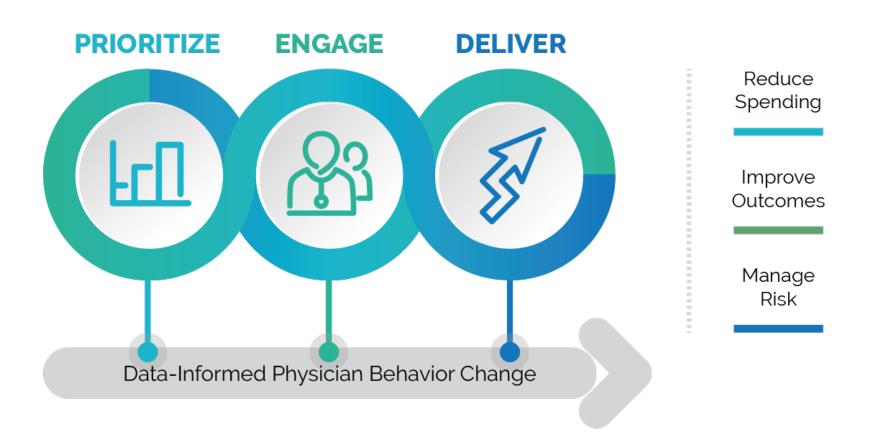
NWMS Vision for Value-Based Care

Develop a new <u>patient-centered</u> oncology care model focused on providing the <u>highest quality</u> patient care while <u>driving down the cost</u> of cancer care.

Create <u>innovative solutions</u> around <u>quality reporting</u> that drive <u>practice transformation</u> and <u>efficiency</u>.



Behavior Change Concept



Using technology to drive change







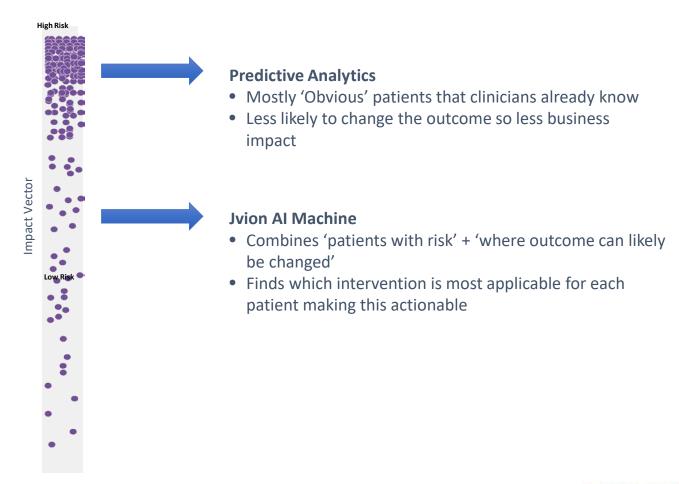




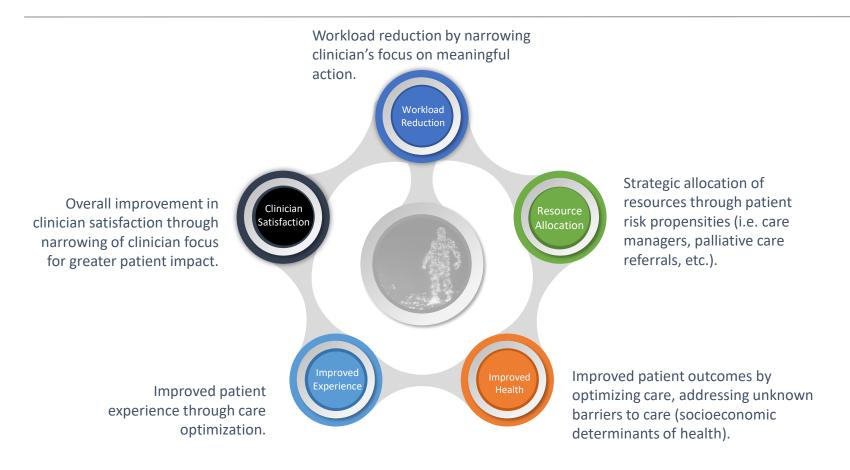


How Al Machine Works

Al takes predictive analytics to the next level by using other factors such as socioeconomic data to identify patients who would have otherwise been unrecognized as high risk



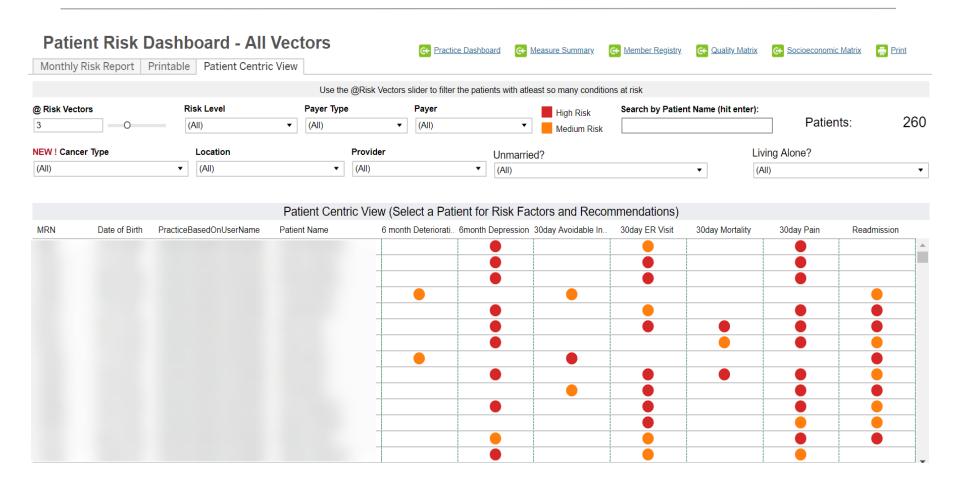
True Patient Impact & Clinical Benefits



Composition of the Oncology Specialty Vectors ONCOLOGY VECTORS DEEP DIVE

Vector	Description
30-day Mortality	Patients at risk of mortality within 30-days of prediction
30-day Pain Management	Patients at risk of having severe/moderate pain within 30-days
6-month Depression	Patients at risk of having a depression diagnosis within 6-months
6-month Deterioration	Patients at risk of deterioration of ADL levels (at least 2 levels) within 6-months
30-day Avoidable Admission	Patients at risk of an avoidable IP admission within 30-days
30-day ED Visit	Patients at risk of an ED visit within 30-days
Readmission	Patients at multiple admissions within 3-months

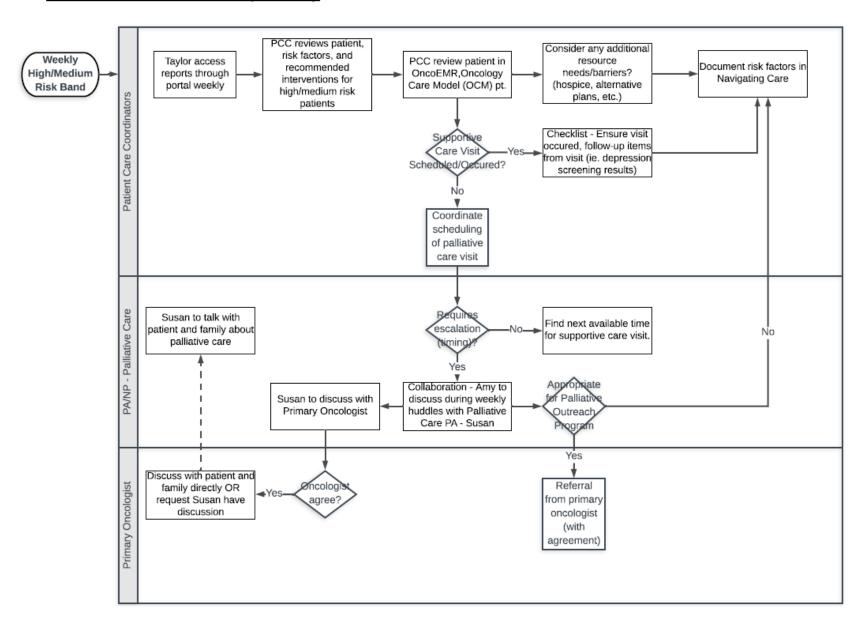
Patient Portal View: Patient Centric View



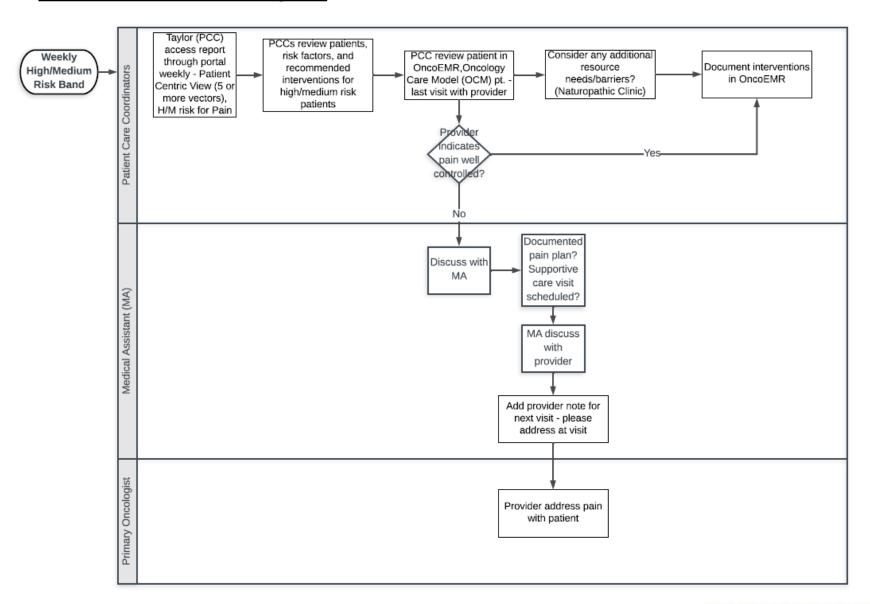
Patient Portal View Example: High Risk #1 – 30 day Mortality

					Top 750 (Click on a patient to d	Patients by Ris display risk facto		terventions)						
Patient Name	MRN	DOB	Age Bracket	Client IE	Date Added =	Days On List	New?	Provider Name	Payer	Name	Risk Percentile	Engagement Percentile	Risk Level	
			Greater than 80		May 31 2018	71	N		Medica	are Original	Top 25	Bottom 50	High Risk	4
			Between 66 and 80		May 31 2018	71	N		Medicare Original . Medicare Original		Top 25	Bottom 50	High Risk	
			Between 66 and 80		May 31 2018	71	N				Top 25	Bottom 50	High Risk	
			Between 66 and 80		May 31 2018	71	N		Medica	are Original	Top 25	Between 25 an	High Risk	
			Between 41 and 50		May 31 2018	71	N		Molina	Healthcare Inc Grp	Top 25	Between 25 an	High Risk	
			Between 51 and 65		May 31 2018	71	N		. Other	Payer - Type Unknown	Top 25	Top 25	High Risk	Ξ,
Clinical Risk Factors					Socio Economic Risk Factors Interventions (if not already complete							already completed)		
1. ENGINEERED FEATURES:30 DAY DIAGNOSIS COUNT				_	1 UICH LIVELIHOOD	1. HIGH LIKELIHOOD TO LACK DIGITAL AND TECH FLUENCY 1. CONSIDER REEVALUAT								
2. ASSESSMENT / SCORE:RECORDED VALUE OF ADL					1. HIGH LIKELIHOOD	EPLAN								
3. ASSESSMENT / SCORE:RECORDED VALUE OF DISEASE STATUS				2. LIKELY EDUCATION LIMITED TO HIGH SCHOOL LEVEL					2. ENCOURAGE ADVANCE CARE PLANNING, IF NOT ALREADY					
4. STAGING:RECENTLY UPDATED STAGING DATA				Z. EIKLET EDUCATION EIMITED TO THIST SCHOOL LEVEL COMPLETE										
${\it 5.}\ {\it LABS:} {\it RECENT RESULT OF:} {\it ALBUMIN [MASS/VOLUME] IN SERUM OR PLAS.}.$				3. LACK RESIDENTIAL STABILITY					2. PREPARE PATIENTS/FAMILIES/CAREGIVERS					
6. STAGING:RECENT	M VALUE IN TNN	1 STAGING							_					
7. DIAGNOSIS:HISTORY OF:MALIGNANT NEOPLASM OF BRONCHUS AND LU				4. LOW INDIVIDUAL INCOME					4. FOCUS ON SYMPTOM MANAGEMENT AND COMFORT - NAUSEA AND VOMITING					
8. DIAGNOSIS:HISTO	RY OF:ENCOUN	ER FOR OTHER A	FTERCARE AND ME						_	AND VOIMITING				
9. DIAGNOSIS:HISTO	RY OF:VOLUME	DEPLETION			5. LOW HOUSEHOLD	INCOME				5. CONSIDER MOBILI	ZING COMMU	NITY SUPPORT		
10 LARS:RECENT R	SUIT OF ALBUM	IIN MASSVOLUME	IN SERUM OR PL	•										

NWMS - Cardinal Health - 30 day Mortality



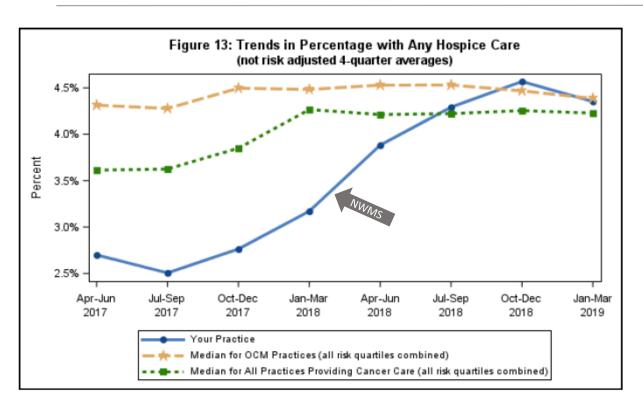
NWMS - Cardinal Health - Pain Management



Continual Practice Improvement

- -Implementation team consists of Medical Director, Quality Director, Case Manager Nurses and Patient Care Coordinators
- -Other multidisciplinary team members are added as needed for patient care
- -Primary implementation team makes continual workflow modifications to improve efficiency (hired Acute Care Advanced Practice Provider)

End of life performance



2016: 36.4% less hospice utilization than peers

2019: 3.1% less hospice utilization than peers

How we improved:

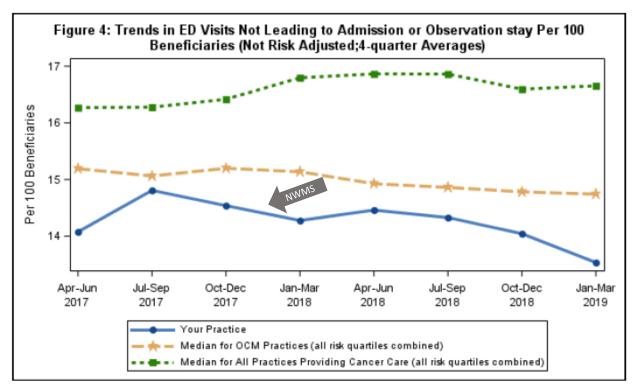
- -Advanced care planning visits for all stage 3&4
- -Supportive(Palliative) care visits for all stage 3&4
- -Complex conversations training for providers and staff
- -Using Artificial intelligence to identify high risk patients



OCM Data

ED Visits Not Leading to Admission

2015-2019
22.2% Reduction in ED visits



April 2017-March 2019

Oncology Vectors: Operational to Direction of Impact







6-month Deterioration

• Up to 30% reduction in loss of function/ADLs (ECOG)

6-month Depression

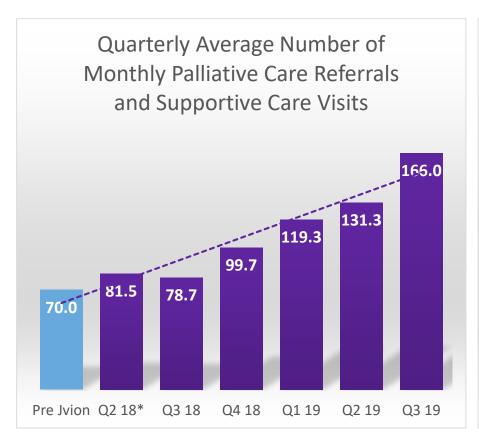
• 22% increase in depression diagnoses

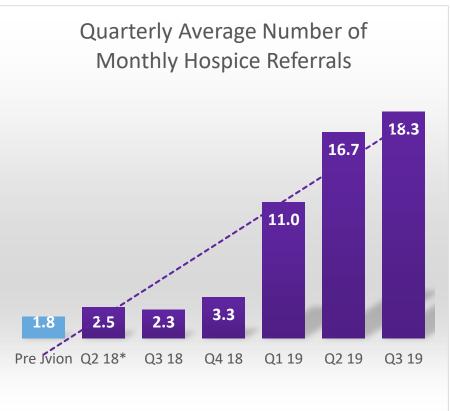
30-day Pain Management

 33% reduction in moderate and severe pain

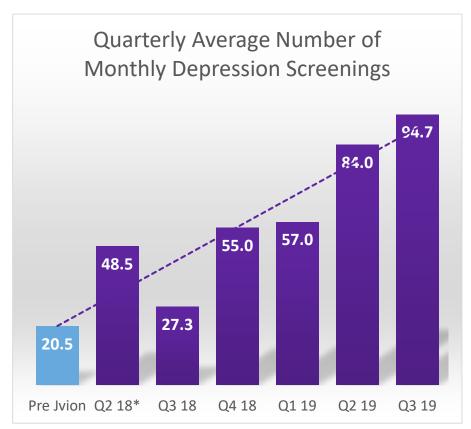
Severe Pain & Mortality Metrics

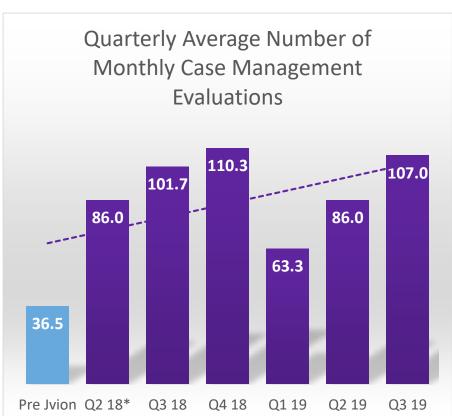
High & Medium Risk





Depression Screenings & Case Management Evaluations High & Medium Risk





30 Day Mortality- Patient Story

- Weekly results with patient identification-Tuesday (D1)
- Check results from Mon/Tue night and bring patient to clinic on Wednesday (D2)
- Acute problems-
 - New severe pancytopenia-Val-GCY
 - Progressive cough and SOB-RSV
 - Recurrent and severe diarrhea-CMV, GVHD, C.Diff
- Hospitalization (Direct Admit)-Wednesday (D2) after several hours of discussion with LTFU, local hospital
- Diagnoses:
 - CMV-Foscarnet
 - GVHD-HD steroids
 - RSV: Supportive care, imaging
- Tuesday (D8): Medium risk

Recommendations:

- Focus on symptom management and comfort nausea and vomiting
- Consider antimicrobial, antifungal, antiviral prophylaxis according to guidelines
- Encourage advance care planning, if not already complete
- Consider referral to appropriate health care professionals
- Focus on symptom management and comfort dyspnea

Clinical Risk Factors:

- Assessment / Score: Recorded value of disease status
- Diagnosis: History of: Abnormalities of breathing
- Diagnosis: History of: Other disorders of muscle
- Diagnosis: History of: Volume depletion
- Disease status: Recent updated disease status value
- Labs: Recent result of: Albumin, blood
- Labs: Recent result of: Granulocytes per 100 white blood cells, blood
- Labs: Recent result of: Hemoglobin, blood
- Labs: Recent result of: Monocytes, blood
- Labs: Recent result of: Neutrophils, blood
- Labs: Recent result of: Sodium, blood
- Medication: History / Current prescription: Antibiotics of concern
- Medication: History / Current prescription: Corticosteroid
- Medication: History / Current prescription: Glucocorticoids
- Vitals: Recent body height
- Vitals: Recent body weight
- Vitals: Recent diastolic blood pressure
- Vitals: Recent heart rate
- Vitals: Recent systolic blood pressure

Socioeconomic Risk Factors:

- Likely education limited to high school level
- Lives in high density area and has higher exposure to pollutants

