

Human Factors in Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence

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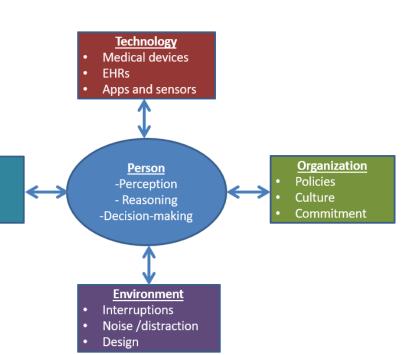
Washington, DC





What is Human Factors?

- Multidisciplinary science that focuses on <u>studying human</u> <u>capabilities</u> and <u>designing</u> <u>technology</u>, <u>systems</u>, and <u>processes to meet these</u> <u>capabilities</u> for <u>safety</u>, <u>Frocedures of Workflows</u>
 efficiency, & quality
 - Used extensively in other industries (aviation, transportation, defense, etc)
- Must understand context of use and system factors

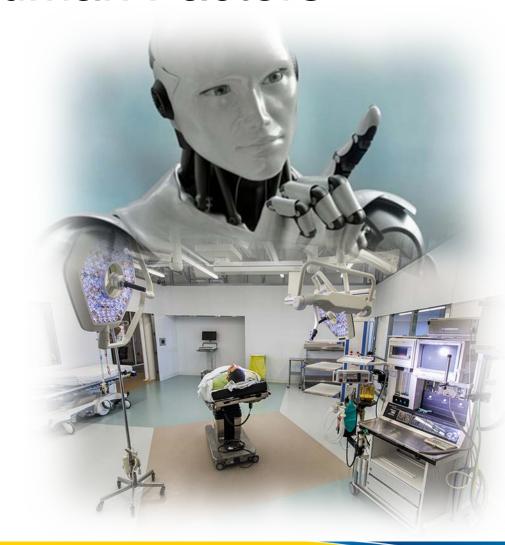




The Central Tenant of Human Factors

"We don't redesign humans.

We redesign the system within which humans work."





The ML/Al Reality Gap

ML/AI Development & Imagined Use







Typica

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- Interruper hc
- Too m
- Preser hundr
- Comp
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 - Diagnosis

Managing 5-20 patients

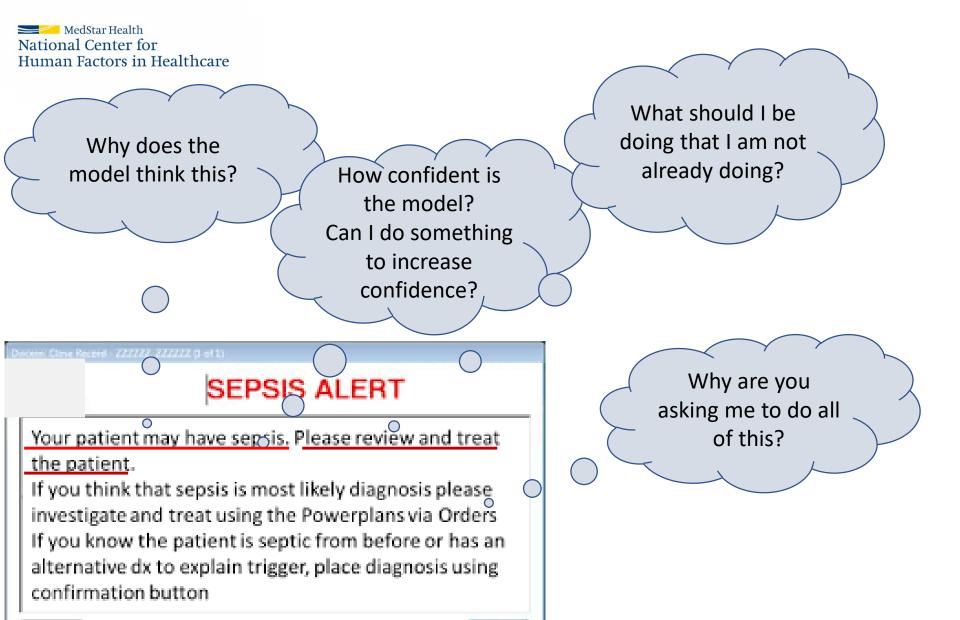


Your patient may have sepsis. Please review and treat the patient.

If you think that sepsis is most likely diagnosis please investigate and treat using the Powerplans via Orders If you know the patient is septic from before or has an alternative dx to explain trigger, place diagnosis using confirmation button



Person



Panisa.

Diagnosis:



User-Centered Design

Four Life Cycle Phases of Artificial Intelligence Model Deployment Incorporating Human Factors Elements and User-
centered Design

Life Cycle Phase	Description	Example User-Centered Design Methods and Techniques
Design	The intended user of the AI should be involved early and continuously during this stage to ensure their needs are considered.	
Development	Rapid and iterative prototyping of an AI model to maintain desired performance characteristics through testing with intended end-users.	Conduct iterative user testing Perform cognitive walkthrough Perform final (summative) usability testing
Implementation	Technical integration, testing and deployment, educational sessions for users, and consideration o interaction with other clinical systems, tools, and work processes.	Redesign existing workflows and processes to integrate f new technology Conduct pilot test Refine based on user feedback
Long-term use	AI models should be continually monitored and validated to maintain desired performance and to detect safety events. Models may be retrained and additionally re-evaluated for modification of human factors elements.	Monitor user interaction data Provide a mechanism to report safety issues Monitor performance outcomes

Filice, R. W., & Ratwani, R. M. (2020). The Case for User-Centered Artificial Intelligence in Radiology.



Critical Human Factors Aspects

Workflow Matters

- Assistance at the right time
- Assist the right people (not always the physician)
- Make it easy

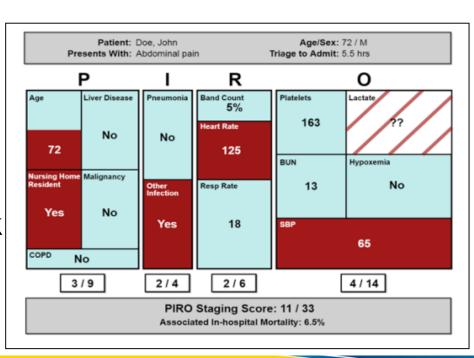
Answer the "Why?"

- Don't just predict, inform
- Reasoning/decision-making

Confidence is Key

- Represent confidence
- Optimize based on feedback

Schubel, L., Mosby, D. L., Blumenthal, J., Capan, M., Arnold, R., Kowalski, R., ... & Littlejohn, R. (2020). Informatics and interaction: Applying human factors principles to optimize the design of clinical decision support for sepsis. *Health Informatics Journal*, 26(1), 642-651.





Thank You

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