Relevance of Companion Animal Exposures to Human Cancer and Aging

Radon Exposures





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Speaker Disclosure

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FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE (Active):

Anivive Advisory board, speaker, honorarium

Boehringer Ingelheim Advisory board, honorarium, clinical trial

Elanco Consultant, speaker, advisory board, honorarium

Hill's Advisory board, honorarium

LifEngine Animal Health Consultant, own stock

NovaVive Clinical trial

QBiotics Consultant, speaker, advisory board, honorarium

VetDC Clinical trial

Verte Therapeutics Consultant, honorarium



What you can expect today...

- Background
 - Veterinary oncology market
 - Lung cancer in dogs/cats
- Radon data in dogs/cats
- Future opportunities



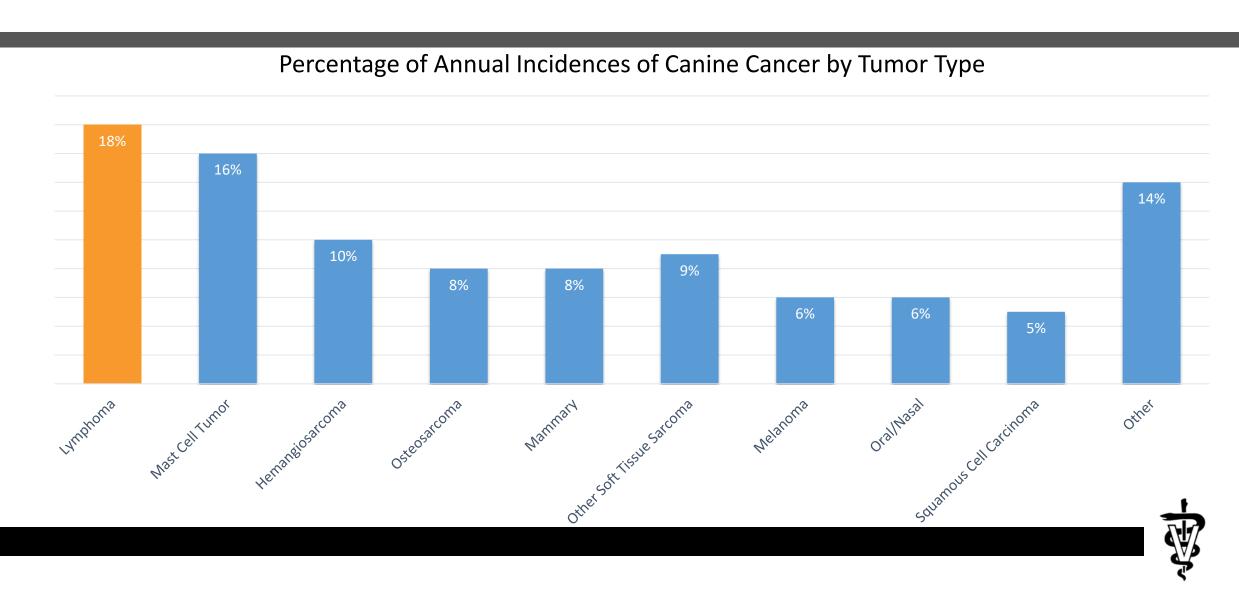




VETERINARY ONCOLOGY MARKET CURRENT STATUS



Canine Oncology: True incidence rates not well established



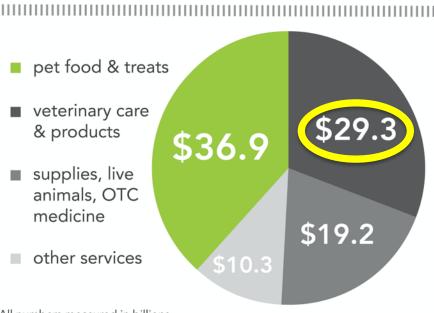
Veterinary oncology market growth follows trends in human market

Oncology Therapeutic Companies*

Year	Number
1997	0-1
2002	2
2007	3-4
2012	8-10
2021	~25-30

Actual size and potential of veterinary oncology market not well established





~3% of dogs/cats are insured

All numbers measured in billions.

Source: 2019-2020 National Pet Owners Survey, American Pet Products Association



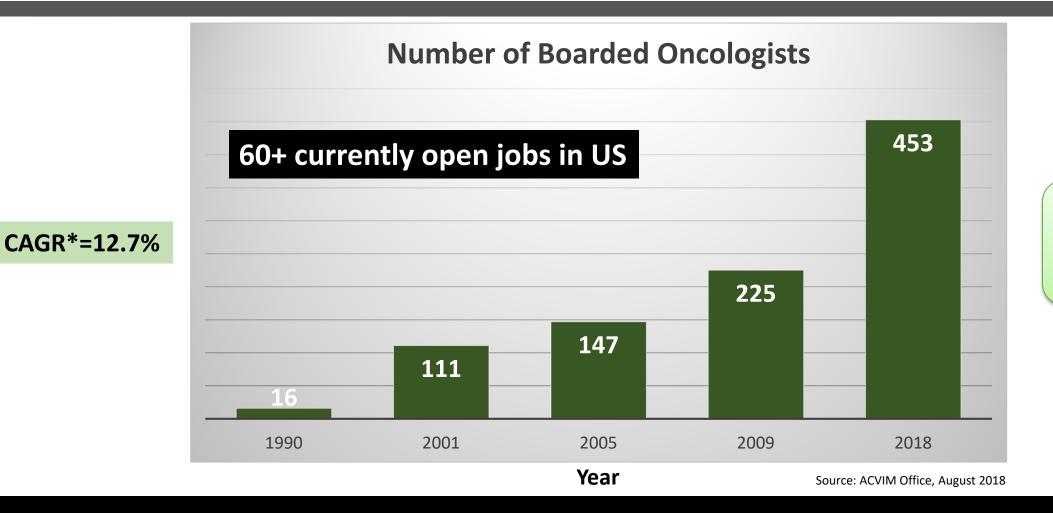
Canine Oncology Therapeutics

Commercially Available – US, Canada, EU (2021)

Trade Name	Compound Name	Company	Indication	Regulatory Status	Available?
N/A	Canine lymphoma vaccine, DNA	Merial/BI	B-cell lymphoma	USDA Conditional License (2015)	No
Immunocidin®	Mycobacterium cell wall fraction	NovaVive Mammary tumors		USDA Licensed	Yes (US, CA)
Laverdia™-CA1	Verdinexor	Anivive	Lymphoma	FDA Conditional Approval (2021)	Yes (US)
Masivet®	Masitinib	AB Science	Mast cell tumor	EMA Approved	Yes (EU)
Oncept®	Canine melanoma vaccine, DNA	Merial/BI	Melanoma	USDA Licensed (2010); EMA Approved	Yes (US, EU, CA)
Palladia [®]	Toceranib phosphate	Zoetis	Mast cell tumor	FDA Approved (2009); EMA Approved	Yes (US, EU, CA)
Stelfonta®	Tigilanol tiglate	QBiotics/ Virbac	Mast cell tumor	FDA Approved (2020); EMA Approved	Yes (US, EU)
Tanovea [®]	Rabacfosadine for injection	VetDC/ Elanco	Lymphoma	FDA Approved (2021)	Yes (US)



Oncology specialty experiencing exceptional growth



~80% in private practice

The corporatization of vet med...

- 28,000-32,000 veterinary practices (US)
- Corporately owned:

– Primary care: 10%

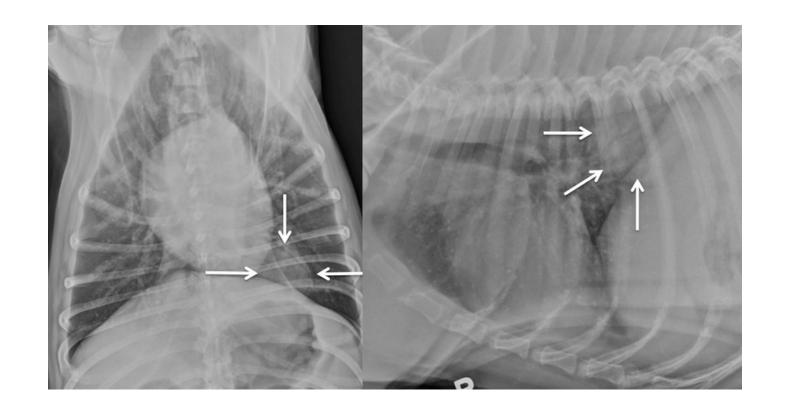
Referral/specialty: 50%

- Total: 20%



30 years in the making, the pace of corporate acquisition of practices has accelerated recently.





BACKGROUND



Primary pulmonary neoplasia (PPN) in dogs

Incidence rates (dogs)

85% bronchoalveolar in origin

- <1% at time of necropsy</p>
- 4.2/10,000 per year (US); 15/100,000 per year (UK)
- 8.8% in closed beagle colony

Population dynamics

- -11 years = avg age at dx
- Breeds overrepresented: Boxer, Doberman, Australian shepherd, Irish setter, BMD

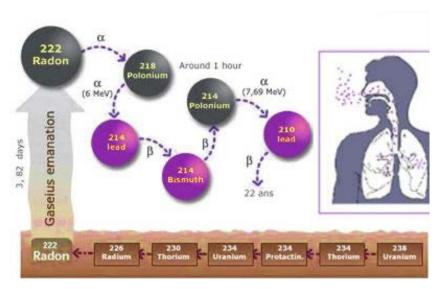
Environmental risk factors (potential)

- Urban living, second-hand tobacco exposure, polluted air
- Experimental radiation (plutonium) exposure research dogs

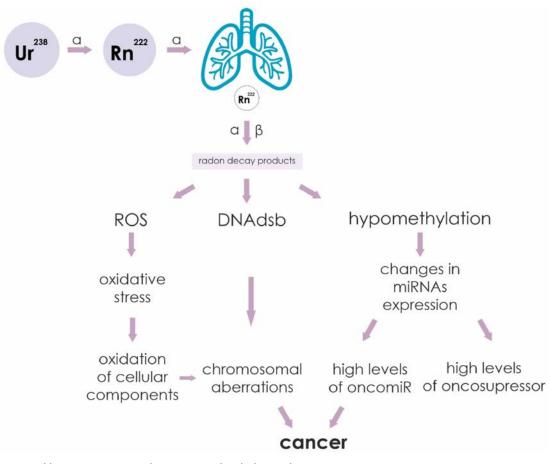




Radon – role in lung cancer development



https://theoarp.com/What-Is-Radon



https://www.mdpi.com/1422-0067/21/6/2154/htm



Radiation-related gene mutations in dogs

Evaluated p53, erbB-2, K-ras gene alterations in canine lung tumors

- 239PuO2 exposed beagles (n=80); spontaneous/non-exposed (n=37)
- 16/116 (14%) elevated nuclear accumulation of p53 protein
 - 94% of all tumors with p53 abnormalities = adenosquamous/squamous cell
- p53 and K-ras gene abnormalities are infrequent events

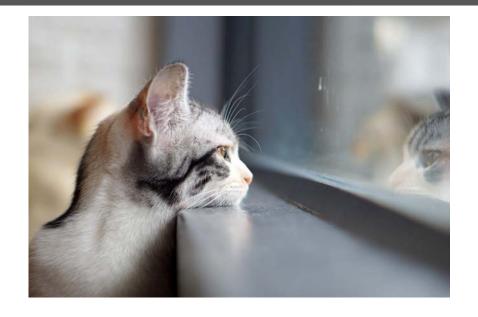


Tierney LA, et al. Radiat Res, 1996;145(2):181-7.



Advantages of dogs/cats in studying role of radon

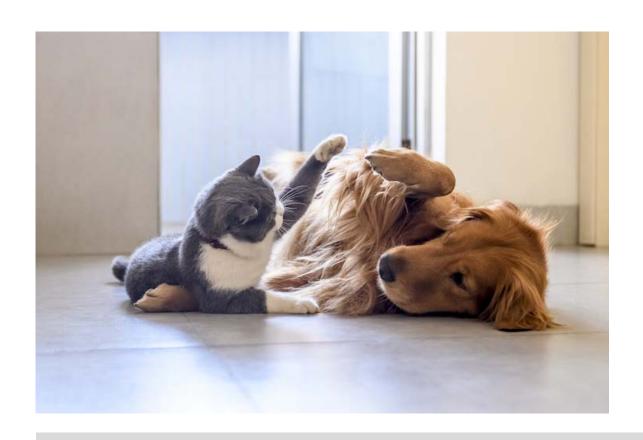
- Shorter lifespan
- Majority are primarily/solely indoors
 - Less mobile/same household for lifetime
 - Majority of day/time spent in house
- No occupational exposure



Is lifetime radon exposure in dogs/cats a predisposing factor to development of PPN?

Potential model for role of radon in human lung cancer development?





RADON DATA IN DOGS/CATS



Lung tumors more common in high radon zones?

DOI: 10.1111/jvim.15936

STANDARD ARTICLE





Ecological level analysis of primary lung tumors in dogs and cats and environmental radon activity

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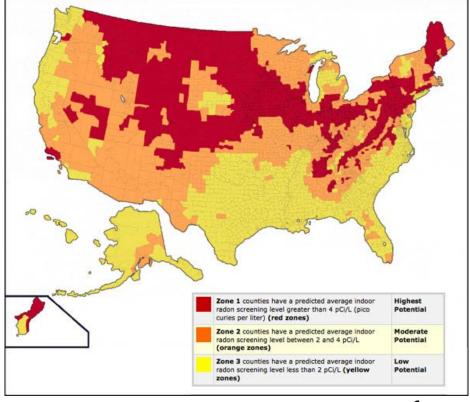


Data from 10 institutions (2010-2015)

Dogs (n=690)

		Cases per college per zone			
EPA radon zone	Veterinary college	ERL >4 pCi/L (zone 1)	ERL 2-4 pCi/L (zone 2)	ERL <2 pCi/L (zone 3)	
1	Colorado State University	186	11	5	
	Cornell University	62	18	2	
	Iowa State University	124	0	0	
	Purdue University	47	19	1	
2	North Carolina State University	1	7	29	
	University of Georgia	2	15	3	
3	Mississippi State University	2	18	25	
	Oklahoma State University	1	2	18	
	Oregon State University	0	3	24	
	University of Pennsylvania	32	21	12	

EPA Radon Geographic Zones



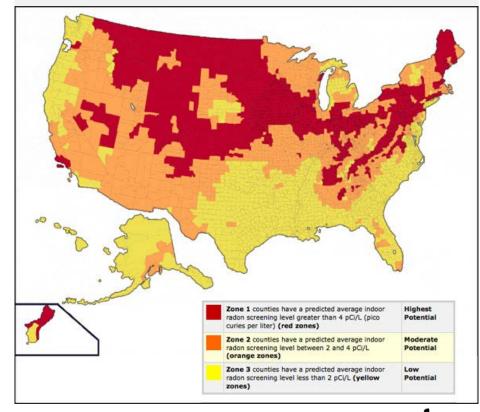


Data from 10 institutions (2010-2015)

Cats (n=205)

		Cases per college per zone		
EPA radon zone	Veterinary college	ERL >4 pCi/L (zone 1)	ERL 2-4 pCi/L (zone 2)	ERL <2 pCi/L (zone 3)
1	Colorado State University	42	1	0
	Cornell University	23	5	0
	Iowa State University	35	0	1
	Purdue University	14	5	0
2	North Carolina State University	2	11	6
	University of Georgia	0	3	1
3	Mississippi State University	0	3	6
	Oklahoma State University	1	0	7
	Oregon State University	0	1	8
	University of Pennsylvania	11	7	12

EPA Radon Geographic Zones



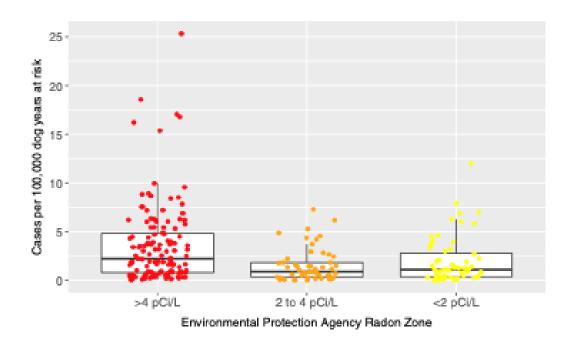


PPN diagnoses in dogs & cats

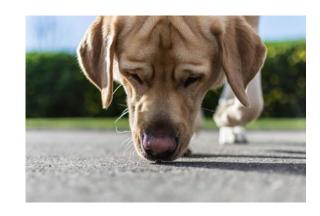
	DOG (n = 431)		CAT (n = 110)			
	Surgical biopsy	Cytology	Necropsy	Surgical biopsy	Cytology	Necropsy
Bronchoalveolar carcinoma	80 (18.6%)			18 (16.4%)		
	42	28	31	7	1	10
Bronchogenic carcinoma	16 (3.7%)			6 (5.5%)		
	1	15	1	0	6	0
Histiocytic sarcoma	50 (11.6%)			1 (0.9%)		
	16	29	14	0	1	0
Pulmonary adenocarcinoma	102 (23.7%)			26 (23.6%)		
	69	44	28	6	8	16
Pulmonary carcinoma	136 (31.6%)			51 (46.4%)		
	33	94	29	11	38	14
Squamous cell carcinoma	11 (2.6%)			5 (4.5%)		
	7	4	3	0	2	3
Other	36 (7.9%)			3 (2.7%)		
	11	13	16	0	2	1



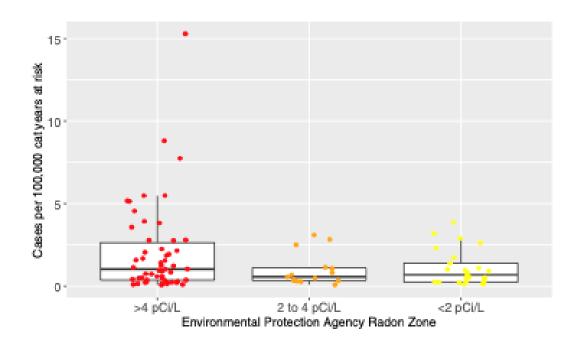
Radon zone and incidence of PPN in dogs (n=690)



	EPA designated radon zone (numerator)	EPA designated radon zone (denominator)	Rate ratio (95% confidence interval)
Definitive and suspect cases			
Dogs, all counties	1	2	2.49 (1.56-4.00)
	1	3	2.29 (1.46-3.59)
	2	3	0.92 (0.53-1.59)



Radon zone and incidence of PPN in cats (n=205)



	EPA designated radon zone (numerator)	EPA designated radon zone (denominator)	Rate ratio (95% confidence interval)
Definitive and suspect cases			
Cats, all counties	1	2	2.13 (0.95-4.79)
	1	3	1.81 (0.90-3.61)
	2	3	0.85 (0.33-2.15)





Summary/key findings...

 Incidence rate of PPN higher in regions with higher environmental radon levels for both dogs & cats



- Findings similar to several human studies
- Dog/cat data better able to capture entire lifetime radon exposure?
- Differences seen in cats:
 - True lower incidence vs fewer annual DVM visits
- Skewed patient population due to referral hospital data source





FUTURE OPPORTUNITIES



Achievable next steps?

- Improve data on canine/feline cancer incidence
- Similar ecological level evaluation of canine sinonasal tumors
- Radon exposure/tissue deposition analysis in dogs & cats
 - Biomarkers
- Observational cohort studies
 - Include dogs w/ human studies

Public/corporate partnering opportunities...



Questions?



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