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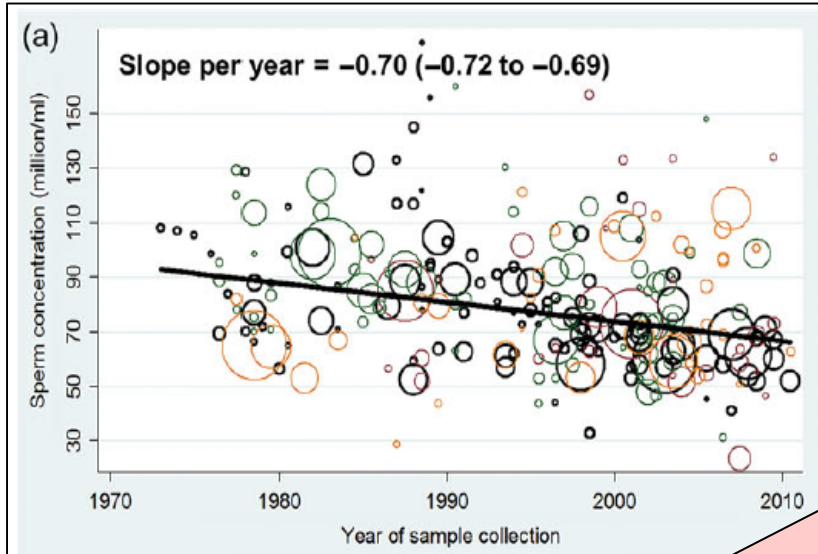
UK | CHINA | MALAYSIA

The household dog as a sentinel for chemical effects on male reproductive function

Richard Lea

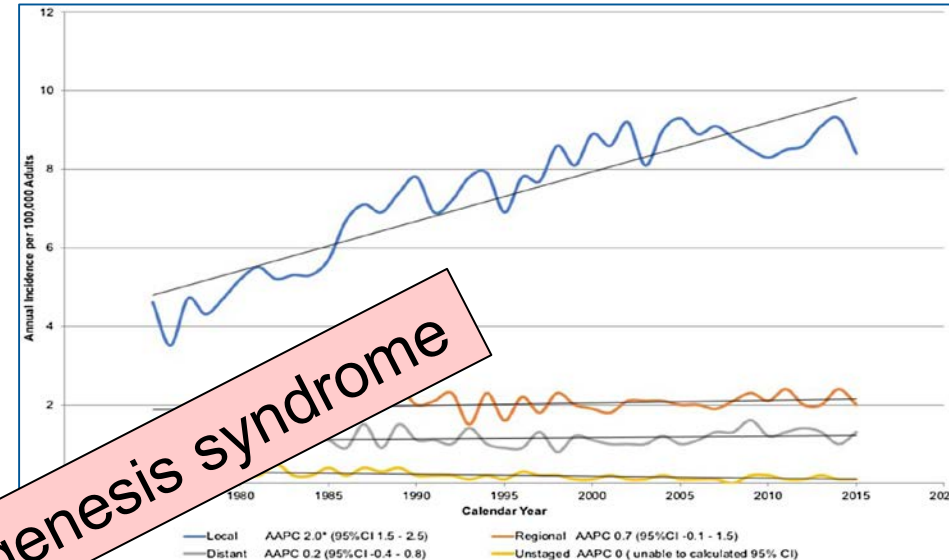
Temporal and regional influences on human male reproductive health: environmental?

Declining human sperm counts



Levine et al., 2017

Testicular Cancer USA: 1975-2015



Reese et al., et al., 2021

Testicular dysgenesis syndrome

Cryptorchidism

Human Reproduction, Vol.36, No.5, pp. 1383-1394, 2021
Advance Access Publication on March 17, 2021 doi:10.1093/humrep/deaa378

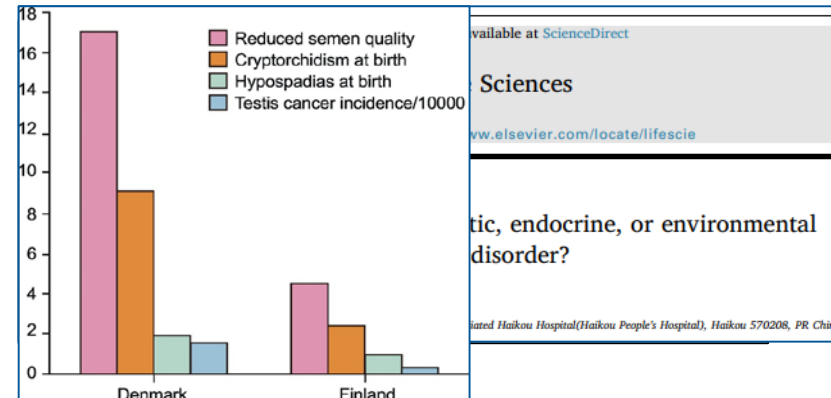
human reproduction ORIGINAL ARTICLE *Reproductive epidemiology*

Time and spatial trends of operated cryptorchidism in France and environmental hypotheses: a nationwide study from 2002 to 2014

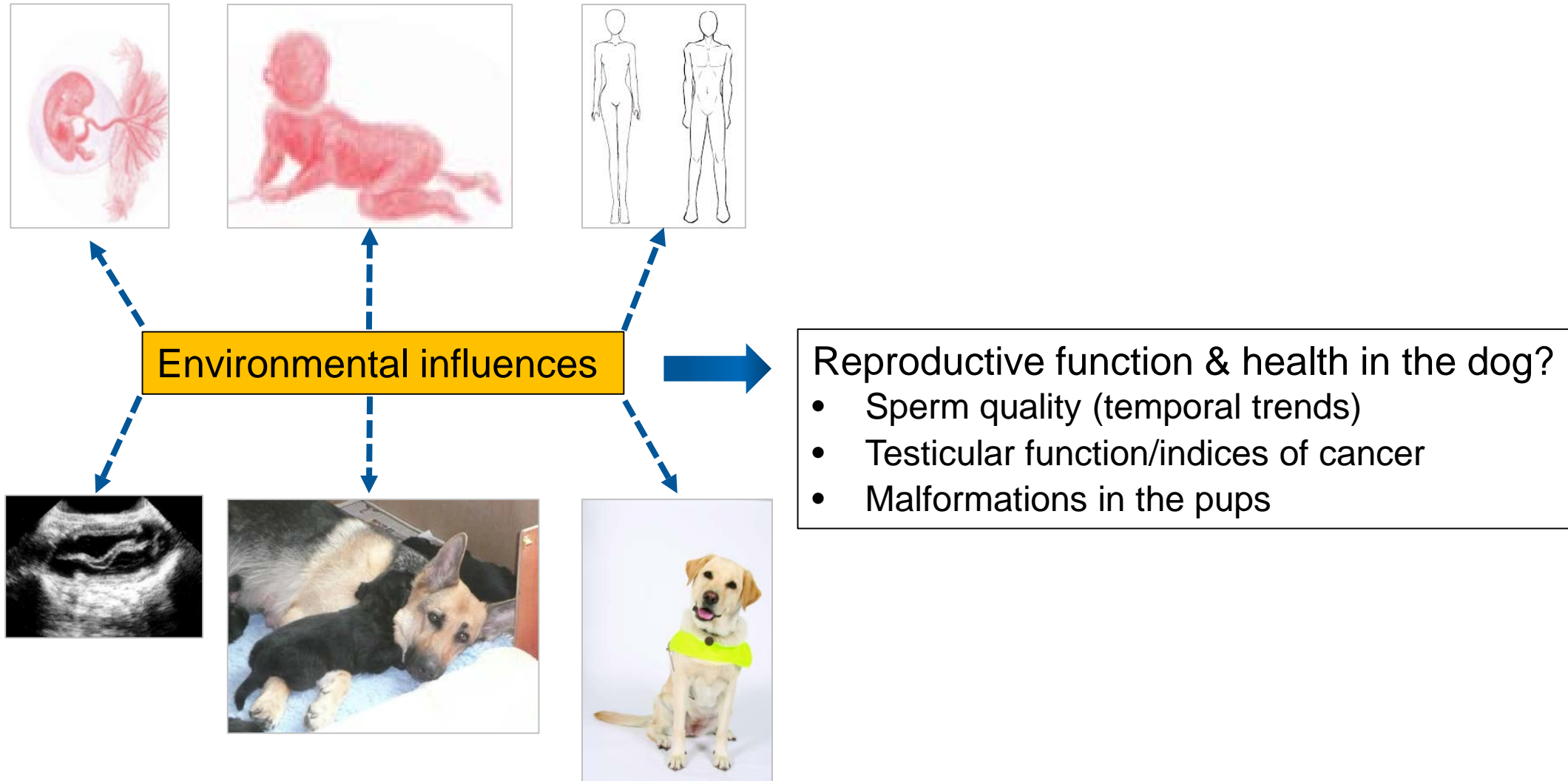
J. Le Moal^{1,*†}, S. Gorla^{1,†}, A. Guillet¹, A. Rigou², and J. Chesneau¹

¹DATA Science Department, Santé publique France, Saint Maurice 94415, France ²Non-Transmissible Diseases and Injury Department, Santé publique France, Saint Maurice 94415, France

Hypospadias



Testicular dysgenesis syndrome in the dog?



Investigating fertility in a population of stud dogs



5 breeds (n=232)

1,925 ejaculates

Routine reproductive examinations
(1988 to 2014)

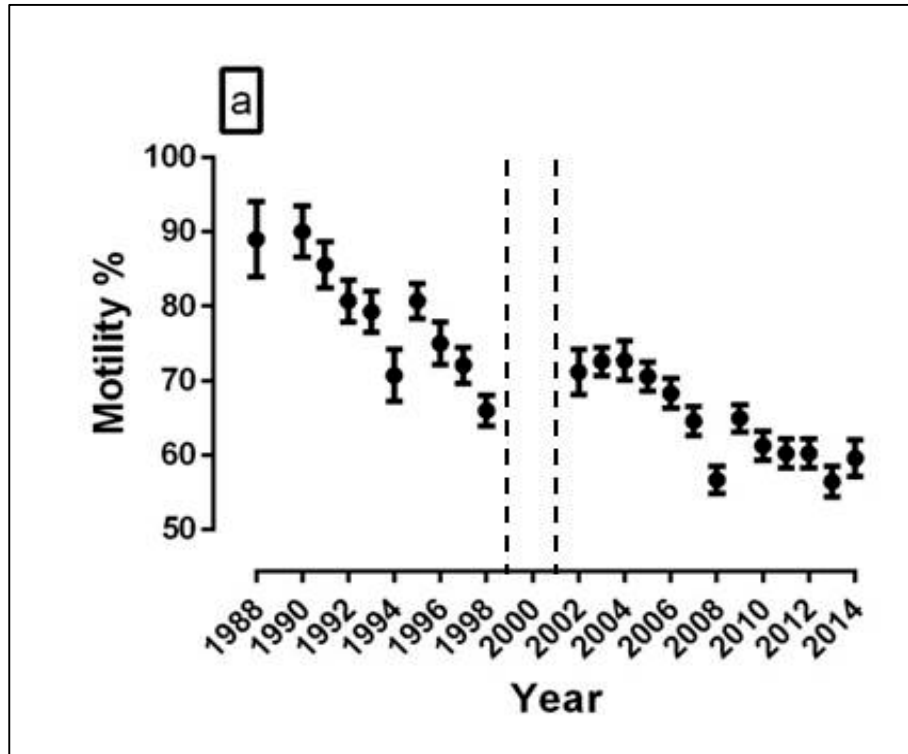
Sperm quality measurements

- % normal motility
- % morphologically normal
- Total sperm output

- Consistent WHO methodology
- Consistent collection by 1 of 3 technical staff
 - All trained by 1 experienced andrologist

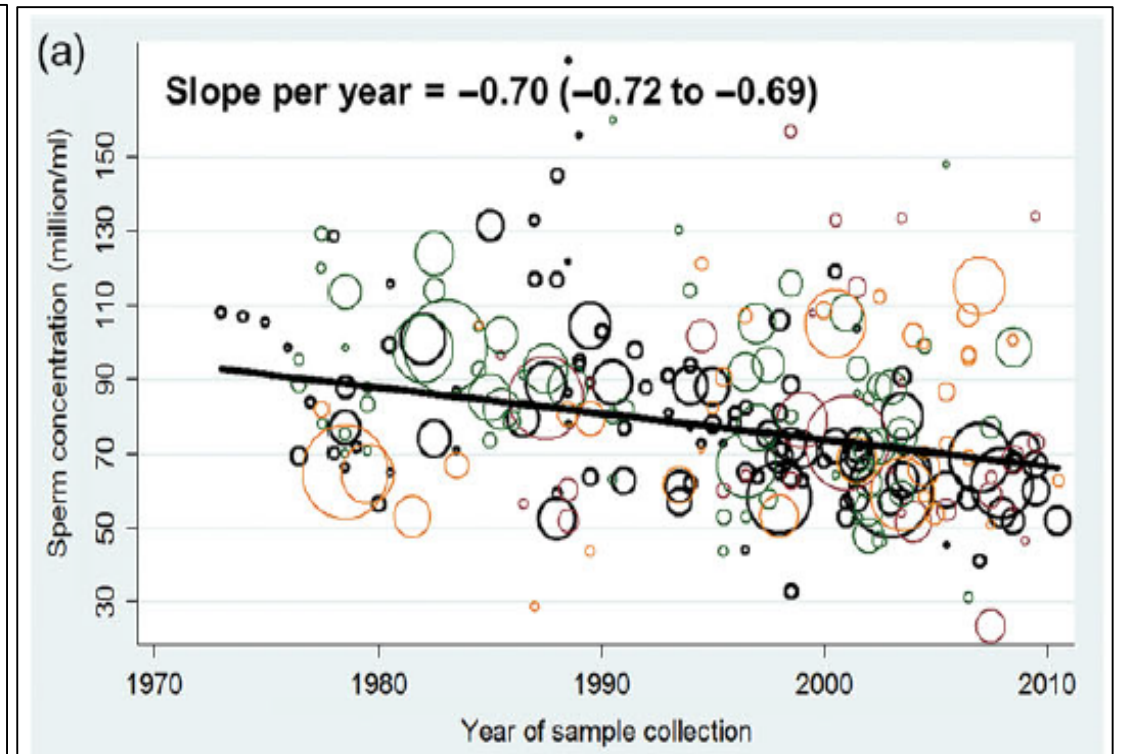
Temporal trends in dog semen quality

Canine semen motility



Consistent methodology
Same laboratory
Three technical staff

Human sperm counts

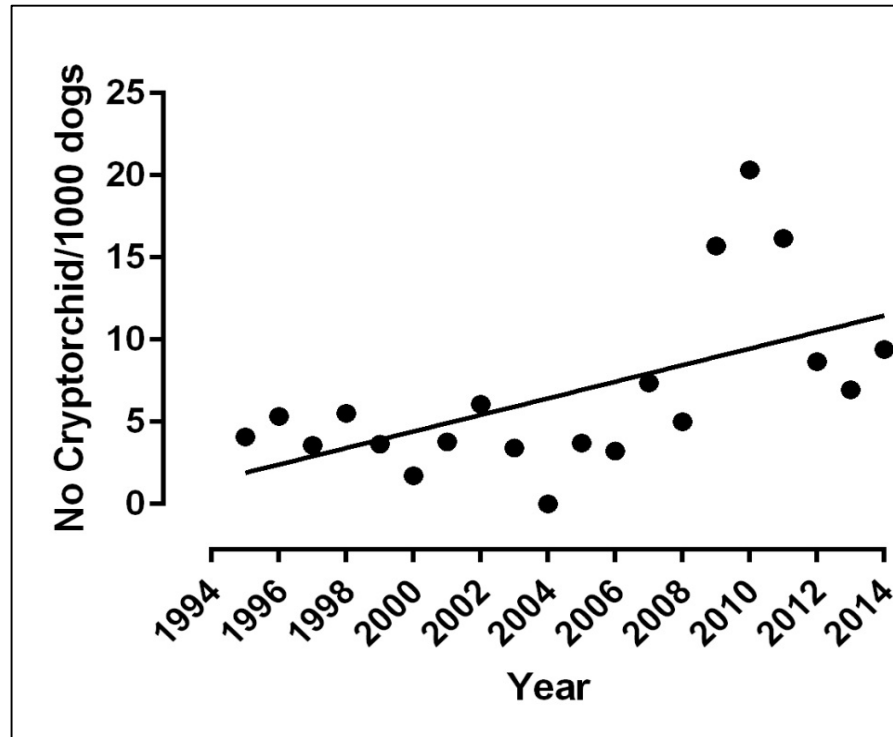


Controversial:
Methods, training,
Quality assurance...

Levine et al., 2017

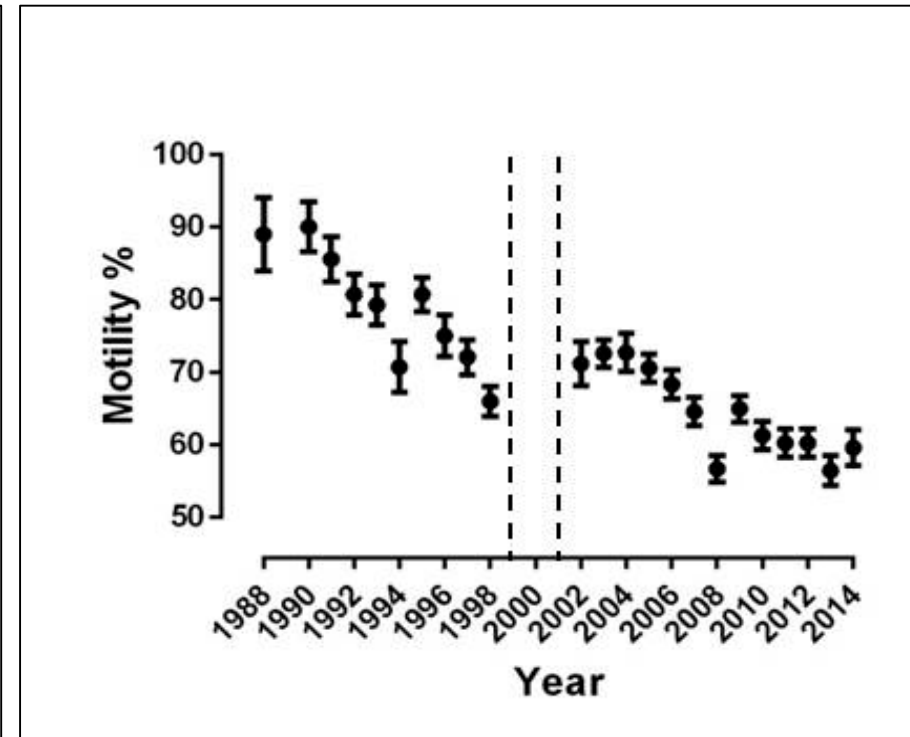
Cryptorchidism in the pups (same population)

Cryptorchidism



males/year: 651.25 ± 14.79

Sperm motility



SCIENTIFIC REPORTS

OPEN Environmental chemicals impact dog semen quality in vitro and may be associated with a temporal decline in sperm motility and increased cryptorchidism

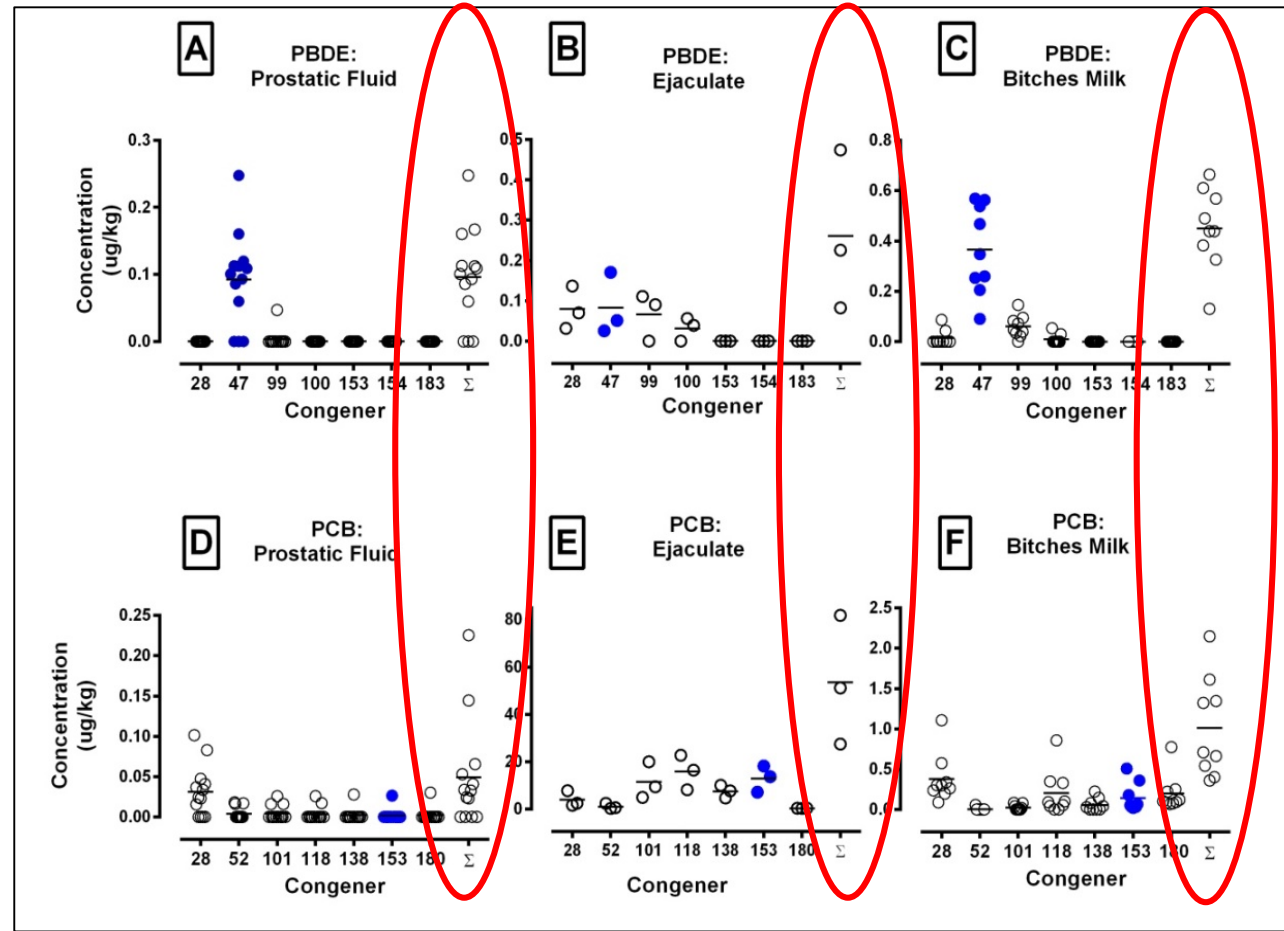
Received: 28 January 2016
Accepted: 15 July 2016
Published: 09 August 2016

Richard G. Lea^{1,2}, Andrew S. Byers¹, Rebecca N. Sumner¹, Stewart M. Rhind^{1,3}, Zulin Zhang¹, Sarah L. Freeman¹, Rachel Moxon¹, Holly M. Richardson¹, Martin Green¹, Jim Craigon¹ & Gary C. W. England¹

Chemical toxins in dog ejaculate and milk

PBDE congeners
Flame retardants

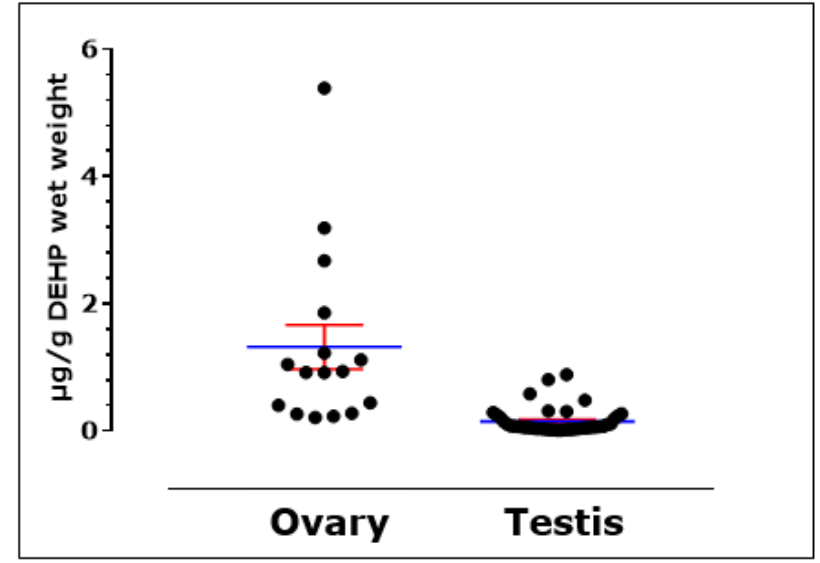
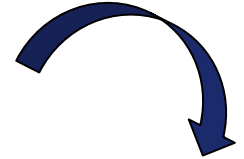
PCB congeners
Industrial coolants,
Plasticisers...



Chemical toxins in dog gonads

	Ovary	Testis	Comparison
ΣPCB congeners <i>Industrial coolants</i>	2.53±0.1µg/kg	0.334±0.009µg/kg	Ovary 7.5x > than testis
ΣPBDE congeners <i>Flame retardants</i>	0.431±0.04µg/kg	0.440±0.008µg/kg	Ovary = testis
DEHP <i>Plasticisers</i>	1.318±0.08µg/g	0.149±0.005µg/g	Ovary 8.85x >than testis.

Van der Mescht et al., in preparation



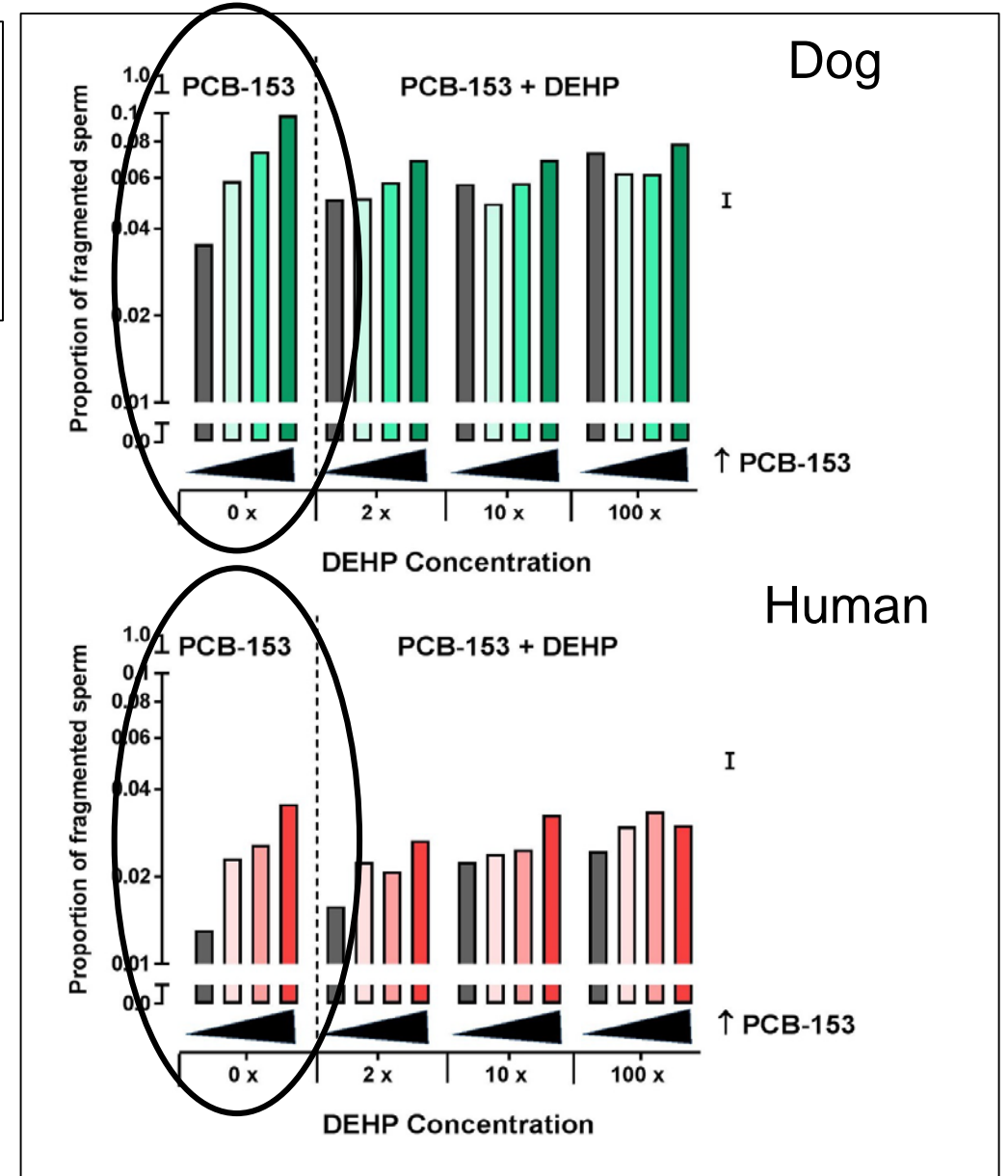
Chemical effects on dog and human sperm: causality?

Chemicals:
Industrial: polychlorinated biphenyl congener
Plasticiser: phthalate

Parameter: DNA fragmentation

		DEHP			
		0 x	2 x	10 x	100 x
PCB-153	0 x	•	•	•	•
	2 x	•	•	•	•
	10 x	•	•	•	•
	100 x	•	•	•	•

Note: Chemical concentrations relevant to detected levels in dog testis: 2x, 10x, 100x testis concentration



SCIENTIFIC REPORTS

OPEN

Independent and combined effects of diethylhexyl phthalate and polychlorinated biphenyl 153 on sperm quality in the human and dog

Rebecca N. Sumner^{1,2}, Mathew Tomlinson¹, Jim Craigon¹, Gary C.W. England¹ & Richard G. Lea^{1,3}

Received: 4 October 2018
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Published online: 04 March 2019

Testicular cancer in humans and dogs: causality?

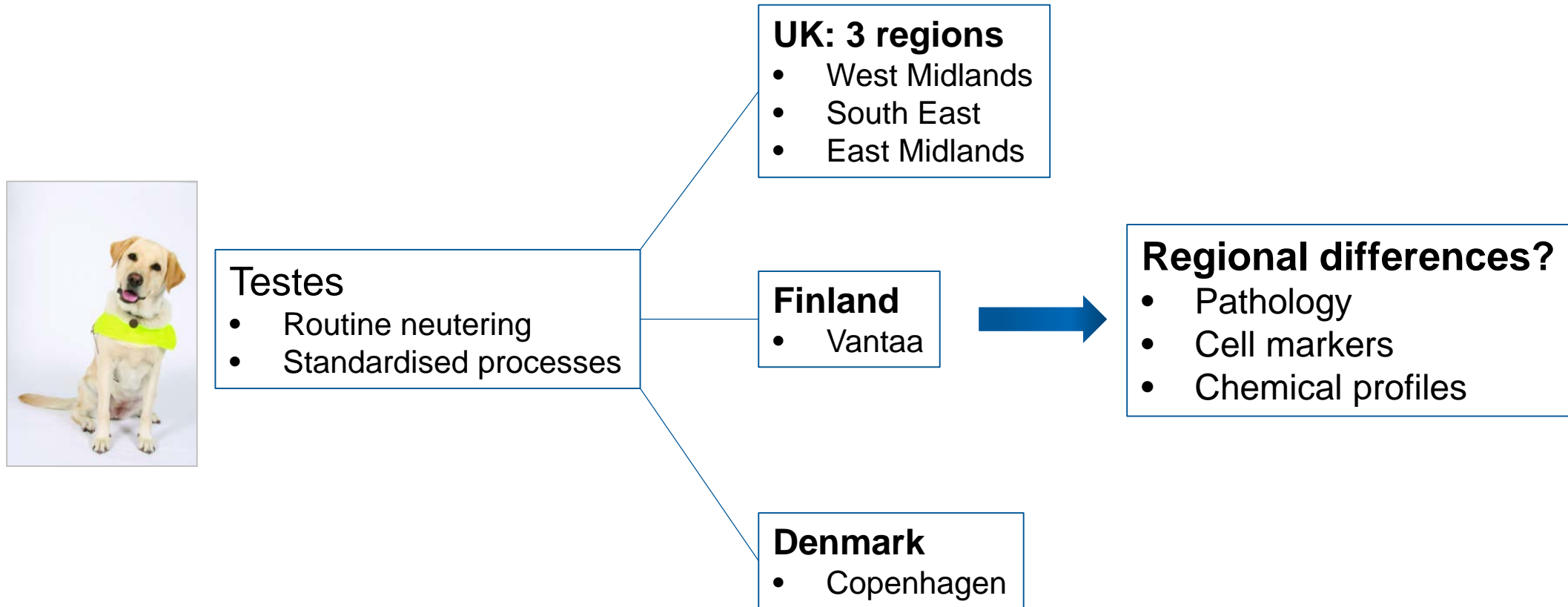
Human:

- Temporal changes & regional differences established
- Evidence base suggests environmental
- **But** exposure and effect not demonstrated

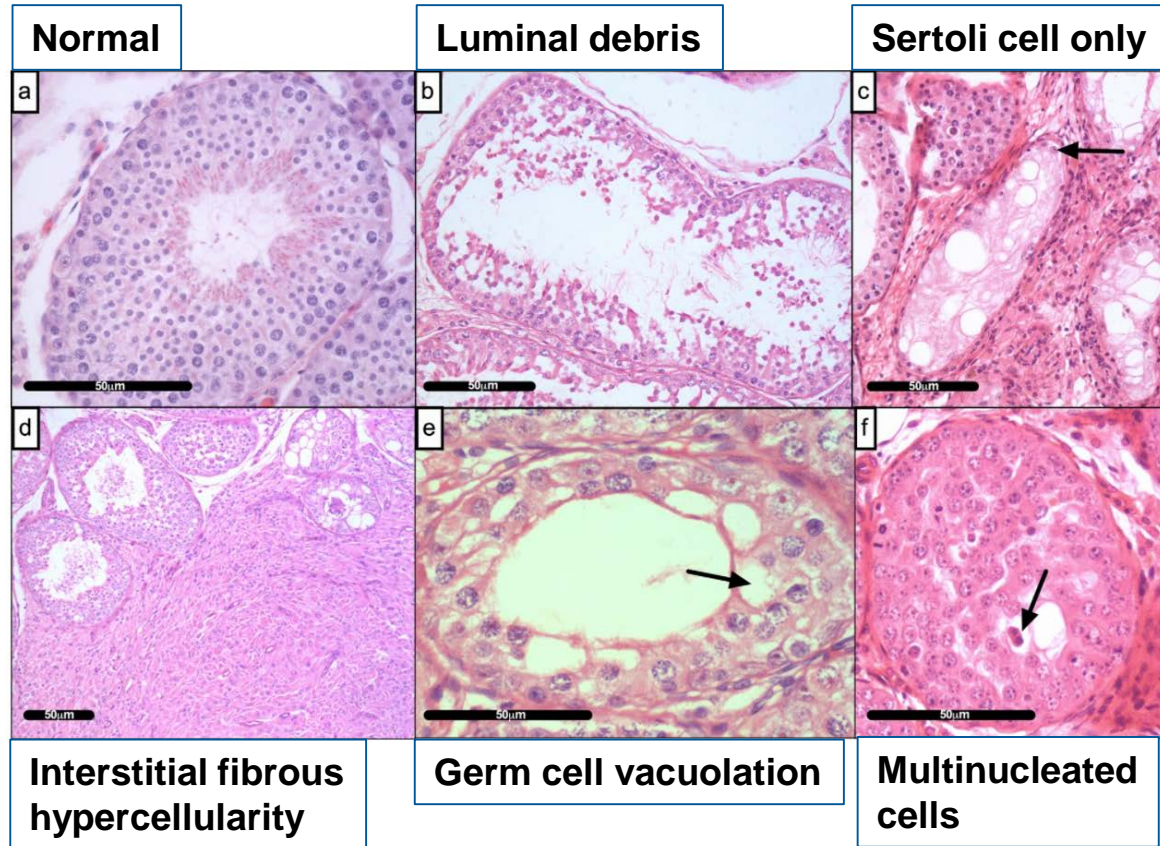
Dog:

- Few studies since many dogs neutered
- Increased from 16% (1962) to 27% (2007)
 - *Greco et al., J Comp Pathol., 2008*
- Precursors of cancer cells (GCNIS) cells detected in testis
 - *Greco et al., Theriogenology, 2008*

Chemical profiles and pathologies in dog testes: influence of geographical location.



Dog testis pathology evaluation



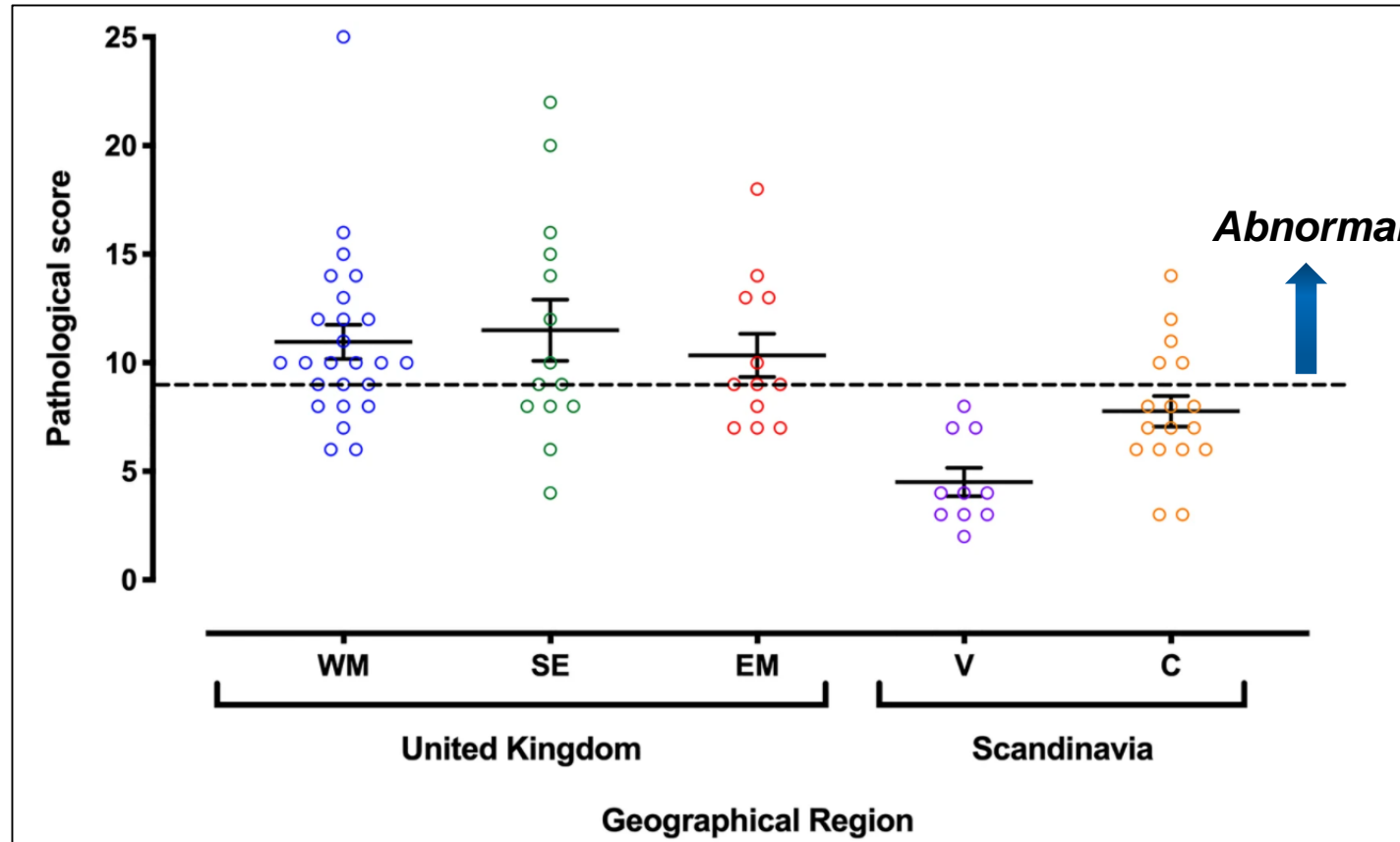
Testicular histopathology parameters

- Sub-gross appearance
- Tubule atrophy and/or degeneration
- Cell changes: Sertoli and germ
- Interstitial area

Scored on a 5 point scale

- 0 = 0%
- 1 = 1-25%
- 2 = 26-50%
- 3 = 51-75%
- 4 = 76-100%

Regional differences in histopathology score

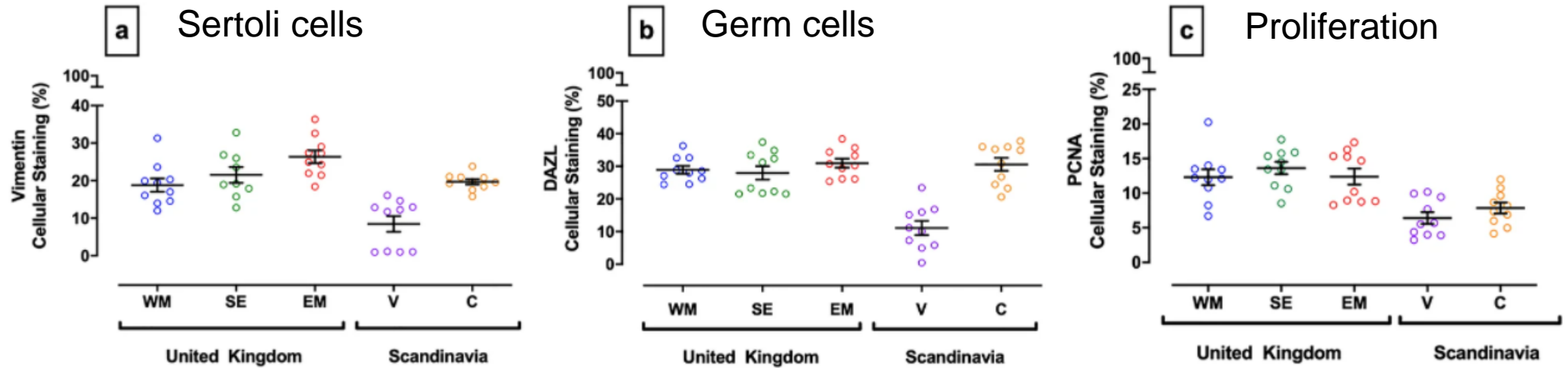


Baseline histopathology (Normal)

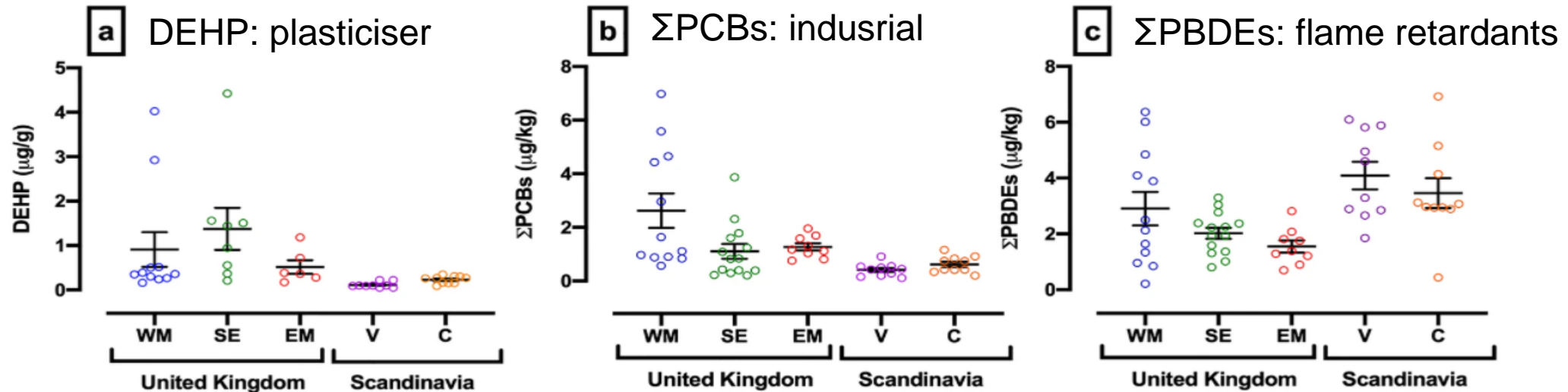
Abnormal

Testis cell types and chemical pollutants

Testis cells



Testis chemicals



Concluding statements

Causality between exposure and effect (TDS: dog vs human)

- Temporal changes
- Geographical variation
- Chemical *in vitro* effects on dog and human sperm similar

Potential data and sample sources

- Reproductive history: dog breeding centres, **GRLS?**
- **Diet linkages**
- Testicular pathology & reproductive health
- Monitoring chemical exposures, milk, semen, gonads, **silicone tags?**
- Laboratory: *in vitro* culture of Sertoli & interstitial cells



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- *David Gardner*

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- *Zulin Zhang*

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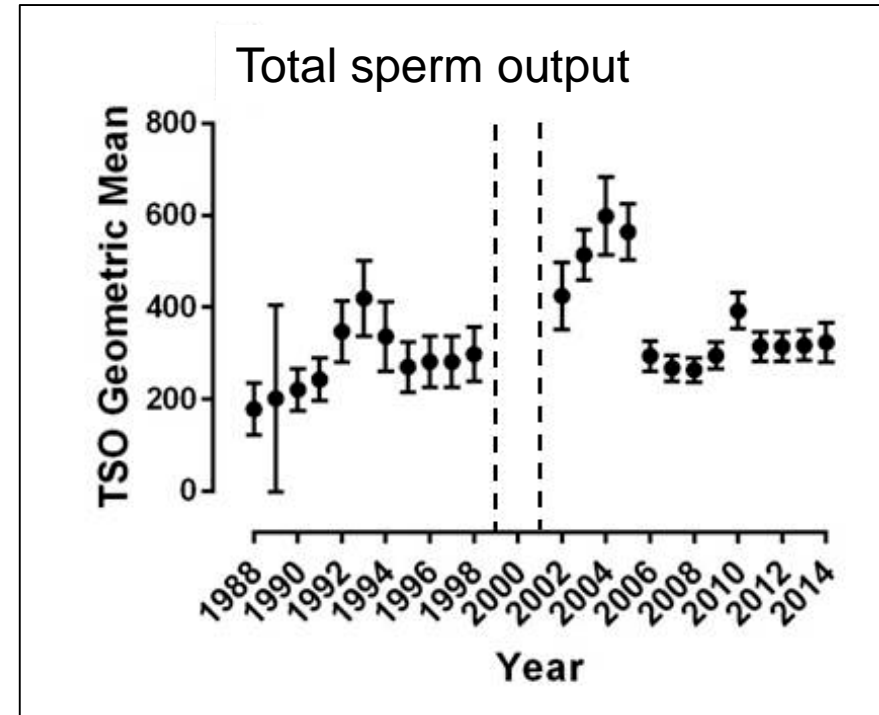
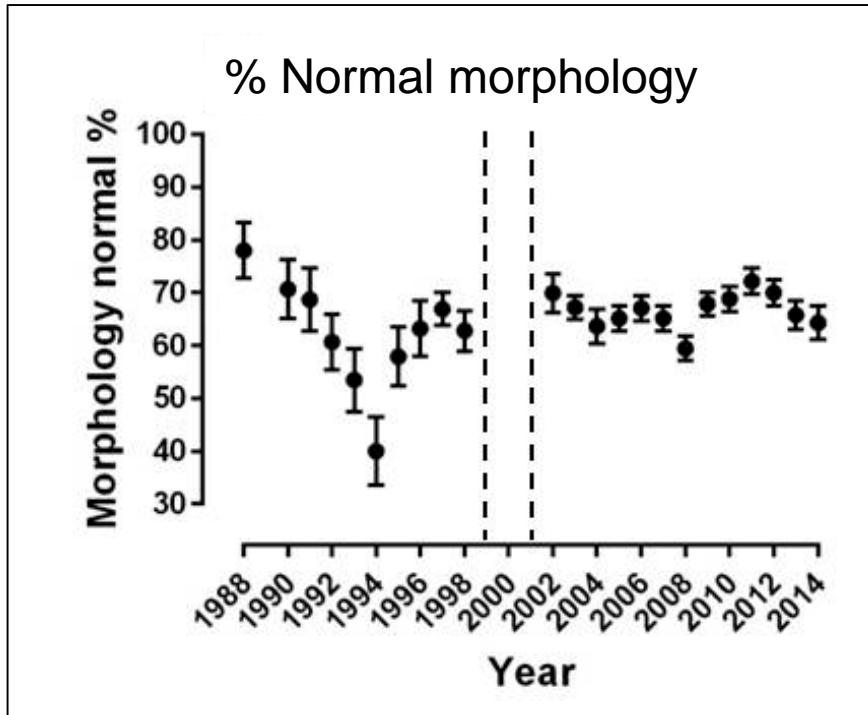
University of Helsinki

- *Lena Lindh*

Support dog breeding centre

- *Rachel Moxon*
- *Natasha White*

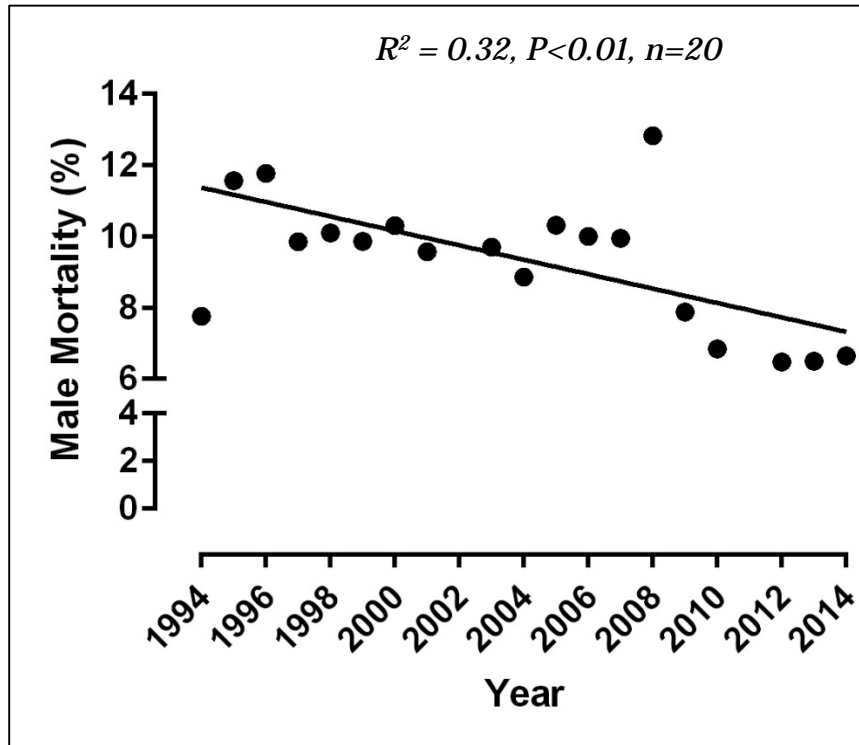
Further temporal trends in canine sperm: 1988-2014



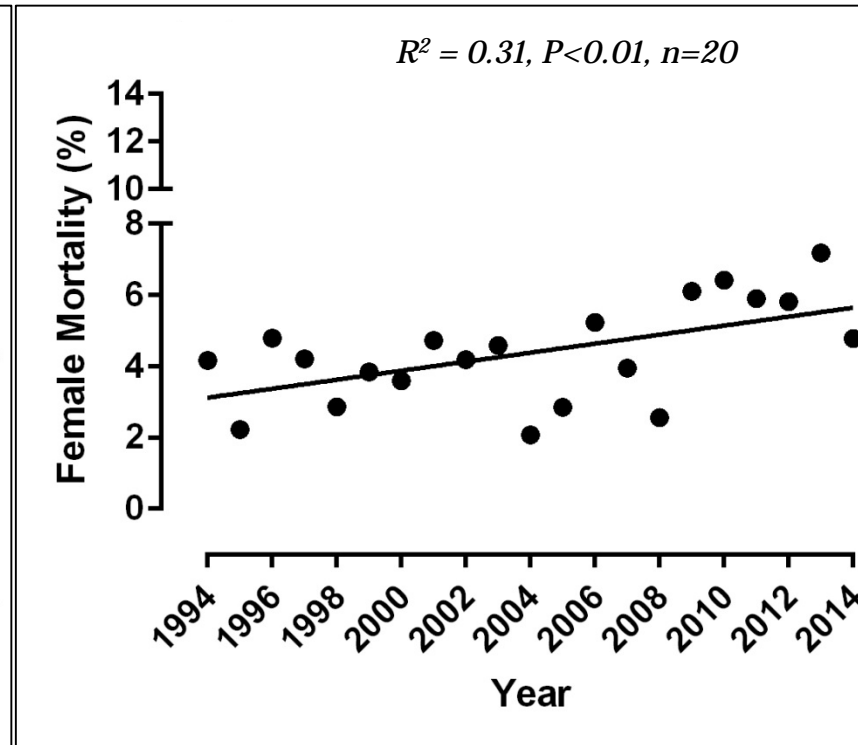
**Selection bias for fertility?
Sertoli cell numbers?**

Stillbirths & Pup mortality

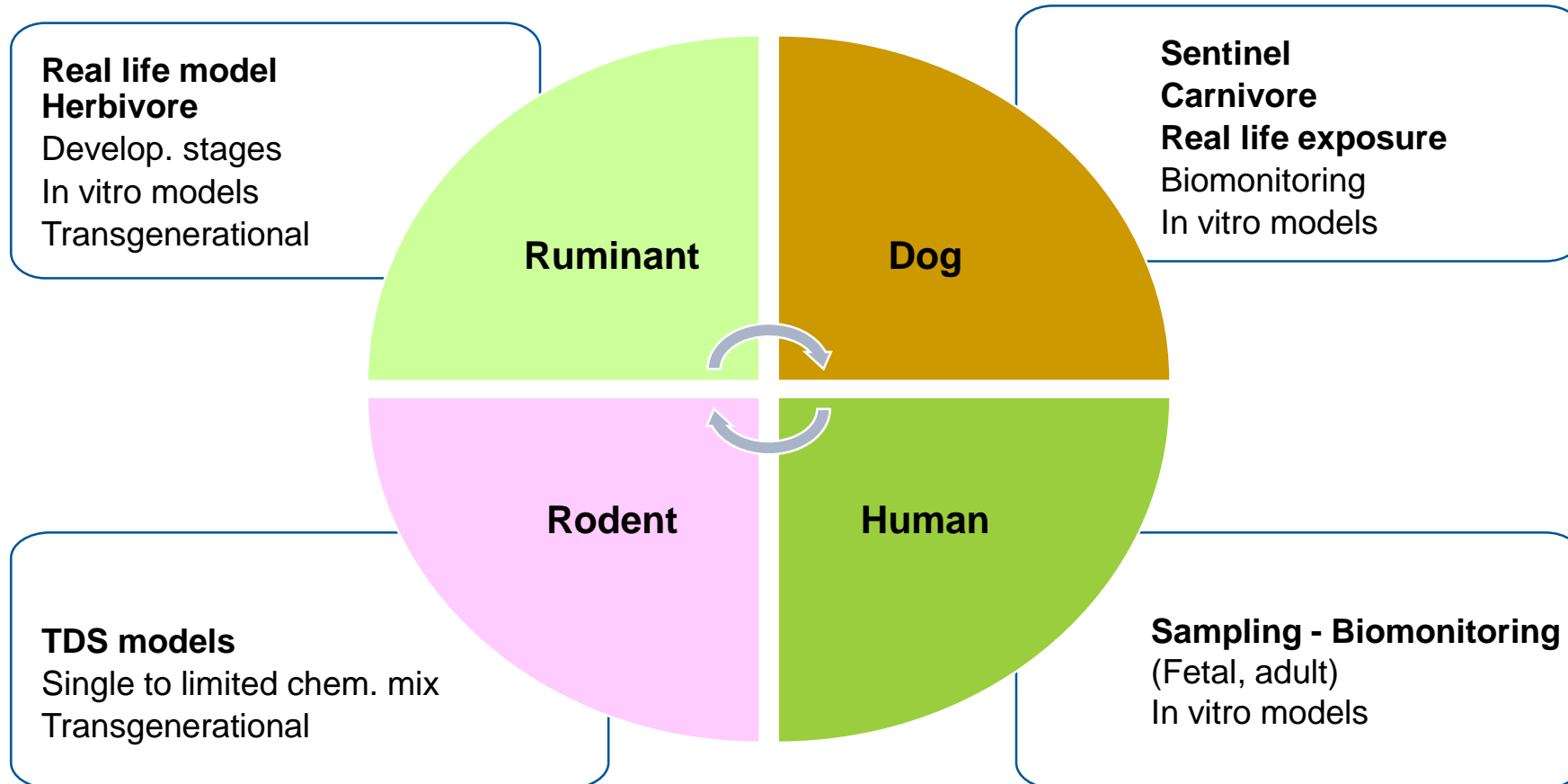
Male mortality



Female mortality



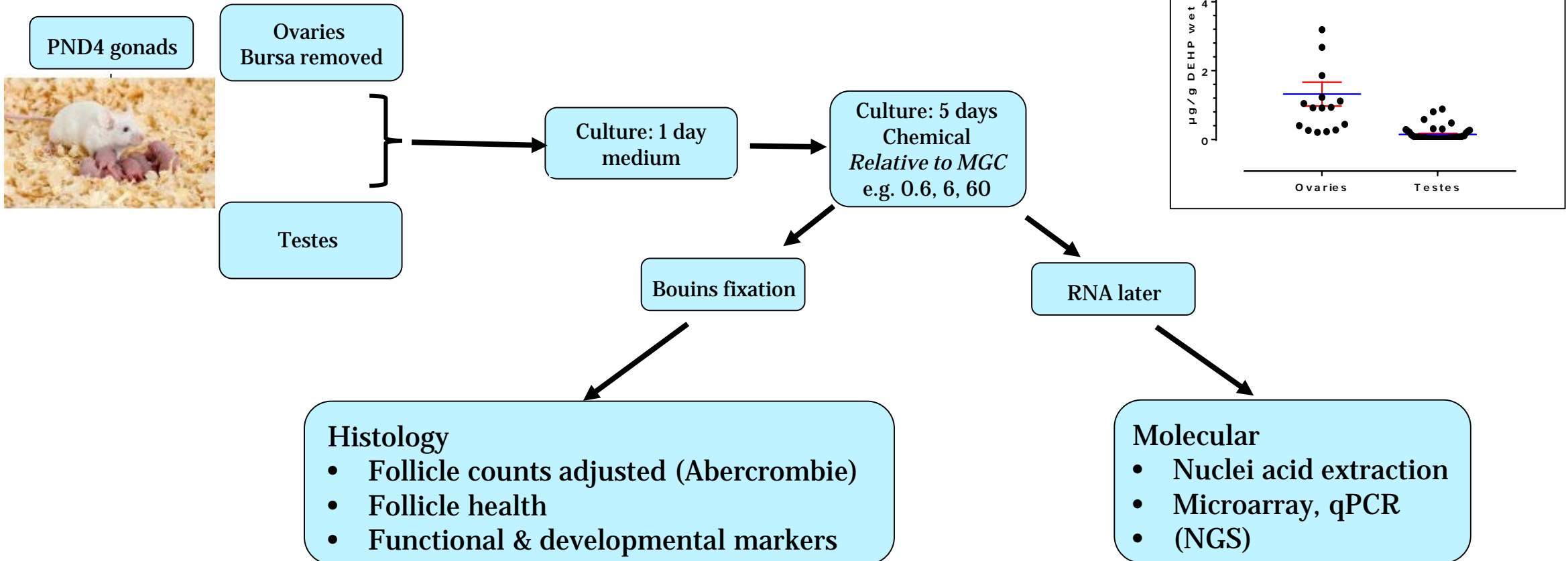
Animal models & sentinels: the global picture!



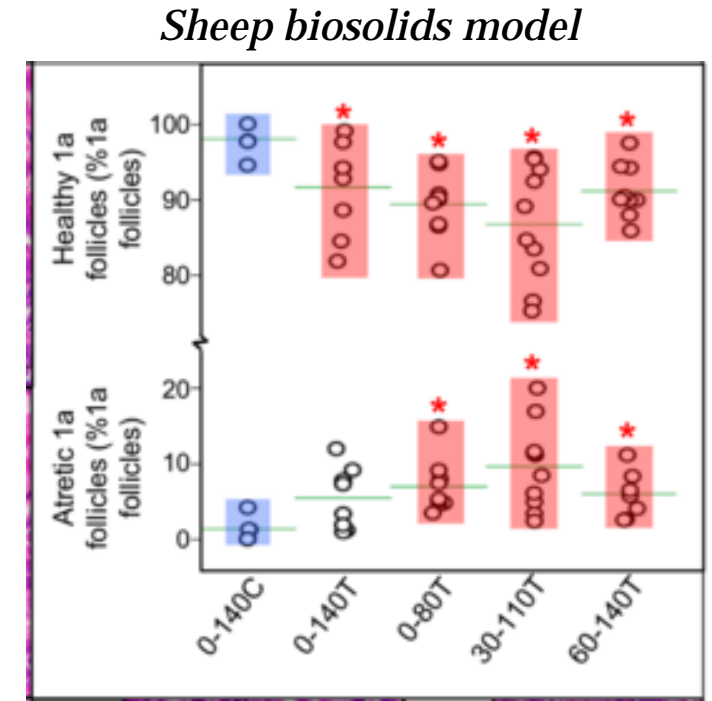
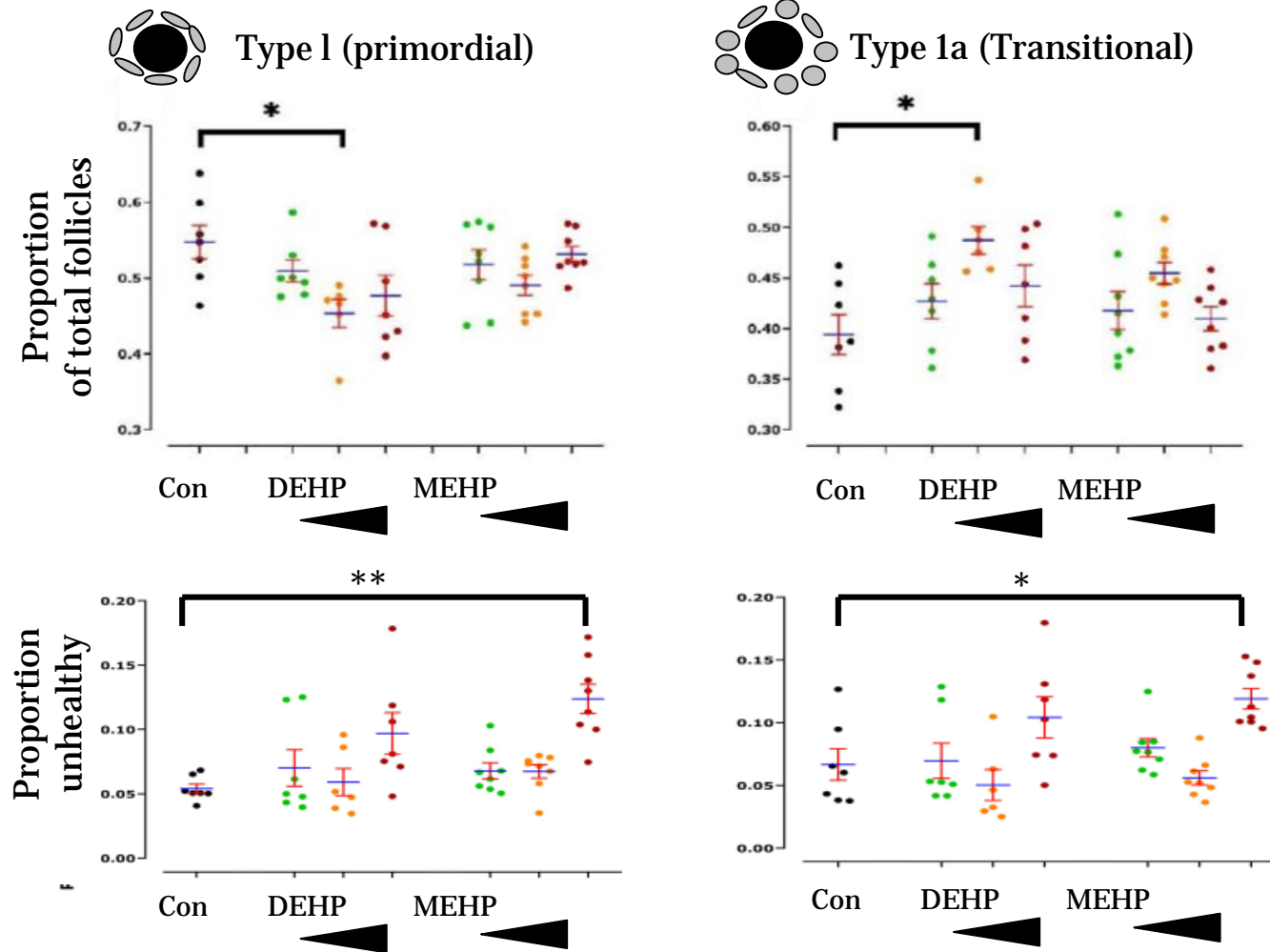
Chemical effects on neonatal mouse ovaries in vitro

Phthalates: DEHP vs MEHP
Polybrominated diphenyl ethers: PBDEs

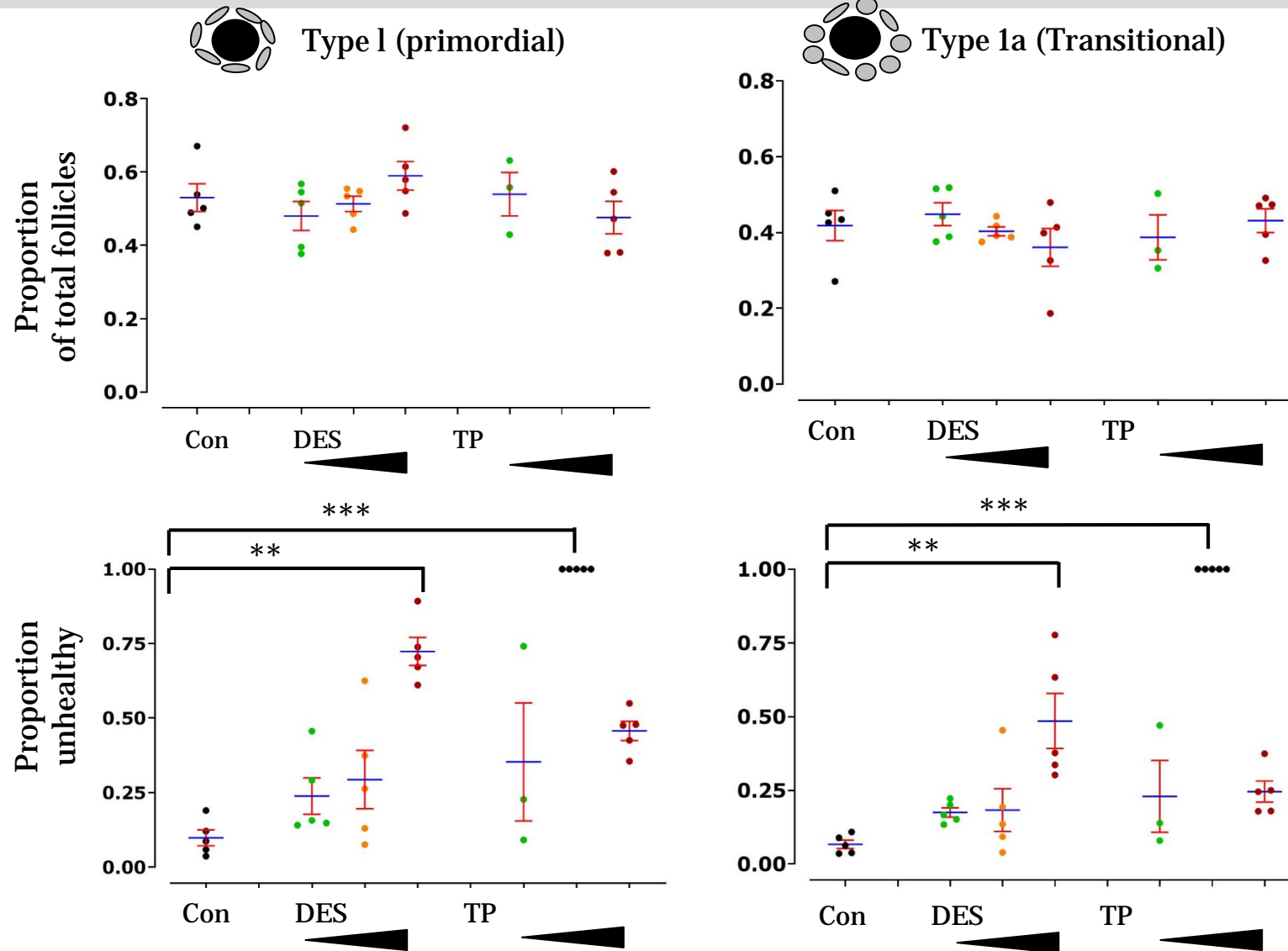
**Exposure based on dog
Mean Gonad Conc. MGC**



Phthalate exposure adversely affects early stage follicles



Oestrogenic vs androgenic



Van der Mescht et al., in preparation