Ethical Considerations of Using Animals as Sentinels: Research Subject Protections, Citizen Science Issues, and Shared Health



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What Kind of Ethics?

- Embedded Ethics
- Everyday Ethics
- Microethics
- Not:
 - The ethics police
 - Compliance issues
 - Regulatory check lists











The Social Context of Pets as Research Subjects

- Relationships with individual animals have always been part of human culture
- Companion animals' moral status has changed
 - Animals are considered a "special type of property"
 - Structural social changes left a void
 - Pets are defined by kinship relationships
 - Veterinary medicine changed accordingly

Companion animals have a special moral status because people have complex and paradoxical relationships with animals

Working partners?

Family members?



Powerless victims?

Selected Ethical Issues in Research Subject Protection

- Informed Consent is a misnomer
- Using pets in research exposes (can exploit?) a gap in regulatory protection
- Compensation/Payment can be coercive when pets are the subject





Informed Consent protects pet owners, not animal subjects

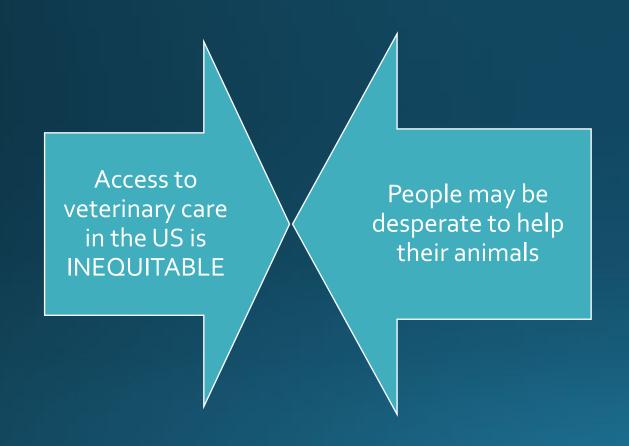
• Informed consent exists to protect the bodily autonomy of human subjects, whereas "veterinary informed consent is designed to allow the owner to make autonomous choices which protect the value of their animal (whether economic, emotional, etc.) to themselves" (Ashall et. al. 2018).

Using pets in research exposes (can exploit?) a gap in regulatory protection

- Consider a research ethics consult when designing studies
 - Preferably with an ethicist who has experience in pets as research subjects
- Seek out a Veterinary Clinical Trial Ethical Review Committee, in addition to an IACUC



Compensation/Payment can be coercive when pets are the research subject







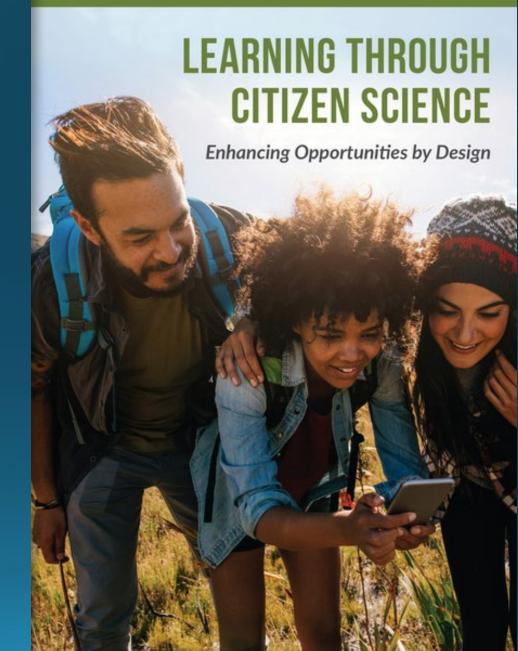
The Promise Of Citizen Science

- Collect data that would otherwise be unattainable
- Engage the public in science and build trust
- Directly increase scientific literacy
- Create results that work to fix community problems
- Democratization of science

- Incorporate the values of scientific reciprocity and investigator reflexivity
- Diversifying participants to improve data quality
- Create defined learning objectives and build in training for scientific literacy
- More "extreme" projects to enhance democratization of science

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CONSENSUS STUDY REPORT



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