

# Impact of SARS-CoV-2 on the Pediatric Population November 30, 2021 NASEM Roundtable

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# Communicating the Impact of COVID-19 on Pediatric and Young Adult Patients

- Initial reporting from China and West Coast of US suggested children largely spared from severe disease
- Initial reports from China
  - Initially < 2% of overall COVID infections, later revised to 12%
- Emergence in US on West Coast (CA, Washington state)
  - Essentially same experience as China
  - Very few hospital admissions and only handful of critically ill children
- Experience in Europe and East Coast of US (Washington DC, New York, Philadelphia, Boston) markedly different
  - Significant number of infections, hospitalizations, critically ill, MIS-C



# Children and COVID: AAP/CHA data as of November 18, 2021

- Cases
  - 6.8 million cumulative child COVID-19 cases reported
  - Children represent 16.9% of all cases cumulatively
  - Children represent 25.1% of all cases in the prior 2 weeks
  - For 15<sup>th</sup> week in a row >100,000 cases/week



- Hospitalizations:
  - Children still represent only up to 4.0 % of all COVID hospitalizations
  - 0.1-1.9% of pediatric cases resulted in hospitalization
- Deaths
  - <0.25% of COVID deaths are in children</p>
  - <0.05% of COVID cases in children result in death</p>





# Children's National COVID-19 and MIS-C: March 15, 2020- November 28, 2021

# **COVID 19 Disease**

- Cumulative 4403 COVID+ symptomatic patients
- Cumulative 823 COVID+ patients hospitalized
  - During peak surges, up to 12 new hospitalizations per day
  - o **264** (32%) critical care (234 PICU, 30 NICU)
  - 559 (68%) acute care

# **Multisystem Inflammatory Disease of Children (MIS-C)**

- Cumulative 203
  - 2/3 critical care





# Children's National an Early Leader in Highlighting Symptomatic and Severe COVID in Children

May 12, 2020 - First Wave of 177 patients

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**BRIEF REPORTS** 

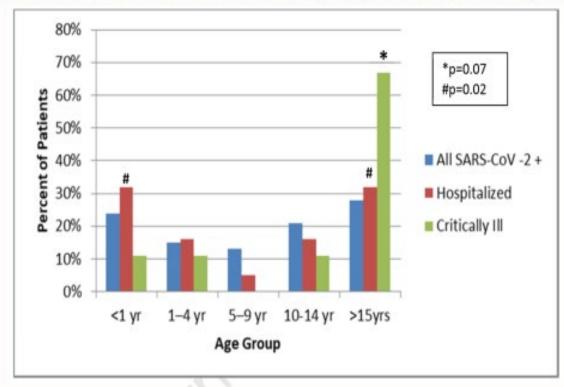


### Severe Coronavirus Disease-2019 in Children and Young Adults in the Washington, DC, Metropolitan Region

Roberta L. DeBiasi, MD, MS<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Xiaoyan Song, MBBS, PhD<sup>2,4</sup>, Meghan Delaney, MD<sup>2,5</sup>, Michael Bell, MD<sup>2,6</sup>, Karen Smith, MD<sup>2,7</sup>, Jay Pershad, MD<sup>2,8</sup>, Emily Ansusinha, MA<sup>1</sup>, Andrea Hahn, MD, MS<sup>1,2</sup>, Rana Hamdy, MD, MPH<sup>1,2</sup>, Nada Harik, MD<sup>1,2</sup>, Benjamin Hanisch, MD<sup>1,2</sup>, Barbara Jantausch, MD<sup>1,2</sup>, Adeline Koay, MBBS<sup>1,2</sup>, Robin Steinhorn, MD<sup>2,9</sup>, Kurt Newman, MD<sup>2,10</sup>, and David Wessel, MD<sup>2,6</sup>

Despite worldwide spread of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus-2, few publications have reported the potential for severe disease in the pediatric population. We report 177 infected children and young adults, including 44 hospitalized and 9 critically ill patients, with a comparison of patient characteristics between infected hospitalized and nonhospitalized cohorts, as well as critically ill and noncritically ill cohorts. Children <1 year and adolescents and young adults >15 years of age were over-represented among hospitalized patients (P = .07). Adolescents and young adults were over-represented among the critically ill cohort (P = .02). (P = .02). (P = .02) adults P = .02).

#### Age Distribution of All SARS-CoV-2 Positive, Hospitalized and Critically III Patients





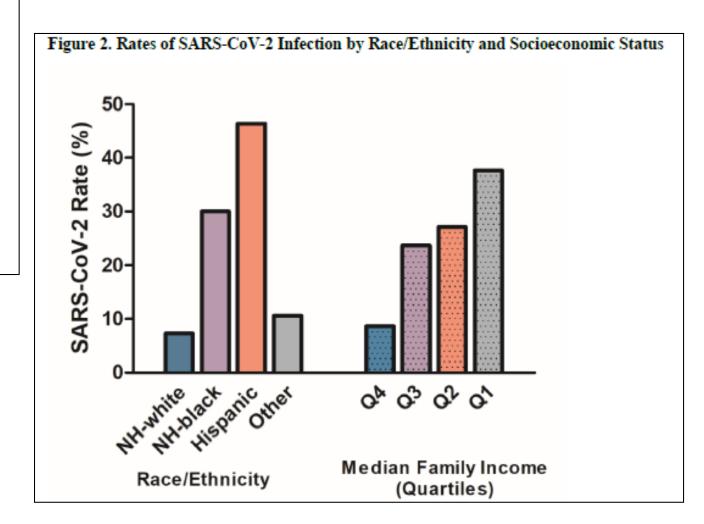
#### **Prepublication Release**

# PEDIATRICS

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN ACADEMY OF PEDIATRICS

# Racial/Ethnic and Socioeconomic Disparities of SARS-CoV-2 Infection Among Children

Monika K. Goyal, MD, MSCE, Joelle N. Simpson, MD, MPH, Meleah D. Boyle, MPH, Gia M. Badolato, MPH, Meghan Delaney, DO, MPH, Robert McCarter, ScD, Denice Cora-Bramble, MD, MBA



Goyal MK, Simpson JN, et al, Pediatrics. 2020 Oct;146(4) e2020009951



# Children's National Leads in Evaluation and Care of Children with Multisystem Inflammatory Disease of Children (MIS-C)

#### ARTICLE IN PRESS

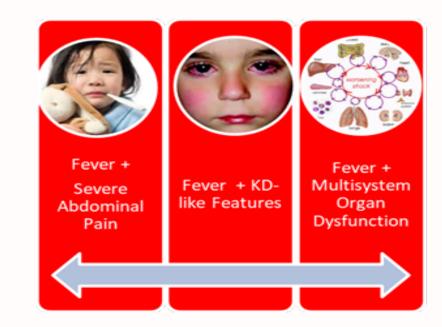
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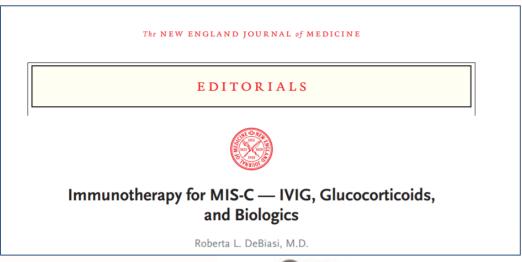
ORIGINAL ARTICLES

# Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome of Children: Subphenotypes, Risk Factors, Biomarkers, Cytokine Profiles, and Viral Sequencing

Roberta L. DeBiasi, MD, MS<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>, Ashraf S. Harahsheh, MD<sup>2,3</sup>, Hemalatha Srinivasalu, MD<sup>3,5</sup>, Anita Krishnan, MD<sup>2,3</sup>, Matthew P. Sharron, MD<sup>3,6</sup>, Kavita Parikh, MD<sup>3,7</sup>, Karen Smith, MD<sup>3,7</sup>, Michael Bell, MD<sup>3,6</sup>, Drew Michael, PhD<sup>3,8,9,10</sup>, Meghan Delaney, DO<sup>3,8</sup>, Joseph Campos, PhD<sup>3,8</sup>, Eric Vilain, MD, PhD<sup>10,11</sup>, Jonathan LoTiempo, BS<sup>10,11</sup>, Jaclyn N. Kline, MD<sup>3,12</sup>, Tova Ronis, MD<sup>3,5</sup>, Suvankar Majumdar, MD<sup>6,13</sup>, Eleanor Sadler, PharmD<sup>14</sup>, Susan R. Conway, MD<sup>3,6</sup>, Charles I. Berul, MD<sup>2,3</sup>, Sangeeta Sule, MD<sup>3,5</sup>, Rebeca Lahoz, MD<sup>1</sup>, Emily Ansusinha, MS<sup>1</sup>, Jay Pershad, MD<sup>12</sup>, Vanessa Bundy, MD<sup>3,15</sup>, Elizabeth Wells, MD<sup>3,16</sup>, James E. Bost, PhD<sup>17</sup>, and David Wessel, MD<sup>2,3,6</sup>, on behalf of the Children's National Hospital MIS-C Taskforce

- >5500 MIS-C cases and 48 deaths in the US to date (CDC data)
- Black (46%) and Latino (35%) over-represented
  - Black children at greatest risk (OR 4.62, 95% CI 1.15-14.10; P = .007)
- Established a well-characterized MIS-C cohort treated with a standardized protocol for long-term systematic follow-up









# The Challenge of Early Recognition vs. Panic: CDC Guidance to Public

#### How to Recognize

#### Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome in Children (MIS-C)

A Delayed Immune Response Related to COVID-19

Children, adolescents, or young adults who develop certain symptoms after having COVID-19 might have MIS-C. They should see a doctor if they had COVID-19, or have been in close contact with someone who had COVID-19, within the past 6 weeks and now have the following:

> Ongoing Fever



PLUS more than one of the following:



Stomach Pain



Diarrhea



Vomiting





Blood Shot Eyes



Dizziness or Lightheadedness

Go to the nearest hospital Emergency Room if your child is showing any severe MIS-C warning signs such as:

Trouble breathing | Pain or pressure in the chest that does not go away

Confusion or unusual behavior | Severe abdominal pain | Inability to wake or stay awake

Pale, gray, or blue-colored skin, lips, or nail beds; depending on skin tone





# Vaccination for Kids 5-11 years of age: Communicating Safety/Efficacy

- CNH is a Pediatric Vaccine Trial Site: Pfizer
- FDA approval October 26, 2021
- CDC ACIP approval November 2, 2021
- >2000 children in study
- 90.7 % vaccine efficacy in preventing symptomatic disease
- Similar safety profile as adults/adolescents
- Dose is 1/3 that given to age 12 and up
- 28 million kids eligible
- To date, 8300 hospitalizations/100 deaths from COVID in this age group

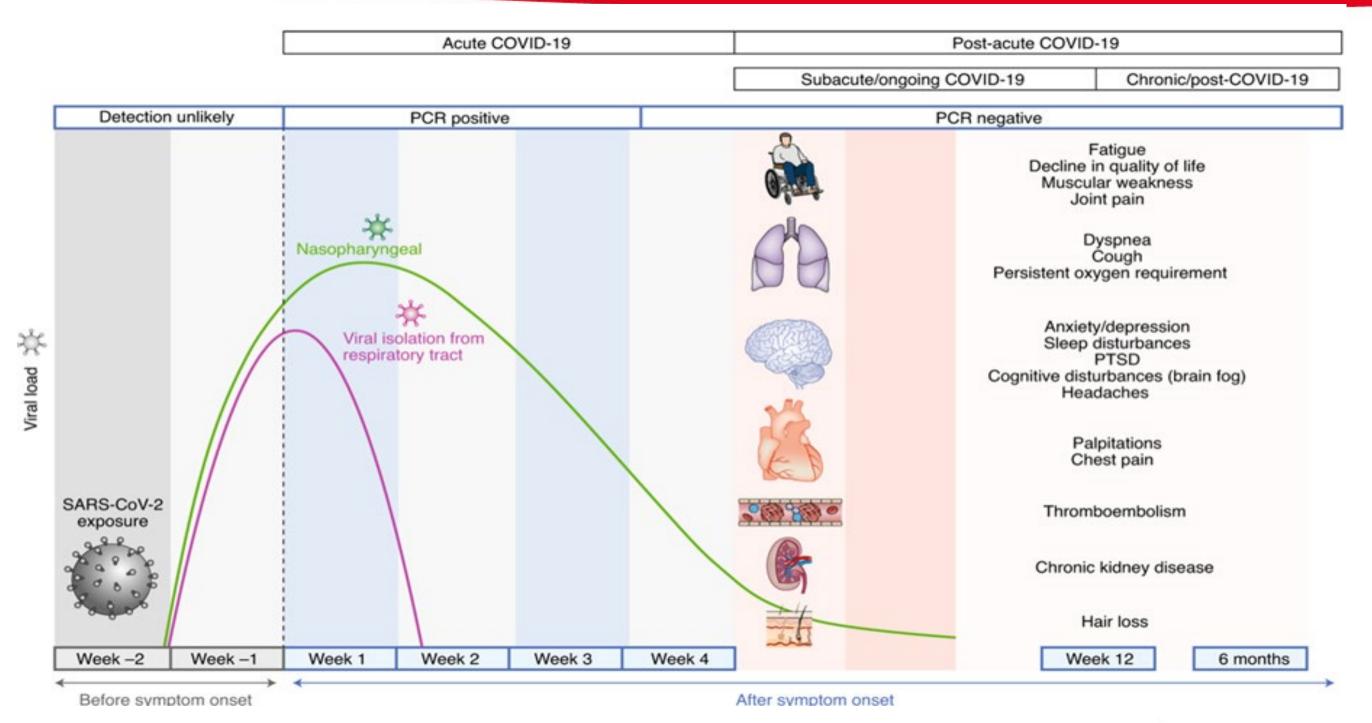
## Percent of People Receiving COVID-19 Vaccine by Age and Date Administered, United States

December 14, 2020 - November 29, 2021

	5-11 yrs	— 12-17 yrs	18-24 yrs	25-39 yrs	— 40-49 yrs	50-64 yrs	65-74 yrs	— 75+ yrs
At Least One Dose	14.2%	61.0%	68.2%	71.9%	80.0%	87.3%	99.9%	97.0%
Fully Vaccinated	0.8%	51.2%	56.8%	61.2%	69.5%	76.6%	88.4%	83.2%
Age data were available for 9	99.9% of vaccination	5.						



# What About "Long-COVID" in Children?





# **PECOS**

# Pediatric SARS-CoV-2 and MIS-C Long-term Follow-up

Children's National Protocol Number: 00015510

National Institutes of Health (NIH) IRB Number: 000201

National Clinical Trial (NCT) Identified Number: NCT04830852

**Lead Principal Investigator:** Roberta DeBiasi, MD, Children's National Hospital

NIH Site Principal Investigator: Gina A. Montealegre Sanchez, MD, MS, Intramural Clinical Management and Operations Branch, Division of Clinical Research, National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID)

Funded by: NIAID

Version Number: v.2.0

9 June 2021

https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT04830852

https://childrensnational.formstack.com/forms/covid\_misc\_study



# Study Protocol: 30,000 Foot Overview

## **Children's National/NIH/NIAID Partnership**

- 1000 recovered **Pediatric COVID and MISC patients**, 1000 Healthy Contacts
  - Symptomatic, Asymptomatic
  - Hospitalized, Non-Hospitalized
  - Critically III and Non Critically III
- Short/Long Term Outcomes (3 year follow-up)
  - Pulmonary Function
  - Cardiac Function and Coronary Artery Abnormalities: Echo, EKG, Cardiac MRI
  - Neurodevelopmental Assessment
  - Quality of life/Mental Health Assessment

- Natural History, Outcomes
- Biorepository of Specimens
- Basic Science Research: Host Genetics, T cell responses, Antibody Kinetics



# Secondary Challenges and Public Health Implications of SARS-CoV-2 for Children and Families

## Housing instability

Expiration of eviction bans

#### Childcare

Employers returning to office, demands increasing

## Food insecurity

• 20-40% increases, dependence on school attendance for nutrition

#### Behavioral health issues

Dramatic increases in depression, anxiety and eating disorders

## Obesity

Rates of obesity and Type 2 Diabetes increased as children more sedentary

## Learning loss

- Black and Brown students disproportionately impacted by virtual instruction and the pandemic
- Long-term public health impact on health literacy and health outcomes





# Children's National COVID-19 Leadership Throughout Pandemic

## • Testing:

Rapid testing and one of first dedicated ambulatory pediatric testing sites in the US

### Clinical Care

- Standardized/Optimized care for pediatric COVID and MIS-C patients
- Multidisciplinary COVID and MIS-C Taskforce, Back to School and Spots Committees
- Pediatric-specific therapeutics guidelines

## • Coordinated Institutional Emerging Infection Response:

Multidisciplinary COVID Steering Committee

### Education:

- Biweekly/Weekly Town Halls for Employee and Management Education
- National Press/Media/Research Publications to educate and inform clinicians/public
- Research Response: COVID and MIS-C Databases for shared validated data

#### • Vaccination:

- Institutional Vaccine Taskforce Access, Equity, Mass Vaccination Clinics
- DC DOH Advisory Committee/Taskforce for Safe and Equitable Distribution of COVID Vaccine



# **Acknowledgements:**

# **Children's National Teams for Emerging Infectious Diseases Response**

Special Pathogens Isolation Unit and Response Team



**Infectious Diseases and Infection Control Divisions** 



### **MIS-C Taskforce**

- Infectious Diseases: DeBiasi
- Cardiology: Harahsheh, Krishnan
- Rheumatology: Srinivasalu, Tovis, Sule
- Hematology: Suvankar,
- Critical Care: Bell, Sharron
- Hospitalist Medicine: Smith, Parikh
- Emergency Medicine: Pershad, Kline
- Lab Medicine: Delaney, Campos



















