

SESSION THREE

Growing Need, Limited Staff – Innovative Person-Centered and Caregiver Strategies to Improve and Sustain Access to Mental Health Care Services



Improving and Sustaining Mental Health Access for Individuals Who are Unhoused





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Disclosures



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- Travel funds from the American Psychiatric Association
- Member of the Sozosei Foundation Research Advisory Committee on Decriminalizing Mental Illness
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Non-financial Relationships

- Editorial boards of Academic Psychiatry and Community Mental Health Journal, column editor Psychiatric Services
- Reviewer for several academic journals

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Improve care coordination: HUD-VASH, mental health, housing, local community

Sustaining Access

Grow community partnerships to increase housing availability for veterans

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Crisis and Engagement Access

Critically examine homeless outreach to avoid potential harms and foster trust



Homelessness Is a Structural Problem with Structural Solutions

Mental illness makes someone more structurally vulnerable, but illness itself does not cause homelessness



Social isolation



Housing discrimination



Employment discrimination



Income inequality



Barriers to public benefits



Criminalization

Nooe RA, Patterson DA. J Human Behav in the Social Environment, 2010;20:2: 105-152.



Homelessness Is a Structural Problem with Structural Solutions

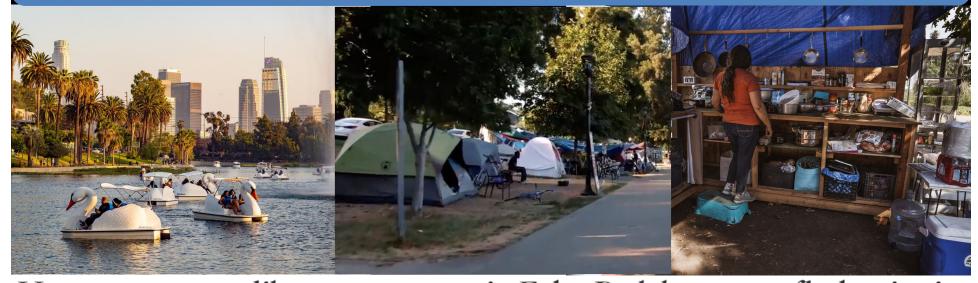




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Outreach without housing can harm rather than help



How a commune-like encampment in Echo Park became a flashpoint in L.A.'s homelessness crisis

© Enrico Castillo

Los Angeles Times



One-year Later



Promise

• Echo Park Lake displacement would be a model for housing and services, that "all 193 displaced residents will be placed in stable, permanent housing within a year." (Deputy Mayor for City Homelessness Initiatives, Jose Ramirez, April 7, 2021)

(DIS)PLACEMENT:
THE FIGHT FOR HOUSING AND
COMMUNITY AFTER ECHO PARK LAKE



One-year Later



Promise

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Reality

 Of "183 people who were on the official Echo Park Lake placements list, only 17 have been placed in what we classify to be housing."

(DIS)PLACEMENT: THE FIGHT FOR HOUSING AND COMMUNITY AFTER ECHO PARK LAKE





Outreach without housing can harm rather than help

HOW LOS ANGELES CREATED THE PLAYBOOK FOR A NATIONWIDE WAR ON THE UNHOUSED THE APPEAL

As politicians look to build public support for homeless encampment sweeps, they're using tactics popularized in LA—the site of one of the nation's most intense battles over the unhoused.

(DIS)PLACEMENT: THE FIGHT FOR HOUSING AND COMMUNITY AFTER ECHO PARK LAKE

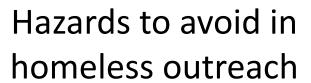
Unhoused and unequal: a California crisis

One year after LA evicted the unhoused from a park, few are in stable housing





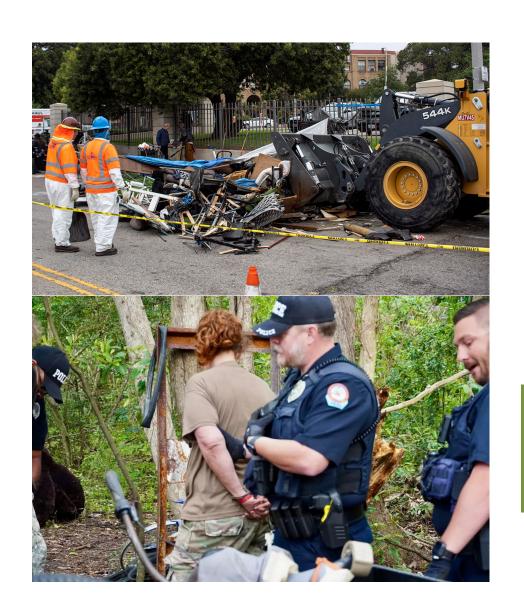




Criminalization

Displacement

Misinformation and Stigma



Outreach as part of a housing and healthcare continuum



Build trust

Facilitate housing and referrals

Reclaim mental health crises



Open Doors to Future Possibilities, Santa Clara County, California

Strong cross-department, all-of-government, cross-sector, community-wide communication and coordination are key...People experiencing homelessness need to be at the table...As outreach teams engage, they need streamlined access to shelter, housing, and health care, including mental health and substance use treatment.

We also know that removing encampments without providing access to low-barrier shelter and a range of housing options does not work...Forcing people to move into a shelter or moving them from place to place without a clear pathway to housing only dissolves trust and leads to personal setbacks.

Outreach services for unhoused populations should be cautious about:



- 1. Complicity in the criminalization of homelessness
- Displacement without clear paths to housing and services
- 3. Perpetuation of misinformation and stigma

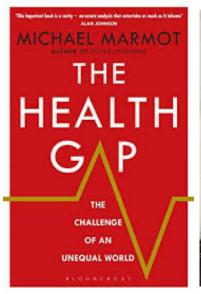
Should build into their work:

- 1. Permanent housing as the ultimate metric for success
- 2. Public education, especially for policymakers
- 3. Advocacy, partnerships, and empowerment

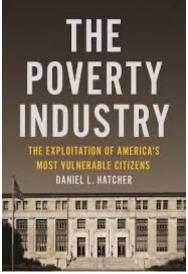


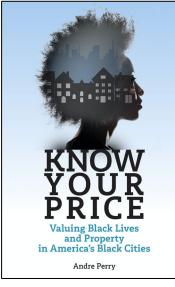
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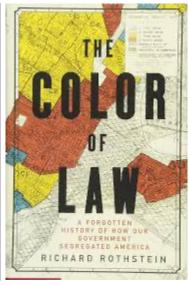
THANK YOU











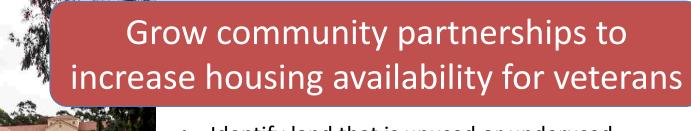




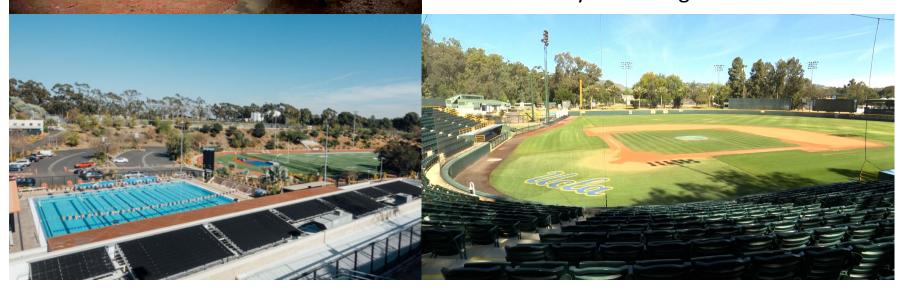








- Identify land that is unused or underused
- Re-examine commercial and other leases of VA property
- Partner with local landlords, veteran and community-based organizations









Homelessness Is a Structural Problem with Structural Solutions

Housing Supply and Affordability

Promoting housing construction

Housing subsidies

Mixed-income housing policies

Eliminating single family zoning

Homelessness Prevention

- Renter protections
- Rental assistance
- Identification of households at-risk

for homelessness

- Addressing Section 8 discrimination
- Universal basic income



Housing and Housing Retention for People Who Are Unhoused

- Decriminalization
- Housing First = permanent housing + intensive services
- Low-demand housing and housing choice
- Non-law enforcement-based outreach services



Prevalence of SMI and SUDs

Sheltered Single Adults, 2010:

- 26.2% had a serious mental illness
- 34.7% had a chronic substance use disorder
- 46% had SMI and/or chronic substance use disorder

Permanent Supportive Housing, 2010:

- Disability due to SMI: 43%
- Disability due to SMI and/or substance abuse problem: 53.4%
- Disability due to general medical condition: 13.2%

HUD. The 2010 Annual Homeless Assessment Report to Congress.



Community Engagement

Men Know Your Numbers



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Men Know Your Numbers

REGISTRATION NOW OPEN

https://enontab.org/online-registration SATURDAY, APRIL 22ND, 2023

- Blood Cholesterol
- Blood Pressure
- Blood Sugar
- BMI
- Cancer Screening(s)
- PSA Screening
- Mental Health Screening
- Free Haircuts
- Clothing Giveaway

Free health screenings

FOR MEN ONLY

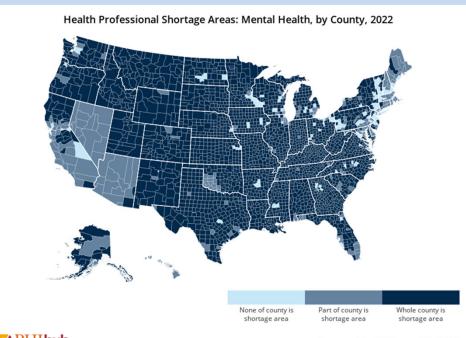
Enon Tabernacle Baptist Church (East) 2800 W. Cheltenham Ave., Phila., PA 19150

For more information contact Reverend Leroy Miles, Associate Pastor of Sanctification at Imiles@enontab.org





Workforce Shortages are the challenge



Dark Blue = HPSA-MH

- Most of U.S. has long standing shortages
- Over 1,000 Counties have no MH or SUD Professional



Source: data.HRSA.gov, July 2022.



For Consideration

- Where we need workers rarely coincides with where we educate and train learners
- Typical recruitment strategies for professionals focus at the end of the pipeline, or post-graduation, and seek to entice relocation.
- Too often higher education views rural/remote learners as "place bound" and not as "place committed"
- We need to seek ways to engage place committed learners, extend education and training opportunities to them, and develop local workforce where we need them
- Neary two-thirds (58.2%) of the U.S. workforce has some college, but no degree or certificate...do you know your workforce percent?
 - Now some examples...



Creating Education Partnerships

Northern Marianas College + University of Alaska-Fairbanks

- Partnership between a community college and a university to offer a
 2 + 2 Bachelor of Social Work Degree
- First 2 years delivered via in-person learning at NMC, upper-division to BSW delivered via technology enabled learning from UAF
- Enables place-committed students to remain in their home communities to earn BSW, in a curriculum specifically focused on rural/remote and indigenous social work.



Building Capacity with a Place Committed Workforce

Alaska Behavioral Health Aide Program – Behavioral Health Aide certification is a multi-level provider model which includes BHA Trainee (non-certified), BHA levels I, II, and III, and BH Practitioner (BHP). To become a certified BHA or BHP, individuals must:

- Complete Community Health Aide Program Certification Board-specified training, practicum and work experience
- Meet the requirements of the Knowledge and Skills Checklist to demonstrate sufficient training and experience to provide service within a specified scope of practice
- Provide a broad range of services under the supervision of a Masters level clinician
- Maintain their certification by completing continuing education credits

» https://www.anthc.org/behavioral-health-aide-program/



Growing our Own – Another example...

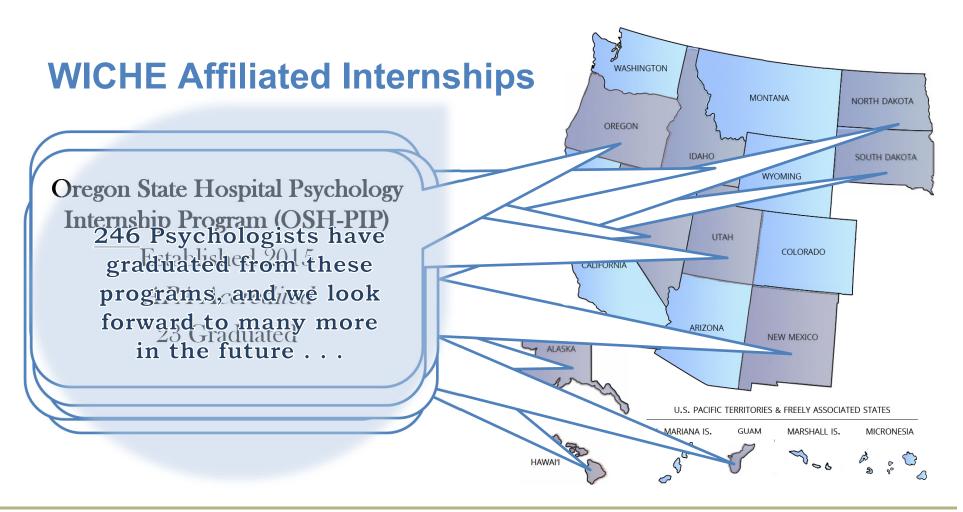
Minnesota has developed a Mental Health Behavioral Aide (MHBA), which is a paraprofessional in their Children's Therapeutic Services and Supports (CTSS) Agency.

MHBA, Level I and II, must complete 30 hours of pre-service training. This must include:

- 15 hours of face-to-face training in mental health services delivery
- 8 hours of parent teaming training
- The remaining 7 hours may include one-to-one time with a mental health professional or practitioner.

(https://www.revisor.mn.gov/rules/9535.4068/)







Other Areas of Crisis-centered Training

- Three Key concepts:
 - Identifying rural & frontier needs in your communities. Acknowledging that with each additional variable may come a need for specialization.
 - Building workforce to meet the needs = Thinking creatively about workforce availability (e.g., paraprofessionals, peer-to-peer, focus on mentoring youth who show promise, technology).
 - Prioritization at the State and Local level: Funding, resources, outreach, developing champions.



Thank you...

For Additional Information

Todd Helvig, PhD
Director of Education and Training

Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education www.wiche.edu/mentalhealth





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