PMADs:

Are Real, Have 2 Gen Impact, Can be Treated & Prevented

Catherine Monk, Ph.D.

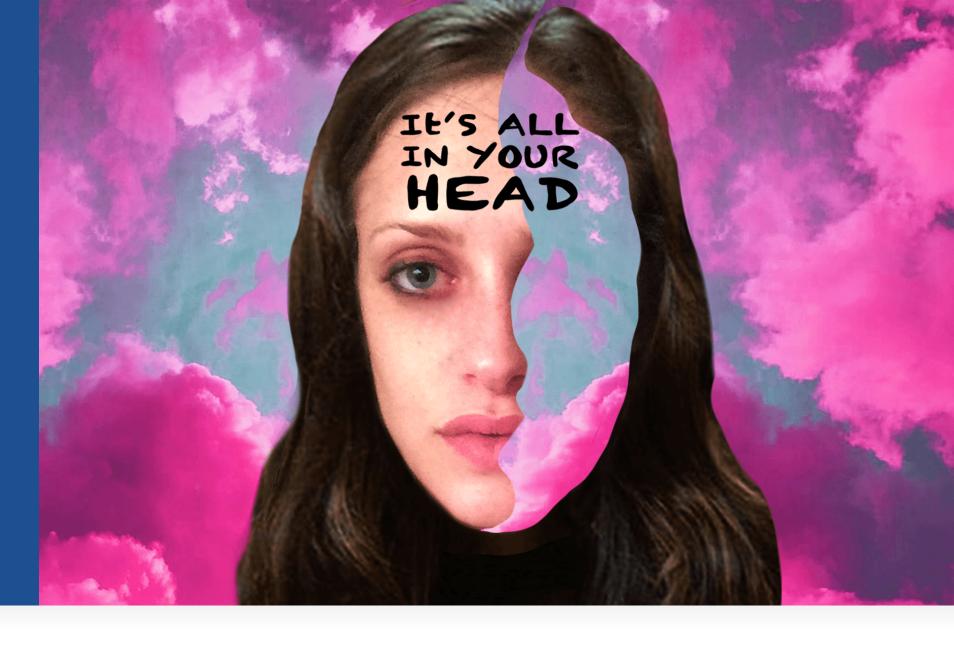
Diana Vagelos, Professor of Women's Mental Health Columbia University

Vagelos College of Physicians and Surgeons

New York



Perinatal
Mood and
Anxiety
Disorders
(PMADs)
Are Real



Mental Health Conditions are Overall More Common in Women

Nearly 50% of US adult population develop at least one mental health disorder in their lifetime, women at higher risk

Major Depressive Disorder (MDD)



Anxiety Disorder









Unequal depression for equal work? How the wage gap explains gendered disparities in mood disorders

Jonathan Platt 🙎 🖾 , Seth Prins 🖾 , Lisa Bates 🖾 , Katherine Keyes 🖾

Stressors and trauma experiences women face:

- Disproportionate burden of the care economy
- Greater emotional stress balancing paid and unpaid labor
- More workplace discrimination
- Higher rates of childhood abuse and neglect
- Higher rates of sexual and intimate partner violence
- And biological changes in puberty, pregnancy, menopause



Social Determinants of Health

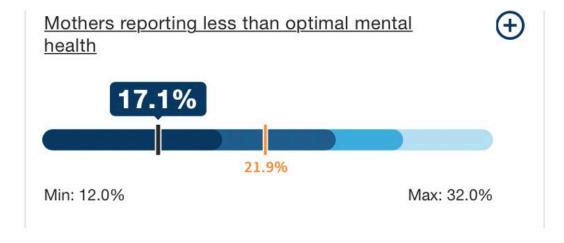


Social Determinants of Health Copyright-free









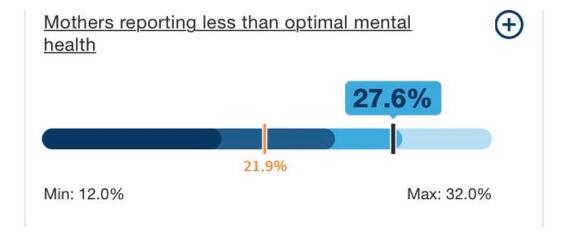














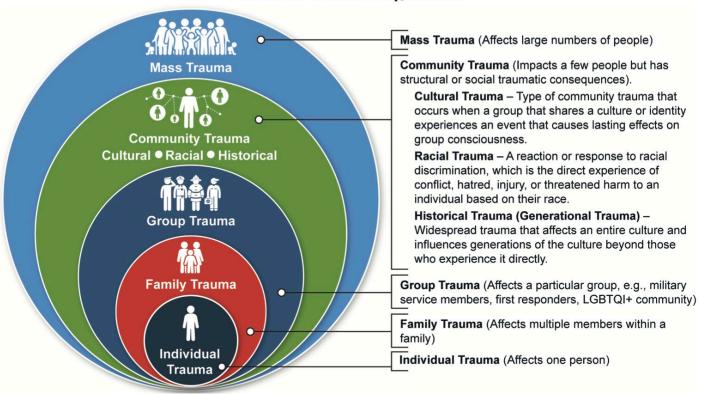






Trauma

Levels of Trauma Experience







Impact of Trauma on Individuals

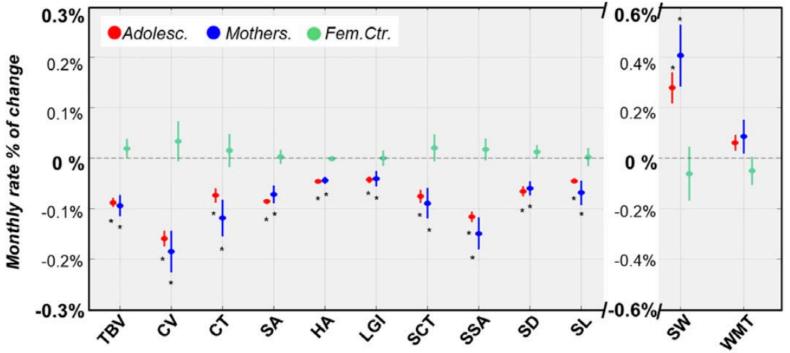
Emotional Beha	avioral Physical	Developmental	Cognitive	Interpersonal	Spiritual
numbness beha Depression Avoi and anxiety of sit	symptoms resulting from emotional distress, including headaches, high blood presssure,	 Impact varies by age group Children and elderly at greatest risk Changes occur in brain development 	 Impaired short-term memory Decreased focus or concentration Feeling alienated or ashamed Dissociation, depersonalization, and derealization Flashbacks or re-experiences of the event 	 Withdrawal from family, friends, community Difficulty trusting others 	 Depression and loneliness can lead to feelings of abandonment and loss of faith Over time can experience increased appreciation of life or enhanced spiritual well-being





PMADs Are Real: Normative Changes in the Brain during the Transition to Motherhood

One-sample T-test

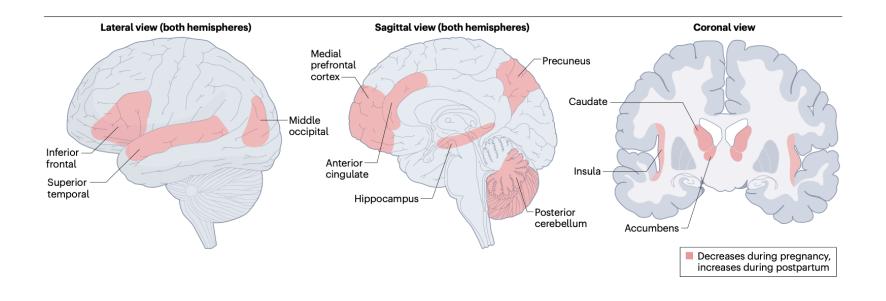


CT= cortical thickness; SA=surface area

(Carmona et al., 2019)

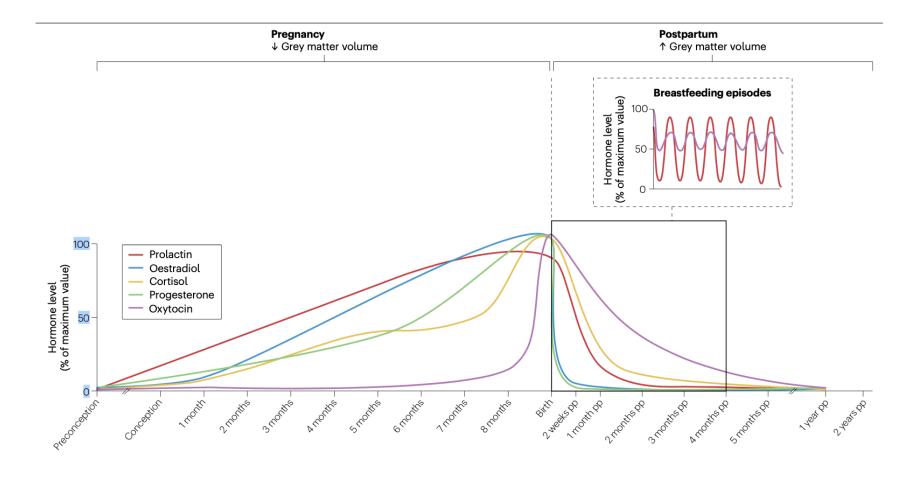


PMADs Are Real: Normative Changes in the Brain during the Transition to Motherhood



(Servin-Barthet et al., 2023)

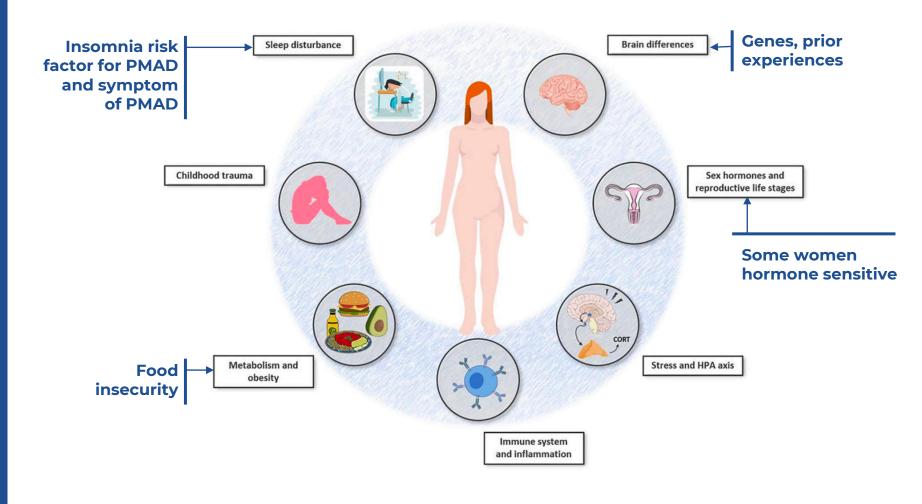
PMADs Are Real: Normative Changes in Hormones during the Transition to Motherhood



(Servin-Barthet et al., 2023)

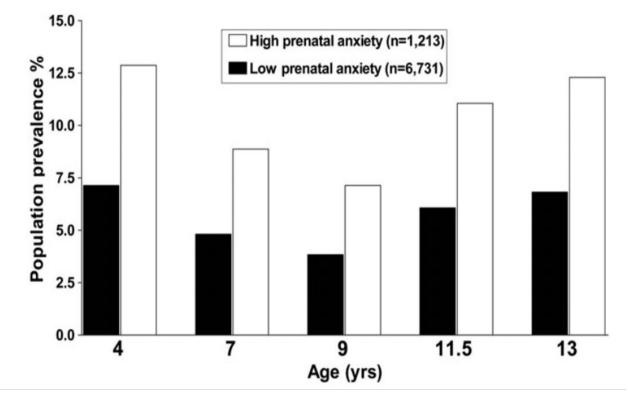


PMADs Are Real: Another Look at the Biological Level



(Grazia Di Benedetto et al., 2024)

High prenatal anxiety associated with 2x risk for child mental health problems esp. ADHD and anxiety



*comparable results with maternal depression

(O'Donnell et al., 2014)



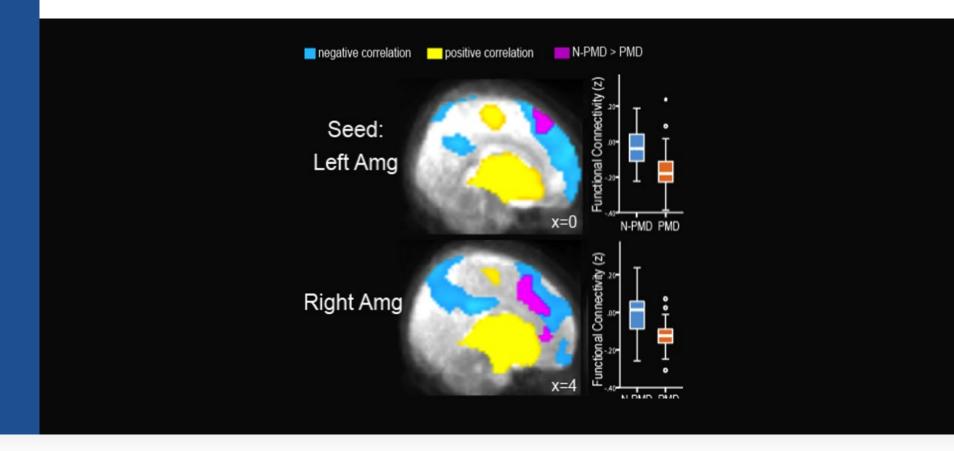
Citation: Transl Psychiatry (2016) **6**, e935; doi:10.1038/tp.2016.146

www.nature.com/tp

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Alterations in amygdala-prefrontal circuits in infants exposed to prenatal maternal depression

J Posner^{1,2,5}, J Cha^{1,2,5}, AK Roy³, BS Peterson⁴, R Bansal⁴, HC Gustafsson¹, E Raffanello², J Gingrich^{1,2} and C Monk^{1,2}



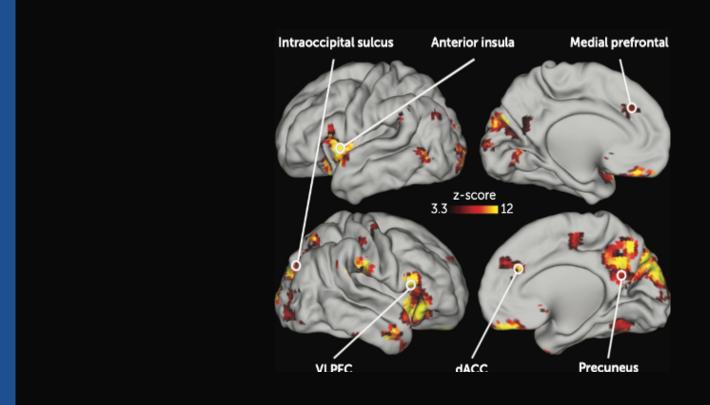


Neonatal Brain Response to Deviant Auditory Stimuli and Relation to Maternal Trait Anxiety

Chad M. Sylvester, M.D., Ph.D., Michael J. Myers, B.A., Michael T. Perino, Ph.D., Sydney Kaplan, B.S., Jeanette K. Kenley, B.S., Tara A. Smyser, M.S., Barbara B. Warner, M.D., Deanna M. Barch, Ph.D., Daniel S. Pine, M.D., Joan L. Luby, M.D., Cynthia E. Rogers, M.D., Christopher D. Smyser, M.D.

Am. Journal Psychiatry, 2021

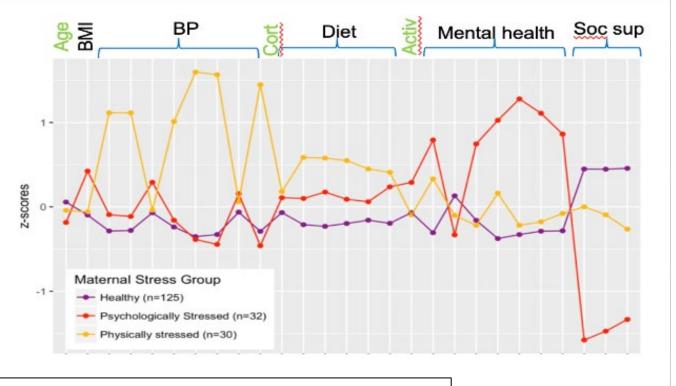
FIGURE 3. Brain areas in which neonatal neural activity following onset of deviant sounds varied depending on maternal trait anxiety^a





Maternal prenatal stress phenotypes associate with fetal neurodevelopment and birth outcomes

Kate Walsh^{a,b}, Clare A. McCormack^c, Rachel Webster^d, Anita Pinto^e, Seonjoo Lee^{f,g}, Tianshu Feng^g, H. Sloan Krakovsky^d, Sinclaire M. O'Grady^d, Benjamin Tycko^h, Frances A. Champagne^{i,j}, Elizabeth A. Werner^{d,i}, Grace Liuⁱ, and Catherine Monk^{d,f,i,1}



Sample of healthy women having healthy pregnancies

SDoH: Women in the Psychologically Stressed Group vs Other Two Groups



more likely to be Latina



fewer years of education



lower household income



more public assistance

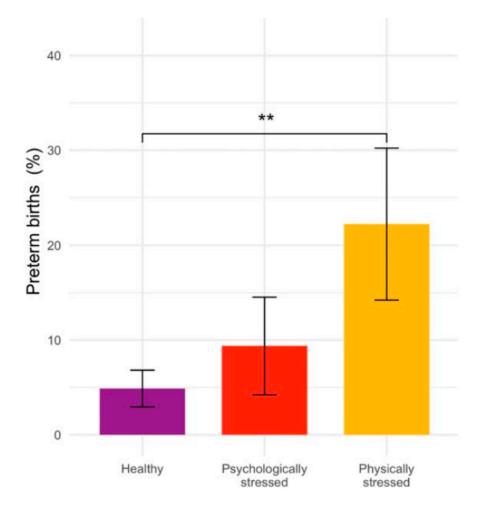


higher levels of emotional abuse and physical neglect

Trauma: Women Differed by Stress Groups







DOI: 10.1111/bdi.13207

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Pregnant women with bipolar disorder who have a history of childhood maltreatment: Intergenerational effects of trauma on fetal neurodevelopment and birth outcomes

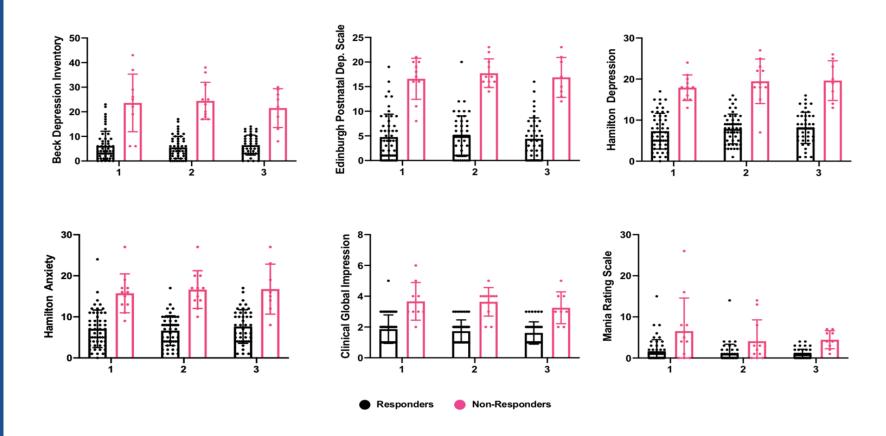
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Vanessa Babineau<sup>1</sup> | Clare A. McCormack<sup>2</sup> | Tianshu Feng<sup>3</sup> | Seonjoo Lee<sup>4,5</sup> | Obianuju Berry<sup>6</sup> | Bettina T. Knight<sup>7</sup> | Jeffrey D. Newport<sup>8</sup> | Zachary N. Stowe<sup>9</sup> | Catherine Monk<sup>10</sup>
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Bipolar Disorders. 2022;00:1-12.



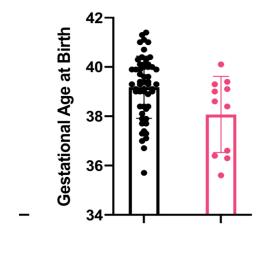
Mood Variables By Group By Session

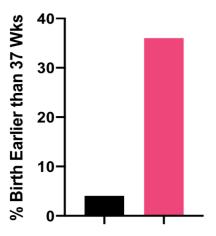
PMADs Have 2 Gen Impact





Birthout Outcome By Group





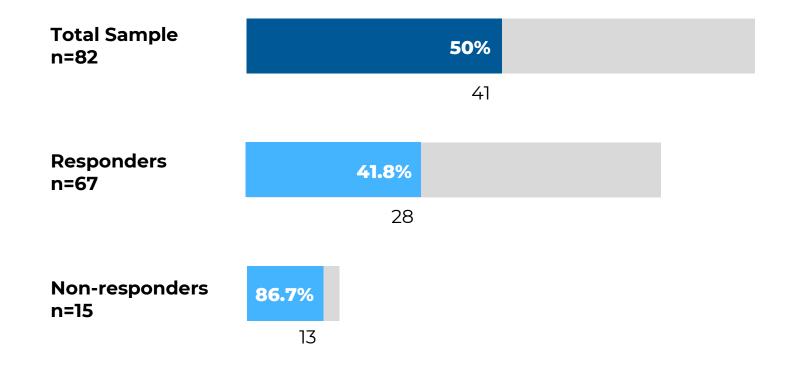


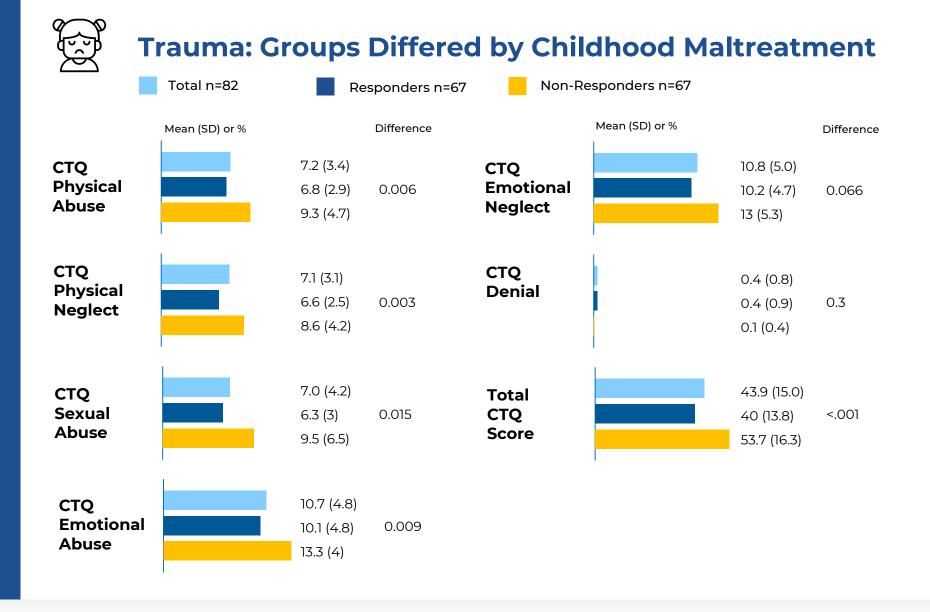






Trauma: Groups Differed by Childhood Maltreatment







The Perinatal Period = Time of Significant Brain and Hormone Changes in the Context of Life Circumstances

A Time of Vulnerability — Also of Opportunity



Biggest Impediment to Recovery from PMADs is **Access to Treatment**



PMADs Are Treatable:

Access to Care

Women's Mental Health @Ob/Gyn: Utilization Outcomes

Data reflects outcomes from February 2020 to December 2023

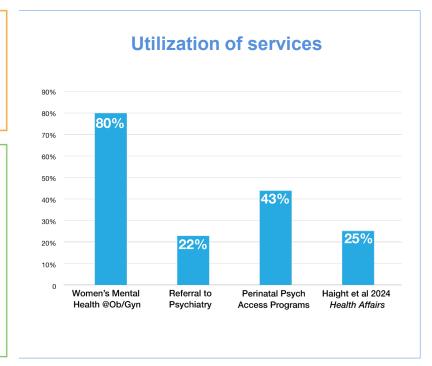




DAYS

Referral to First Evaluation and Visit with Mental Health Provider

23
AVERAGE
VISITS





Caron Zlotnick, PhD, Brown University



Ricardo Munoz, PhD

Darius Tandon, PhD

Northwestern University







Dr. Elizabeth Werner









Informational Pamphlet



Catherine Monk, PhD; Elizabeth Werner, PhD; Maia Miller, PhD;







email: ew150@cumc.columbia.edu | tel: 646.774.894

Billing: CPT Code 90834

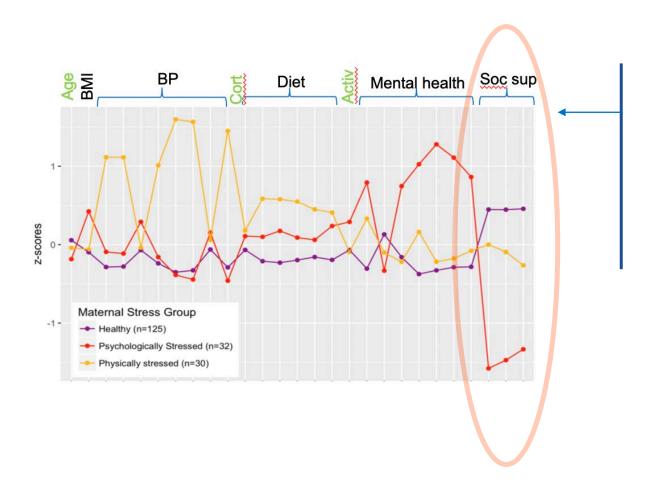
ICD-10 Adjustment Disorder with anxiety and/or depression

Preventing maternal mental health disorders in the context of poverty: pilot efficacy of a dyadic intervention

Pamela Scorza, ScD; Catherine Monk, PhD; Seonjoo Lee, PhD; Tianshu Feng, PhD; Obianuju O. Berry, MD, PhD; Elizabeth Werner, PhD



PMADs Are Preventable: Social Support



Role of relationships and communities and interventions that build on these strengths to improve maternal and child health

PMADs Are Preventable: Social Support



Well-Being ▼ Housing & Relocation ▼ Child Care & Schooling ▼ Breastfeeding ▼

Home

Events

Birth of Parent, Birth of Child: Expectant Parents thro...

Events

PAST EVENT

Birth of Parent, Birth of Child: Expectant Parents through 1st Year

Add to Calendar: Calendar / Outlook Google Yahoo

PMADs Are Preventable: Social Support and Community Expertise



Instagram



Kimberly Seals Allers



THANK YOU

