

Opportunistic Al for Predicting Cancer Outcomes

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Conflict of Interest Disclosures

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Picture Health – Founder, Equity

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Role of AI and Computational Imaging in developing Better Diagnostic, Prognostic, and Predictive Tools

Diagnostic: *Identifying presence of disease*

Prognostic: Predicting Disease Outcome, progression

Predictive: Predicting Response to treatment

Precision Medicine: Using Prognostic and Predictive Tools for Tailoring Therapy for a given patient based off specific risk profile







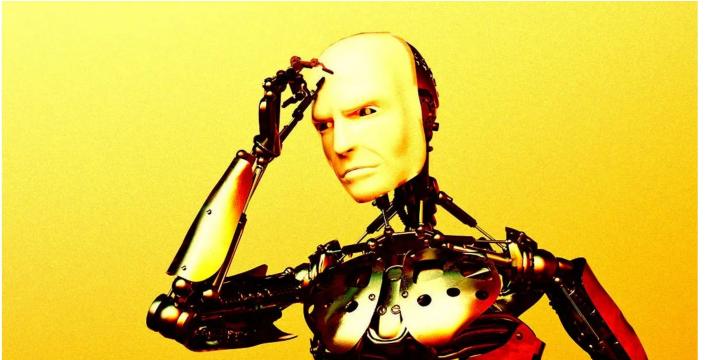
Futurism

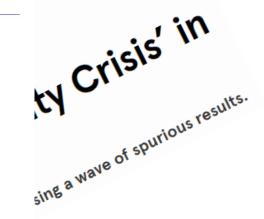
Is Alleading LIE TO ME | MAY 5, 4:04 PM EDT by VICTOR TANGERMANN

crisis in sciet The AI Industry Has a Huge Problem: Scientists worry that ill-inform the Smarter Its AI Gets, the More It's unreliable or useless research Hallucinating

That's not good.

Artificial Intelligence / Ai Chatbots / Ai Hallucinations / Chatgot







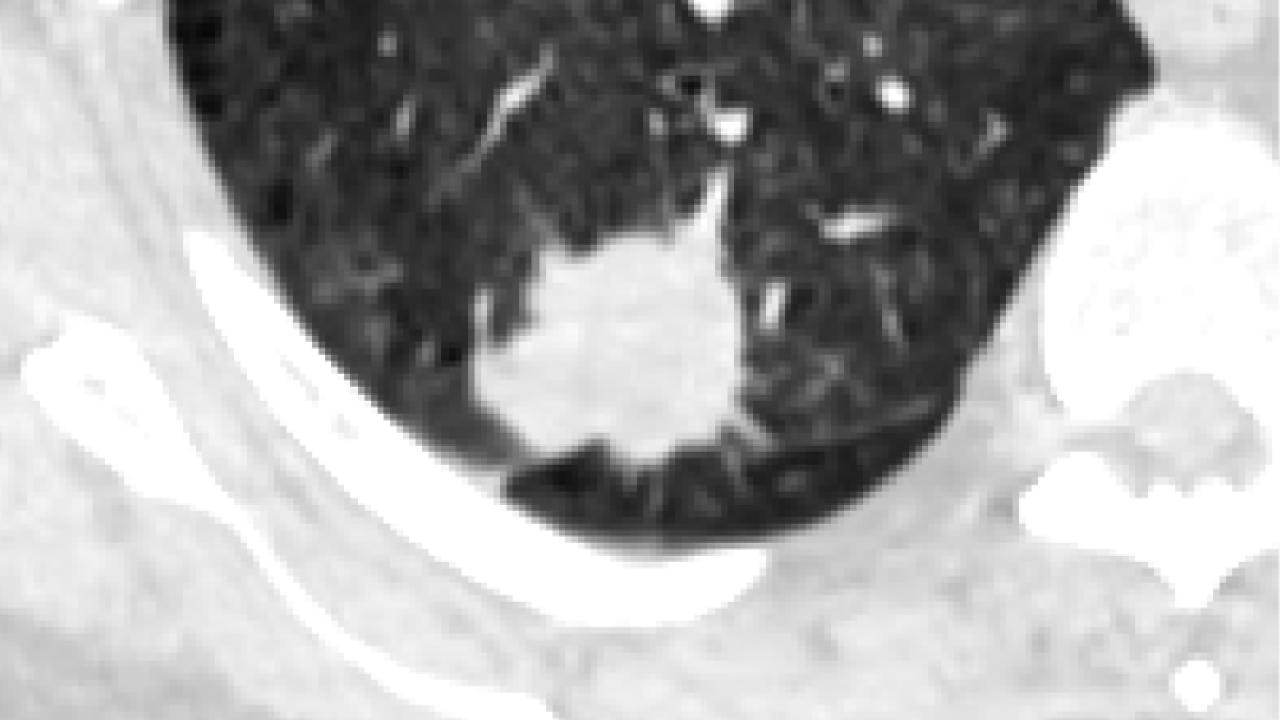
earning use across disciplines,

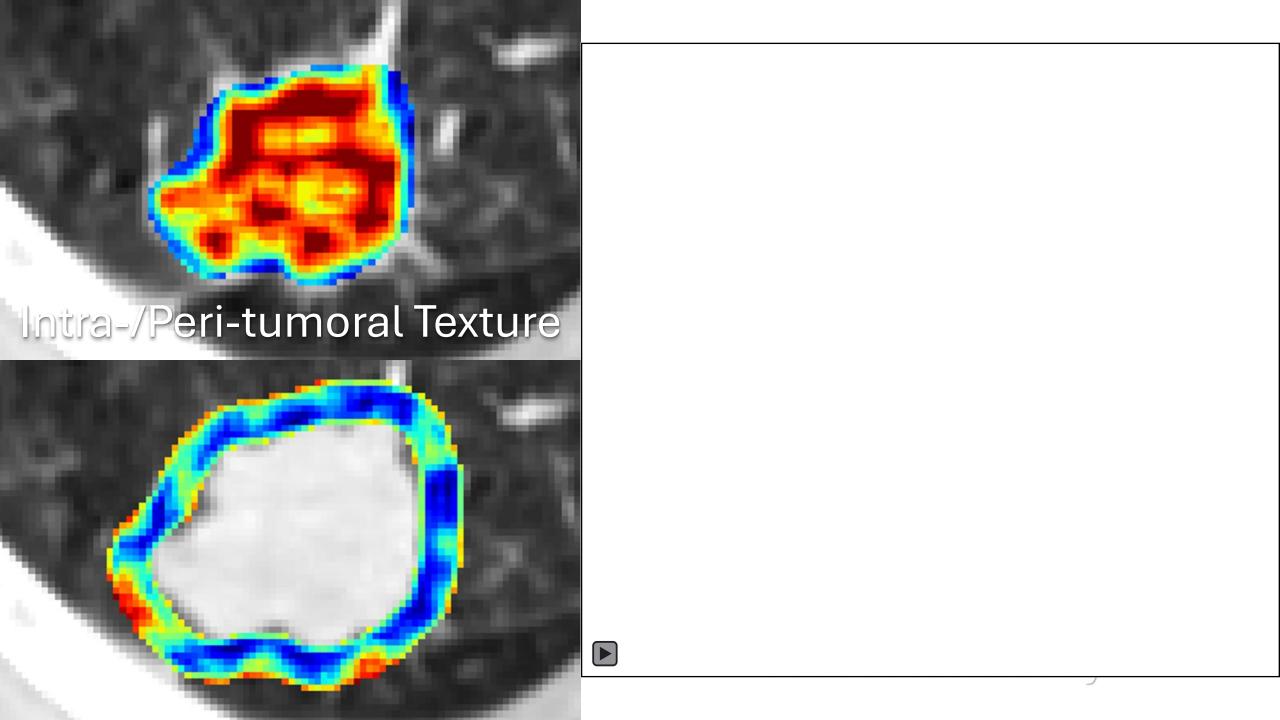




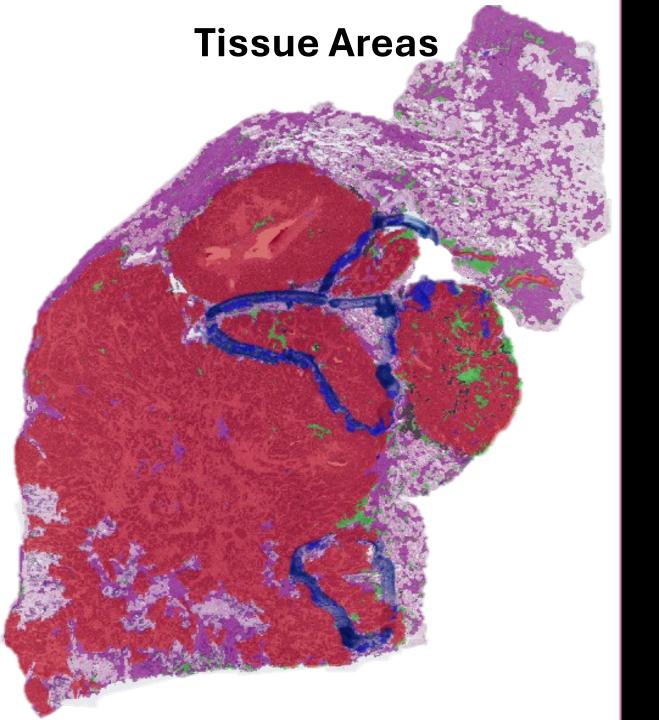
The individual in the photo is Anant Madabhushi, a renowned expert in the field of medical imaging and artificial intelligence. His work is highly recognized, particularly in developing Al algorithms for medical image analysis to predict disease progression and treatment outcomes. He has received numerous awards and honors for his contributions to the field. This headshot was taken at Emory University, as indicated by the background.



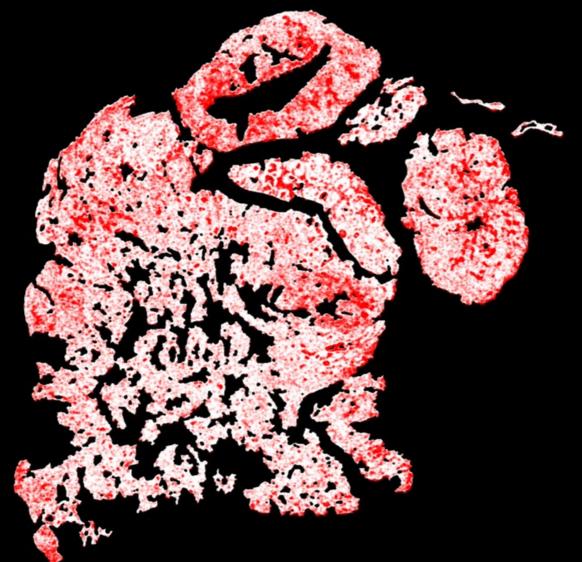






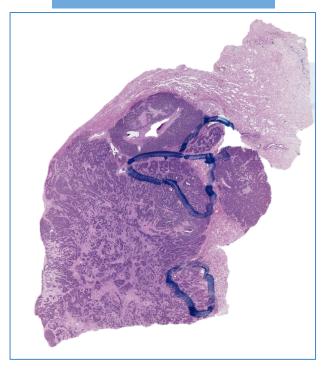


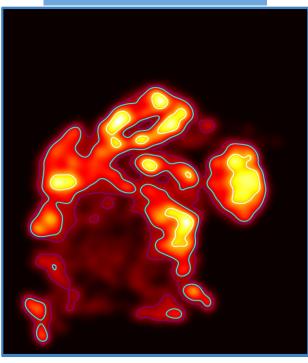
Single-cell Identification



H&E

Immune Hotspots

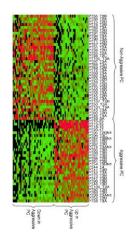




Which breast cancer patients will receive added benefit from chemotherapy?

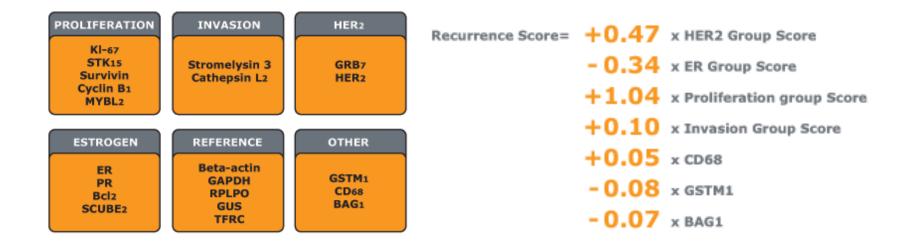
Oncotype DX molecular assay (Genomic Health, Inc.)

- For early stage (LN-), ER+ patients
- Recurrence Score (RS) between 0-100
- Predicts:
 - Likelihood for 10-year distant recurrence
 - Expected benefit from adjuvant chemotherapy









Collagen vectors in tumor-associated stroma High degree of disorder Low degree of disorder Collagen fiber orientation disorder calculation long term survival Short term surviva

Collagen fiber detection

Epithelium segmentation

Li et al, npj Breast Cancer, 2021

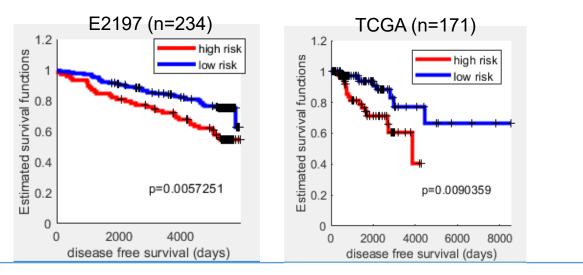
Disorder of collagen fiber orientation associated with risk of recurrence in ER+ breast cancers in ECOG-ACRIN E2197 & TCGA

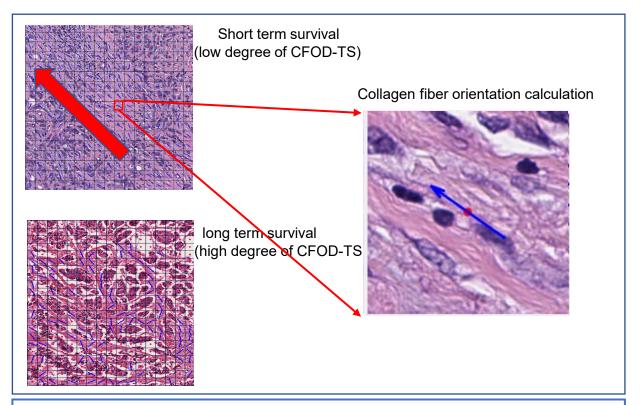
Unmet Clinical Need

- Early stage ER+ breast cancer (BC) is the most common type of breast cancer in the United States
- Predicting the likelihood of recurrence for patients helps physicians plan more tailored treatment strategy to improve survival rate.

Results:

 Collagen Fiber Orientation Disorder in Tumor associated Stroma (CFOD-TS) was independently prognostic for ER+ BCs in E2197 and TCGA.

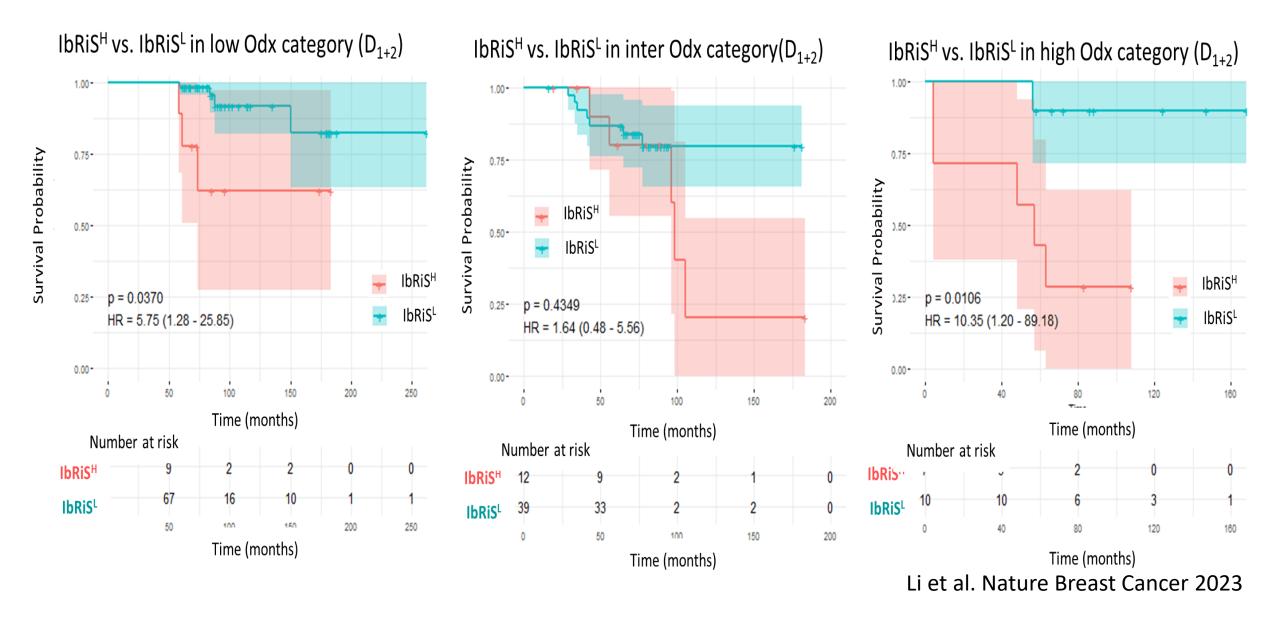




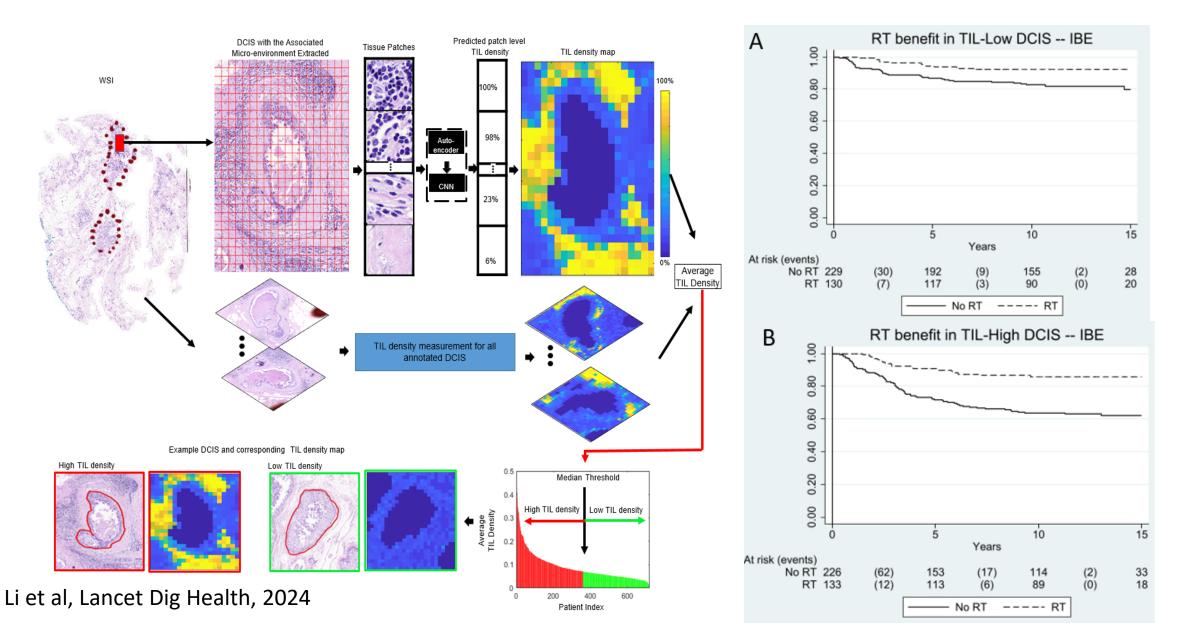
Take away:

Over-expression of CFOD-TS independently associated with lower likelihood of recurrence and could potentially serve as a prognostic marker of outcome for ER+ invasive breast cancer.

IbRiS adds prognostic value to Oncotype DX Risk Categories in in Estrogen Receptor Positive (ER+) Breast Cancer

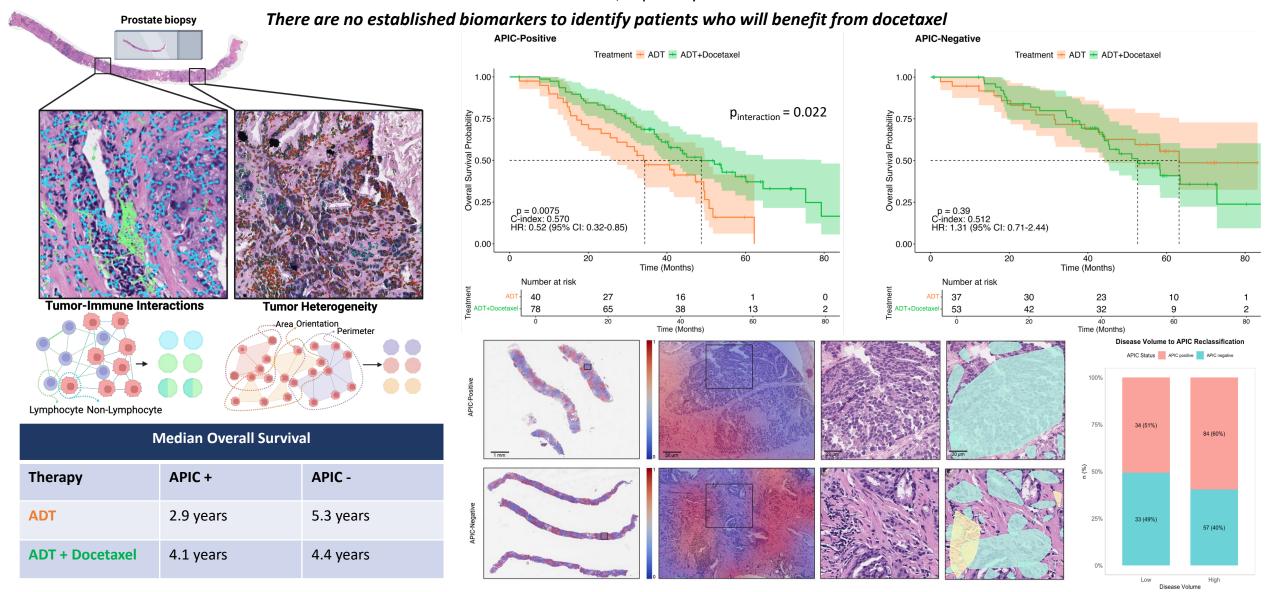


Computer extracted features of immune architecture from H&E Whole slide images are associated with disease-free survival and benefit of radiotherapy in Ductal Carcinoma in situ (DCIS)

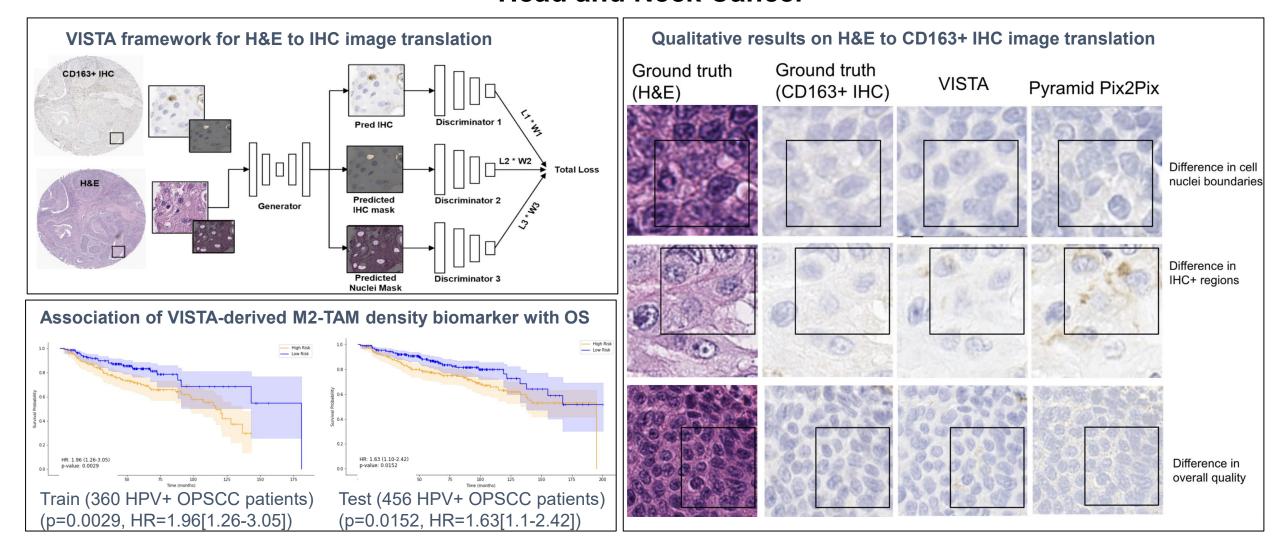


A predictive biomarker of docetaxel benefit in metastatic castration-sensitive prostate cancer (mCSPC) Validation in the CHAARTED phase III randomized controlled trial

- Docetaxel has proven survival benefit in metastatic disease, however benefit is heterogeneous
- Clinical trials show variable benefit when combined with ADT or ARPIs, especially in low volume metastasis



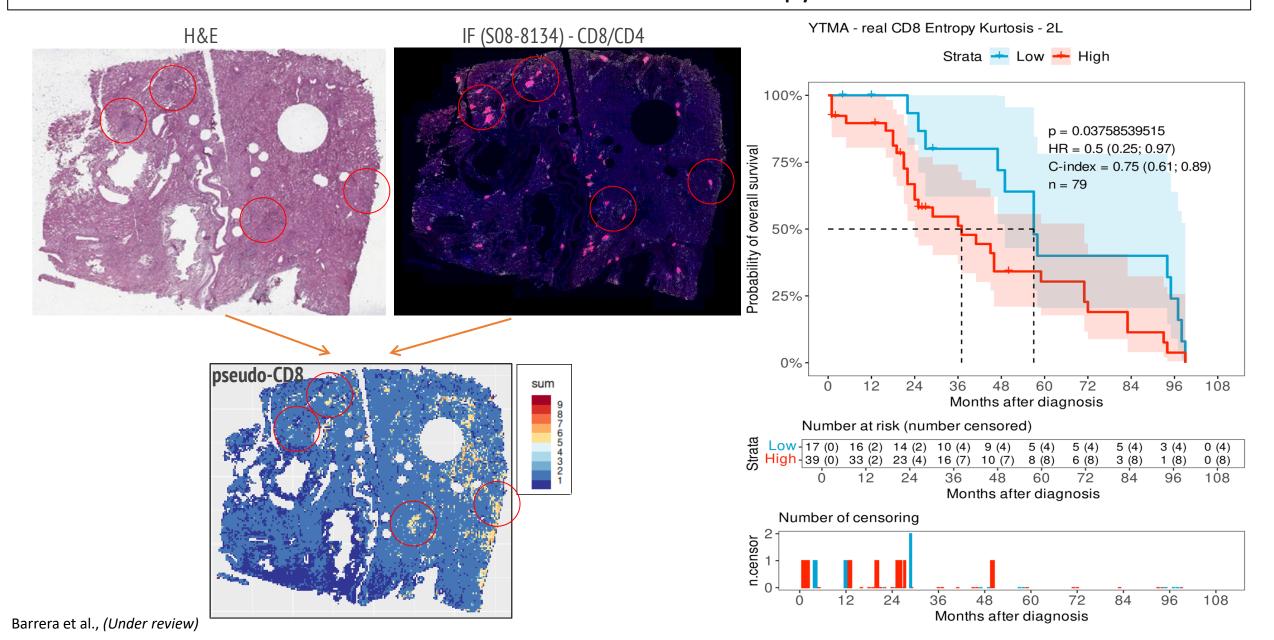
Al Virtual Staining for Identifying Tumor-Associated Macrophages from H&E: Prognosis of Head and Neck Cancer



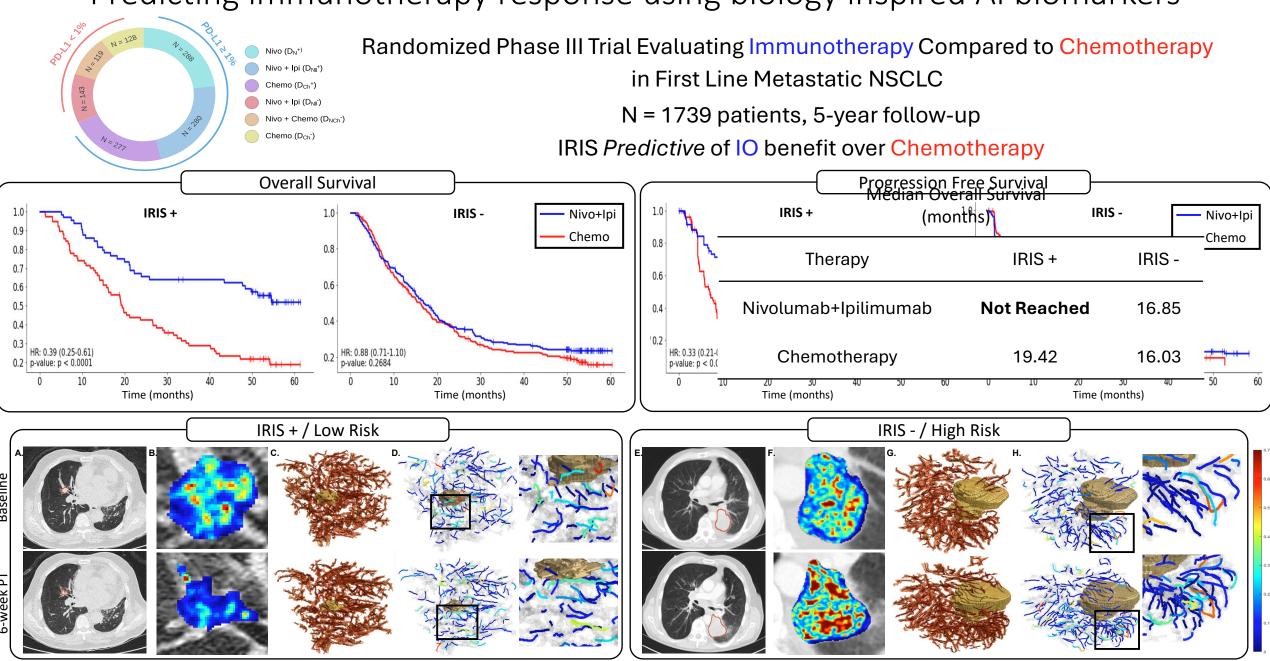
Methods

- Analysis on 968 HPV+ OPSCC patients Train -> 102 co-registered H&E & CD163+ IHC
- Validate -> 50 co-registered H&E & CD163+ IHC Validate -> 816 H&E WSIs with OS available

Virtual AI Staining for CD8+ Immune Cells on H&E Predicts Survival in Lung Cancer Patients Treated with Immunotherapy

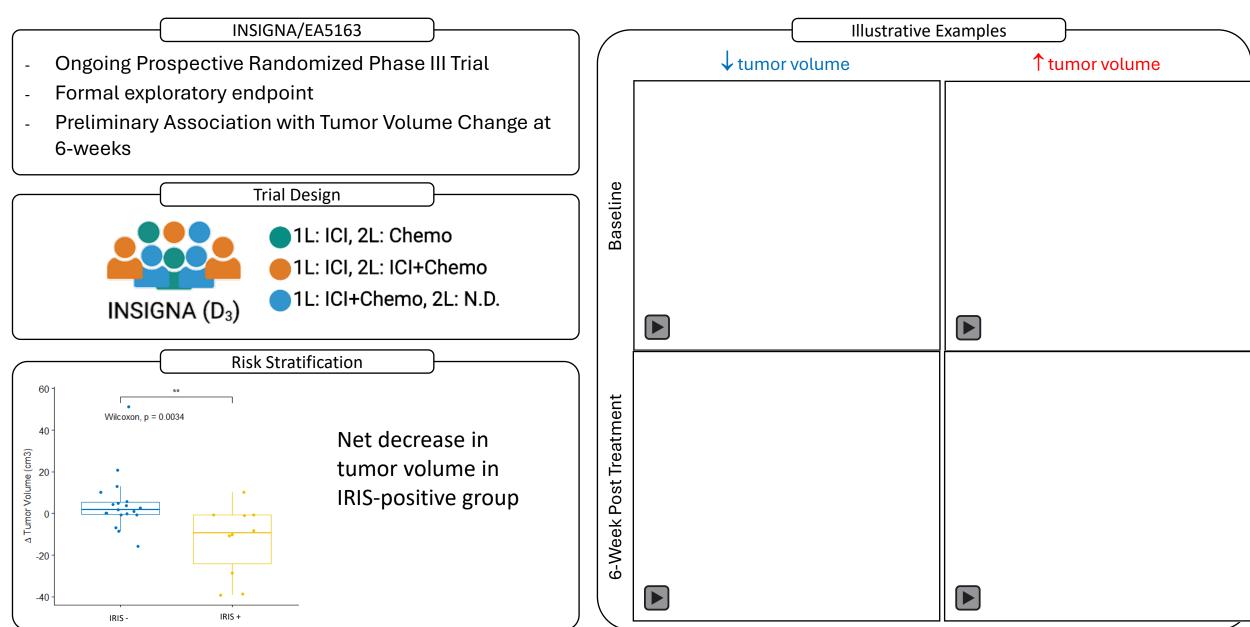


Predicting immunotherapy response using biology inspired AI biomarkers



Mutha et al., *Under Review* (2025)

Prospective Observational Validation: Preliminary Findings in INSIGNA/EA5163



Al-Informed Retinal Biomarkers Predict 10-Year Risk of Onset of Hematological Malignancies

1237 Patients

10-year follow-up

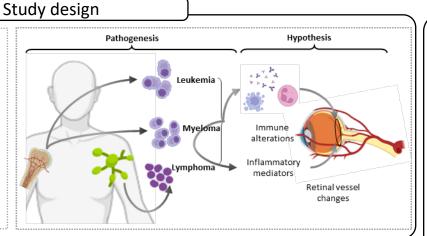
3 cancer types

Leukemia (N= 440) Myeloma (N = 314) Lymphoma (N=483)

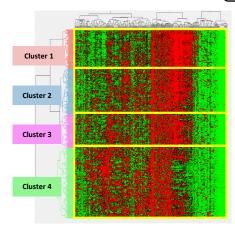
To reduce confounders:

Patient matched for Age, Sex, HTN, Diabetes

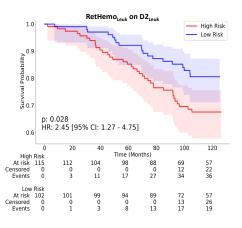
Patients with Existing Cardiovascular event removed



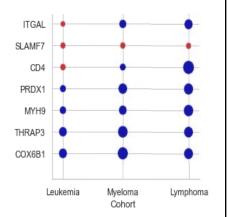
Results (Quantitative)



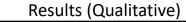
Retinal features based clusters have difference in risk of developing cancer

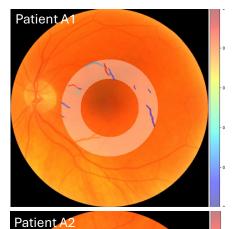


Risk stratification upto 10 years prior to onset of cancer

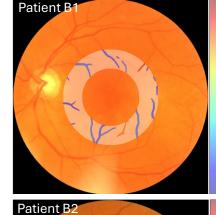


Retina based High risk patients had elevated levels of inflammatory proteins (proteomics)

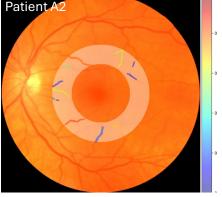


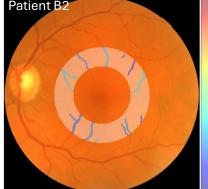


High risk for Leukemia



Low risk for Leukemia





Take Away

- Al is not magic Need to be thoughtful and intentional in developing algorithms.
- Computational Analytics with routine imaging and data could help address questions in precision medicine, specifically prognosis and predicting response to therapy
- Low cost computational diagnostics, need to be intentional in addressing equity. Global impact, especially low and middle income countries.
- Critical need to validate on completed and prospective clinical trials to establish predictive validity and establish higher levels of evidence.

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- R01CA202752-01A1
- R01CA208236-01A1
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- 1R43EB028736-01
- IBX004121A
- W81XWH-19-1-0668
- W81XWH-20-1-0851
- W81XWH-20-1-0595)
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