



Institute of Medicine Roundtable

Population Health Improvement and the ASTHO-Supported PC-PH Collaborative

Paul Jarris MD, MBA
Executive Director
Association of State and Territorial Health
Officials
February 5, 2015



ASTHO Million Hearts State Learning Collaborative

Project Goals:

- Improve hypertension control and to achieve the national Million Hearts goal.
- Identify and build networks and cross-sector partnerships to control hypertension.
- Test models for collaboration between public health and health care.
- Experience a QI process to affect practice and policy at all levels of the system.
- Focus on systems, sustainability and spread.

Focus on NQF 18:

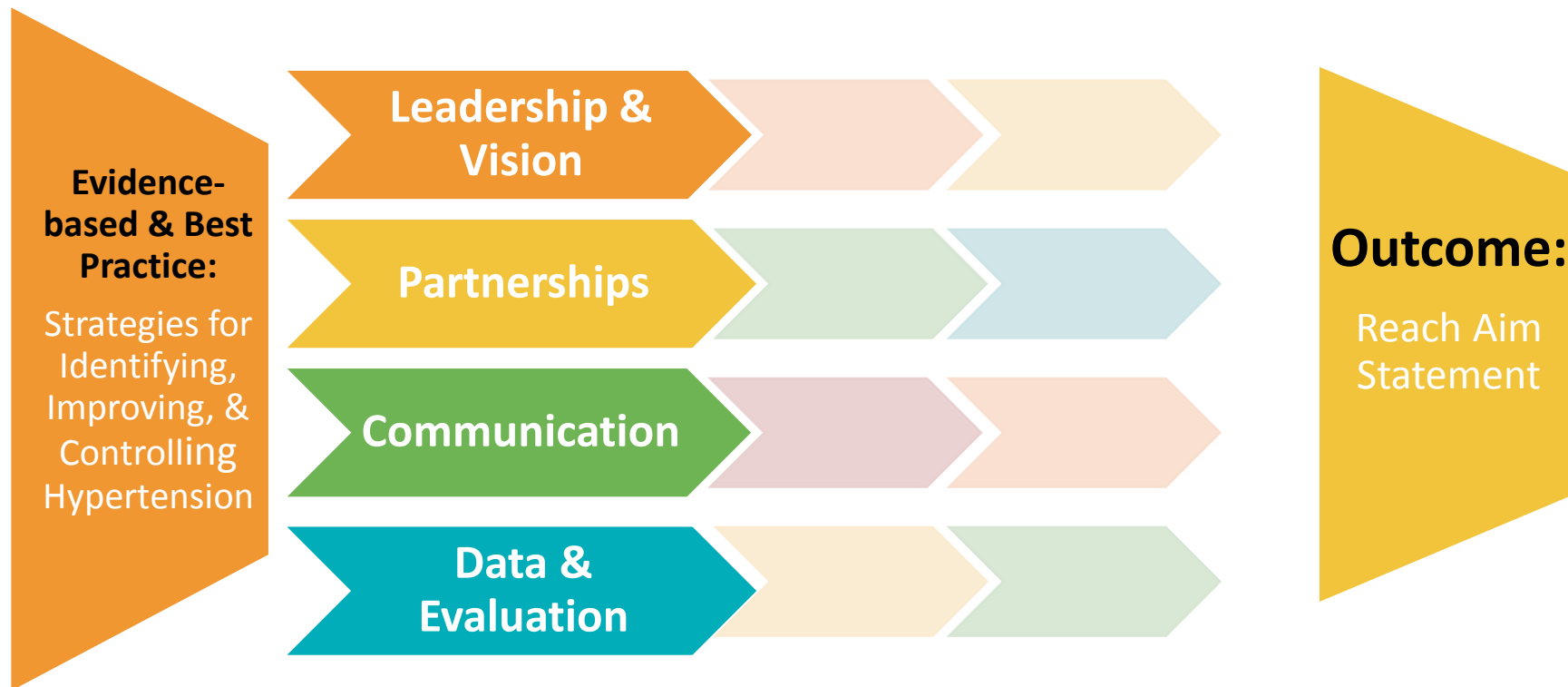
- The percentage of patients 18-85 years of age who had a diagnosis of hypertension and whose BP was adequately controlled during the measurement year



Five Key Levers for QI Driven Impact

- ✓ National, State, Local Leadership
- ✓ Community and Clinical Resources and Linkages
- ✓ Data-Driven Action
- ✓ Standardized Protocols
- ✓ Financing and Policy Approaches

Multi Partner Assessment



State Systems Change Leading to Real Change

In Year One with 10 States:

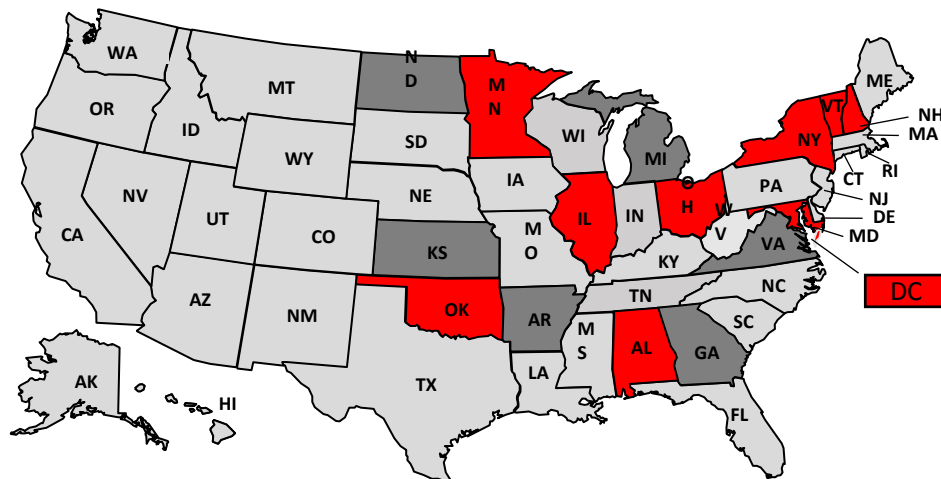
- Over 250 PDSA Pilot Cycles
- 4 Multi-State Meetings
- 69 Peer Group Virtual Convenings
- Over 150 multiple partners and stakeholders (payers, hospital systems, QIOs, FQHC's, local public health, community partners, state public health, health informatics, paramedic and other non-traditional partners) working together



State Impact: Number of People Reached

Current: 89,187

Potential: 1,567,447



KEY

Red = Continuing states

Dark grey = New states

Outcomes: Examples

- In 9 months, several clinics demonstrated improvement in the percentage of hypertensive patients under control by as much as **12 percentage points**.
 - A NH clinic improved control rates in its hypertension registry from 64% to 73% in 7 months
- All 10 states report that this project has influenced other CDC-funded chronic disease work
- Six states report that this work has informed their SIM applications

Outcomes

Standardizing Protocols:

- **DC** clinics diagnosed 3,950 new patients, including 1,648 from their target population (Ward 5 & 7).
- **NY** reduced their undiagnosed patients from 7% to 4.7% among reporting FQHCs and hypertension prevalence increased an average of 4.8% (range 1.7% to 14.2%).
- **OH** had an increase of hypertension control rates increase from 69.7% to 73.4% from reporting clinics.

Data:

- **OH** has enrolled 7,300+ patients into their registry in 3 months.
- **DC** has over 1,000 patients in their current registry and are developing 2 new registries.
- One **IL** clinic has 3,000+ patients in their dashboard.
- All FQHCs in **NH** began reporting on NQF18 to the NH Dep't. of Health and Human Services
- Participating clinics in **MN** can all pull NQF18 data from their EHR systems and report to MDH.

Innovative Approaches in the Learning Collaborative

- Lending blood pressure monitors from local libraries **(VT)**
- Funding registry managers in clinics using Community Health Needs Assessment benefits **(NH)**
- Using screening and referral protocols in faith-based communities and barbershops **(AL, DC, IL)**
- Using screening and referral protocols in fire departments **(MD, OH)**
- Using screening and referral protocol on military bases and healthcare systems **(AL)**
- Partnering with the Choctaw Nation Health System **(OK)**

Addressing Barriers to Sustaining and Spreading Successful Models of Population Health Improvement

- ✓ *Implementing a Quality Improvement Approach*
- ✓ *Linking Community Resources*
- ✓ *Using Data to Drive Action*
- ✓ *Building a Health Workforce Skilled in Health System Transformation*
- ✓ *Identifying Resources to Sustain and Spread Models of Success*