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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE



OSTI Mission & Roles

<u>Mission:</u> To improve the economic well being and quality of life of all North Carolinians through advancing science, technology, and innovation

ROLE	EXAMPLE
STRATEGIC (50%)	
• Evaluator & Advisor (30%)	Creating/using NC innovation indexes to evaluate and inform policy and programs
• Champion & Communicator (20%)	Leading/distributing NC technology roadmaps to chart the course for NC's economic future
TACTICAL (50%)	
• Funder & Implementer (40%)	Developing/administering NC technology commercialization grant programs
• Convener & Facilitator (5%)	Organizing/leading NC technology conferences & workshops to catalyze businesses
• Recruiter & Retainer (5%)	Attracting/keeping high-tech, high-growth, entrepreneurial businesses to/in NC

Board/Office of Science, Technology & Innovation

25 Board Members (BSTI):

- Governor
- Secretary of Commerce
- Governor appoints:
 - 1 from UNC-Chapel Hill
 - 1 from NC State University
 - 2 from components of UNC (one of which from an HBCU)
 - 1 from Duke University
 - 1 from another private college/university
 - 1 from NC Community College System
 - 1 representing K-12 public education
 - 6 from private industry in NC
 - 7 at-large
- General Assembly appoints:
 - 1 from President Pro Tempore of Senate
 - 1 from Speaker of the House

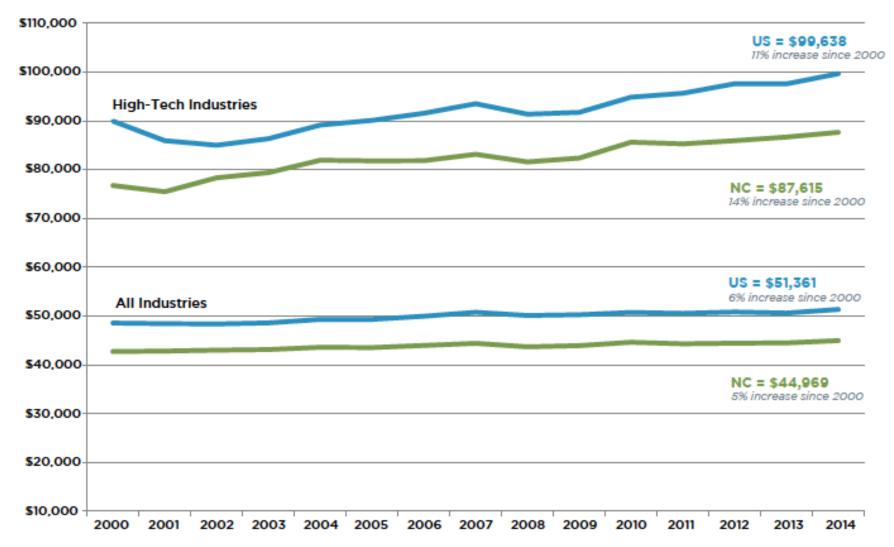
3-7+ Staff – Office of Science, Technology & Innovation (OSTI):

- Executive Director
- Assistant Director
- Executive Assistant
- Research Associates & Interns (2-3)
- NC Dept. of Commerce Colleagues

What is Innovation?

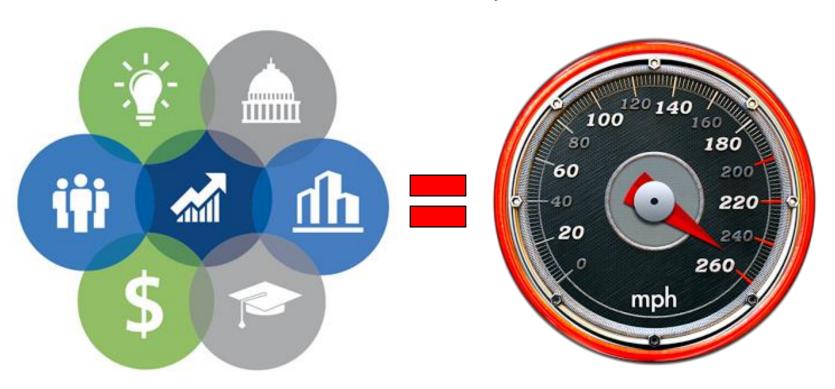
- <u>Innovation</u> is the creation & adoption of new products, services, and business models to yield value (i.e., <u>something new that adds value</u>)
- Innovation comes primarily from <u>science</u> (systematic knowledge) & <u>technology</u> (practical/creative application of knowledge)
- Between one-third to one-half of <u>economic growth</u> in U.S. is attributed to innovation (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce 2012)
- Innovation has big (5x) multiplier effect (across sectors & skill levels)
 - e.g., If Inmar adds a high-paying data scientist job in Winston-Salem →
 more jobs for waiters, landscapers, store clerks, painters, etc., <u>but not</u>
 <u>vice-versa</u> (Source: Moretti 2013)

Average Annual Wage, High-Tech Industries & all Industries, U.S. & N.C., 2000-2014



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

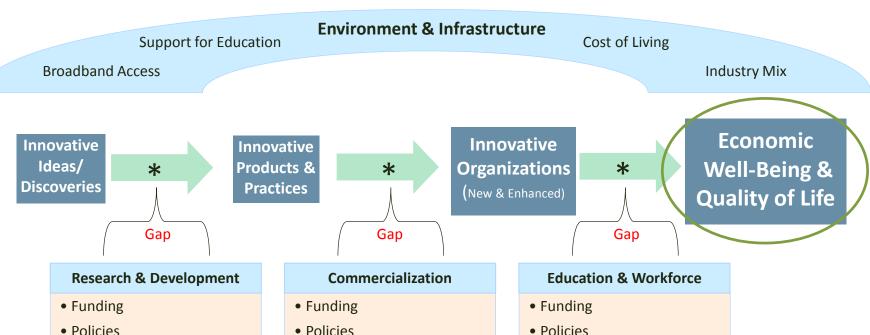
Innovation is the Economic Accelerator for NC



Innovation occurs most *efficiently* and *effectively* in a vibrant, healthy <u>innovation ecosystem</u>

What's an Innovation Ecosystem?

Ultimate Goal



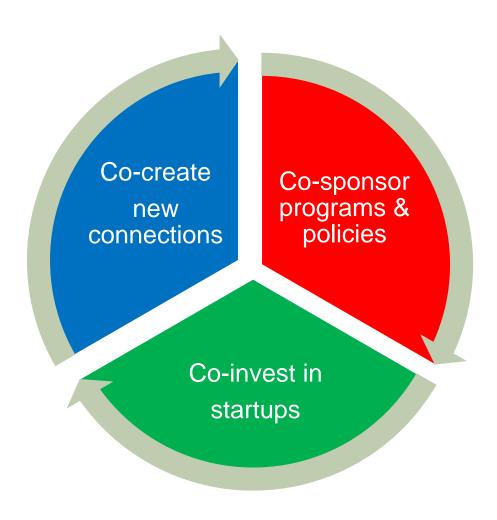
- Facilities & Equipment
- Researchers
- Culture & Goals of Research & Development Organizations

- Policies
- Facilities & Equipment
- Industry-University Nexus
- Culture & Goals of Commercialization Organizations

- K-16 Education System
- Industry Training
- Culture & Goals of **Education/Training** Organizations

OSTI Co-Strategy

- 1. Co-create new connections inside and outside the NC system that don't yet exist for new synergies
- 2. Co-sponsor policies and programs that accelerate the capabilities of the system
- **3. Co-invest** in **startups** to enable them to survive and thrive



OSTI Programs & Projects











90s



Universal Service



Vision 2030 Initiative



00s



Innovation Indices



Nanotechnology Roadmap



NC Small Business



Green Business Fund

10s



Innovation Indices



Innovation-to-Jobs



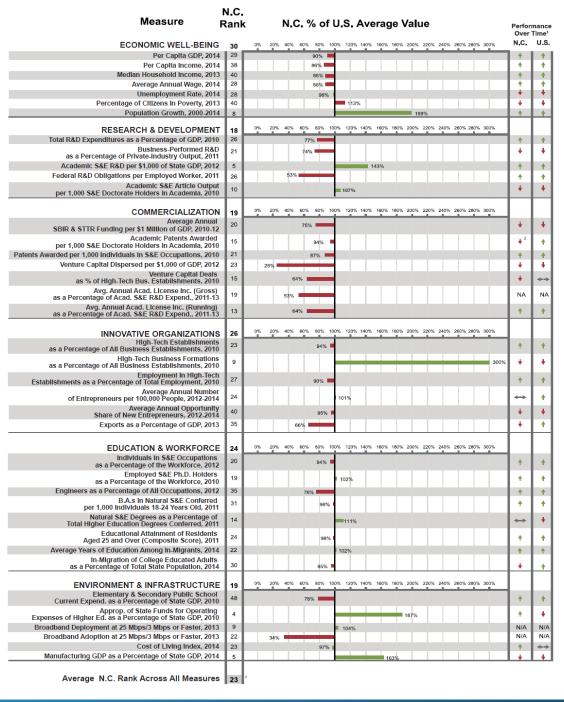
NC Small Business





Available at: www.nccommerce.com/sti

2017 Index to be released later this year



2015 Index Dashboard Overview

Which Factors Matter Most for Economic Prosperity?

Which factors have largest impact on three economic well-being variables:

- Per capita GDP
- Per capita personal income
- Average annual pay

Using SAS Visual Statistics, analyzing 15 years of data across each of the 50 U.S. states, we found three factors statistically significant for predicting changes in economic well-being variables across all U.S. states:

- Proportion of workers in high-tech industries
- Proportion of workers in science and engineering occupations
- Proportion of population with post-secondary educational attainment