

# PROSECUTING ENVIRONMENTAL WAR CRIMES

FACTS - NATURE AND SCALE

APPLICABLE LEGAL FRAMEWORK

INFORMATION ON KAKHOVKA DAM CASE

KEY CHALLENGES

OUR AIMS

# LEGAL FRAMEWORK OF THE PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT IN TIMES OF ARMED CONFLICT



It is prohibited to employ methods or means of warfare which are intended, or may be expected, to cause widespread, long-term and severe damage to the natural environment.

Care shall be taken in warfare to protect the natural environment against widespread, long-term and severe damage. This protection includes a prohibition of the use of methods or means of warfare which are intended or may be expected to cause such damage to the natural environment and thereby to prejudice the health or survival of the population.

 Additional Protocol to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949 relating to the Protection of Victims of International Armed Conflicts

## THE KEY FACTS

Investigation opened in

15

incidents of ecocide committed as part of Russia's aggressive war against Ukraine

Total number of war crimes resulting into damage to the environment

205

cases

#### Type of cases:

- Direct attacks against environment
- Attacks on civilian objects causing consequential damage to environment

#### **Examples**:

- Forests, fresh water, marine systems;
- ☐ Civilian objects food warehouse, water infrastructure
- Protected objects nuclear facilities and Kakhovka dam



### LEGAL AVENUES

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# NATIONAL PROCEEDINGS IN UKRAINE:

- Crime of Ecocide –
  Article 441 of the Criminal
  Code of Ukraine
- War Crimes Article 438 of the Criminal Code of Ukraine
- Guide to Identifying and Framing Environmental War Crimes in Ukraine

# JOINT INVESTIGATION INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL **TEAM (JIT) AND THIRD** COURT (ICC) **STATES** ■ War Crimes – Article 8 of the Rome Statute

### KAKHOVKA DAM CASE

On 6 June 2023 – around 03:00 a.m., Russian military blew up the dam of the Kakhovka HPP in Kherson region. Damage:

Flooded area -

610 km<sup>2</sup>

80 settlements

were flooded

35
people died due to flooding

Severe Impact on ecosystem (living habitat, national parks, etc.)

- Very same day investigation opened into the fact of War Crime and Ecocide:
  - ▶ National Interagency Investigative Group composed of 172 prosecutors from 5 regional prosecutor's offices, War Crimes Department and SEPO along with 500 investigators in charge of the Kakhovka Dam Case
- Cooperation with the ICC under the umbrella of the Task Force:

### OUR PRIORITIES

Effective investigation and prosecution of the environmental war crimes in Ukraine in line with the relevant rules of IHL and ICL

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Raising awareness regarding the environmental crimes committed in Ukraine – damage caused to the environment and its severe consequences

Development of the Strategic Plan on the Implementation of Powers of the Prosecutor General's Office in the Field of Criminal Prosecution of Environmental War Crimes and Ecocide

Campaigning for similar accountability before the ICC and third states for crimes committed in Ukraine and elsewhere

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Promoting adoption of the international crime of Ecocide

Implementation of the Environmental Compact for Ukraine

### CHALLENGES

Lack of universal definition Lack of case-law related to Complexity of investigation environmental war crimes in evidence collection of the crime of Ecocide on requires high technical Ukraine, before international international level: capabilities and scientific courts and tribunals as well ■ It does not exist as a as in third states' practice: expertise distinct international Restricted access Ukraine being a first state crime undertaking efforts to to crime scenes prosecute environmental war crimes and ecocide

### OUR NEEDS AND POSSIBLE AVENUES FOR COOPERATION

# Strengthening the capability of the Specialized Environmental Prosecutor's Office

- sharing guidelines with the best practices for the investigation and prosecution of environmental crimes
- designing/conducting/ funding the training, study visits for the prosecutors and investigators

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#### **Technical assistance:**

- providing us with the data gained through high-resolution satellite imaginary platforms.
- creation of digital evidence platform about wartime environmental damage.

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### **Expert support:**

- Assessment of the environmental impact using both remote and on-ground assessment methods, considering both direct and indirect impacts.
- **■** Extensive field-level assessment work
- Assessment of long-term environmental consequences of war
- Verification of already made assessment and reports