

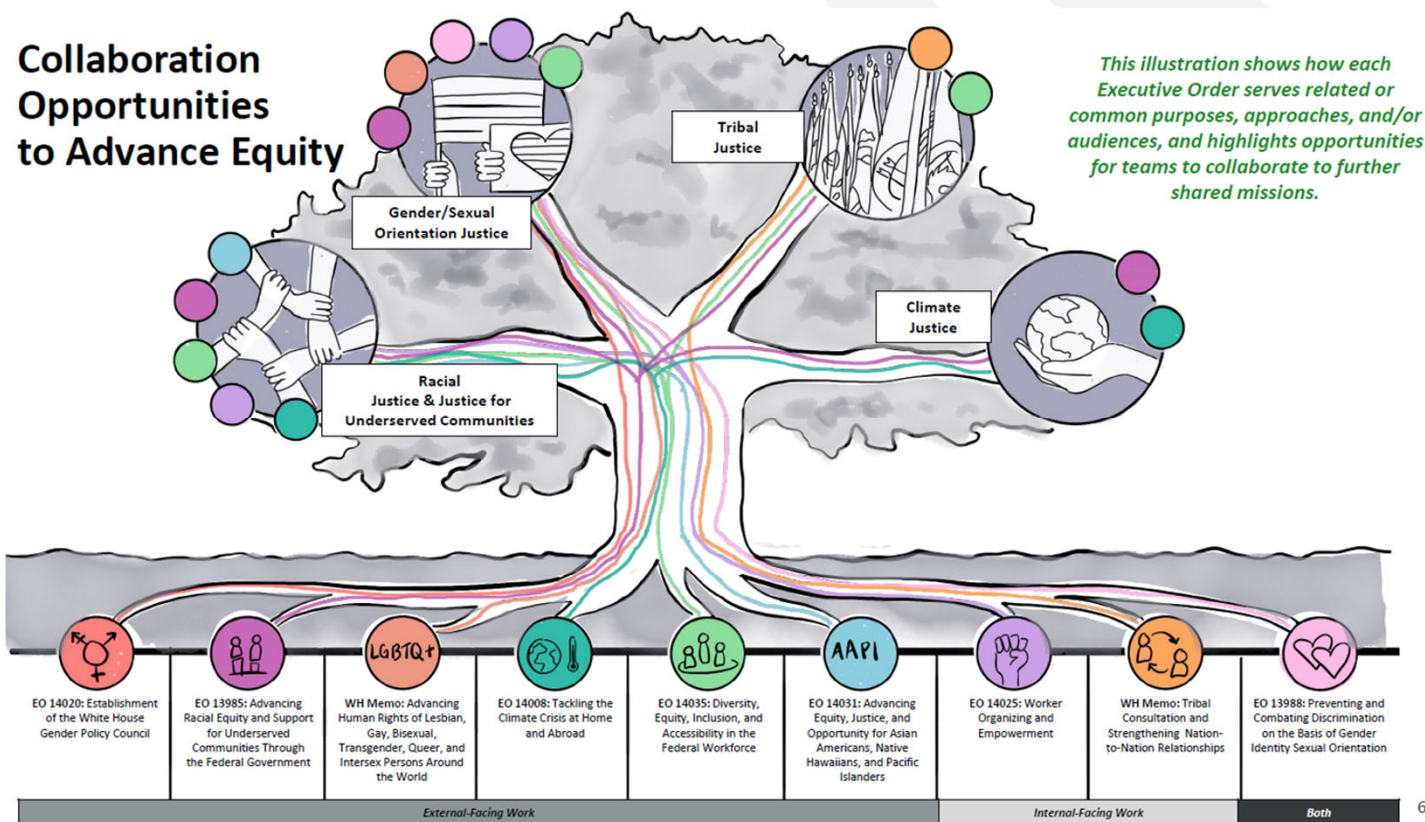


Effective Investment in Rural America

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Equity Work at USDA and Rural Development



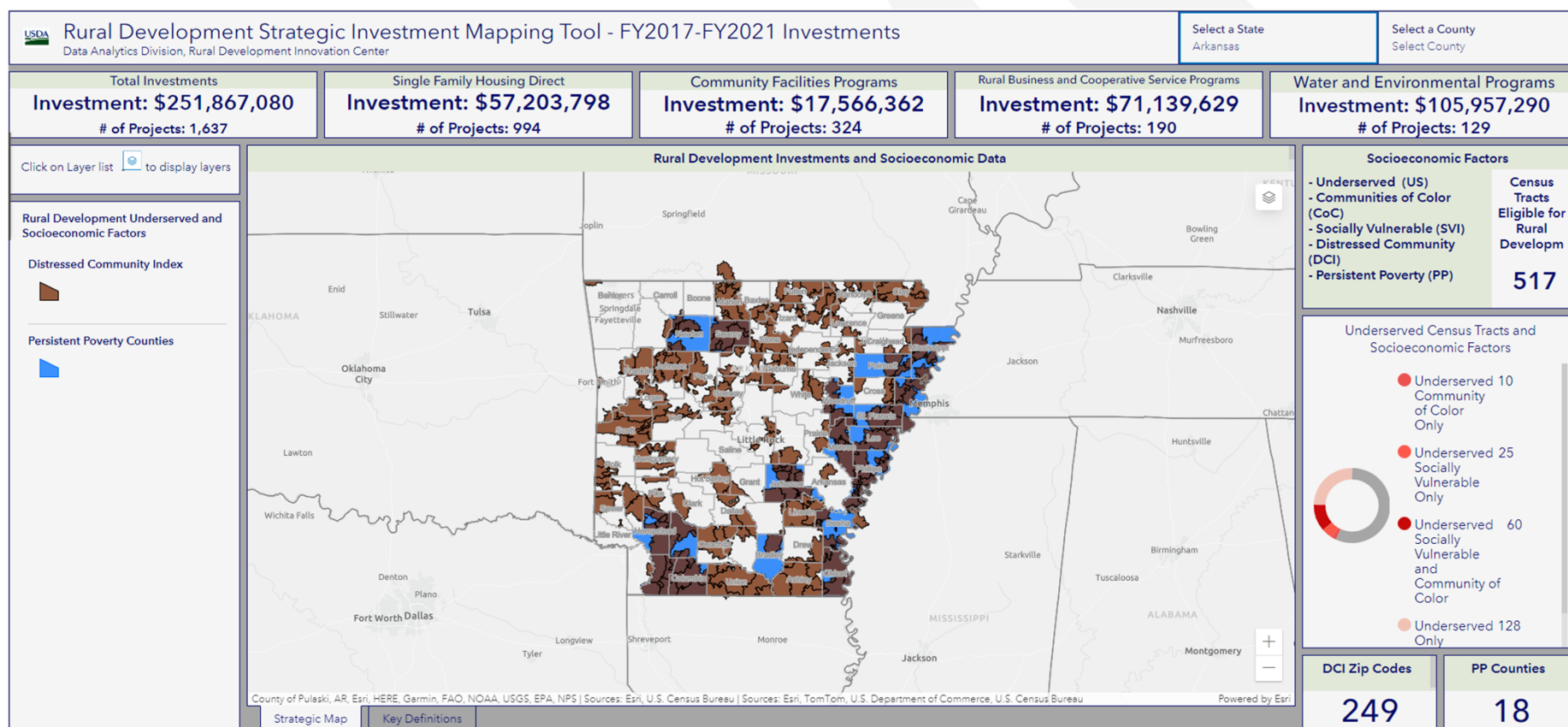
Current Issues with Regional Development

- Private sector/philanthropy don't invest in rural areas
 - Cannot get 'bang for their buck'
- Federal resources don't get to underserved communities
 - These communities lack capacity to apply or manage grants/loans
- This is especially true when federal resources get funneled through states
 - Funds go to large metros and/or capital cities

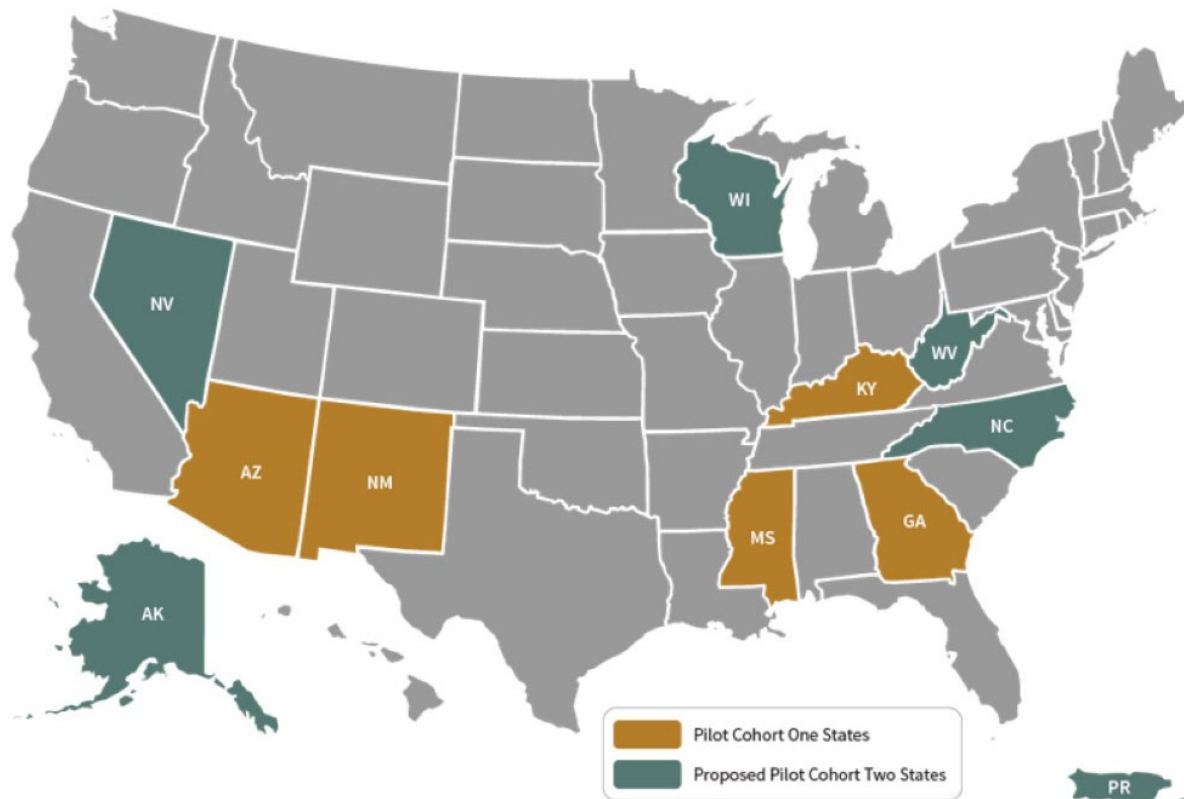
How USDA is thinking about implementation

- Tackling market failure and government failure through direct investment, outreach, and capacity-building efforts
- Addressing equity by pairing a data-driven approach with targeted outreach
- Stakeholder Engagement
 - Who are we talking to? Who *aren't* we talking to?

Data-driven approach to advancing equity



Rural Partners Network



Cohort One States:
Georgia, Kentucky
New Mexico,
Mississippi and Three
Tribes in Arizona

**Cohort Two States
and Territory:**
Alaska, Nevada,
North Carolina,
Puerto Rico,
Wisconsin, and West
Virginia.

Community Liaisons and national and regional TA providers

Advocate for rural community needs; addressing barriers and equitable access



Matchmake between community needs and agency resources and staff

**Convene Partners:
Federal, Tribal, state, and local governments, non-profits, and other private stakeholders**

Provide technical assistance and capacity building support

Framing the discussion around development

- Communities and the people in those communities aren't economic indicators
- The indicators we see in these “underserved” communities are the outcomes of intentional actions by policymakers
- Using terms like socially vulnerable or distressed take the onus off of those historical actions
- We have to be honest about this and as policymakers we should be held accountable to ensure that we don't repeat this history

