# Assessing Performance in Human-Al Teams:

**Empirical Evaluation and Moderators for Optimizing Outcomes** 

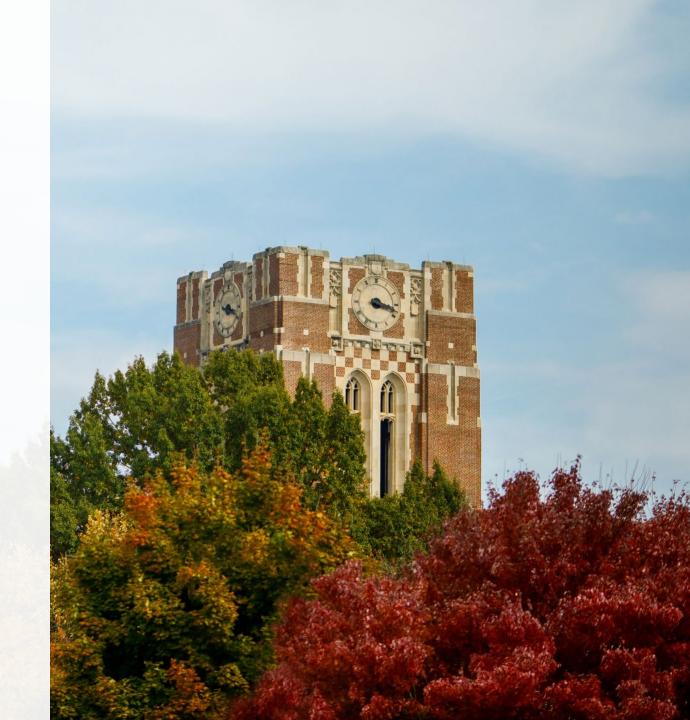
Beau G. Schelble

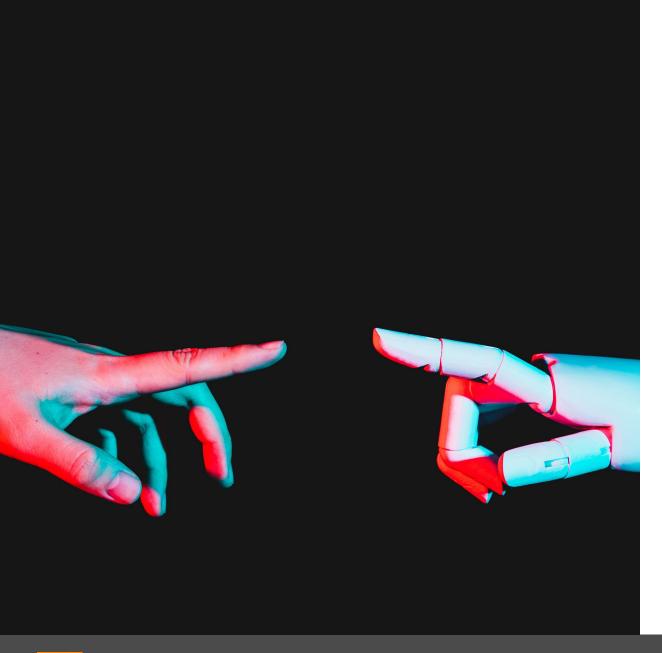
BOHSI Webinar: Performance Optimization in Human-Al Teams September 9<sup>th</sup>, 2025



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#### **Human-Machine Teaming**

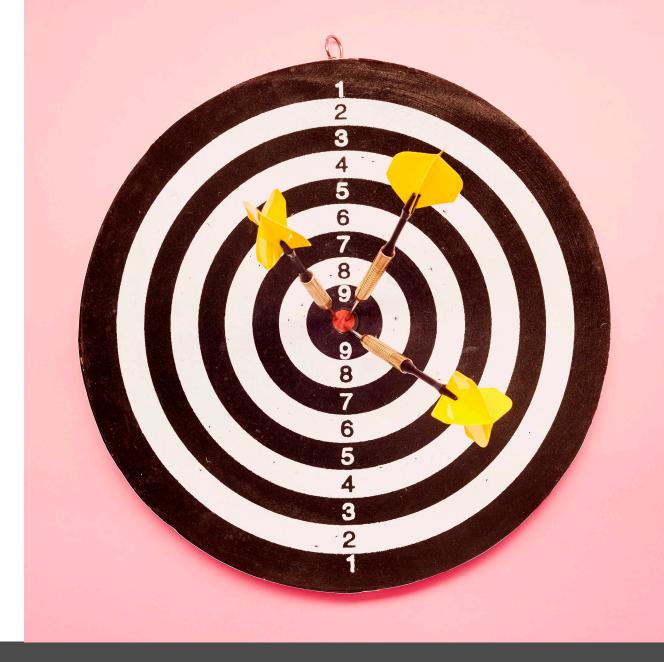
#### **Definition**

 Autonomous Technology Collaborating with Humans as Teammates to Undertake
 Taskwork and Teamwork Functions

- A human-AI team is 2 or more members working interdependently toward a common goal
- At least one <u>autonomous agent</u>...
- ...where the autonomous agent(s)
   occupy unique roles on the team and
   possess significant agency.

## What is Human-Al Team Effectiveness?

- Individual Objective Outcomes
  - e.g., Taskwork Accuracy, Efficiency
- Team Objective Outcomes
  - e.g., Team Goal Completion Accuracy, Efficiency, Compliance
- Affective Outcomes
  - e.g., Satisfaction with Team, Satisfaction with Al Teammate





#### **Measuring Objective Outcomes**

- Function of Individual and Team-Level
   Goal Priorities and Execution
- Context Dependent
- e.g.
  - Time to Goal Completion
  - Accuracy
  - Resources Expended
  - Compliance with Standards
- Al Teammate's Actions Should not Dominate Measures of Human-Al Team Performance



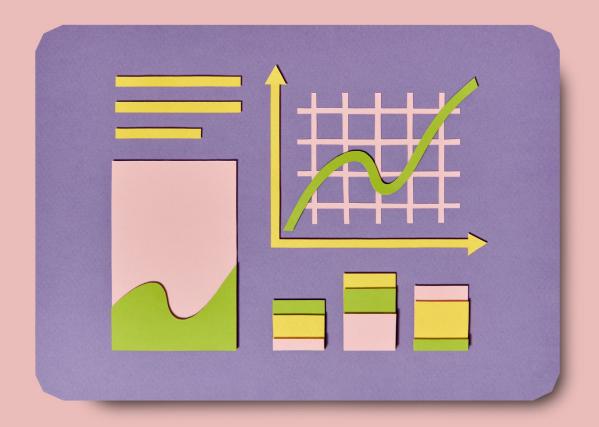




#### **Measuring Objective Outcomes**

- Weighting Depends on the Context
  - Maximize Accuracy when Errors are Costly
  - Maximizing Compliance/Safety Procedures when Risk is High
  - Maximizing Time-Based Efficiency when Speed is Critical
  - Balance Weights when Trade-Offs are Acceptable
- Performance Composites for Al Teammate Training will Require Rewards for Teamwork





## **Composite Score Example**

$$TPS_i = 1000 - \left(\sum Team\ Penalty_j\right)$$

- Missed Waypoint Penalty (Weight = 318.63)
- Missed Photos Penalty (Weight = 314.96)
- Alarm Penalty (Weight = 393.22)
- Warning Penalty (Weight = 112.02)

### Weights Reflect **Priorities** (Warnings versus Alarms)

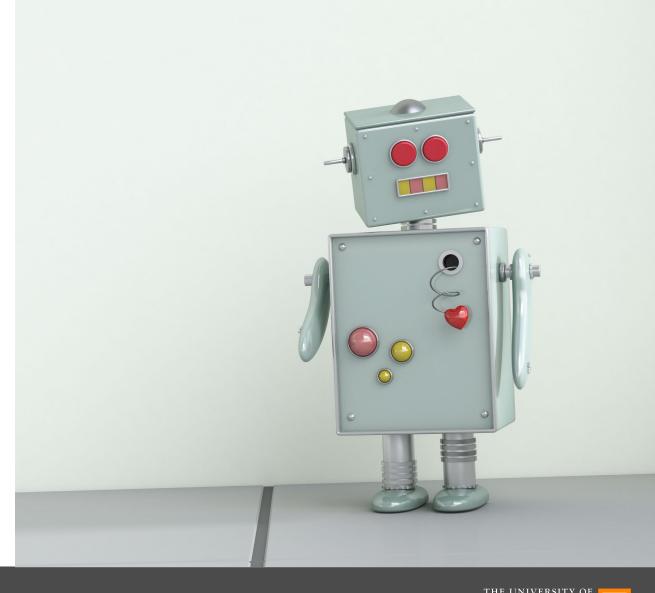
Cooke, N. J., Gorman, J., Pedersen, H., Winner, J., Duran, J., Taylor, A., ... & Rowe, L. (2007). *Acquisition and Retention of Team Coordination in Command-and-Control* (No. AFRLHEAZTR20070041).





#### **Measuring Affective Outcomes**

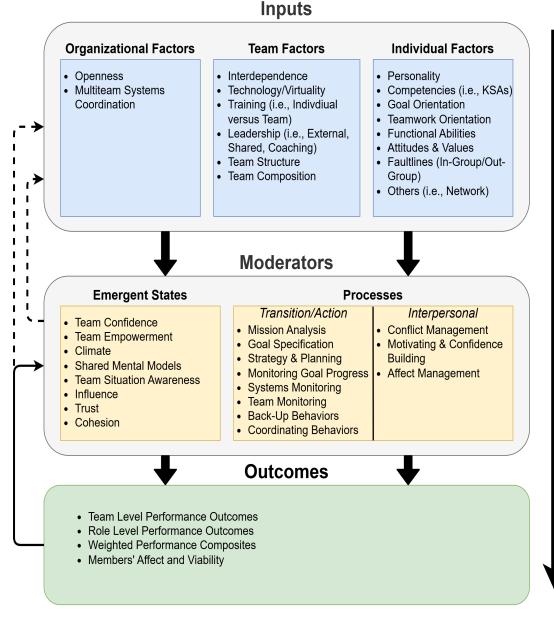
- How did Team Members Feel About Their Experience?
- Was their Experience with the Al Positive?
- Typically Measured Using Surveys
  - Impact Future Human-Al Team Outcomes (Schelble et al., 2020; Hafizoğlu & Sen, 2018a; 2018b)



#### **Performance Antecedents**

### How Do Human-Al Teams Get to Outcomes?

- Al Excels in Rote Taskwork (Schelble et al., 2022a)
- However, Teamwork is a Struggle for AI (McNeese et al., 2018)
- These Teamwork and Taskwork Moderators
   Explain the Variance in Outcomes
- E.g.
  - Trust (Emergent)
  - Team Situation Awareness (Emergent)
  - Monitoring (Process)
  - Coordination (Process)









#### **Performance Antecedents**

### Optimizing Human-Al Team Performance

#### **Inputs**

- Individual Differences (Jorge et al., 2023)
- Team Composition (Schelble et al., 2022a)

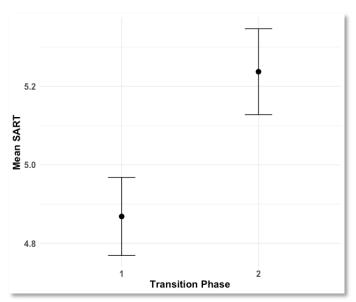
#### **Emergent States**

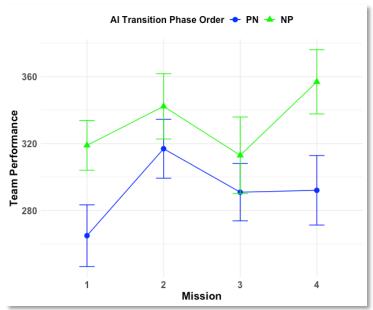
- Shared Mental Models (Schelble et al., 2022b)
- Trust (Schaefer et al., 2017)
- Situation Awareness (Endsley, 2023)

#### **Processes**

- Communication (McNeese & Cooke, 2016)
- Adaptation (Hauptman et al., 2023)







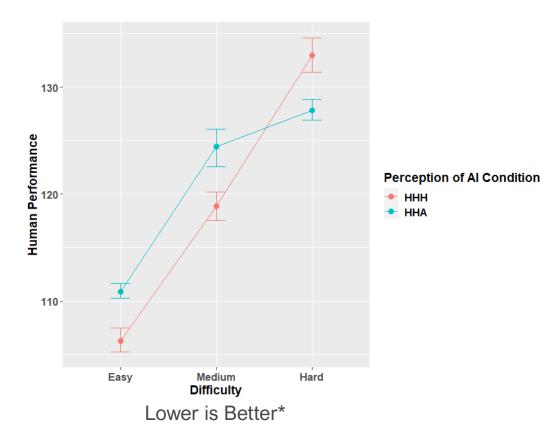
## Performance Antecedents Example

## When Should Al Join Strategy Discussions?

- Effects Varied by Timing in the Team Life Cycle
- Stronger Benefits Later in the Life
   Cycle
- Direct Effects on...
  - Situational Awareness
  - Objective Performance

Schelble, B. G., Mallick, R., Hauptman, A., & McNeese, N. (2025). Should Al Teammates Give All the Answers? Examining the Role of Different Al Information-Sharing Techniques on Team Cognition in Human-Al Teams. *International Journal of Human–Computer Interaction*, 1-26.





## Performance Antecedents Example

### Perceived Teammate Artificiality Affects Performance

- Performance Improved in Higher-Difficulty Phases
- Affective States Influenced Outcomes in Human-Al Teams

Schelble, B. G., Flathmann, C., McNeese, N. J., O'Neill, T., Pak, R., & Namara, M. (2023). Investigating the Effects of Perceived Teammate Artificiality on Human Performance and Cognition. *International Journal of Human–Computer Interaction*, 39(13), 2686-2701.

## Human-Al Team Performance is Multifaceted

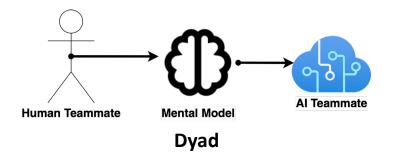
- Objective Performance
  - Measured as a Function of Accuracy, Efficiency, and Compliance
  - Weighting Based Upon Context
- Affective Outcomes
  - Survey Measures for Affective Outcomes
  - May also Utilize Expert or Supervisor Evaluation of Team Outputs

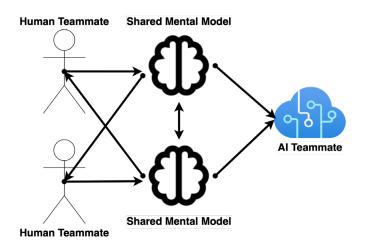




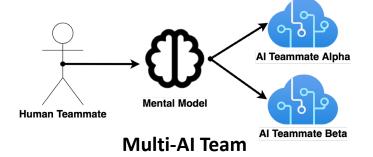
### **Composition Increases Performance Variance**

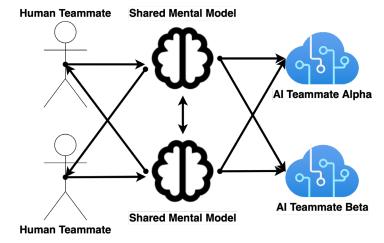
- Expanding Human-Al Teams Increases the Variance in Performance Outcomes
- These Complexities from Inputs and Moderators Have Always Existed and Involve Several Constructs
- Increased Complexity
   Highlights the Need to Ensure
   Al is Working Towards the
   Shared Goal





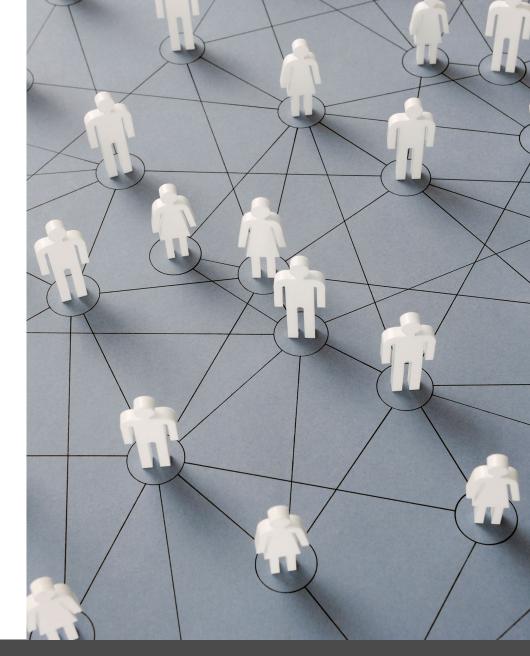
Multi-Human Team





## Al Teammates Must Support Teamwork Behaviors to Scale

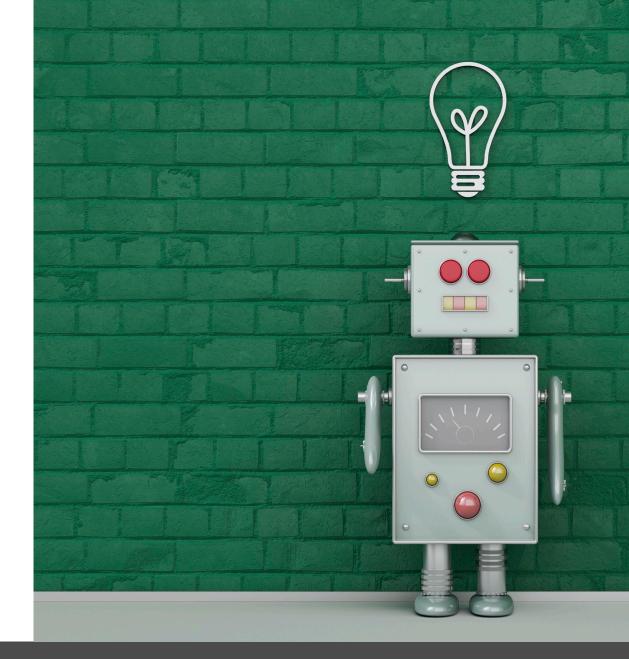
- Optimal Al Teamwork Behaviors will Likely
   Differ from Human Teammates
- Communication and Coordination Remain
   Fundamental to Team Performance
- Al can Support the Creation of Novel
   Emergent States and Team Processes to
   Drive Improvements to Team Outcomes
- Leverage AI to Manage Complexity in Moderators to Reduce Performance Variance





#### **Human-Al Complementarity**

- Design Team Roles to Individual Strengths
  - Human Judgement in Uncertainty
  - Al Speed and Consistency
- Adapt Decision-Making Authority
   Using Predictors of *Individual* 
   Performance
- Human-Al Team Performance is Wholly Reliant on Bidirectional Performance Improvement Between Human and Al Teammates





Conclusion

Align Performance Metrics with Human and Al Decision Making

**Equip Al to Support Teamwork Behaviors** to Scale Human-Al Teams

Emphasize Antecedents to Optimize those Performance Metrics



