



Starlab Space Station

UNLEASHING THE NEXT GENERATION
OF SPACE DESTINATIONS



The International Space Station is set to be **decommissioned** in 2030.



> 25 YEARS

> 270+ ASTRONAUTS

> 4,000+ INVESTIGATIONS

> Research onboard the International Space Station has benefitted life on Earth and laid the groundwork for future deep-space missions.

Post-ISS Problem: Once deorbited, research and commercial product and services markets have no destination for valuable microgravity projects.

National space agencies and businesses need full capability and continuity of space capabilities.



Unleashing the Next Generation of Commercial Space Stations

- > A **global joint venture and network of partners**, ensuring a continued human presence in LEO and a seamless transition of microgravity research from the ISS into the new commercial space station era
- > An **AI-enabled** space station designed to facilitate scientific discovery and technological advancement in space through its advanced, **user-driven design** and robust capabilities



Competitive Advantage

> JV PARTNERSHIP

- Experienced industry leaders reduce execution, technology and funding risks
- Cost transparency driven by commercial cost matching
- Each global partner represents a large, existing space station user and opens opportunities for international demand and funding

> TECHNOLOGY

- Modern design leverages advanced technologies, energy efficiency and AI-enabled science and manufacturing
- Palantir's software and AI optimize operations and reduce maintenance costs

> SINGLE LAUNCH

- Starlab is the only station that requires only one launch to be fully operational
- Single-launch solution lowers costs, enables competitive pricing and eliminates complex in-space assembly



Payloads and hardware

Largest commercial user on ISS

Owns and operates the only private infrastructure on ISS



Human space infrastructure

Technical design and engineering services

Constructing Starlab's habitat



Hardware and supply chains

Accelerating terrestrial product development with space research



Space robotics

External robotics, robotics interface and robotic mission operations



AI and software

Enterprise-wide software data management to enhance operations

AI/ML payload integration



Proven Space Operations and Technical Expertise

VOYAGER	AIRBUS	 Mitsubishi Corporation	 MDA SPACE	 Palantir	 NORTHROP GRUMMAN
Payloads & Hardware	Human Space Infrastructure	Hardware & Supply Chains	Space Robotics	AI & Software	Logistics & Exploration
					
2016: Nanoracks deployed the 100th CubeSat from the ISS 2020: Acquired Nanoracks that specializes in CubeSat payload deployment 2020: Bishop Airlock launched to ISS 2023: Established Starlab with Airbus	2000: Integration of several space initiatives formed into Airbus, Europe's first consolidated space expert 2015: Began building European Service Module for NASA's Orion spacecraft 2025: Secured ESA contract to build part of the Rosalind Franklin Mars rover	1994: Participated in development of the H-II rocket, Japan's first domestically developed liquid-fuel launch vehicle 2008: Kibo, the Japanese Experiment Module designed and manufactured by Mitsubishi, is added to the ISS as first Japanese manned space facility	1981: Developed Canadarm, the Shuttle Remote Manipulator System used on NASA's Space Shuttle 2008: Built Dextre, a two-armed robot that performs delicate maintenance tasks on the ISS 2020: Awarded contract to build Canadarm3 for NASA's Lunar Gateway	2020: Signed first contract with Space Force to deliver data-crunching in space 2021: Expanded partnership with Space Force and Air Force by providing software for DAF mission 2024: Entered partnership with Voyager to apply AI and ML capabilities to space missions	2013: Developed the Cygnus spacecraft for continued ISS missions 2021: Received NASA's CLD Phase I award for developing the commercial replacement for the ISS 2023: Northrop exited CLD and joined Starlab

Station Current Status

> On-going & Completed



2024

- Q3: IOR and SIR successfully completed
- Q4: PDR successfully completed

2025

- Q1: Risk Reduction, ECLSS AUP HW delivered early
- Q1: Optical Link Demo Mission review completed
- Q1: Phase 1 safety reviews at subsystem levels completed
- Q2: Payload MCC Completed
- Q2: System Integration Lab in development
- Q3: Structural Test article in progress

> Upcoming

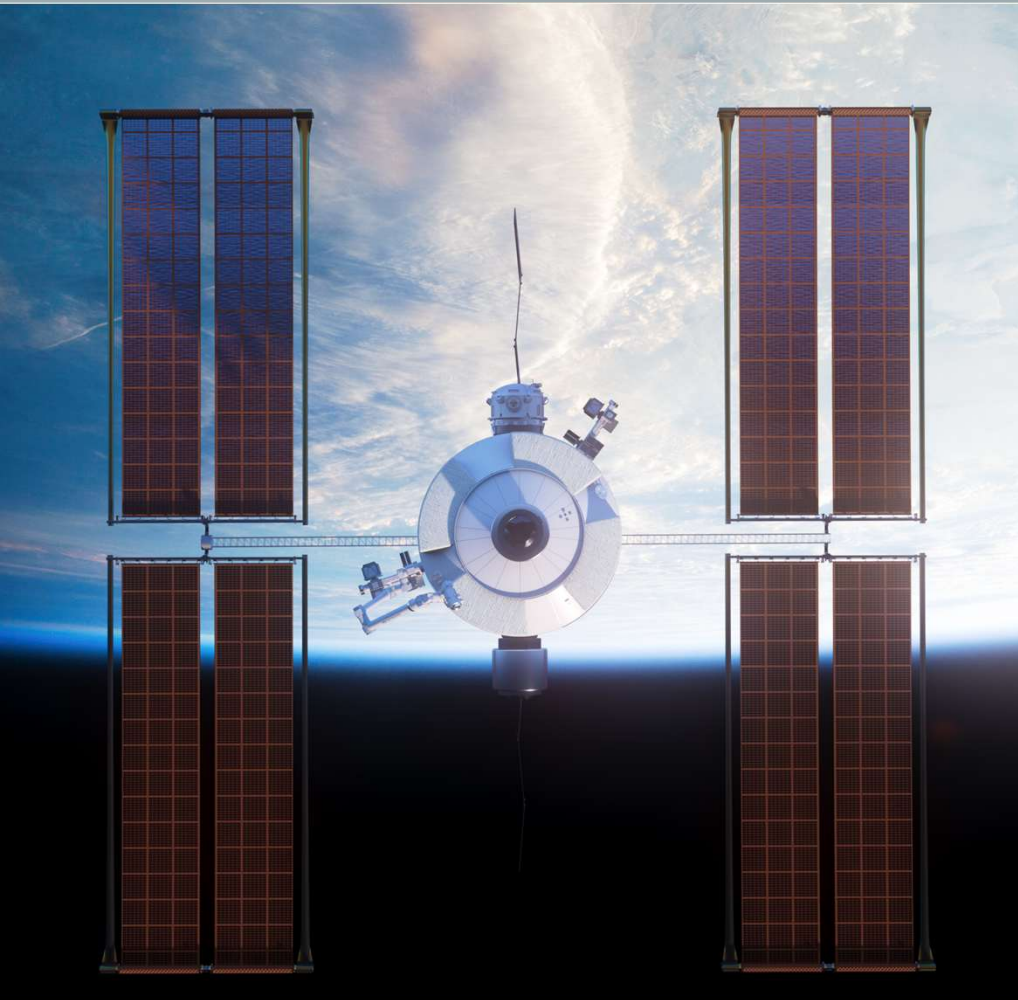


- Cygnus and HTV options for PPE augmentation trades
- Cygnus Docking Demonstration
- Hi-fi mockup under construction and will be operational in JSC building 9
- System Equipment and Payload Racks builds for SIL integration and test
- Critical Design Review

Specifications



Station Specification Overview



LAUNCH CONFIGURATION

- Altitude: 500 km
- Inclination: 45° circular orbit



DEPLOYED

- 12 kW average payload power, internal and external
- 3 standard IDSS docking ports
- >2.5 Gbps communication to ground at Final Orbital Capability



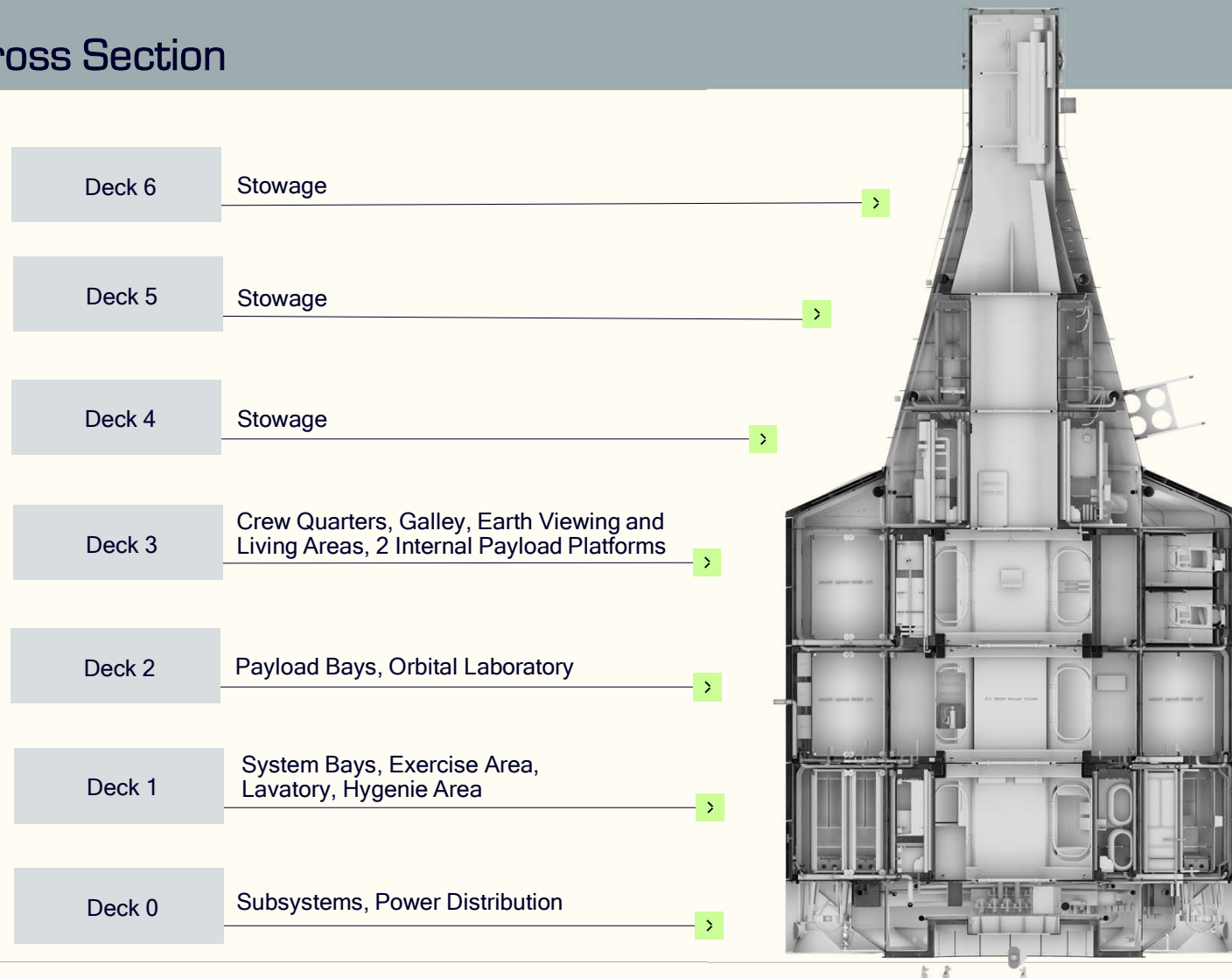
OPERATIONAL

- Science airlock
- 2 external payload platforms for 18 external payloads
- External robotics to service external payloads
- 4 crew continuous presence and 8 crew during turnover

Key External Features



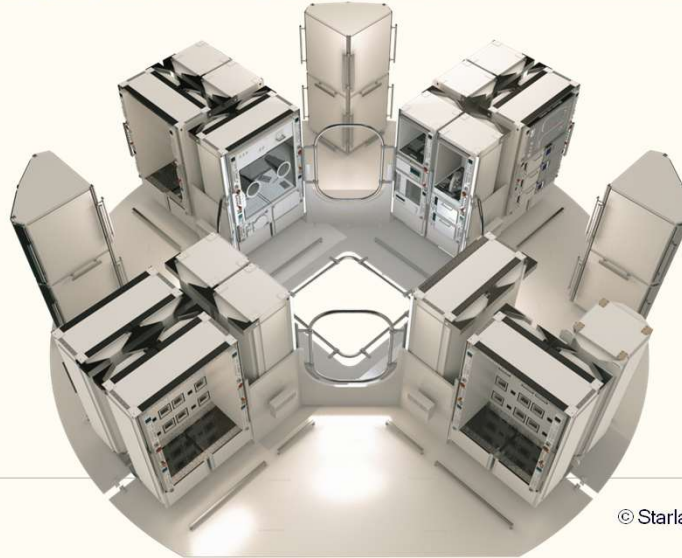
Station Cross Section



Key Internal Features



- 387 m³ pressurized volume
- ~1560 ft² floor space
- 13 payload platforms, up to 10 MDLEs per platform, for a total capacity of 130 MDLEs
- Modular and flexible architecture
- Full laboratory capability (e.g., workbench, glovebox, cold stowage)
- Leasable payload platform space



Payloads >



Classes of Payloads & Price Factors

> PASSIVE PAYLOAD

No facilities needed. Static, stand-alone or inert. Passive stowage and crew time considerations.

> EXPERIMENTS

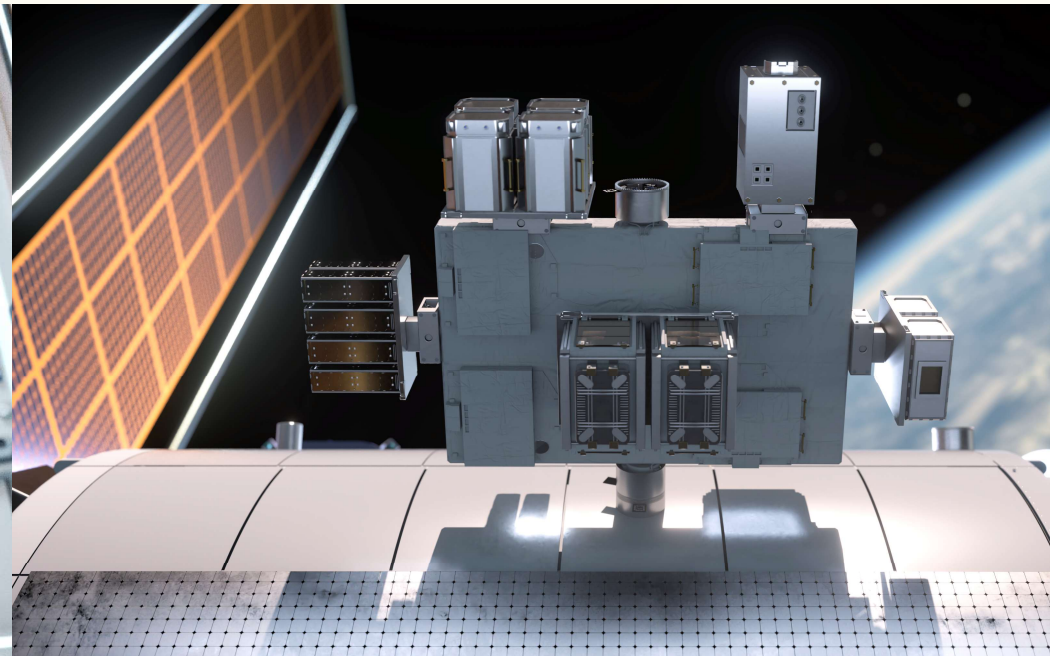
Payloads that requires other lab equipment or Starlab facility usage. Complexity factors of facilities, crew time, and services needed.

> COMMERCIAL PAYLOAD FACILITY

Flexible payload slots for MDLE sized payloads. Complexity factors of crew time, services, and time in allocated payload volume.

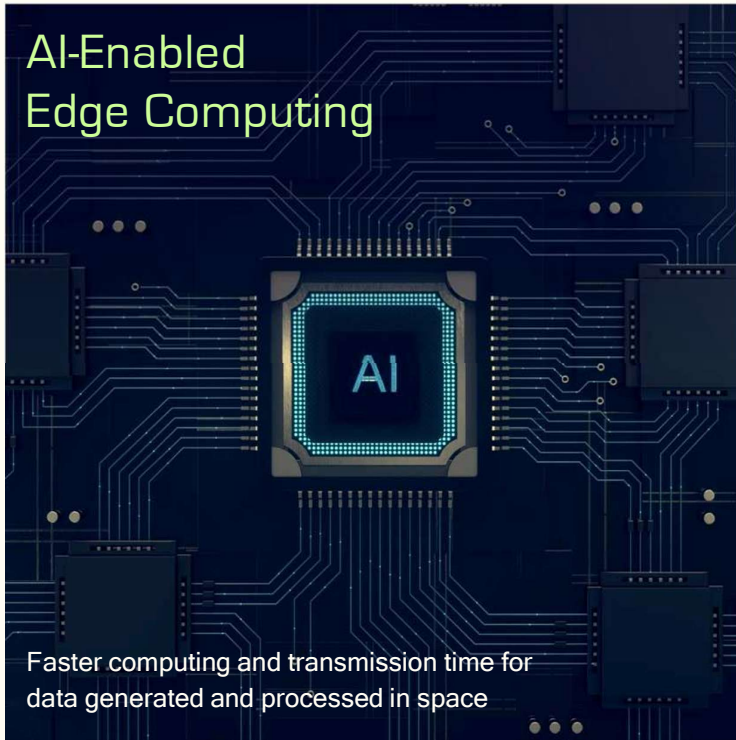
> EXTERNAL PAYLOAD

XORI slots on external platforms for $\sim 1\text{m}^3$ payloads. Size, robotic operations, cycle or run time, and resource requirements.



Commercial Opportunities in Space

STARLAB IS SCALING ALREADY PROVEN SCIENCE



**AI-Enabled
Edge Computing**

Faster computing and transmission time for data generated and processed in space

The graphic features a dark blue background with glowing circuit lines. In the center is a square chip with a grid of dots and the letters 'AI' in the middle.



**Drug Formation
\$1.15 trillion market**

Absence of convective forces allows proteins to grow into larger, more ordered structures, accelerating drug development

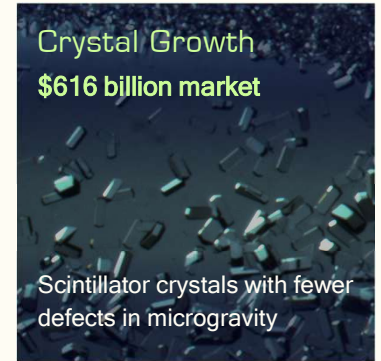
The graphic shows several blue and white capsules floating in a light blue space.



**Retina Implants
\$595 billion market**

Possible in the microgravity environment

The graphic is a close-up of a human eye.



**Crystal Growth
\$616 billion market**

Scintillator crystals with fewer defects in microgravity

The graphic shows numerous small, dark, irregular crystals on a dark background.



**Data Centers
\$1.3 trillion market**

Compute in space eliminates negative impacts of AI on Earth

The graphic shows rows of server racks in a data center.



**Semiconductors
\$1.3 trillion market**

Space manufacturing can result in larger and higher quality semiconductors

The graphic shows a colorful, detailed view of a semiconductor chip.

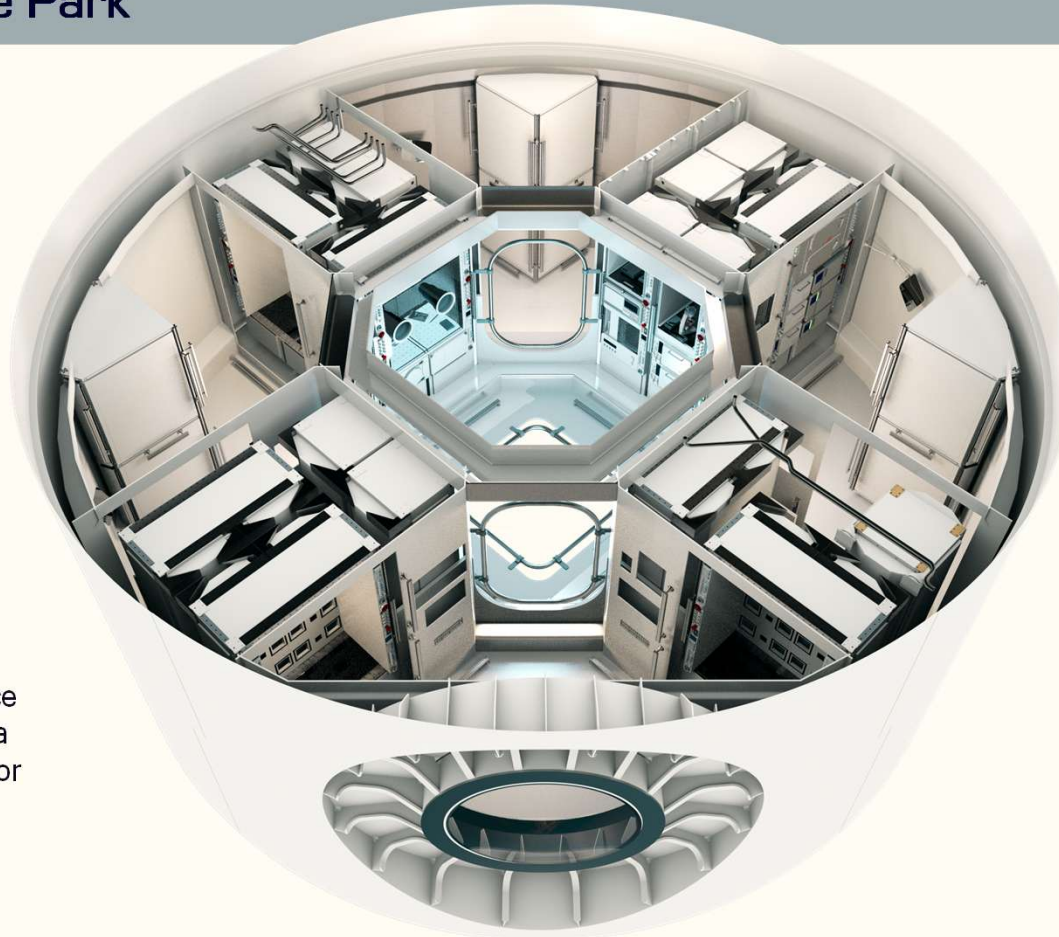
Operations



Orbital Science Park

THE FIRST SCIENCE PARK IN SPACE

Starlab's core is a science park. Science parks are a proven business model for industrial and scientific innovation.



OUR PROCESS

The Starlab Science Park will be reconfigurable, allowing for scientific components to be upgraded, replaced or expanded as requirements change.

LABORATORIES

Featuring specialized facilities for biology, plant habitation, physical sciences, materials research and an open workbench area.

THE FUTURE

Standard payload platforms for single, double and Quad MDLE configurations. Starlab will host and manage dedicated space for commercial leasing and utilization.

Partnerships with science parks like Voyager's VISTA in Ohio, Innovation Park Zurich and Shonan iPark in Japan for terrestrial analogs will allow for researchers to see and feel what it's like to conduct science in space.

Orbital Station Utilization



> BASIC RESEARCH

Universities, PI's, & R&D Centers

> APPLIED RESEARCH

Implementation & Channel Partners

> PRODUCTIZATION

Industrialization/Production, Science Parks

COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE SPACE

Space available:

~ 60 MDLE Equivalent Slots

Current assumption:

Direct to implementation, channel and commercial clients for utilization

Contract type:

Lessee, volumetric pricing or hybrid revenue sharing

Power and thermal management:

12 kW nominal power, with peak up to 16 kW, for all MDLE locations, plus up to 2.4 kW thermal control per IPP



BASE LAB AVAILABLE SPACE

Space available:

~ 70 MDLE Equivalent Slots

Current assumption:

High percentage for government utilization through post-ISS service contracts

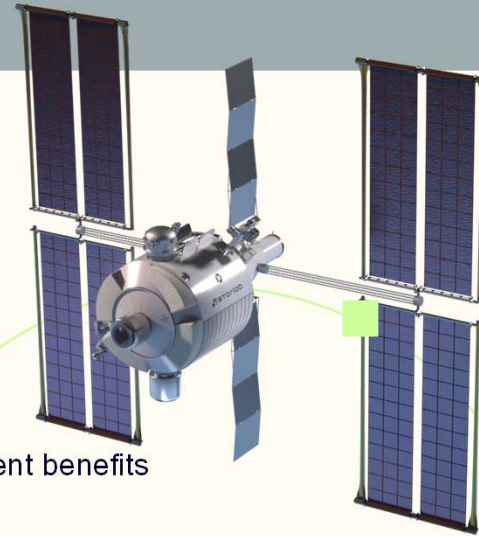
Contract type:

Resource based pricing by facility utilization

Terrestrial to Orbital Space Network

BENEFITS:

- Collaboration and networking between research and academia
- Access to advanced facilities and payload research facilities for space research
- Expanded talent pool, supplementing with space science and engineering expertise
- Innovation ecosystem with new variable of microgravity environment benefits
- Reduced cost to orbit through collaborative missions
- Startup support and spin out of research
- Government and industry partnerships
- Public awareness and education



**STARLAB ORBITAL
LABORATORY & RESEARCH
CENTER**



**TERRESTRIAL RESEARCH
& SCIENCE CENTERS**
(innovation parks or trade free
business zones)



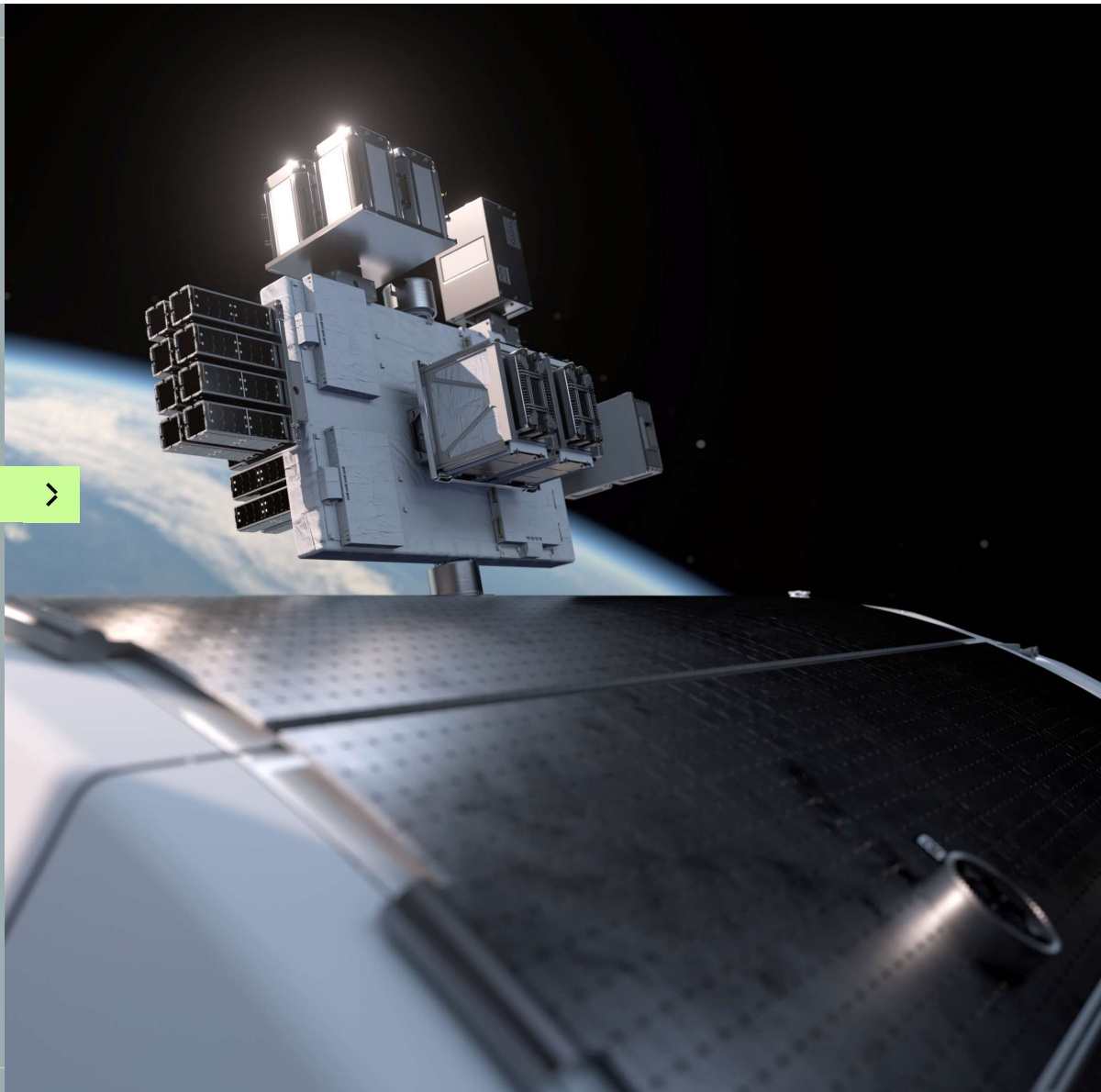
NATIONAL SPACE AGENCIES

UNIVERSITIES

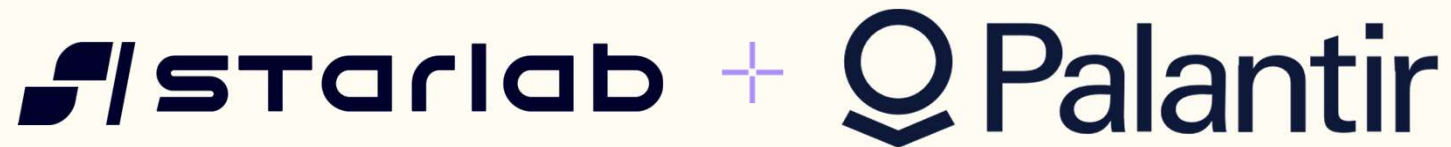


Infrastructure

With the support of AI



Optimization through Palantir



Fully integrated backbone architecture across the customer portal, operations and administrative functions



Starlab Digital Twin

Digital model of Starlab, allowing on-orbit resource management and streamlined operations

Crew Operation Model

Planning and automation of crew operations and experiments

Data / Insights

Monetization of data insights generated through Starlab's AI platform

Logistics Model

Optimized payload and crew transport logistics

Customer Portal Front End

Fully integrated customer portal

Business & Finance Models

Automated financial planning

Let's get to work

How to work with Starlab



Space Research Journey



> 01

DESIGN & FUNDING

Design research in collaboration with Starlab payload developers and identify business cases and potential funding.

> 02

SAFETY APPROVAL

A safety panel reviews and approves payloads on safety standards

> 03

BUILDING & TESTING

Payloads are built and rigorously tested to survive the journey and work properly on station

> 04

PAYLOAD TRANSFER

Payloads are integrated into a cargo vehicle and transferred to the launch site.

> 05

LAUNCH

The cargo vehicle is launched to the station on a scheduled flight

> 06

OPERATIONS

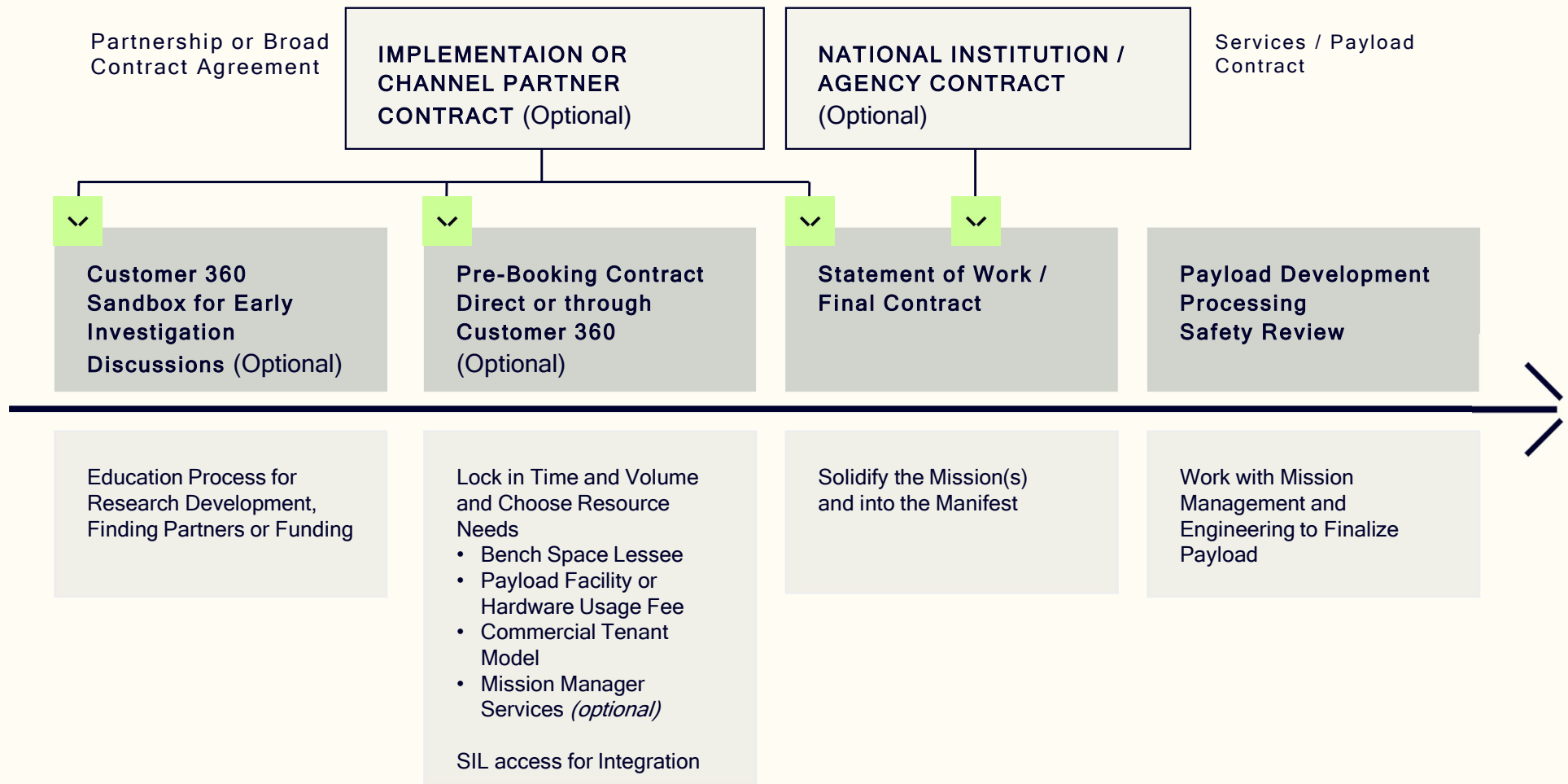
Resources are allocated to conduct the experiments according to the schedule

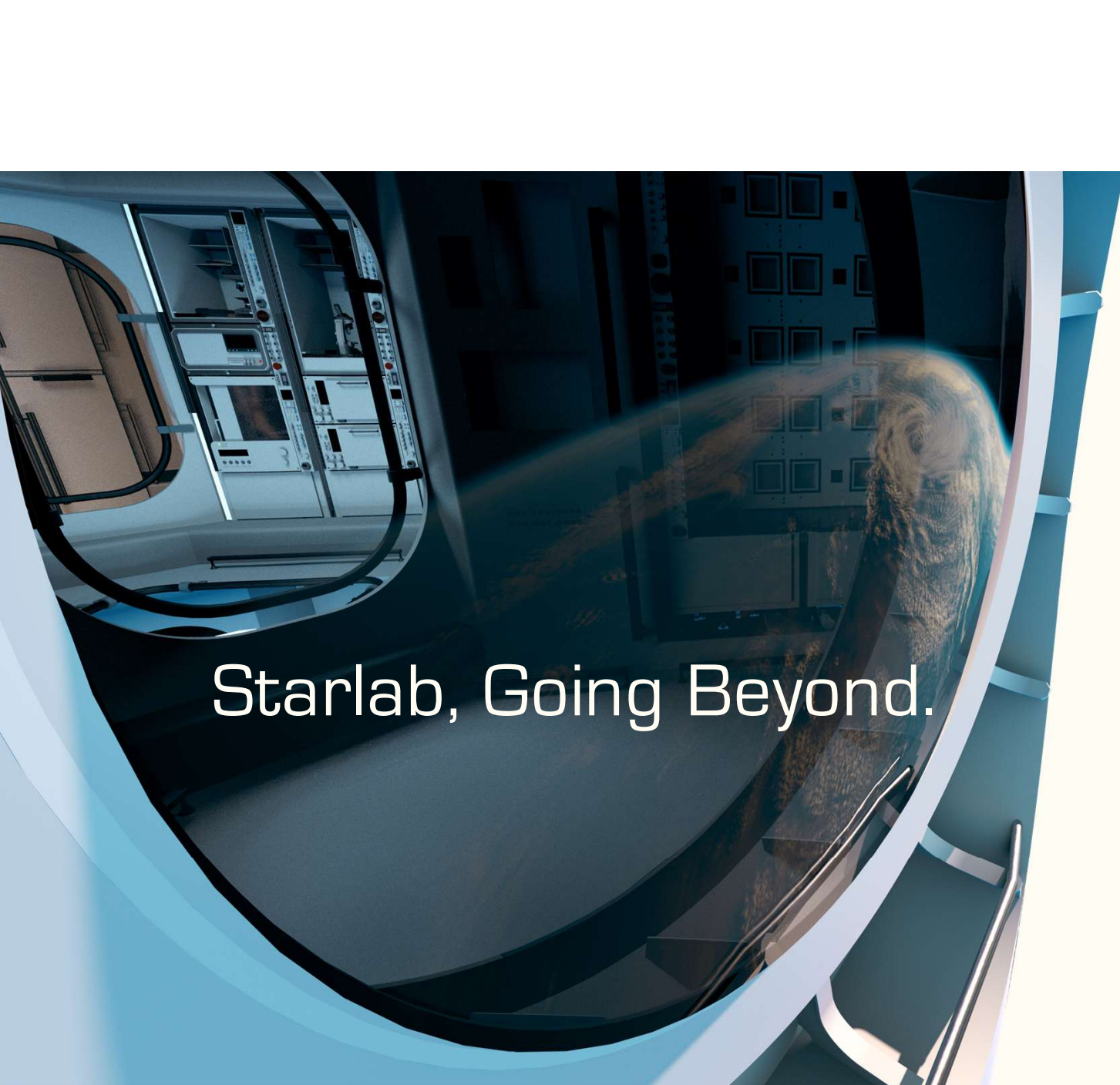
> 07

RETURN DISPOSAL

The hardware is either disposed or flown back to Earth on the next scheduled flight

First Steps to Access Starlab





Starlab, Going Beyond.

- **International partnerships** for greater operational revenue reach
- **Premier offerings and technology** meet all customer requirements and intent
- **Payload and research capacity** (130+ MLE) meets NASA, JAXA, ESA and commercial research objectives
- Large volume in a **single launch** to IOC optimizes operations
- **Payload and science park pipeline**, with research locations in Ohio, Zurich and Japan
- Human spaceflight **experienced team**



See You in Orbit!

www.Starlab-space.com

Contact

Luis Zea, Ph.D. - Chief Scientist

Luis.Zea@Starlab-Space.com

