

National Counterproliferation Center (NCPC)

(U) Microbial Forensics: Gaps, Opportunities and Issues



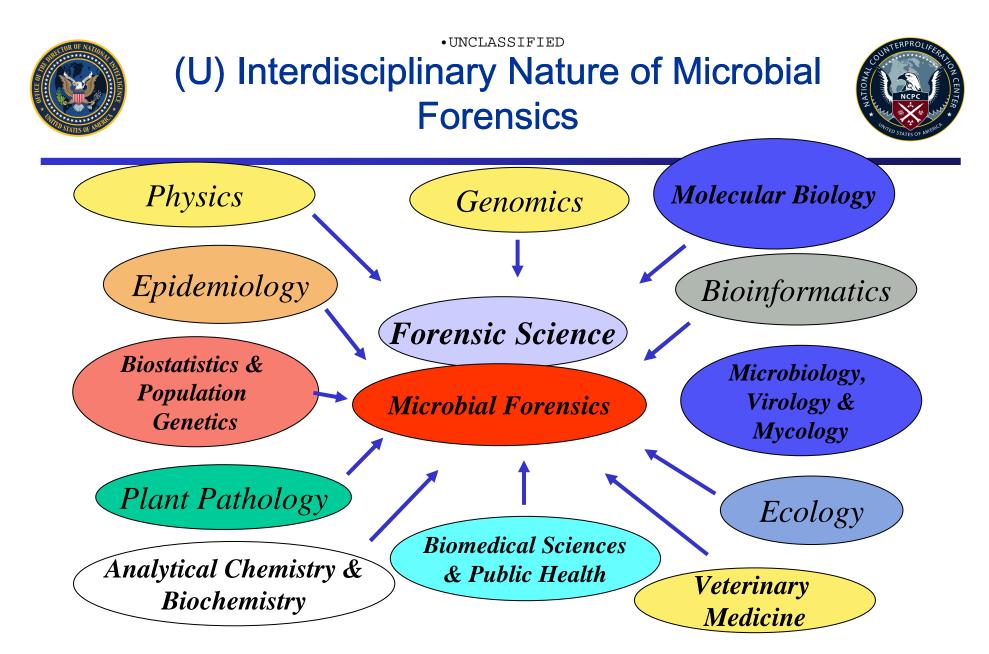
Charles L. Cooke Jr, Ph.D. Office of the Deputy Director for Strategy & Evaluation National Counterproliferation Center



(U) Microbial Forensics



- <u>(U) Microbial Forensics</u> (aka. Forensic Microbiology, bioforensics): A *developing* <u>interdisciplinary</u> field of microbiology devoted to the development, assessment and validation of methods to fully characterize microbial samples for the ultimate purpose of *high confidence* comparative analyses.
 - (U) Used to support attribution investigations involving pathogens or toxins of biological origin used in a biological attack.
 - (U) Clearly different from classical forensics (fingerprint analyses, fiber, hair, huDNA)
 - (U) Incorporates many of the basic concepts of more traditional forensics such as scientific acceptance, validation, etc.

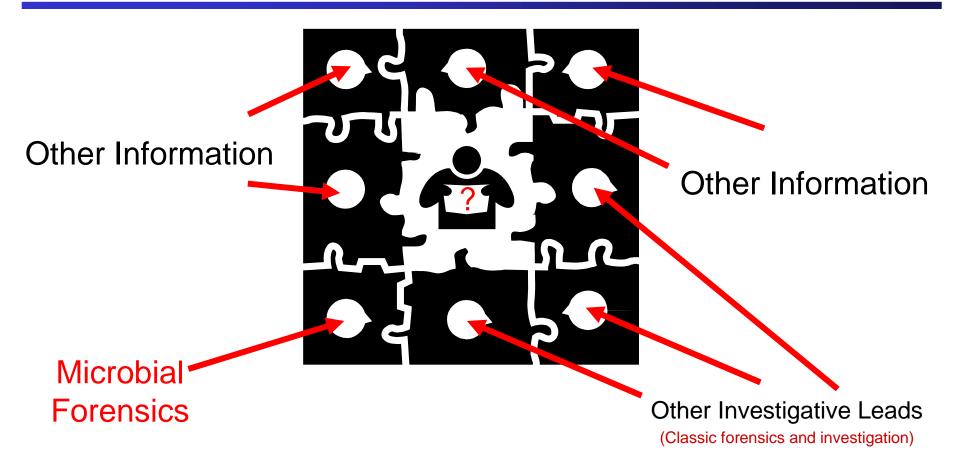


(U) What is the Role of Microbial Forensics in "Attribution"



(U) Role of Microbial Forensics in Attribution of a Biological Attack



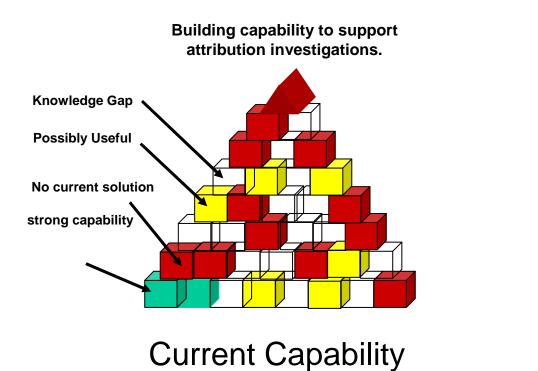


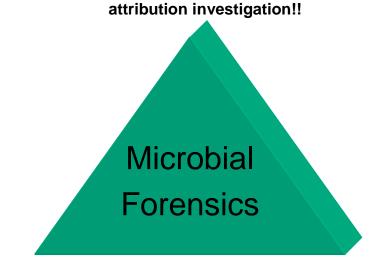
(U) Dynamic and complex puzzle where the pieces may be filled in at different rates with variable reliability.



(U) State of Microbial Forensics







Robust capability to support to

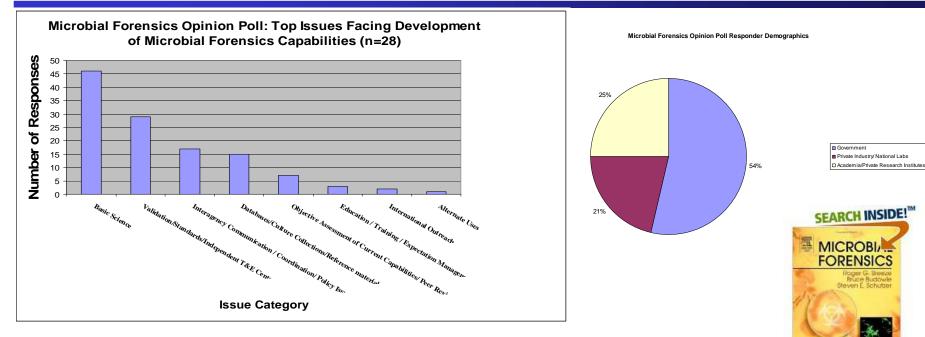
Desired Capability

(U) A statistically reliable capability is supported by a solid foundation of high quality science. How do we get there?



(U) Top Issues Facing Microbial Forensics





•Tier I: Basic Science, Validation/Standards/Independent T&E Centers

•Tier II:Interagency Communication & Coordination, Policy Issues, Databases, Culture Collections, Reference materials

•Tier III:Education & Training, Expectation Management, International Outreach



(U) Fostering the Development of Microbial Forensics



- •(U) Support Basic R&D (Many Gaps!) –(U) Develop National R&D Strategy to address Scientific Knowledge Gaps –(U) Engage top scientific talent in R&D –(U) Provide Dedicated Sustained Funding
- •(U) Establish QA/QC Standards for all labs
- •(U) Adopt Rigorous Validation Approaches –(U) Standard reference materials –(U) Objective and thorough review of validation claims



(U//FOUO) Fostering the Development of Microbial Forensics (con't)



- (U) Develop Rigorous Standards for Data Interpretation
 - (U//FOUO) Court Cases vs. National Security Decisions
 - (U//FOUO) Both can have *high regret* consequences
 - (U) Scientifically Defensible <u>IS</u> the minimum standard
- (U) Perform Objective Capabilities
 Assessments
 - (U) Test the system with realistic exercises
- (U) Robust Peer Review for All Aspects!