

Unequal Treatment Revisited: The Current State of Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Healthcare

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Partners

- Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality
- National Institute of Nursing Research
- National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases
- National Institute on Drug Abuse
- National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke

- National Institute on Aging
- National Institute of Child Health and Human Development
- National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute
- National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases

Black History Month Acknowledgment



"Do not get lost in a sea of despair. Be hopeful, be optimistic. Our struggle is not the struggle of a day, a week, a month, or a year, it is the struggle of a lifetime. Never, ever be afraid to make some noise and get in good trouble, necessary trouble."

- U.S. Representative John Lewis



Health Disparities: Race, Ethnicity, & SES

Stroke Cancer Heart **Disease** Diabetes Hypertension Infant **Mortality** COVID-19



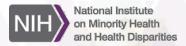


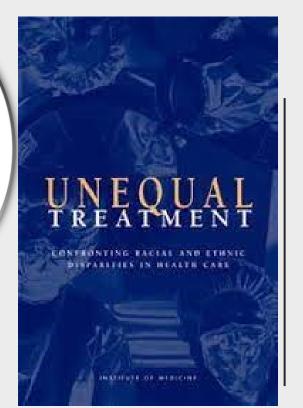




Most chronic diseases are more common among persons with less privileged SES







Racism and (Poor) Health

- Inferior medical care
- Physician implicit bias associated with biased recommendations
- Fewer and less aggressive medical treatments
- Less likely to be selected for organ transplantation
- More likely to be excluded from clinical trials

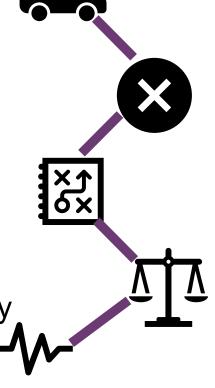




Overview: Update the 2003 Institute of Medicine Unequal Treatment report

Conduct a literature review on racial and ethnic healthcare disparities for 2003-2022

- Highlight the major drivers of healthcare disparities
- Identify successful and unsuccessful interventions
- Identify gaps in the evidence base and propose strategies to address these
- Consider methods to scale and spread effective interventions
- Offer recommendations to advance health equity





Workplan Overview

- Task 1: Convene an interdisciplinary committee of ~15 experts; meet at least five times over the course of the study
- Task 2: Plan and conduct a scoping review and prepare a report with findings, conclusions, and recommendations.
- Task 3: Organize virtual public sessions to obtain insight on racial and ethnic disparities in healthcare, current and new approaches to alleviate disparities
- Task 4: Publish a final consensus report appropriate for dissemination to various audiences





Task 2: Conduct a Scoping Review

Provide status update on:



- Implementation of IOM recommendations
- Whether specific healthcare disparities have improved, remained the same, or worsened



- Focus on OMB defined racial and ethnic groups
- Consider socioeconomic status as the second pillar to address unequal treatment
- Report disaggregated findings by family country of origin where available

Key Topics for the Scoping Review

- Societal factors such as bias, racism and discrimination, intersectionality
- Policy factors at the federal, state and local levels

 Technological factors such as bias in diagnostic tools and algorithms, access to internet, digital literacy



Healthcare
 System factors

 Geographic factors such as variability in SDOH, Limited English Proficiency, access to social services for acute and chronic conditions Clinical training and education and diversity of the workforce

Key Topics for the Scoping Review

- Insurance coverage, access, utilization and quality of care
- Primary care in the continuity of outpatient settings
- Disparities across the lifespan
- Interventions that that have been most effective at the local, state, and federal levels
- Community-based approaches that have addressed access, utilization and quality of care
- Community engaged research approaches that are replicable and scalable





Task 3: Organize Virtual Public Sessions

To collect information and input from interested parties. Topics can include:

- Social determinants of health in clinical care, ways of taking social context and social needs into consideration
- Policy changes that have reduced disparities in healthcare
- Role of primary care physicians in addressing disparities
- Resources necessary for addressing upstream determinants of healthcare disparities





Task 4: Publish a Final Consensus Report

Will include:

- Methods section clearly outlining the approaches taken
- Evidence from the literature review, focus groups, listening sessions, and public sessions
- Recommendations for future research

Will be available for free download and disseminated to:

- NIH and other HHS staff
- Academic research community
- The press
- Key agencies and organizations in affected communities
- Other interested parties





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