Policies and Practices for Supporting Family Caregivers Working in Science, **Engineering, and Medicine: Symposium 2**



EMOTIONAL AND HEALTH IMPACTS OF END OF LIFE **CAREGIVING AND BEREAVEMENT: IMPLICATIONS FOR** FAMILY CAREGIVERS IN ACADEMIA AND STEM

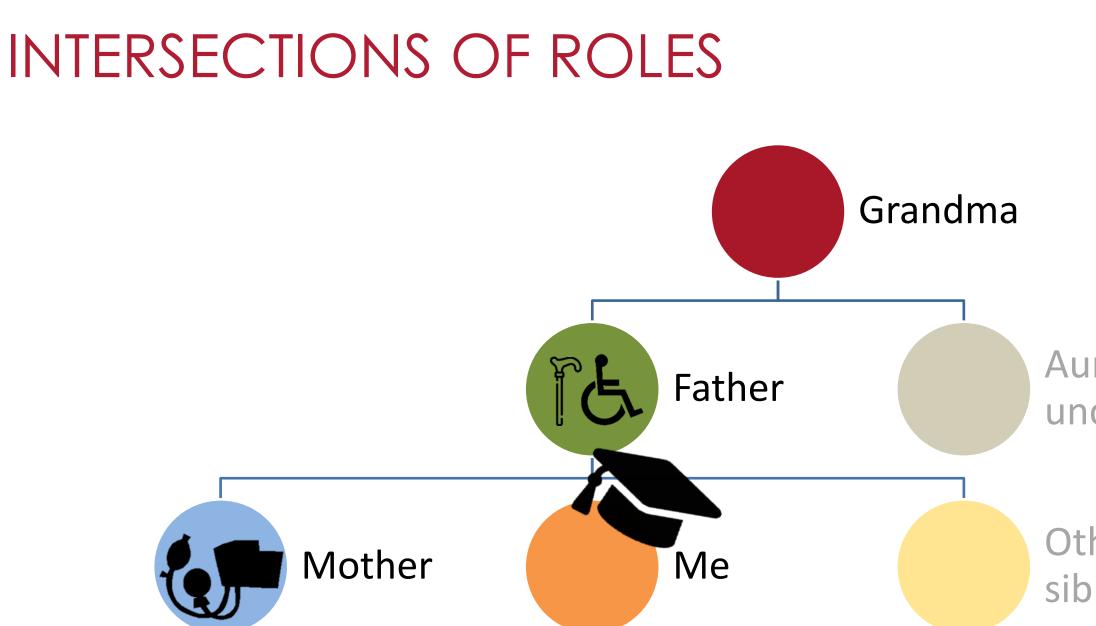
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DISCLOSURES: NONE

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Hospice Today study- NR016249 (PI: Ellington); Denmark Population Register study-nK01AG047923 (PI: Ornstein); Utah Caregiving Population science (Utah C-POPS): Consortium for Families and Health Research (mPIs: Stephens, Smith, Tay, Utz), Family Caregiving Collaborative (PI: Stephens); ImmPETUS dataset: Vice President for Research Seed Grant (PI: Tay): HCI immunotherapy dyad study: HCI supportive oncology and survivorship program seed grant (PI: Tay)



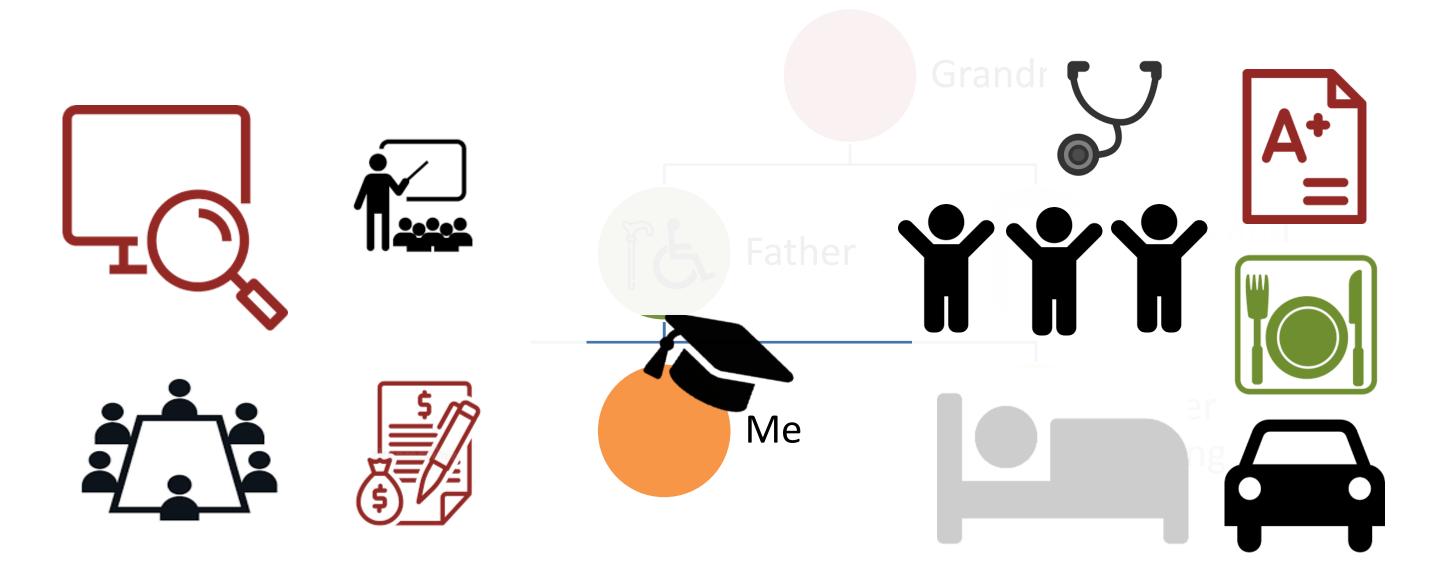




Aunts and uncles

Other siblings

INTERSECTIONS OF ROLES





OVERVIEW

- Research in end of life caregiving - Implications for policies and interventions
- Research in bereavement

Implications for policies and interventions

 Research on spousal cancer caregiving - Implications for policies and interventions



TIMELINE

- Pre-post doc: Hospice caregiving studies (NR016249, PI: Ellington, Hospice Today Study)
- Post-doc: Population datasets to examine end of life health utilization and bereavement outcomes (K01AG047923), PI: Ornstein, Danish Population Registers); Multiple intramural: Mt Sinai, C-FARH, FCC)
- Current (TT Asst Prof): Population datasets to examine impact of cancer trajectory on spousal stress-related comorbidity (Intramural VPR seed grant, PI: Tay)



Anxiety, Depression, and Caregiving Burden



ANXIETY AND DEPRESSION IS PREVALENT IN CANCER CAREGIVERS

- Global prevalence of depression is 4.4%, anxiety is 3.6%.¹
- Among cancer caregivers the prevalence of depression is 42.3% and prevalence of anxiety is 46.55%.²
- Ongoing survey: N= 35 advanced head and neck and lung cancer patients, N= 20 caregivers; 15 dyads
- Caregivers had greater anxiety than patients
 - Caregiver anxiety (M=7.85, SD=3.96, 0-15); patient anxiety (M=5.60, SD=3.73, 0-14, p=0.040)
- In the dyadic subsample of 15 dyads:
 - Caregivers had lower optimism, greater anxiety, depression •
 - Mean difference optimism=3.47, SD=3.96
 - Mean difference anxiety= -3.53, SD= 3.16
 - Mean difference depression =-2.73, SD=3.31
 - All p<0.05 (Tay, et al., manuscript in progress)

1. World Health Organization. Depression and Other Common Mental Disorders: Global Health Estimates. World Health Organization; 2017 2. Geng H-M, Chuang D-M, Yang F, et al. Prevalence and determinants of depression in caregivers of cancer patients: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Medicine. 2018;97(39):e11863. 10.1097/md.000000000011863



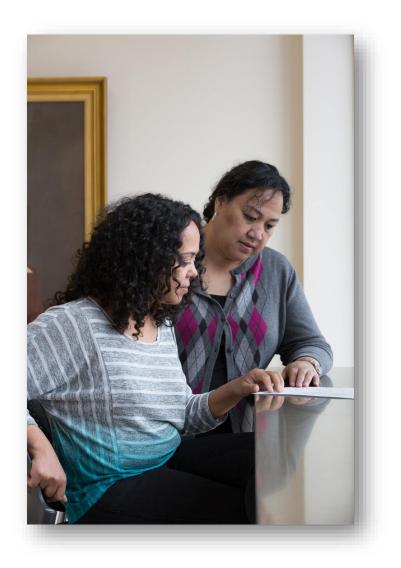




ANXIETY AND DEPRESSION IN HOSPICE CAREGIVING



- **Hospice Today Study:** N=102 cancer hospice family • caregivers
- **Caregiving burden** was associated with:³
 - **Anxiety** (B=0.18 point, 95% CI = 0.009 0.27)
 - **Depression (**B= 0.15, 95% CI = 0.08 0.22)
- Older Age was associated with lower anxiety (B= 0.12, 95% CI= -0.18 - -0.05)³
- Increased financial adequacy, social support was associated with lower **depression** (B = -1.19, 95% CI= -2.07 to -0.32; B = -0.04, 95% CI= -0.06 -0.01)³



3. Tay, D. L., Iacob, E., Reblin, M., Cloyes, K. G., Jones, M., Hebdon, M. C. T., ... & Ellington, L. (2022). What contextual factors account for anxiety and depressed mood in hospice family caregivers?. Psycho-Oncology, 31(2), 316-325.





IMPLICATIONS FOR STUDENT CAREGIVERS

- Prevalence of student caregiving⁴
 - Higher proportions of women, grad students, part-time enrollees, financial aid recipients⁵
- Impact on student outcomes
 - Anxiety and Depression⁵
 - GPA⁵
 - Dropout rates⁶

Potential Strategies:

- Frequent Assessment, understanding, flexibility from mentors
- Wellness supports
- Students helping students (Student hardship fund); caregiving focused scholarships

4. AARP and National Alliance for Caregiving. Caregiving in the United States 2020. Washington, DC: AARP. May 2020. https://doi.org/10.26419/ppi.00103.001 5. Armstrong-Carter, E., Panter, A. T., Hutson, B., & Olson, E. A. (2022). A university-wide survey of caregiving students in the US: Individual differences and associations with emotional and academic adjustment. Humanities and Social Sciences Communications, 9(1), 1-10.

6. Kettell, L. (2020). Young adult carers in higher education: the motivations, barriers and challenges involved-a UK study. Journal of Further and Higher Education, 44(1), 100-112.







Time strain



SELF-CARE IN HOSPICE CAREGIVERS

- Self-care deficits:
 - 47.67%- Not enough time to exercise
 - 47.67%- Not enough time to rest
 - 46.51%- Not being able to slow down and get rest when sick
 - 33.72%- Missed at least one physician appt in the past six months
- While **caregiving burden** not associated with self-care, better **mental health** associated with higher odds of
 - Getting enough time to **exercise** (OR_{adi}=1.15, [1.05, 1.26], p=0.004) •
 - Getting enough **rest** in general (OR_{adi}=1.11, [1.01, 1.22], p=0.031)
 - Being able to **slow down when sick** (OR_{adi}=1.16, [1.04, 1.30], p=0.010)
 - Having enough time to go the **physician** (OR_{adi} =1.12, [1.02, 1.24], p=0.02



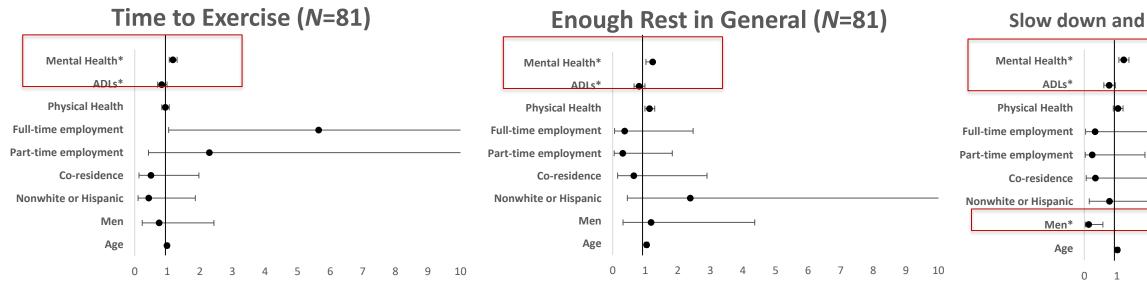


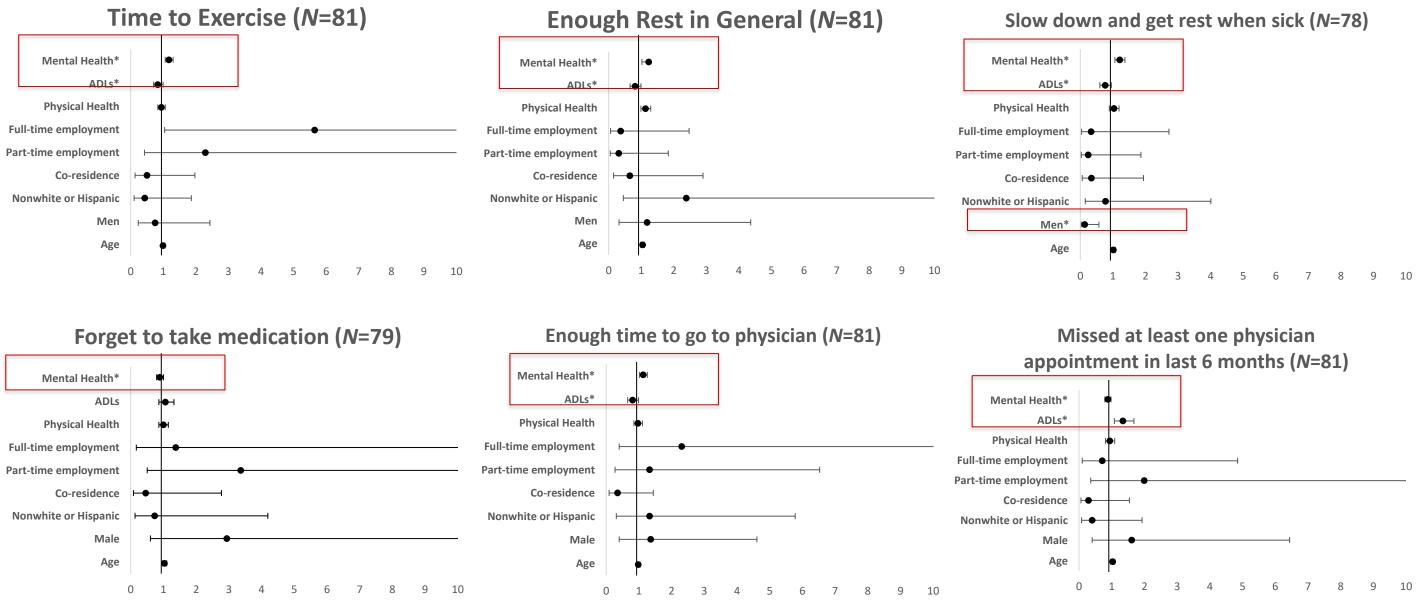




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ADLS & SELF-CARE



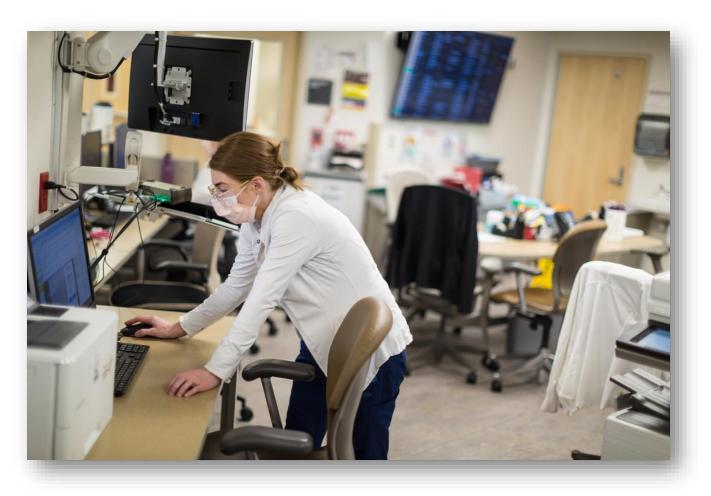


(Tay et al. manuscript under review)





EMPLOYMENT AND OVERALL HEALTH, WORK PRODUCTIVITY LOSS, PRESENTEEISM, AND ACTIVITY IMPAIRMENT



- **Caregiver burden** was associated with poorer health⁷
- At greater levels of burden, working caregivers had **better** overall health⁷
- Yet other analyses suggest caregiving burden affects quality of work⁸

7. Xu J, Hebdon M, Beck A, Cloyes KG, Mooney K, Reblin M, Tay D, Appiah EO, Ellington L. Moderating Effect of Work on Burden and Hospice Family Caregiver Well-Being. J Palliat Med. 2023 Feb 17. doi: 10.1089/jpm.2022.0395. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 36799950.

8. Thomas Hebdon, M., Xu, J., Beck, A, Cloyes, K. G, Mooney, K, Reblin, M, Tay, D, Cleary, C, & Ellington, L. (revise and resubmit). Caregiver burden and workplace productivity in hospice cancer caregivers. Oncology Nursing Forum.





IMPACT OF CAREGIVING ON WOMEN ACADEMICS - LESSONS FROM THE PANDEMIC



50% of men versus 62% of women⁹

Working much less on research than planned: Difficulty analyzing quantitative and qualitative data:

– 24 % of non-caregiving faculty versus 41% of caregiving faculty⁹

Women were more likely to report difficulties in grant writing⁹

Difficulties with time management:

48% of men, 63% of women⁹

Balancing family, household and work responsibilities

61% of men; 75% of women⁹

9. Skinner, M., Betancourt, N., & Wolff-Eisenberg, C. (2021, March 31). The Disproportionate Impact of the Pandemic on Women and Caregivers in Academia. https://doi.org/10.18665/sr.315147



ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGIES AND PROGRAMS TO SUPPORT WORKING CAREGIVERS ROLE

Reduce time burden

Telehealth

Alleviate caregiving burden

- Respite care
- Home healthcare •
- Homemaker services
- Financial caregiving support

Improve ability to monitor and manage care

- Remote monitoring/ sensor technologies
- Electronic health record sharing •

STRATEGIES TO SUPPORT CAREGIVING STEM PROFESSIONALS

Reduce Time burden

- Part-time enrollment for caregiving students¹⁰
- **Remote work** arrangements, including teaching¹¹
- "Helping hand" grants, editorial/manuscript support
- Course reduction, research leave, sabbaticals, flexibility in workload^{11,12}

Alleviate caregiving burden

- Institutional: Dependent care Benefits, compassionate leave, FMLA, and paid time off benefits
- Emergency funds for caregiving assistance, including childcare and eldercare¹³ •
- **Professional:** Conference stipends/grants for dependent travel/care

Improve ability to be productive and further career

- Writing and teaching groups¹¹
- No cost extensions¹¹
- National: Grants and NOSIs to support re-entry¹¹

10. Lewis FM (2018) Who am I?: An exploration of identity development of young adult carers in the United Kingdom and United States. D_ph, University of Birmingham. 11. Schneider, M. C., Graham, L., Hornstein, A. S., LaRiviere, K. J., Muldoon, K. M., Shepherd, S. L., & Wagner, R. (2021). Caregiving, Disability, and Gender in Academia in the Time of COVID-19. Advance Journal, 2(3). 12. O Programa Amanhã. Parent in Science https://www.parentinscience.com/amanha (accessed 5 September 2021).

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Outcomes



WHICH FAMILY MEMBERS ARE AFFECTED IN BEREAVEMENT?

- **Spouses & Partners:** New antidepressant ٠ prescriptions¹⁴
- Young and middle-aged siblings:
- Increase in psychological services¹⁵
- New mental health diagnoses¹⁵
- Partners and Children with Serious Mental Illness: •
- Risk of inpatient psychiatric hospitalization, attempted, completed suicide¹⁶

Clinical Epidemiology

3 Open Access Full Text Article

Serious Mental Illness Exacerbation Post-Bereavement: A Population-Based Study of Partners and Adult Children

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Purpose: The death of a close family member is commonly accompanied by intense grief, stress, and loss of social support. We hypothesized that recent bereavement would be associated with an increase in symptom exacerbations among adults with serious mental illness (SMI) whose partners or parents had died.

Patients and Methods: Adults whose partners and parents had died in Denmark between January 1, 2010, and June 30, 2016, were identified using linked population-based registries. History of SMI was defined as having a diagnosis of schizophrenia and schizoaffective disorders, major depression, and bipolar disorder in the five years preceding their family member's death in the Danish Psychiatric Central Research Register using International Classification of Diseases-10 codes. The odds of SMI exacerbation (ie, attempt or completion of suicide or psychiatric hospitalization) among partners and children in the first two years after death in 3-month intervals were estimated with generalized estimating equations

14. Ornstein, K. A., Aldridge, M., Gillezeau, C., Kristensen, M. S., Gazibara, T., Groenvold, M., & Thygesen, L. C. (2020). New antidepressant utilization pre-and post-bereavement: a population-based study of partners and adult children. Social psychiatry and psychiatric epidemiology, 55, 1261-1271.

15. Gazibara, T., Ornstein, K. A., Gillezeau, C., Aldridge, M., Groenvold, M., Nordentoft, M., & Thygesen, L. C. (2021). Bereavement among adult siblings: an examination of health services utilization and mental health outcomes. American Journal of Epidemiology, 190(12), 2571-2581.

16. Tay DL, Thygesen LC, Kozlov E, Ornstein KA. Serious Mental Illness Exacerbation Post-Bereavement: A Population-Based Study of Partners and Adult Children. Clin Epidemiol. 2022 Sep 20;14:1065-1077. doi: 10.2147/CLEP.S372936. PMID: 36164496; PMCID: PMC9508997.





Dovepress ORIGINAL RESEARCH

MENTAL HEALTH- AN UNDER ADDRESSED ISSUE IN ACADEMIA



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- One in 3 graduate students are at risk of developing a mental health disorder¹⁷
- Bereavement is an acute stressor that can exacerbate preexisting mental heath conditions

Recommendations from Council of Graduate Schools

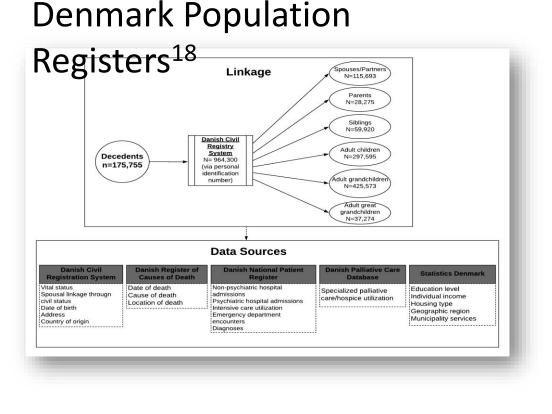
and the Jed Foundation:¹⁷

- Better training for mentors
- Increase availability and accessibility of counseling and mental health support
- Increase training for non-academic careers
- Revise graduate-leave policies
- Focus on individual rather than scientific output



17. Forrester, N. (2021). Mental health of graduate students sorely overlooked. Nature, 595(7865), 135-137.

FROM HOME BASED CARE TO POPULATION LEVEL PERSPECTIVES



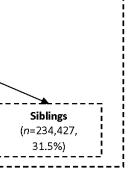
Pops)¹⁹ Adult Decedents (n=216,913)Adult First-**Degree Family** (n=743,874)Adult Children Parents **Partners/Spouses** (n=384,457, (n=26,993, 3.6%) (n=97,997,13.2%)51.7%) Utah C-POPS Core team members: Caroline Stephens (Nursing), Katherine Ornstein (Johns Hopkins), Ken Smith (Nexus), Rebecca Utz (Sociology), Djin Tay (Nursing), Ken Hollingshaus (Demography), Eli Iacob (Nursing), Lee Ellington (Nursing)

19. Tay, D. L., Ornstein, K. A., Meeks, H., Utz, R. L., Smith, K. R., Stephens, C., Hashibe, M., & Ellington, L. (2022). Evaluation of family characteristics and multiple hospitalizations at the end of life: Evidence from the Utah Population Database. Journal of Palliative Medicine, 25(3):376-387. https://doi.org/10.1089/jpm.2021.0071. doi: 10.1089/jpm.2021.0071. PMID: 34448596; PMCID: PMC8968848. 18. Kristensen, M., Thygesen, L., Tay, D., Kumar, R., Groenvold, M., Aldridge, M., & Ornstein, K. (2021). Reconstructing family networks of decedents: A nationwide register-based study. Palliative Medicine, 35(9):1652-1662. doi: 10.1177/0269216321998602. PMID: 33823696.



Utah Caregiving in Population Science (Utah C-





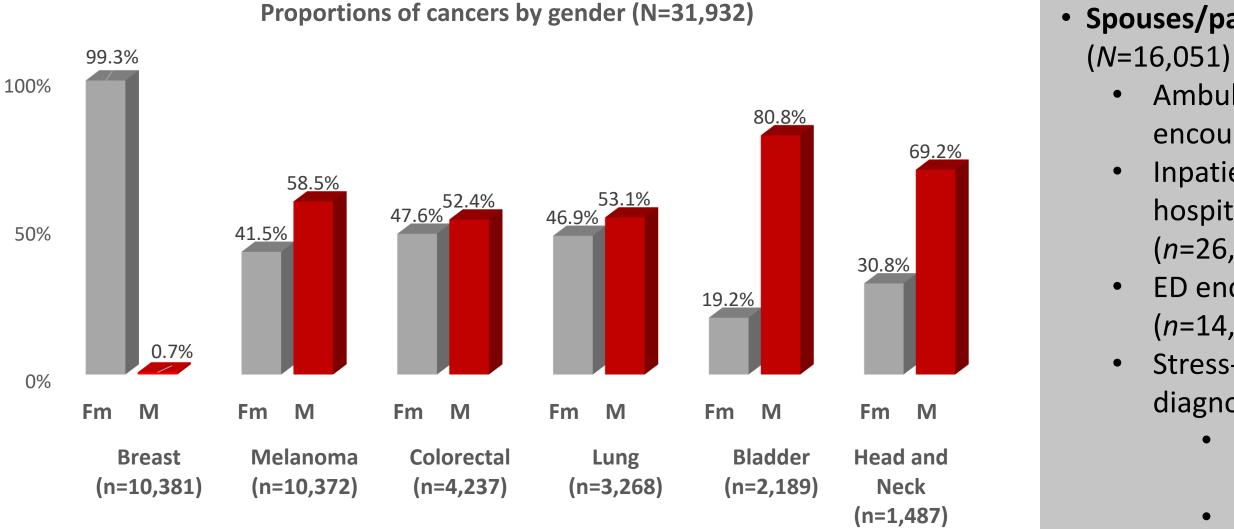






UNIVERSITY OF UTAH* **1U4U INNOVATION**

Immunotherapy, Palliative, End of Life Treatment Utilization and Spousal Outcomes (ImmPETUS): A linked population dataset for dyadic cancer research



Includes:

- All cancer patients with melanoma, colorectal, breast, lung, bladder, head and neck cancers
- Their spouses and partners

Initial cancer diagnosis 2013-2018

• Spouses/partners Ambulatory surgery encounters (*n*=25,382) Inpatient hospitalizations (*n*=26,690) **ED** encounters (n=14,828)Stress-related health diagnoses, e.g. Depression (*n*=3,273) Anxiety \bullet (n=2675)

IMPLICATIONS FOR TENURE

include research candidate's activity tenure-line college reviews rank policy rev appointment shall creative tenure candidate teaching promotion advisory tee tile position members category recommendations department contributions

TENURE

- More women have doctoral degrees compared with men²⁰
- Yet women are less likely to earn tenure and promotion and earn less²¹

EXTENDING THE TENURE CLOCK

- Pausing tenure impacts earnings and salaries²², delays promotion and progression, and opportunities for leadership and grants²³
- Pausing tenure clock reduces pool of tenured women faculty while increases pool of male tenured faculty²⁴
- Women are less likely to stop the tenure clock²⁴

Equity implications

- Non-tenure-track faculty members have different needs
- Implications for diversity and equity-minoritized women are most concentrated off the tenure track²⁵

20. Perry, M. (2019, October 8). Women earned majority of doctoral degrees in 2018 for 10th straight year and outnumber men in grad school 139 to 100. American Enterprise Institute. https://www.aei.org/carpediem/women-earned-majorityof-doctoral-degrees-in-2018-for-10th-straight-year-and-outnumber-men-in-grad-school-139-to-100

21. Rabovsky, T., & Lee, H. (2018). Exploring the antecedents of the gender pay gap in US higher education. Public Administration Review, 78(3), 375-385. https://doi.org/10.1111/puar.12827 22. Flaherty, C. (2020, April 21). No room of one's own. Inside Higher Ed. https://www.insidehighered.com/news/2020/04/21/early-journal-submission-data-suggest-covid-19-tankingwomens-research-productivity 23. Riley, J., Miller, K., & Slay, L. (2021). Disconnected connections: Pouring from an empty cup: Women faculty as caregivers amid COVID-19 and the threat to career progression. Dialogues in Social Justice: An Adult Education Journal, 6(2), Article R1137

24. Antecol, H., Bedard, K., & Stearns, J. (2018). Equal but inequitable: Who benefits from gender-neutral tenure clock stopping policies? American Economic Review, 108(9), 2420–2441. https://doi.org/10.1257/aer.20160613

25. Staniscuaski, F., Reichert, F., Zandonà, E., Soletti, R. C., Infanger, C., Mello-Carpes, P. B., ... & de Oliveira, L. (2021). Time to fight the pandemic setbacks for caregiver academics. Nature Human Behaviour, 5(10), 1262-1262



Changing the culture



CHANGING THE CULTURE



- Why students are leaving STEM research---
- 69% of STEM students indicating disinterest in academia cite the stressful nature as reasons for leaving²⁶
- Acknowledge and address the role of gender bias in career progression²³
- **Increase visibility** of caregiving, distributing professional responsibilities more fairly²³
- Support/affinity groups¹¹
- Expand wellness supports¹¹

26. McGee et Al. (2019). Turned off from an academic career: Engineering and computing doctoral students and the reasons for their dissuasion. International journal of doctoral studies, 14, 277-305. https://doi.org/10.28945/4250



"There are only four kinds of people in the world. Those who have been caregivers. Those who are currently caregivers. Those who will be caregivers, and those who will need a caregiver."

— Rosalyn Carter



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