The UPMC-Magee GynOnc Family CARE Center: An Academic – Clinical Partnership to Support Family Caregivers

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The GynOnc Family CARE Center



- Family CARE Center Proposal accepted June 2018
- Stakeholder driven Family CARE Center launched in March of 2019
- Staffed by one dedicated staff member, three nursing faculty and one retired RN volunteer

Our Guiding Principle

 CGs need (but rarely receive) training as valuable members of the healthcare team

• CGs need (but rarely receive) education and support to recognize and manage the emotional and physical stress of caregiving for a loved one.



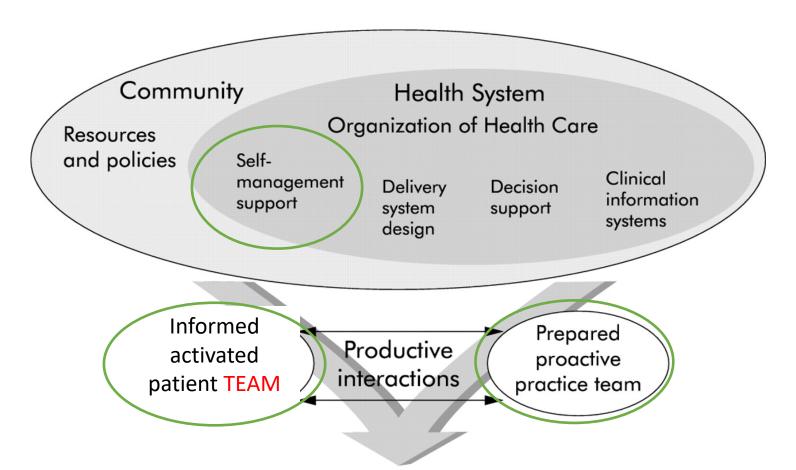
This is best done through provision of "Self-Management Support"

Self-Management:

- The tasks of illness-related work for patients and families with cancer.
- "Awareness and active participation by the person and their family in their recovery, recuperation, and rehabilitation, to minimize the consequences of treatment, promote survival, health and well being for the entire family".

Barlow et al. Patient Educ Couns 2002

Self Management Support of Family Caregivers is ESSENTIAL to quality cancer care



Functional and clinical outcomes

Epping-Jordan, BMJ Quality and Safety 2004

Evidence Base for Family CARE Center

Theory: Representational Approach – Road Map for all subsequent interventions

Donovan & Ward, 2001, Image J Nurs Sch Donovan et al., 2007, Image J Nurs Sch

Ward/Donovan

Face-to-face pain management intervention

Donovan/Ward:

Gynecologic Cancer Symptom Experience Ward et al, 2009, Health Psychol

Donovan et al, 2008, J Pain Symptom Manage

Pilot Study of WRITE Symptoms Self-Management Intervention Donovan et al., 2014, J Pain Symptom Manage Cancer Caregiving
Bill & Barb Givens

Alzheimers Caregiving Rich Schulz - REACH

WRITE Symptoms 3-arm RCT (n=497)

Nurse Delivered vs Self-Directed vs Usual Care in

Recurrent Ovarian Cancer

Donovan et al, 2022, JCO

Sherwood

Distinct Trajectories of at Risk CGs Most prevalent unmet CG needs Choi et al., 2012, Ann Behav Med Boele, 2018, Neuro Oncol

Implementation of Family Support into Gynecologic Oncology Campbell et al., 2019, J Oncol Pract

Sherwood & Donovan

SmartCare 3-arm RCT (n=120) of a CG selfmanagement intervention in neuro oncology Boele et al., 2022, Support Care Cancer

SmartCare GO – adapting the SmartCare Intervention to an mhealth intervention to Support Gynecologic Oncology CGs(ACL/NIDILRR Funding – 2019-2024)

Targeting System-wide UPMC implementation

Self-management support in the Family Care

Center is guided by the Representational					
Approach to patient/family education					
Intervention elements	Description	Goal			
1. Representational	In depth assessment of how CG views the	Shared understanding			
Assessment	problem/issue and its impact on patient	between CG and clinician.			
	and family	Motivate CG to make change			
2. Identify and	Discover issues /misunderstandings that	Reduce barriers successful			
address concerns	interfere with self-management	self-management			

Communication, support, resources

Assist CG to identify realistic goals and

Evidence-based CG guides:

strategies to meet goals.

Caring for patient

Caring for self

modify plan

4. Provide evidence-

based information

5.Problem solving:

6. Review

Promote confidence in ability

Provide clear roadmap for

process; build relationship

to effect change

action

Follow up to evaluate progress toward goal; Model ongoing iterative

Moving from research to implementation in clinical practice

Fidelity to theory-guided intervention meets the reality of a busy outpatient clinical practice

The Family CARE Center aims to create systems to:

- Identify and document a primary family caregiver (defined and designated by the patient) for every patient seen in the clinic
- Assess and document level and sources of caregiver distress for caregivers of patients diagnosed with cancer receiving adjuvant treatment.
- Provide information, selfmanagement and problem-solving support
- Facilitate referrals to specialty services



CG Identification:

- Form now included in all New Patient Packets
- CG Information entered into EPIC with unique caregiver identifier for later use in analyses
- Information entered into CARE Center tracking system for confirmation of cancer diagnosis
- 1,547 Family CGs identified and documented since 2019.

WHO IS YOUR CLOSEST SUPPORT PERSON?

The Family CARE Center is a family support program that provides patients and their support persons (caregivers) with information, resources, and supportive services.

For more information, you can call us at 412-641-5605.

Please leave a message and we will call you back.

Or email us at carecenter@upmc.edu.

When you see us in the clinic, please stop by to talk, get some information and have a cup of coffee or tea.

Please let us know who your closest support person is by filling out this form.

We will put this person in your chart as your "caregiver" so that we know they are there for you.

PATIENT CAREGIVER FORM

Today's Date: _____ Patient Name: _____ Patient Birthdate: _____ My closest support person/caregiver is my: _____ (mother/father, sister/brother, husband/wife, partner, daughter/son, friend, relative) Caregiver Name: ______ Caregiver Phone: ______ Caregiver Address: ______

Caregiver Assessment



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Cancer Reaches Beyond the Patient; So Should Cancer Care

Dear Family Support Person,

The hospitalization of a family member or close friend is a stressful experience. In addition to the worry you may have about your loved one, you may also be learning new information or skills to help her as she goes home from the hospital. The Family CARE Center, located in the outpatient gynecologic oncology clinic at Magee, is here to support you. Please fill out this card (front and back) so that we can reach out to you about any of your questions or concerns. Also feel free to stop by our office in Suite 1750, or reach out by phone (412-641-5605) or email (CARECenter@upmc.edu).

Date:					
Support Person's Name:		Age	Gender		
Your phone:	Your email:				
Please identify who you are supporting (mother, father, sister, wife, partner, son,					
daughter, friend, other)		who has can	cer.		
Do you live with your family member/friend with cancer?YesNo					
Do you have children living in the home with you?YesNo					
Name of patient with cance	er:				
Patient's Birthdate (MM/DI	D/YEAR):				



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Cancer Reaches Beyond the Patient; So Should Cancer Care

Instructions: Please circle the number (0-10) that best describes how much distress you have been experiencing in the past week, including today.



Check any of the following issues that are contributing to your overall distress:

- □ Need for information on the cancer
- Need for information about cancer treatment
- Managing patient symptoms
- Managing patient medications
- Maintaining your emotional health
- Maintaining your own physical health
- Finding time for yourself
- Spiritual Concerns
- ☐ Finances
- Legal Issues
- □ Transportation/Parking
- ☐ Work/Employment issues
- □ Self-Confidence as a caregiver
- ☐ Communicating with providers
- Talking with others about cancer
- Relationship with patient
- □ Family Dynamics

Multiple Approaches to Completing CG Assessment

Proactive Outreach by CARE Center

- In-person; telephone; email outreach to CGs identified through New Patient Form
- Student and staff rounds on inpatient unit

Referrals to CARE Center

- Clinician referral –
 MDs, APPs, RNs,
 SW/Navigators;
 Palliative Care
- Clinician integration of assessment card into daily practice

What We Have Learned from Caregiver Assessments (n=515)

Who are our Caregivers?

- Men (52.4%)
- 56.5 years old (SD=14.6)
- Supporting:
 - Spouse/partner: 41%
 - Mother: 30%
 - Sister: 13%
 - Living with patient (56%)

Mean CG distress = 4.3 (SD=3.3)

Needs related to providing care
Needs related to caring for self

Most frequently identified CG Needs:

- Managing patient symptoms (44%)
- Information about cancer treatment (40%)
- Maintaining your own emotional health (36%)
- Need for information on the cancer (31%)
- Financial issues (22%)
- Transportation/Parking (20%)
- Maintaining your own physical health (19%)
- Finding time for yourself (19%)
- Communicating with healthcare providers (18%)
- Managing patient medications (18%)
- Self-Confidence as a caregiver (17%)
- Family dynamics (17%)

Tiered Caregiver Support

Level 1

Assessment and provision of information

Level 2

- Assessment and provision of information
- Selfmanagement support

Level 3

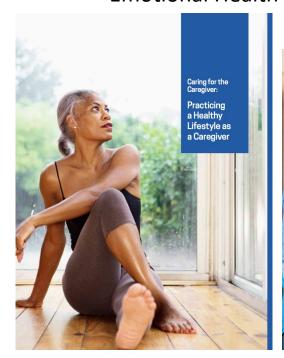
- Assessment and provision of information
- Selfmanagement support
- Referral to specialty services

Level 1 - Assessment and Provision of Information: 19 Self-Management Guides for Family Caregivers

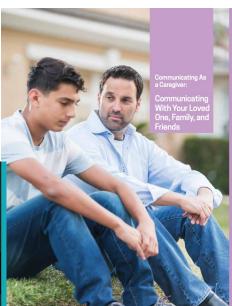
- 1. Caring for the Caregiver
 - Healthy Lifestyle
 - Emotional Health

- 2. Helping Her Manage
- Symptoms/Side Effects
- Nutrition
- Stress of Cancer

- 3. Finding Support
- Communication
- Employment/Legal









Individualized Self-Management

Support

Rep Approach philosophy – less protocolized

Teaching/supporting CG to maintain their own emotional health

CG education about symptom management

Proactive information, decision making support

Referrals – with a warm hand-off

- Vetted online resources
- Referrals to specialty services (behavioral oncology, palliative care navigation)
- Connection and warm handoffs to community organizations resources



Integrating our Teaching/Training mission with the Center

- Undergrad research students: Expansion of CG assessment to inpatient unit
- Graduate Students (Nursing and Information Sciences)
 - Development of intervention manual and training videos for students
 - Implementation and evaluation of a CG orientation "bootcamp"
 - Development of searchable database of resources
 - Development of charting template to quantify process and outcones
- GynOnc Fellow: Leadership and grant and manuscript writing

Barriers and Challenges

- Electronic Health Record (EHR) integration
 - If it wasn't charted, it wasn't done
 - Ethical/Legal implications of charting on CG in patient chart
- Data collection & management
 - Clinical care vs. research assessment.
 - What is the sweet spot?
 - Demonstrating outcomes what counts?

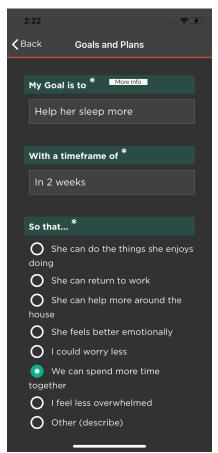
Next Steps

- SmartCare G.O. mhealth supported implementation project to begin in 2023
 - Campbell & Donovan
- Implementation package for dissemination
- Move toward further integration with clinic staff



(ACL/NIDILRR 90RTGE0002). Donovan, Beach and Parmanto





Thank You

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On behalf of the Women's Cancer Research Group at Pitt & Duquesne Schools of Nursing:

Dr. Heidi Donovan

Dr. Grace Campbell

Dr. Teresa Thomas

Dr. Young Ji Lee

Mary Roberge

Patty Jo Murray

The National Rehabilitation Research and Training Center on Family Support at the University of Pittsburgh presents:

Building Bridges: Advancing Family Caregiving Research Across the Lifespan

Second Biennial Conference on Caregiving Research

September 30 - October 1, 2022

https://www.caregiving.pitt.edu/2nd-conference-caregiving-research