Suicide Trends in U.S. Subgroups: Service Use

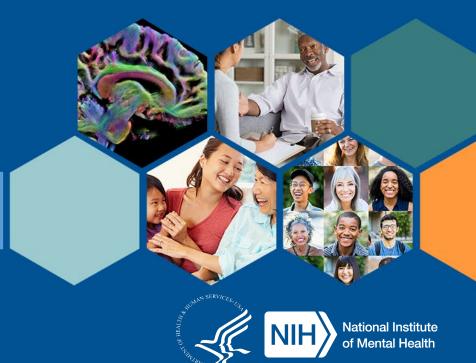
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Office for Disparities Research & Workforce Diversity

National Institute of Mental Health

Strategies and Interventions to Reduce Suicide: A Workshop

June 22, 2021





About the NIMH

Suicide Prevention and Mental Health Services

Mental Health Service Use Among Subpopulations



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NIMH Vision and Mission



NIMH envisions a world in which mental illnesses are prevented and cured.



To transform the understanding and treatment of mental illnesses through basic and clinical research, paving the way for prevention, recovery, and cure.



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Suicide Prevention and Mental Health Services

- Mental health care services are a critical component of suicide prevention efforts
- However, individuals at risk for suicide often don't seek mental health services, particularly youth and historically minoritized populations
 - This impacts suicide prevention outcomes
 - This exacerbates disparities in suicide and suicide prevention

SPECIAL ISSUE



Considerations in the assessment of help-seeking and mental health service use in suicide prevention research

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Has the person considered MH care? Why or why not?

Has the person sought advice from family, friends about getting care?

What has their experience been with care received?

If they received care, did they get better?



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Mental Health Service Use Across Racially and Ethnically Diverse Groups

- Among youth, research suggests:
 - Across racial and ethnic groups, service use among youth at elevated risk for suicide is consistently found to be below 50%
 - Non-Hispanic Black and other racially and ethnically diverse youth are less likely than non-Hispanic White youth to receive follow up care from mental health care after psychiatric hospitalization

- Among adults, research suggests:
 - Less than 50% of adults who have seriously considered suicide have had contact with a mental health provider
 - Racially and ethnically diverse adults are less likely than White adults to receive specialty mental health care in the same year as their suicide attempt



Mental Health Service Use Across Racially and Ethnically Diverse Groups

 Why are mental health services underutilized among racially and ethnically diverse groups?

Stigma

Structural inequalities and structural racism

Low mental health literacy

Limited availability of culturally competent services

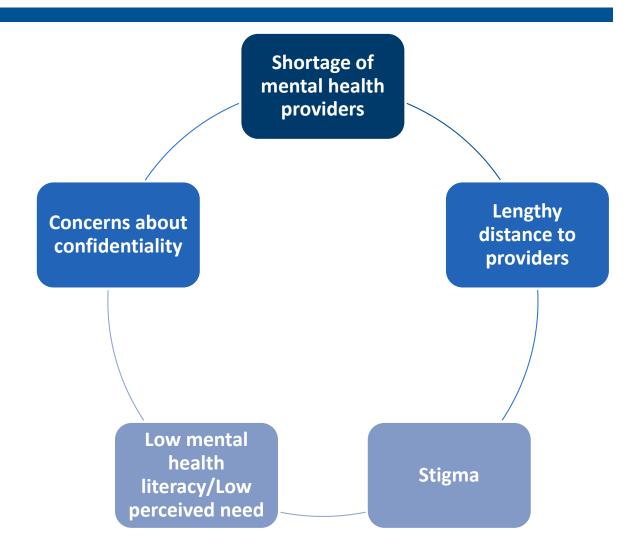
Limited knowledge of and access to resources



Mental Health Service Use Among Individuals Living in Rural Areas

 Research suggests that individuals who are at elevated risk of suicide and who are living in rural communities are less likely than those living in urban communities to have received mental health treatment

 There are multiple factors that contribute to mental health underutilization among rural populations:





Mental Health Service Use Among Sexual and Gender Minorites

- Though there are subgroup variations, research suggests that LGBTQIA+ individuals, particularly TGD (transgender and gender diverse) adults and youth, are less likely to seek general community mental health services than non-LGBTQIA+ individuals, and when they do, they often report a high level of dissatisfaction with services
- Reasons for underutilization often include:
 - Lack of family support and support to seek services
 - Concerns about privacy and disclosure
 - Stigma
 - Lack of the availability of LGBTQIA+ affirming services



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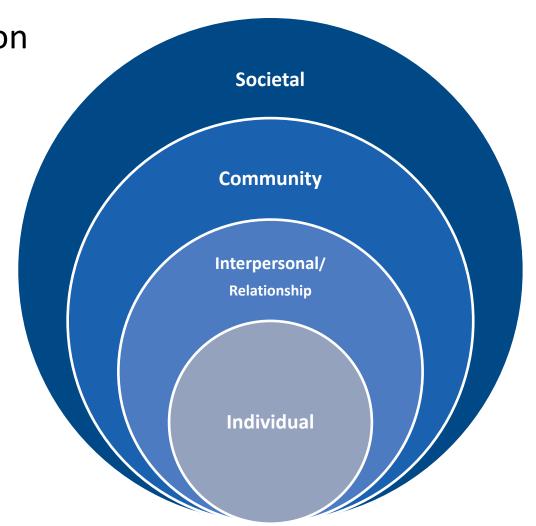
Mental Health Service Use Among Subpopulations



Opportunities and Next Steps

Social-Ecological Model of Suicide Prevention

- Provides comprehensive framework to organize risk and protective factors
- Grounding for multilevel intervention and prevention
 Programs
- Enables nuanced view of relationship between multilevel factors



Opportunities and Next Steps

 Consider ways to improve data collection – there are several gaps in epidemiological data on minoritized youth and intersectional populations

 Improve ability to identify individuals, especially minoritized youth, who are at risk for completing suicide

 More information and research on the best approaches to prevent suicide, especially among minoritized youth - need to ensure that approaches are developmentally and culturally relevant



Resources

- Research Opportunities
 - Notice of Special Interest (NOSI) in Research on Risk and Prevention of Black Youth Suicide https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-MH-20-055
 - Systems-Level Risk Detection and Interventions to Reduce Suicide, Ideation, and Behaviors in Black Children and Adolescents (R01 Clinical Trial Optional) https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-MH-21-185.html
 - Systems-Level Risk Detection and Interventions to Reduce Suicide, Ideation, and Behaviors in Black Children and Adolescents (R34 Clinical Trial Optional) https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-MH-21-186.html
 - Systems-Level Risk Detection and Interventions to Reduce Suicide, Ideation, and Behaviors in Youth from Underserved Populations (R01 Clinical Trial Optional) https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-MH-21-187.html
 - Systems-Level Risk Detection and Interventions to Reduce Suicide, Ideation, and Behaviors in Youth from Underserved Populations (R34 Clinical Trial Optional) - https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-MH-21-188.html
- Sign up for NIH Guide Notices https://grants.nih.gov/funding/searchguide/index.html#/



Thank You!

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