



National Cancer Policy Forum

Chris Boshoff MD PhD SVP Immuno-Oncology, Early Development and Translational Oncology July, 2018 Agenda





Modeling to Predict Efficacy:

VEGFR Inhibition



Randomization to Detect ESoE: CDK4/6 Inhibition



RWD to Determine Efficacy:

PARP Inhibition

Rationale for Combining Anti-Angiogenic Treatment With Anti-PD-L1





VEGFR2 is selectively expressed by FOXP3^{high} CD4+ Treg Eur J Immunol , 2009, Suzuki et al.

Simultaneous blockade of PD-1 and VEGFR2 induced synergistic anti-tumour effect *in vivo*, in various models Clin & Exp Immunology, 2013, Yasuda et al.

Anti-angiogenesis therapies may partially depend on their effects on vessel normalization and the consequent reprogramming of the immune TME Tian, L, Nature, 544, 250–254, 13 April 2017



Axitinib + Avelumab, 1L RCC, Change in Tumor Burden





Potential Impact of avelumab + axitinib on Tumor Size Compared with Historical Data of sunitinib as Evaluated by a Modeling and Simulation Approach



Avelumab + axitinib appear to have a greater impact on tumor burden than sunitinib





Axitinib + Pembrolizumab in 1L RCC: Phase 1 Overall Survival





Atkins et al, Lancet Oncology, Vol 19, March 2018

Targeting the Cell Cycle: CDK4/6 Inhibition and Immunity



CDK4 expression and activity are necessary to establish IL-2 responsiveness in Tlymphocytes Modiano et al, J Immunol, Dec 2000, 165: 6693

Palbociclib Preferentially Inhibits Proliferation of Luminal ER+ Human Breast Cancer Cell Lines



Finn, Slamon et al. Breast Cancer Res. 2009.

CDK4/6 Inhibition + Immune Checkpoint Blocker

CDK4/6 inhibitors activate tumor cell expression of endogenous retroviral elements, increasing intracellular levels of double-stranded RNA. This induces type III interferons and tumor antigen presentation





CDK4/6 inhibitors decrease T cell proliferation, but increase tumor T-cell infiltration and activation of effector T cells



Randomized Experience to Test Preclinical Hypothesis



- DNA damage accumulates with age, leading to the persistent activation of DNA damage sensors and the DDR
- Chronic activation of DDR triggers inflammatory responses leading to agerelated pathologies including cance
- DDR defects are present in 2-30% of all cancers and could indicate sensitivity to PARP inhibitors or other DNA repair targeted therapies



DDR = DNA Damage Response

Pfizer Oncology

Subclonal Genetic Variations Amongst Breast Cancer





Association Between DDR Status & Responses to Atezolizumab in UCC





Avelumab (anti-PD-L1) + talazoparib (PARPi) Somatic BRCA1 Mutant Ovarian Cancer

25.9mm x 20.3mm Oct 2017



7.8mm x 6.3mm Apr 2018



58% RECIST PR (ongoing)



Tissue Agnostic Approach: Avelumab (anti-PD-L1) + talazoparib (PARPi)



Javelin BRCA/ATM: Phase 2

BRCA or ATM Mutant Solid Tumors

Avelumab + Talazoparib

RWD of Outcomes for BRCA /ATM mut tumors

Ongoing and Planned Combinations





*Avelumab/Bavencio, co-development and co-commercialization with Merck KGaA

**Subcutaneous 4 weekly anti-PD-1, RN888/PF-06801591





Thank You