Session 5 Keynote: Accelerating Research to Practice

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NCPF: Cancer Care and Cancer Research in the Context of the COVID-19 Pandemic A Virtual Workshop on Lessons Learned, July 26-27, 2021

Disclosures

None related to this presentation

Overview of improvements

- Shorten the time needed to develop and initiate clinical trials, to the extent feasible
- Bring the trial to the patient, rather than the patient to the trial, to the extent feasible
- Participation in a clinical trial should bring hope for people with cancer, rather than additional burdens for them, to the extent feasible
- Trials should be accessible for all, including patients in rural areas and underserved minorities

During the COVID-19 pandemic, has your site used the following modified clinical trials processes for ETCTN trials?

| | Yes | No | Average Usefulness Rating Rated from 1 (not at all useful) to 5 (very useful) |
|---|-----|----|---|
| Worked with local healthcare providers to provide continuity of care for patients on ETCTN trials | 12 | 3 | 3.9 (n=12) |
| Used virtual (telehealth / telephone) study visits | 15 | 0 | 4.5 (n=15) |
| Shipped oral IND agents directly to patients enrolled | 13 | 1 | 4.9 (n=14) |
| Used remote informed consent to enroll patients | 6 | 7 | 4.3 (n=7) |
| Underwent a remote audit | 7 | 7 | 3.9 (n=8) |

Survey of 223 investigators, 94 unique responses (42% response rate); conducted July 2020

Some telehealth research needs

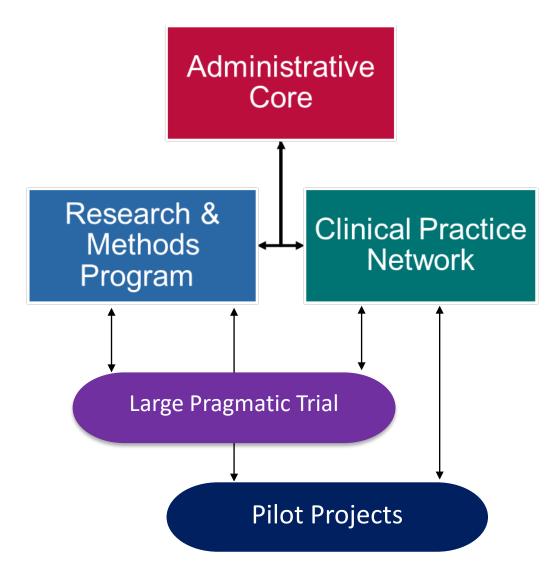
Support for telehealth research that:

- Identifies care contexts optimally suited to use of telehealth
- Tests innovative approaches to combining synchronous (real time) and asynchronous (sequential) communication
- Demonstrates how telehealth can reduce disparities and improve care access
- Yields scalable, transferable, and sustainable models of telehealth that improve quality of care, healthcare utilization and health outcomes

From Dr. Paul Jacobsen, NCI

Centers on Telehealth Research and Cancer-Related Care (RFA CA-21-029; Receipt date: 7/20/21)

- Create centers to advance a national cancer-focused telehealth research agenda in a changing healthcare environment
- Establish research infrastructures to facilitate testing of telehealth models of care in "real world" settings
- Promote development, evaluation, and dissemination of evidence-based models of telehealth



Current telehealth NOSI's from NCI

| Activity Code | FOA Title | First Available Due Date | Expiration Date |
|------------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| R01 | PAR-21-190: Modular R01s in Cancer Control and Population Sciences (R01 Clinical Trial Optional) | October 8, 2021 | March 8, 2024 |
| R01 | PAR-21-035: Cancer Prevention and Control Clinical Trials Grant Program (R01 Clinical Trial Required) | June 5, 2021 | January 8, 2024 |
| R01 | PAR-19-348: Innovative Approaches to Studying Cancer Communication in the New Information Ecosystem (R01 Clinical Trial Optional) | June 9, 2021 | June 9, 2022 |
| R21 | PAR-19-350: Innovative Approaches to Studying Cancer Communication in the New Information Ecosystem (R21 Clinical Trial Optional) | June 9, 2021 | June 9, 2022 |

See https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-CA-21-043.html

Minority enrollment to NCI NCTN and NCORP clinical trials (all phases) did not decrease in 2020

| | Enrollment 2017-2019 | Enrollment 2020 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Majority | 71% | 64% |
| Minority | 25% | 34% |
| Black | 11% | 10% |
| Hispanic | 10% | 20% |
| Other minority groups | 4% | 4% |

Some specific lessons from COVID-19

- Improve operational efficiency and reduce cost
 - Remote/electronic consenting; trial care visits close to home; drugs to the patient
 - New trial designs to reduce number of required data elements and/or testing that will decrease resource utilization
 - Enable rapid review of clinical trial documents
 - Add core infrastructure to facilitate electronic data capture from EHRs
- Modernize regulatory requirements
 - Stop collecting minor protocol deviations and reduce reporting of adverse events that have no impact on patient safety
 - Simplify study endpoints
- Bring trials to more patients; lower barriers to trial entry
 - Increase trial sites for the underserved
 - Re-evaluate co-morbidities that stifle accrual

See https://deainfo.nci.nih.gov/advisory/ctac/0721/Doroshow3.pdf