

Can a Public-Private
Partnership
Engineer Preclinical
Testing Platforms
with Better
Predictive Validity?

John H. Kehne, Ph.D.
Program Director
Epilepsy Therapy Screening
Program (ETSP)
Division of Translational
Research, NINDS/NIH



The Opioid Epidemic - Grand Challenge



- Opioids overdoses claim the lives of 91 Americans every day – one every 16 minutes (CDC, epub. December 16, 2016)
- "America currently lacks "safe, effective, non-addictive strategies" to combat the opioid epidemic" Dr. Francis Collins, at the National Rx Drug Abuse & Heroin Summit, Atlanta April 4, 2017
- Dr. Francis Collins announced a public-private partnership to develop solutions to the opioid crisis. Dr. Francis Collins interview by Julia Lurie, Mother Jones Magazine, May 20, 2017





Proposed Preclinical Testing Program

A Program that catalyzes the discovery and characterization of non-addicting modalities for the treatment of pain

- Establish a preclinical screening program to help identify non-addicting analgesics (small molecules, biologics or devices) to combat acute and/or chronic pain
- 2. Provide in-kind access for the research community to test and characterize promising non-addicting leads





Advantages of the Preclinical Testing Program

- Incentivize academic & industry research communities to pursue discovery of non-addicting therapies
- Facilitate a one-stop resource to interrogate existing and novel pain relief modalities without the upfront economic burden or expertise required for screening
- 3. Generate high quality data in pain models to support business partnerships or applications to NIH translational programs

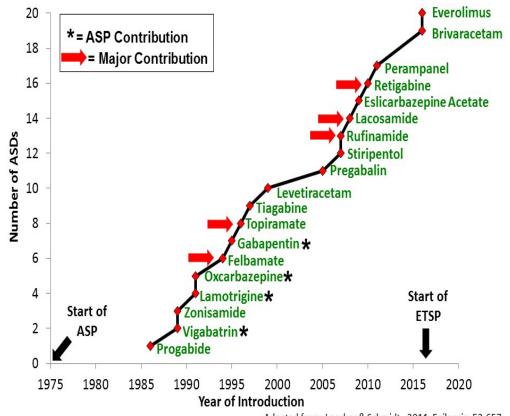






A Proven Platform to Spur Innovative Therapies

- Concept based on successful NINDS-funded Anticonvulsant Screening Program (ASP*)
- Rigorous testing of submitted compounds in a battery of preclinical seizure models
- Significant contribution to advancement of 9 therapeutics to the market for treatment of seizures in epilepsy

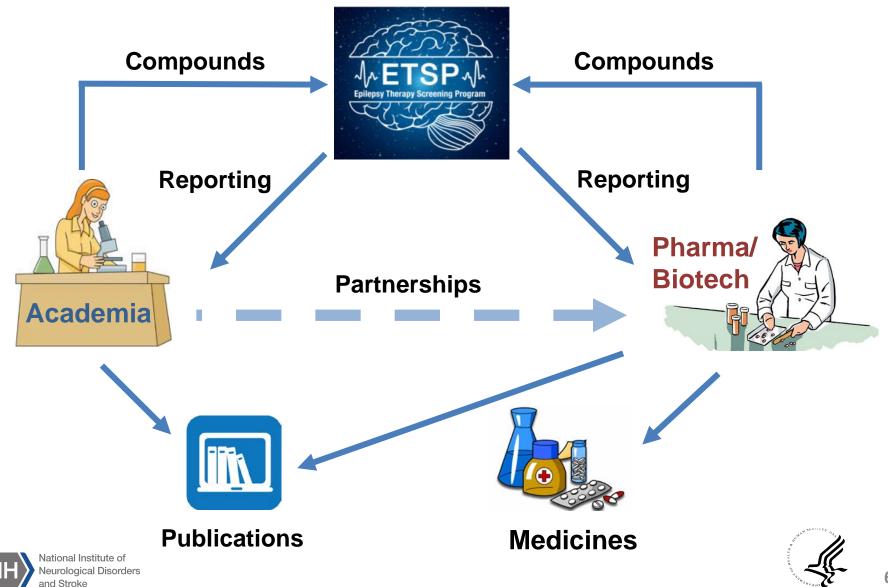


Adapted from: Loscher & Schmidt, 2011, Epilepsia, 52:657





Epilepsy Therapy Screening Program (ETSP)



"ETSP-Like" Testing Platform: Concept to Reality

1. Harness collective expertise and resources:

Develop testing funnels, protocols, and reporting structures

- 2. Deploy NIH existing infrastructure
 - Sample handling
 - Testing
 - Data Storage & Reporting
- 3. Make the resources available to the research community
- 4. Create rigorous data sets
- 5. Connect partners to effectively move projects from discovery to development





Parmership:

Key Elements to Build into Testing Program

- 1) Balance of robust assays configured into streamlined flowcharts with milestones
- 2) Model refinement/development to address gaps
- 3) Flexibility to adapt to various pain indications and flexible decision making process with input from partners
- 4) Qualified staff to manage the screening program
- 5) Commitment to data sharing (publications, publicly accessible website)
- → A PPP could add considerable value beyond the ETSP model by accessing collective capabilities, scale, and resources



Five Year Proposed Plan

- Form advisory group
- Hold workshops
- Establish testing funnels, protocols
- Initiate contracts

Year 1

Year 2

- Start testing compounds
- Start model development inhouse
- Provide grant mechanism to develop models

- Bring in new models
- Continue testing new targets and complete interrogation of existing targets

Years 3-4

Year 5

- Convene workshop
- Evaluate initial goals, objectives and advances made





Can a Public-Private Partnership Engineer Preclinical Testing Platforms with Better Predictive Validity?

Access to capabilities, scale & resources of a PPP could:

- Enable the design of a rigorous, centralized, flexible screening engine for generating robust data
- Provide a rapid, "apples to apples" evaluation of early stage targets/modalities to find the most promising leads
- Position the ecosystem so that drug developers can rapidly embark on translating discoveries into drugs

→ Contribute to Francis Collins' bold objective to "cut in half" the time to develop non-addicting analgesics





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