# Applied multi-stakeholder COVID-19 health research: The Tucson Experience





## Disaster Research Response (DR2) Tucson Workshop (Feb. 2019)

#### Train Derailment Scenario

- Release of chemicals from rail cars
  - 1 mile 6000 people evacuated, 9 deaths reported
  - >32,000 within 2 miles
- Highly diverse vulnerable community
- Issues: short & longer-term health impacts, medical care, environmental contamination



Photo actual Tucson Derailment, July 2018



#### Disaster Research Response Workshop

TUCSON, ARIZONA • FEBRUARY 28–MARCH 1, 2019

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### DR2 Tucson Training Workshop

#### Key Goals

- **Population data and research** of impacted community
- Clinical data and research for treatment safety and efficacy
- Integration between hospital/health care and community data
- Inclusion of IRB members
- Inclusion of diverse stakeholders (120 Participants)
  - Federal Agencies: NIH, FDA, HHS/ASPR, FEMA, CDC, DOD
  - Academia: University AZ Departments; other universities
  - State, County, City: Public Health, Emergency Management, Fire, Environment, Hospitals and Clinics, Poison Control,
  - NGOs: US Clinical Trials Network, Worker Unions, Union Pacific Rail
  - Community groups & Tribal Nations

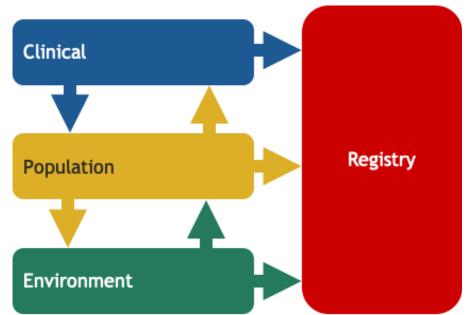
### Lessons Learned: DR2 Tucson

- Locally led multidisciplinary approach adopted throughout the planning and implementation process included:
  - Environmental Health
  - Population Health/Epidemiology
  - Poison Control
  - Emergency/Acute Medicine
  - Pharmacy

- Human Subjects Protection & Privacy Office
- Translation & Interpretation
- Students
- Community Members

### Lessons Learned: DR2 Tucson

- Integration of population & clinical response
  - Shared priorities
  - Shared participants
  - Shared data
  - Shared responsibility



### Lessons Learned: DR2 Tucson

- Situated in local, real-world contexts
  - Established local guiding principles critical for future research
- Practical and scalable infrastructure
  - Streamlined & shortened time to COVID-19 response research
  - Collaborations & relationships existed with common goals & operating procedures
  - IRB & HIPAA collaboration expedited protocol reviews

#### Application to SARS-CoV-2: Guiding Principles

- Coordinate data collection to minimize participant burden
  - Common or harmonized baseline questionnaires
- 2. Set up projects that allow ethical and legal sharing of data, participants, and results
  - Participants are asked if they are willing to be contacted for future research
  - Projects are "linked" in a way that reduces competition & benefits everyone
- 3. Everyone is welcome

### Application of Lessons Learned: COVID-19 Response

#### Clinical

- Integrated inpatient & outpatient clinical registry built upon existing influenza surveillance
- Collaboration of family medicine, emergency medicine, and critical care
- Accompanying biorepository to support other researchers
- 302 outpatient & 425 inpatient enrolled

#### Population

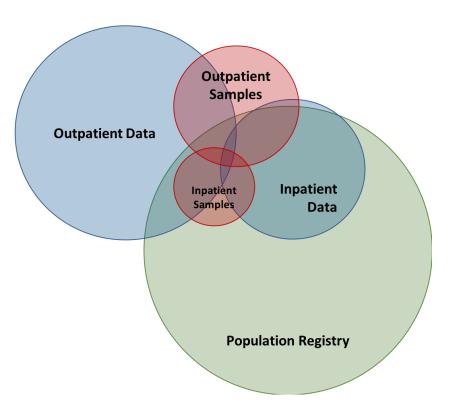
- Population-based cohort to understand short-term and longterm effects of COVID-19
- Collaboration of 6 colleges, 2 universities, and the health departments
- Collaborative recruitment & data collection
- 1,450 Enrolled

#### THE ARIZONA COVH%RT

### Application of Lessons Learned: COVID-19 Response

#### Integration

- Collaborative recruitment
- Aligned instruments
- Ancillary study to link data streams



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### Thank you!