

Electrified Powertrain Flight Demonstration (EPFD) Overview and Future

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Subsonic Transport Market - Global competition expanding

- \$78B positive trade balance; \$1.8T total U.S. economic activity
- 10.9M direct/indirect jobs
- 21.3B tons of freight transported by U.S. airlines in 2019

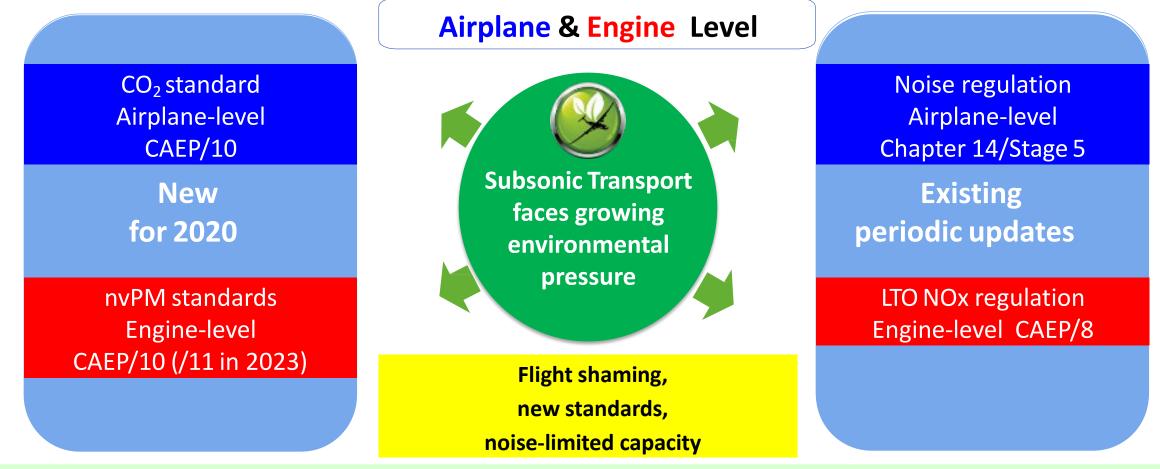




Environmental Standards Landscape

Fleet Level – airplane, energy, & operations dependent

CORSIA Market-Based Measure (2020) FAA Population Impacted by 65 (& 55) dB DNL ATAG Goal for Net-Zero Carbon by 2050



ICAO CAEP exploring the feasibility of a "long-term aspirational goal" for carbon



Aviation in Context of Energy, Transportation, and Climate

ENERGY		Reducing dependence on fossil fuel is the underlying challenge driving change across the entire energy sector
TRANSPORTATION AVIATION		Aviation sector is hard to decarbonize and has unique altitude-based impacts and sensitivity to weight Subsonic commercial airliner operations dominate aviation's climate impact
	ATMOSPHERIC CHEMISTRY & GLOBAL WARMING	Aviation will need to achieve BOTH net-zero CO ₂ emissions and non-CO ₂ radiative forcing IN-SECTOR to halt aviation's contribution to global warming. Non-CO ₂ impacts comprise two-thirds of the net radiative forcing from aviation.

Motivation (relative to climate change)

Halt aviation's contribution to global warming without suppressing flight demand and without out-of-sector offsets while remaining a viable and valued cornerstone of transportation



Sustainable Aviation Pillars & NASA Roles

- Use less energy
 - reduces energy cost
 - reduces required fuel volume
 - airplane & propulsion technology
 - efficient operations

- Use cleaner energy
 - drop-in
 - non-drop-in ...requires major change to airplane & infrastructure

NASA = Primary Role

NASA = Supporting Role

ALTERNATIVE

NASA = Primary Role



Why is Electrified Aircraft Propulsion (EAP) Important? Why Mega Watt (MW)-Class?

- NASA and industry system studies show that EAP has the potential to reduce energy use, carbon and nitrogen oxide emissions
- EAP systems enable favorable direct operating costs (total energy and maintenance) resulting in benefits for both the public and the airline operators and is synergistic with low emission airport infrastructure changes
- EAP opens the design space and adds flexibility
 - Distributed architectures
 - Reduced turbofan core sizes
- EAP coupled with advanced airframe architectures may enable functionally silent and ultra-low emission flight



2030-2035 Entry-Into-Service Targets for EAP:

Thin haul, regional and next generation Sustainable Aviation markets

Market Regional Air Mobility		Regional Turboprops & Turbofans	Single Aisle
Passengers	1-19	20-150	150-more
Speed	≈150-250 mph	≈300-400 mph	≈500-700 mph
Range	≈100-500 miles	500-1500 miles	1500-3500 miles
Power	≈1MW	1 1 5 MW	3 o 30MW
Heat	≈200 kW waste heat	200kw to 1MW waste heat	600kW to 6MW waste heat

1 MW Class Electrified Powertrain System is an inflection point to a new aircraft electrification S-curve



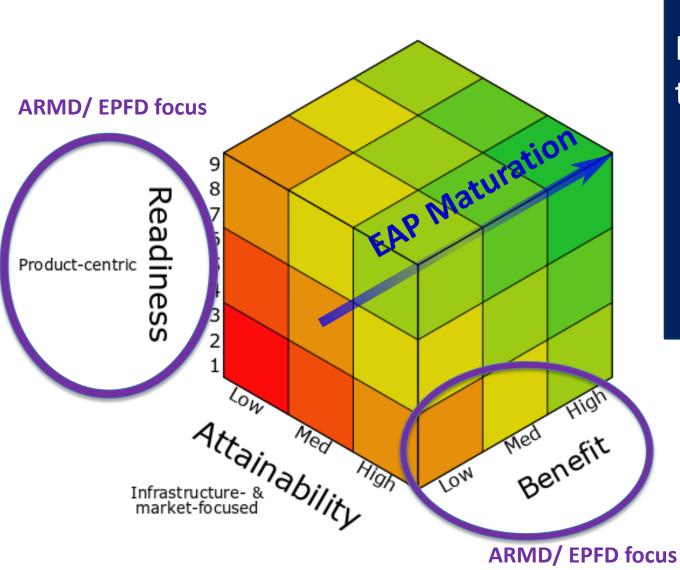
EAP Readiness: Challenges and Opportunities

- Some questions need to be answered before electric aircraft flights are widespread
 - Has the **technology** improved enough?
 - Battery technology, thermal management, ...
 - How much **storage** is needed for reserves?
 - How would the diversion due to bad weather be handled?
 - How can an electric aircraft be certified?
 - Safety (fire)
 - Would NAS operations be affected by electric aircraft?
 - Takeoff, climb, cruise performance
 - Turnaround time
 - How much infrastructure change would be required?



EAP Readiness, Attainability and Benefit

Source: ICAO LTAG Tech SG/ 2023



For EAP aircraft to become real, three roadmaps are needed:

- Technology (& ilities)
- Regulatory AND
- Infrastructure

WHAT ARE THE BARRIERS THAT MUST BE TACKLED FOR EACH ROADMAP?



MW-Class Powertrain Barrier Technical Risks

Barrier Risk	Risk Statement
High Voltage Operation at Altitude	Given that arcing, partial discharge and corona of high power/voltage transmission cables can occur at cruise altitudes or due to life effects, there is the possibility that the demonstrator could have power system failures, resulting in potential loss of aircraft.
Thermal Management	Given that the amount of electrical power required for the demonstration is unprecedented in flight and generates significant low quality/low grade heat, there is a possibility that there will be unforeseen challenges in designing a low parasitic power thermal management system.
Battery System Performance Shortfall	Given that the battery pack requirement exceeds current state of the art technology, there is a possibility that the battery system design does not meet performance requirements, resulting in a higher battery weight and decrease Vision Vehicle performance.

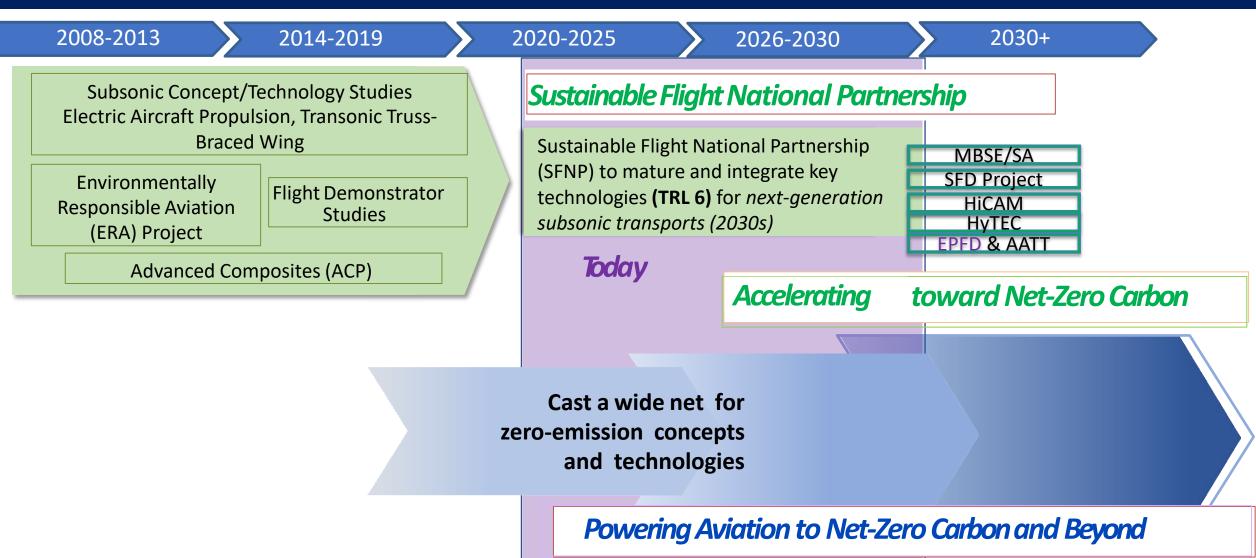


MW-Class Powertrain Barrier Integration Risks

Barrier Risk	Risk Statement
	Given that this electrified aircraft propulsion system is novel, there is a possibility that
Propulsion System	there are unforeseen conflicts in the turbomachinery integration with electric machines,
Integration	resulting in, but not limited to, reduced operability and larger system weight that
	decreases overall Vision Vehicle performance.
Powertrain System	Given that this powertrain system is novel, there is a possibility that there it will not meet
Integration	stability, EMI compatibility, or performance requirements which will require a redesign,
Integration	resulting in an increase in cost and delay in schedule for Vision Vehicle development.
Ainereft Suctors	Given that MW EAP has never been deployed on an aircraft before, there is a possibility
Aircraft System Integration	that there are unforeseen conflicts integrating EAP system into the aircraft, resulting in an
	increase in cost and a delay in schedule and an inefficient aircraft.



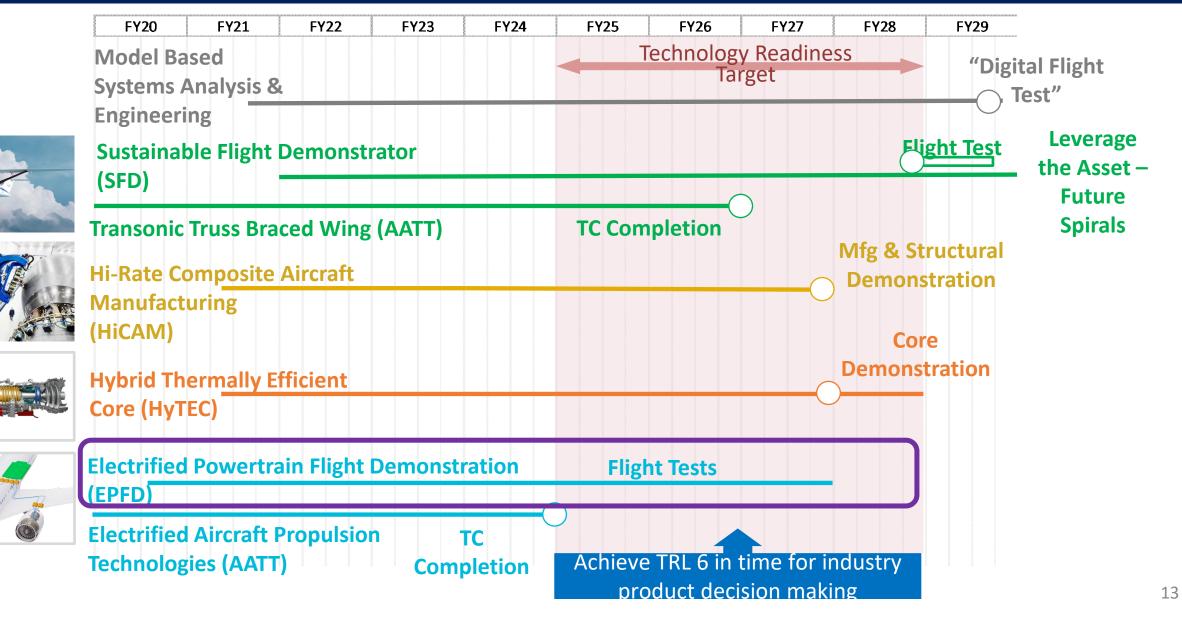
NASA's Aviation Sustainability Strategy





ARMD's Sustainable Flight National Partnership:

Integrated Technology Development





ARMD Electric Aircraft Propulsion (EAP) Portfolio

ARMD Critical Commitment (CC) 3.1:

Demonstrate practical vehicle-level integration of MW-class electrified aircraft propulsion systems, leveraging advanced airframe systems to reinvigorate the regional and emerging smaller aircraft markets and strengthen the single aisle aircraft market.



- AATT FOCUS improving performance, lifetime, reliability and cost that will be required for entry into service
 - Working on electrical and materials solutions which enables high performance and high efficiency machines and power electronics to operate at high voltage at altitude



- **EPFD FOCUS** providing real-world application thereby reducing EIS technology and integration barriers for emerging technologies through the flight demonstrations (magniX, GE)
 - Tackling safety and integration at the powertrain, propulsion, and aircraft systems levels
 - Exploring test methodologies for means of compliance and flight test data to inform regulations and standards



- HyTEC FOCUS reducing risk for electric powertrain integration in Single Aisle turbofan architecture
 - Demonstrating power insertion/extraction on a modern commercial turbofan
 - Maturing controls and energy management across dual spool turbofan engine

The current ARMD EAP Portfolio is synergistic and complimentary to achieving CC 3.1 through mid-TRL technology development and integrated ground and flight demonstrations.



Electrified Powertrain Flight Demonstration Project

Accelerate Transition of MW class powertrain systems to US transport aircraft fleet

Scope

- Demonstrate practical vehicle-level integration of megawatt-class electrified aircraft propulsion systems, leveraging advanced airframe systems to reinvigorate the regional and emerging smaller aircraft markets and strengthen the single aisle aircraft market.
- Assess gaps in regulations/standards to support future Electrified Aircraft Propulsion (EAP) certification requirements.

Benefit

- Accelerate U.S. industry readiness to transition to EAP-based commercial transport aircraft.
- Enable new standards that are needed for EAP-based aircraft certification.

Approach

- Engage with U.S. industry to integrate and demonstrate megawatt-class EAP machines in flight.
- Engage with the FAA, SAE, ASTM, etc. to contribute data that inform EAP standards and regulations.

Industry Partners selected on September 30th, 2021:
GE Aerospace, Cincinnati, OH: Single Aisle Market
magniX Everett MA: Designal Typeston Market

magniX, Everett WA: Regional Turboprop Market

