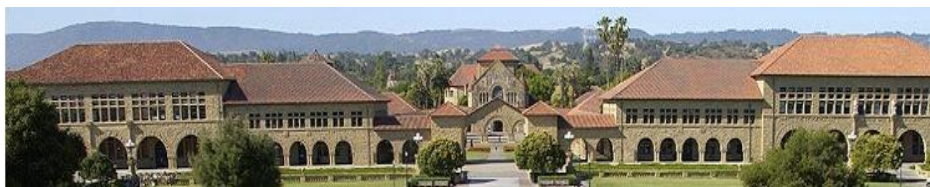


<http://ourvoice.stanford.edu>



STANFORD PREVENTION
RESEARCH CENTER
the science of healthy living

Advancing Health Equity through Leveraging Citizen Science Methods & Digital Tools

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Healthy Aging Research & Technology Solutions Lab

Our Voice Global Citizen Science Research Initiative & Network

Stanford University School of Medicine





'It Takes a (global) Village' – Collaborating Organizations

U.S. Collaborators include:

- Stanford University (***organizing institution***)
- Arizona State U.
- CA Peace Partnership
- City of Seattle, Human Services Dept.
- Cornell
- East San Jose,
- GirlTrek, USA
- LeadingAge, USA
- Place Labs, San Francisco, CA
- San Francisco State U., CA
- TransForm/Green Trip
- U Alaska, Anchorage
- U California, Irvine
- San Mateo Co. CA Public Health Dept.
- Santa Clara Co. CA Public Health Dept.; Somos Mayfair
- Solano Co. CA Public Health Dept.
- Tulane U. School of Public Health & Tropical Medicine, LA
- Washington University at St. Louis, MO
- Youth Leadership Institute

International Collaborators include:

- Auckland Univ of Tech, New Zealand
- FA Univ of Erlangen-Nuremberg, Germany
- Federal U. of Santa Maria, Brazil
- Glasgow Caledonian U, Scotland
- Instituto Nacional de Salud Pública, Mexico
- ITRI-Taiwan; Kaohsiung Medical U., Taiwan
- JDC Israel Eshel • University of Haifa, Israel
- Mälardalen University, Västerås, Sweden
- Pontific Catholic U. of Paraná, Curitiba, Brazil
- Public Health Foundation of India
- Univ. de los Andes, Bogotá, Colombia
- Univ. of Birmingham, UK
- Univ. of Cape Town, S. Africa
- Universidad de la Frontera, Temuco, Chile
- Univ. of Kwa-Zulu-Natal, S. Africa
- Univ. of Manitoba, Canada
- Université Nice Sophia Antipolis, France
- Univ. of Queensland, Australia

Funding (past & current): National Cancer Institute, Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, Nutrilite Health Institute Wellness Fund, Stanford Discovery Innovation Fund, ITRI Taiwan, JDC-Eshel Israel, Silicon Valley Community Foundation

Background

- Compelling evidence that individual & community health shaped by ***environmental contexts***, but “top-down” policy approaches take time & can be less accessible to underserved communities
- A complementary, “***bottom up***” ***citizen science approach*** for promoting health-enhancing environments through *micro-environmental data capture & applications* (especially in underserved populations)



What is “Citizen Science”?

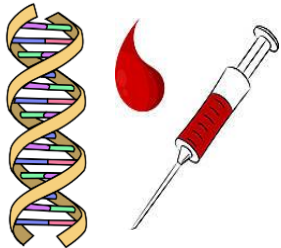
(King AC, Winter S, Chrisinger B, et al. Prev Med, 2019, 119:44-47)

- A centuries old tradition of resident engagement

Today, at least 3 general types:

For the people:

- Donation of biological specimens
(biomedical research)



With the people:

- Active systematic data collection
(natural phenomena or built environments)



By the people:

- Participate in setting objectives;
- Collect & help interpret data;
- Solution building





An Example: *The “**OUR VOICE**” Citizen Science Research Initiative*

Empowers residents to *assess & activate environmental changes* for healthier neighborhoods & communities

(in partnership with local decision-makers)

Facilitators of this process can be researchers, community organizations, govt. or business groups, or residents themselves



Buman M, et al. *Translat Behav Med*, 2012; *AJPM*, 2013; Winter S, et al., *Translat Behav Med*, 2014; King AC, et al., *TJACSM*, 2016; Rosas GR, et al., *J Urban Health*, 2016; Sheats J, et al., *J Urban Health*, 2017; Hinckson E, et al., *IJBNPA*, 2017; King AC, et al., *Prev Med*, 2019



How does the **Our Voice Citizen Science Method** work?

<http://ourvoice.stanford.edu>

Facilitated **4-step process** to engage residents in data capture, analysis & application:



Discover



Discuss & Prioritize



Share & Activate



Change



8
languages

Users aged
9-90



Walking
maps

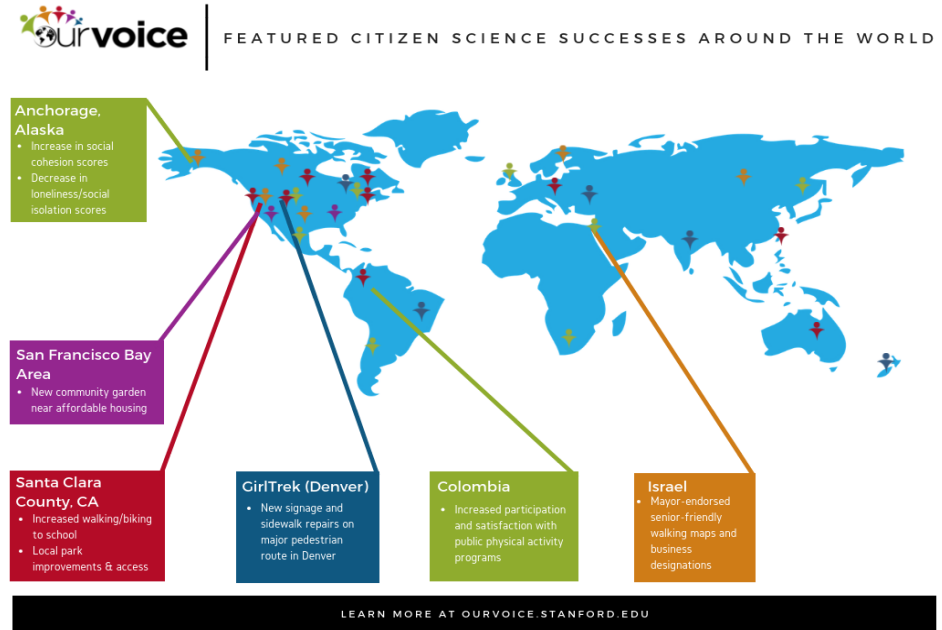
Geo-tagged photos &
narratives



Ultimate Goal



- Build an *online, interactive world map* of citizen science data & results for use by scientists, non-academic orgs., & residents to build health-enhancing communities
- Could be *linked with other data platforms* to provide contextually relevant, micro-scale information



Our Citizen Science Multi-level Research Model

(King AC, *Inter J Behav Nutr & Phys Act*, 2015)

Starts with 4-step **Our Voice Intervention**

Residents collect data & learn how to activate environment changes in their community



creates changes in Mediators (e.g.):

- Neighborhood cohesion, trust
- Self-efficacy to create envir. change
- Neighborhood social networks
- Communication/advocacy skills



leads to **Proximal Effects:**

Changes in relevant neighborhood structures, policies, social activities



goal of more **Distal Outcomes:**

- Individual-level health behavs./outcomes
- Neighborhood-level health behaviors/outcomes (e.g., physical activity, wt. gain prevent.)



Multi-dimensional data linkage possibilities include

- Other types of qualitative measures
- Geospatial info.
- Quantitative data
- Observational info/audit tools (e.g., # people walking)
- Biol. & environmental sensors



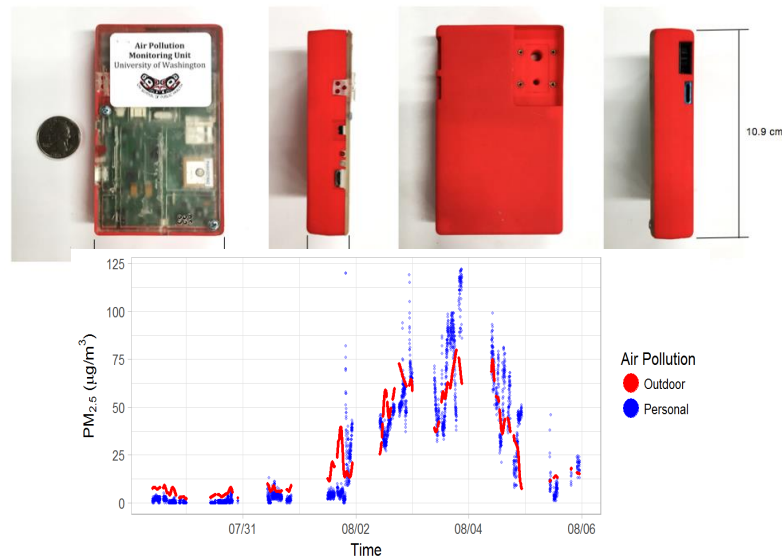
Combining Discovery Tool with **Sensors** to expand understanding of **effects of environment on health**

- *Example:* Use **Air Quality Monitors** to capture local air quality along different walking routes

Community Air Quality Monitor
(neighborhood-level)



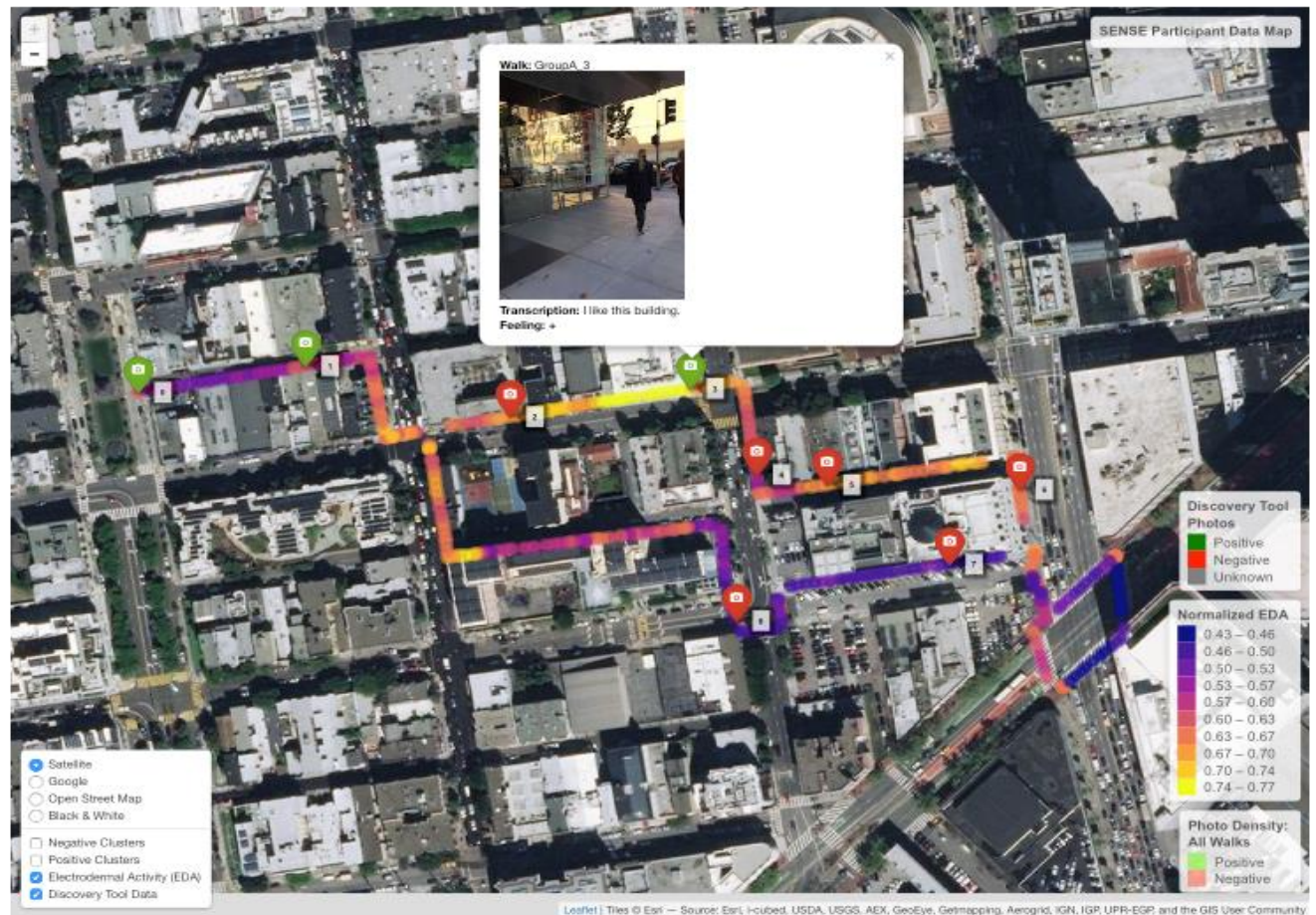
Portable Air Particle Monitor (Univ. of Washington)



Another Example:

- Use of wrist-worn sensor of electrodermal & heart rate activity

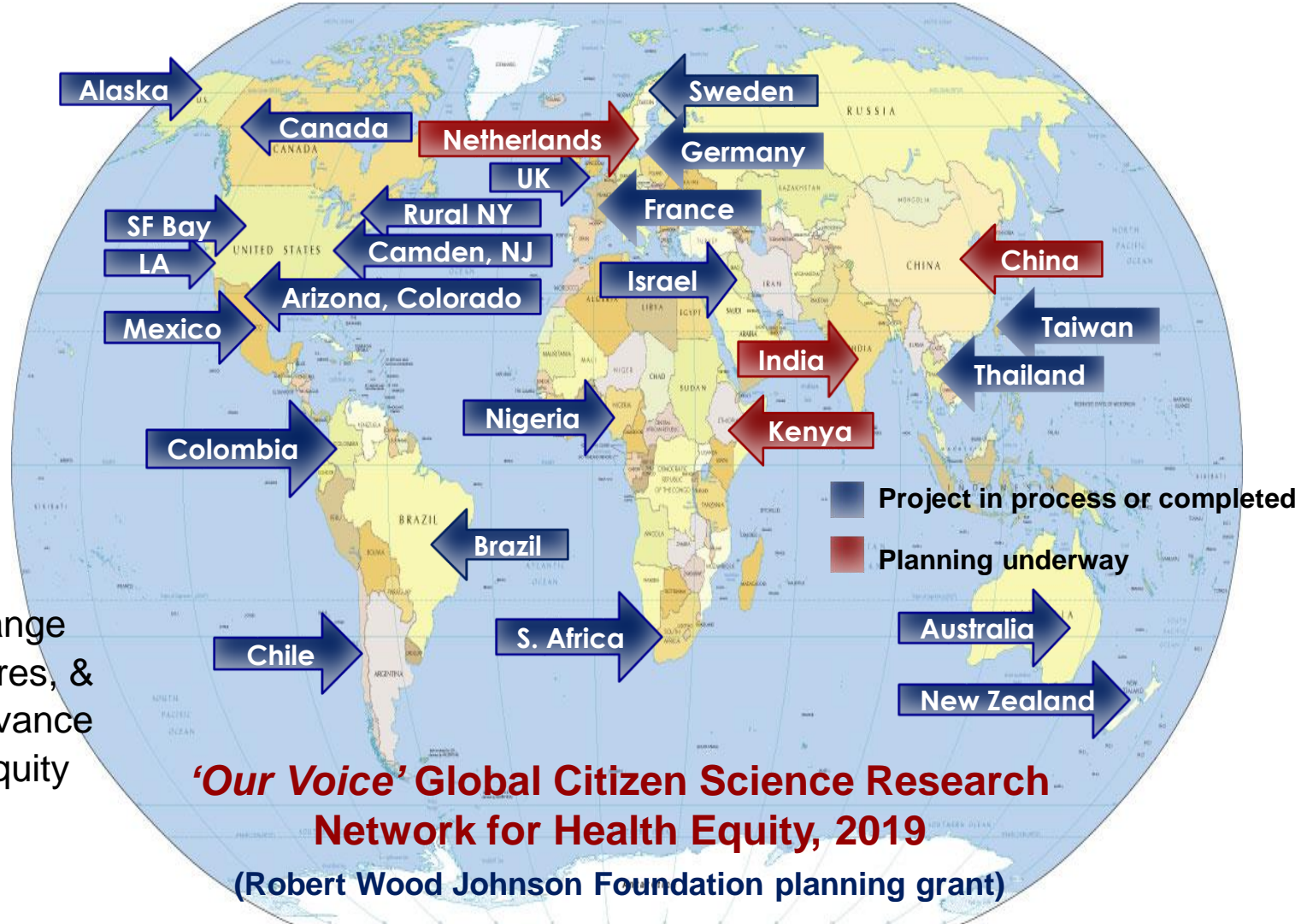
- *Identifies locations along walking routes linked with increased arousal/stress*



Chrisinger B & AC King (International J Health Geography, 2018). Stress Experiences in Neighborhood and Social Environments (SENSE). (with Place Labs, SF [Empatica])

**20+
countries, 6
continents**

Major Goal:
Dynamic exchange
of data, measures, &
learnings to advance
global health equity



Successes of *Our Voice* projects to date include:

- Safer ***city-wide ‘open streets’ recreational programs*** (Colombia, USA)
- Increased ***age-friendly & safer walking routes*** (Israel, Chile, Australia, Canada, USA)
- Identification of ***accessible indoor recreational spaces*** for elderly (Taiwan)
- More ***walking/biking to school*** (US); ***activity-friendly schools*** (NZ, S.Africa, Colombia)
- Containing ***roaming dogs*** to promote neighborhood safety & walkability (Mexico)
- Developing ***healthier food access*** in urban & rural areas (Colombia, USA, S. Africa)
- ***Enacting local park improvements*** to increase community physical activity, greater park utilization, ***& more accessible transportation*** (Colombia, USA)
- Improved ***indoor environments in a geriatric rehabilitation unit*** to promote mobility among patients (Australia)



In Summary:

Resident-centric data capture
of local environments can enrich
& contextualize data to advance
precision population health

Thank you! <http://ourvoice.stanford.edu>