

Dissecting the genetic diversity of Japanese's marmoset colonies



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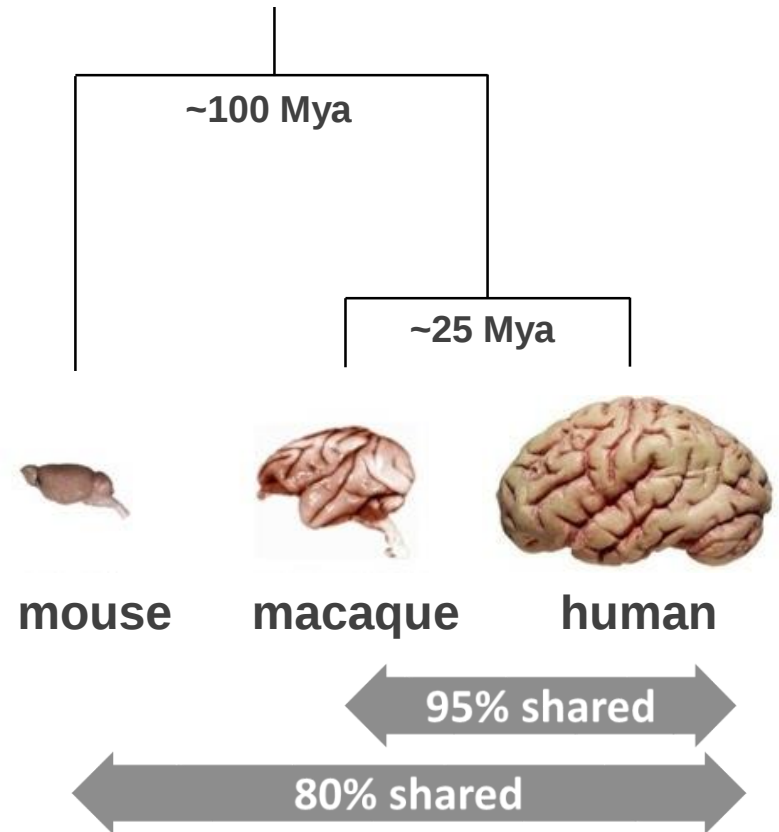


Animal Model for Neuropsychiatric Disorders

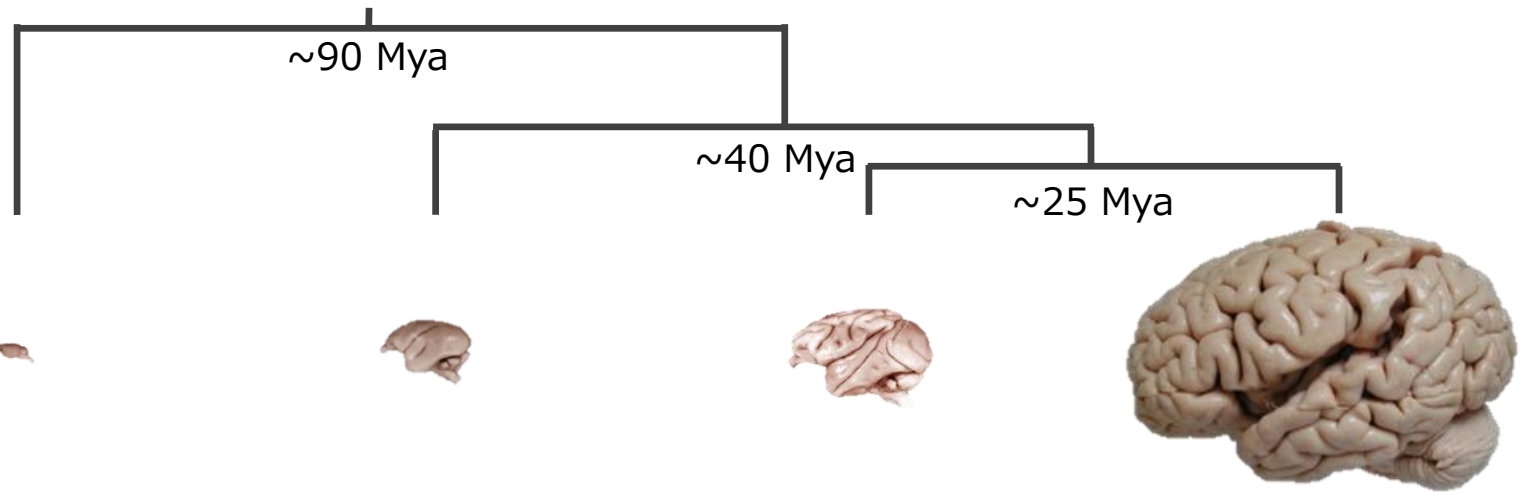
Conventional Animal Model



Advanced Animal Model



Primate Model for Human Diseases



mouse

marmoset

macaque

human

Brain weight

0.4 g



8 g



87 g



1500 g

neurons

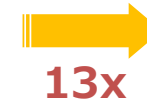
**71
millions**



**634
millions**



**6376
millions**

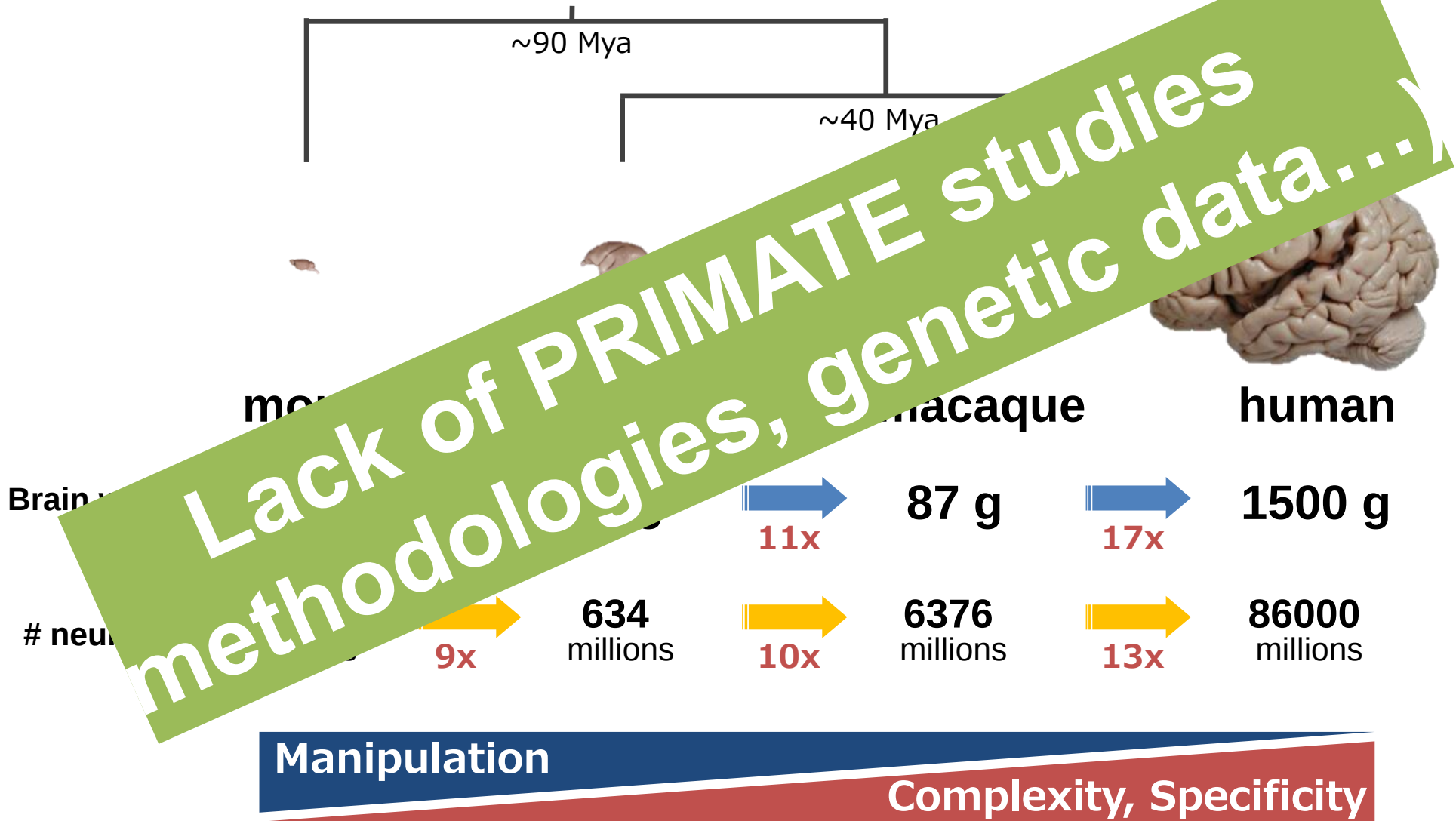


**86000
millions**

Manipulation

Complexity, Specificity

Primate Model for Human Diseases



Primate Genomic & Transcriptomic Study

Genome

☞ Identification of **spontaneous mutants** in the neuropsychiatric related genes in macaques & marmosets

Transcriptome

☞ **Brain transcriptome atlas** at macro/mesoscale in marmosets

☞ Brain transcriptome analysis of **disease marmoset model** and elucidating molecular basis of neuropsychiatric disease



Primate Genomic & Transcriptomic Study

Genome

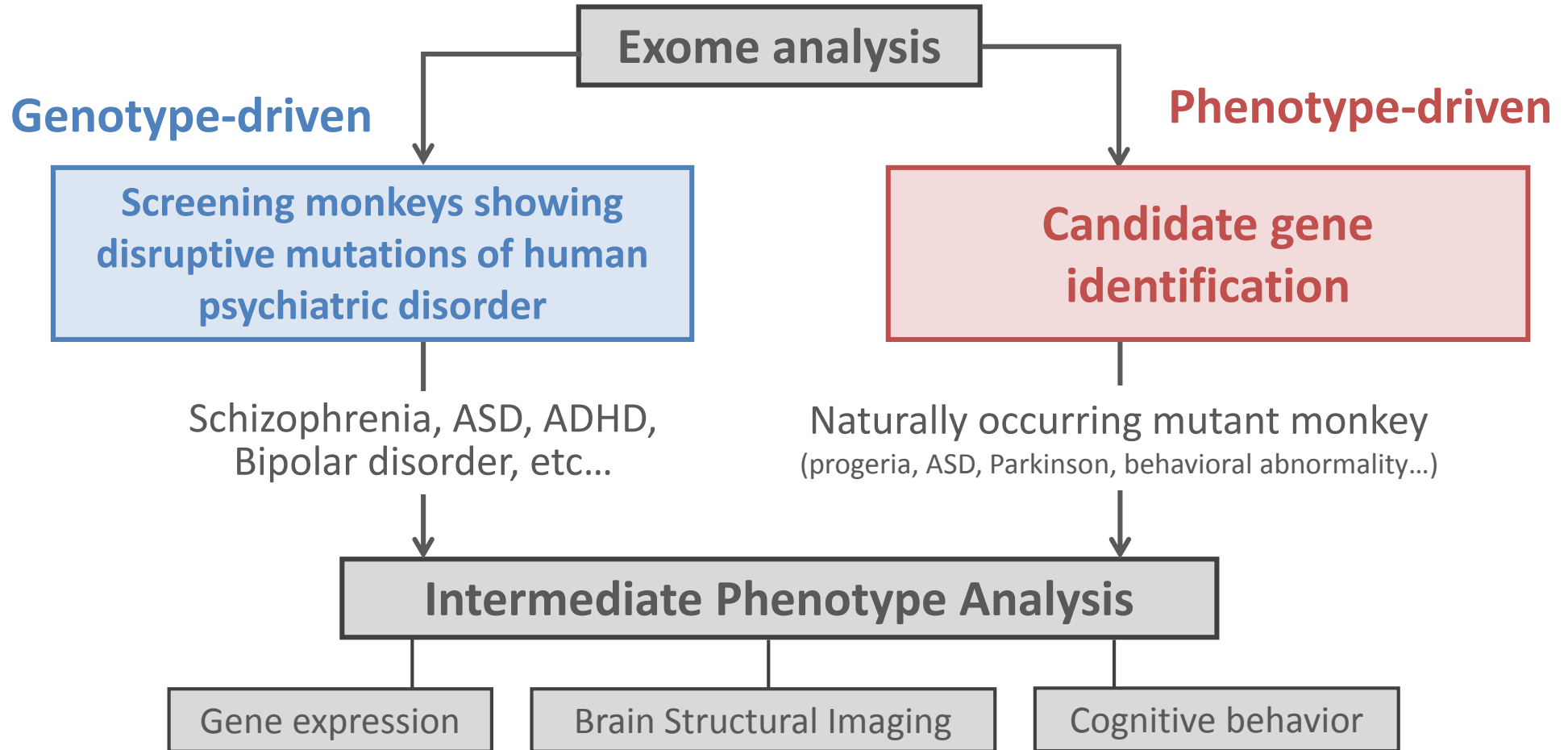
☞ Identification of **spontaneous mutants** in the neuropsychiatric related genes in macaques & marmosets

Transcriptome

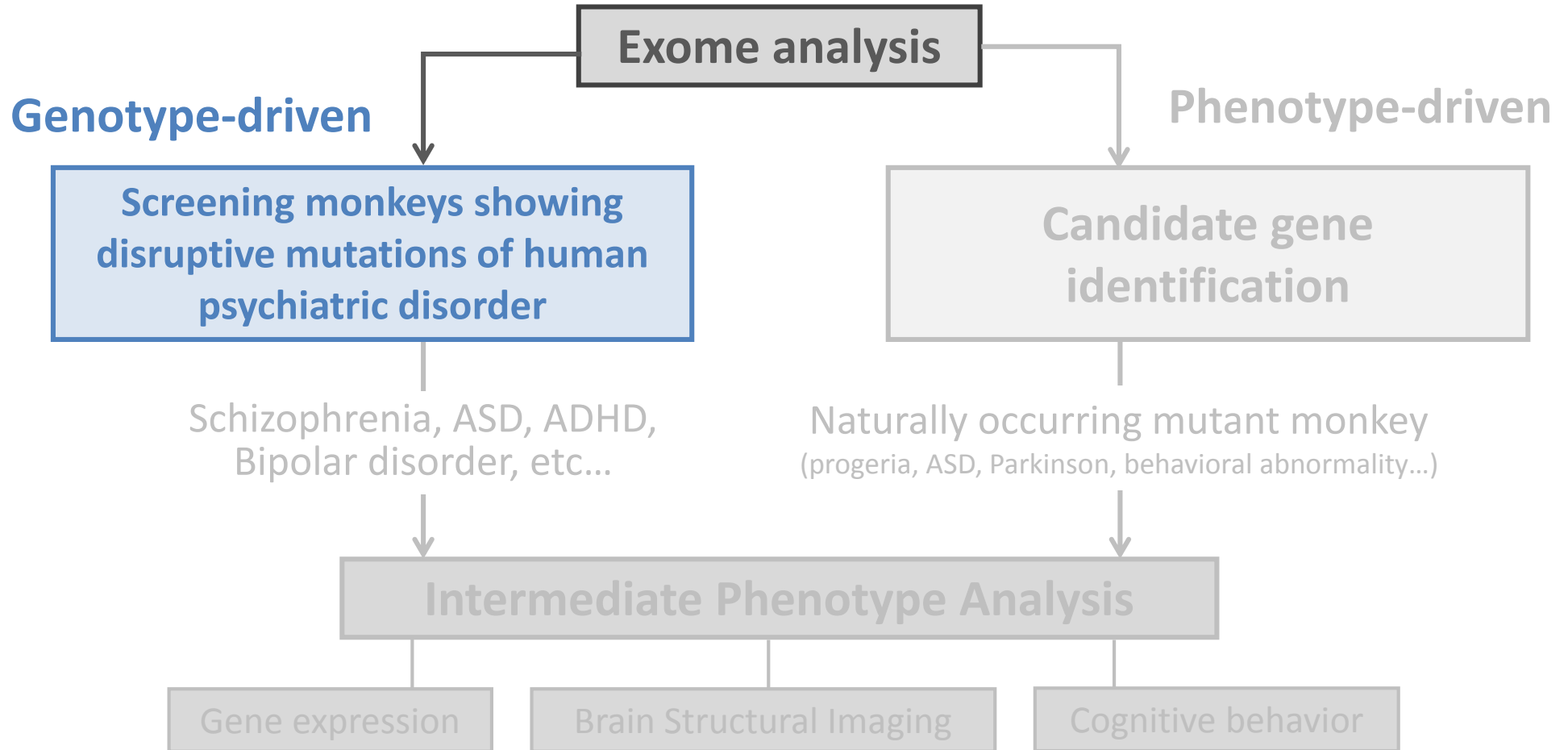
☞ **Brain transcriptome atlas** at macro/mesoscale in marmosets

☞ Brain transcriptome analysis of **disease marmoset model** and elucidating molecular basis of neuropsychiatric disease

Primate Genomic Study | Two Strategies

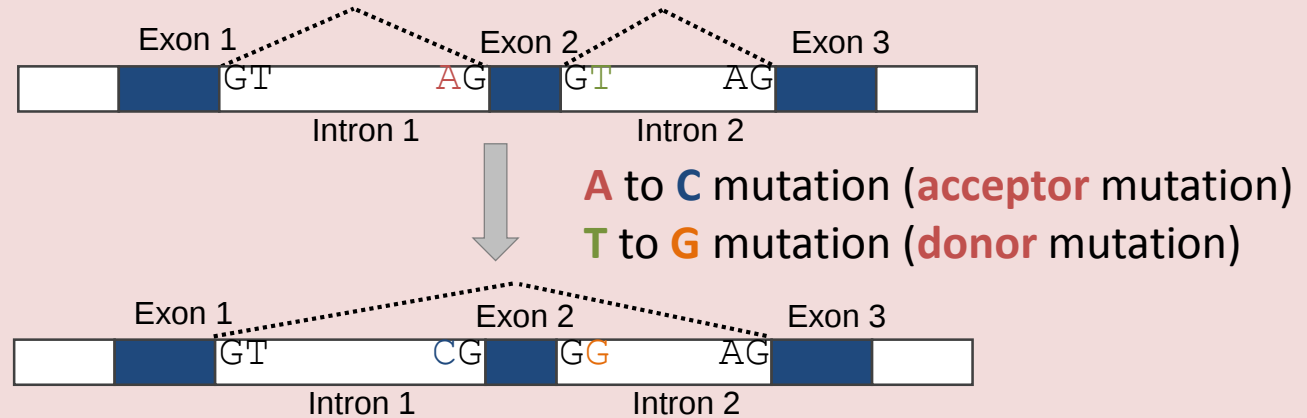


Primate Genomic Study | Two Strategies

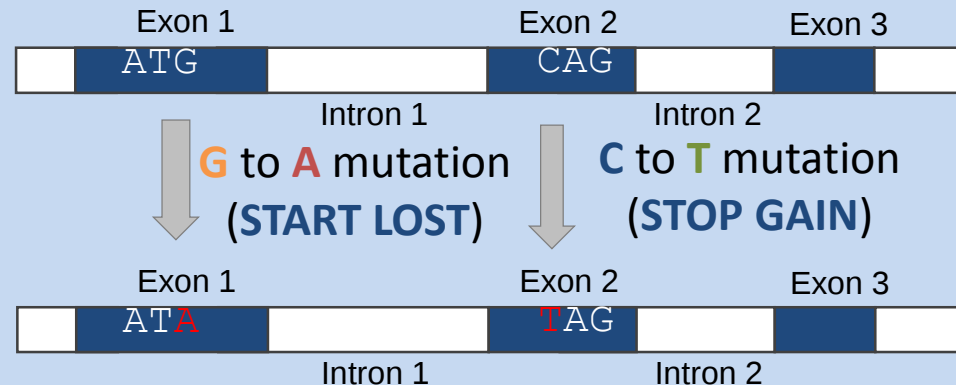


Loss-of-Function (LoF) mutations

splice site
mutation



stop gain
start lost
mutation





【GENOTYPE-DRIVEN】

1,328 marmosets x **479** neuropsychiatric related genes

142 genes that show **rare** (< 5 %) **Loss-of-Function (LoF)** mutations

127 genes that show **very rare** (< 1 %) **Loss-of-Function (LoF)** mutations

【PHENOTYPE-DRIVEN】

Abnormal Eye Movement $\Rightarrow$ **MECP2** (Rett syndrome)

Epilepsy $\Rightarrow$ **KCNQ3** (Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy)

Loss-of-Functional mutation genes in marmosets

Gene	Disease (Score*)	LoF type	Genotype (REF Homo, Hetero, ALT Homo)
<i>SHANK2</i>	Autism Spectrum Disorder (19.81)	Stop gain	666, 44, 1
<i>NLGN3</i>	Autism Spectrum Disorder (19.27)	Frame shift	1141, 8, 0
<i>DRD5</i>	Autism Spectrum Disorder (16.34)	Stop gain	1211, 7, 0
<i>NRG1</i>	Schizophrenia (19.01)	Frame shift	1236, 2, 0
<i>SYN3</i>	Schizophrenia (17.63)	Frame shift	1053, 2, 0
<i>SLC1A1</i>	Schizophrenia (17.46)	Frame shift	1190, 1, 0
<i>TPH1</i>	Bipolar Disorder (18.43)	Stop gain	1078, 2, 0
<i>RELN</i>	Bipolar Disorder (15.85)	Stop gain	1073, 1, 0
<i>NRG1</i>	Bipolar Disorder (15.21)	Frame shift	1236, 2, 0
<i>DRD5</i>	Attention Deficit Hyperactive Disorder (19.71)	Stop gain	1211, 7, 0
<i>SETX</i>	Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (20.56)	Stop gain	1152, 1, 0
<i>ALS2</i>	Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (19.76)	Splice donor	1206, 1, 0
<i>TRAK2</i>	Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (16.67)	Stop gain	1129, 1, 0
<i>PRNP</i>	Huntington's Disease (19.25)	Frame shift	1240, 2, 0
<i>SETDB1</i>	Huntington's Disease (16.99)	Frame shift	1229, 2, 0
<i>CASP1</i>	Huntington's Disease (15.88)	Stop gain	1076, 4, 0
<i>DNAJC13</i>	Parkinson's Disease (18.99)	Splice acceptor	859, 9, 0
<i>LRRK2</i>	Parkinson's Disease (17.92)	Stop gain	1128, 1, 0
<i>GIGYF2</i>	Parkinson's Disease (17.72)	Stop gain	1134, 1, 0

*Score > 15 (MalaCards: <https://www.malacards.org/>)

Exome Analysis | Macaque



【GENOTYPE-DRIVEN】

831 macaques x **503** neuropsychiatric related genes

53 genes that show **rare** (<5%) **Loss-of-Function (LoF)** mutations

【PHENOTYPE-DRIVEN】

Progeria → **Progeria-related genes** Oishi et al. (2014) *PLoS ONE*

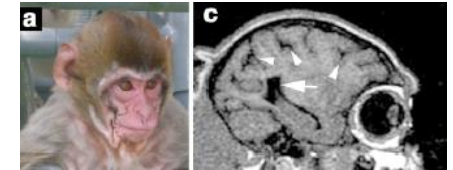
Autism Spectrum Disorder → **Serotonin receptor (*HTR2C*)** Yoshida et al. (2016) *Science Advances*

Multiple system atrophy → **Signaling adapter coupled with growth factor receptors in neuron**

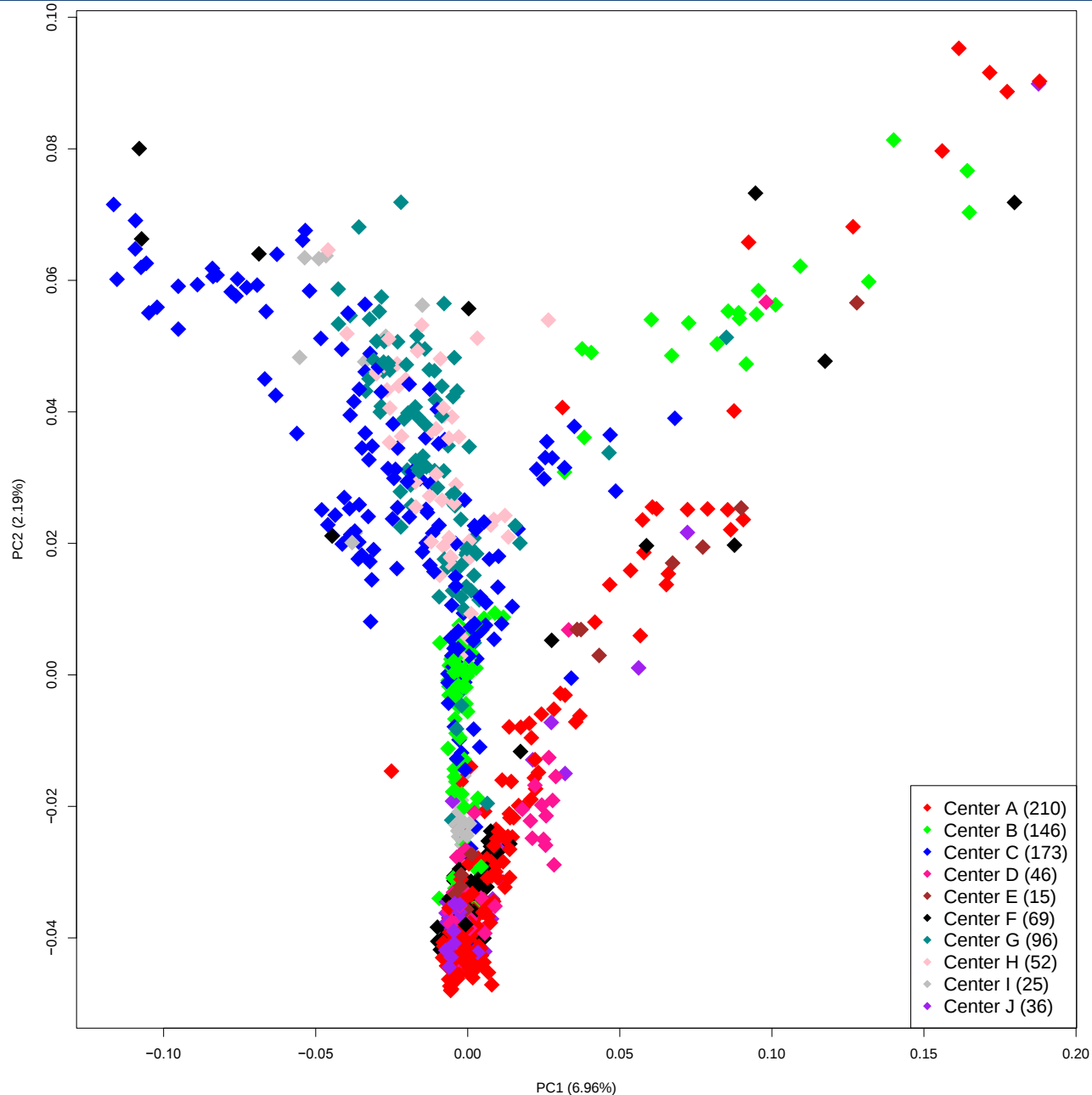
McCairn et al. (*unpublished*)

Mucopolysaccharidoses → **Glycosaminoglycans hydrolyzed enzyme**

Oishi et al. (*unpublished*)

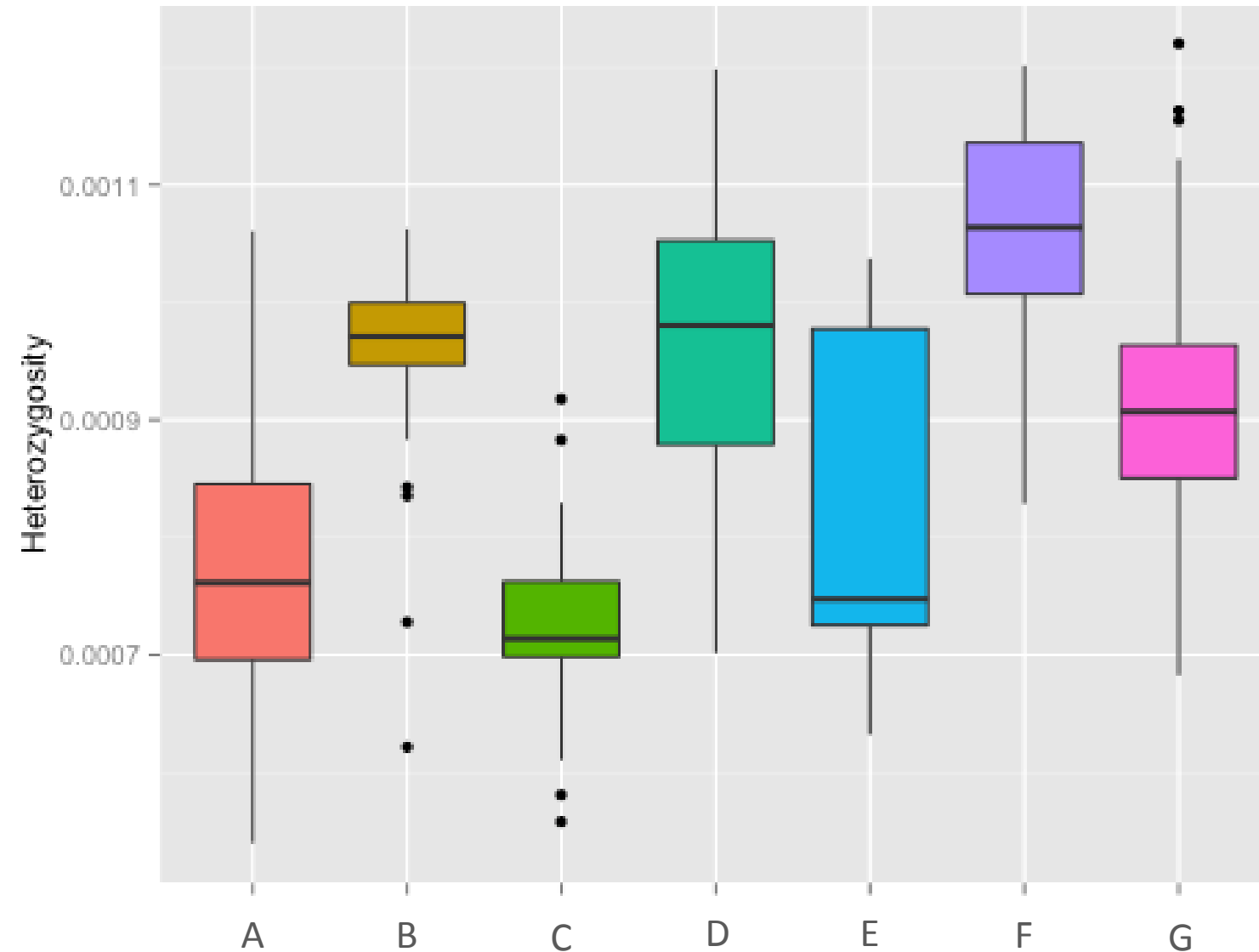


Genetic Diversity of “JAPANESE” marmosets



868 samples
3,335 SNVs

Heterozygosity among marmoset facilities in Japan



NOTE: Heterozygosity

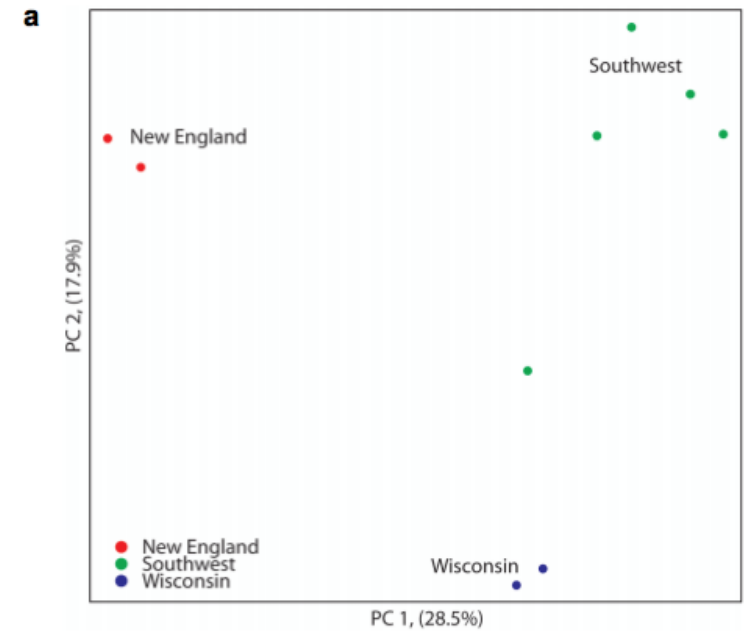
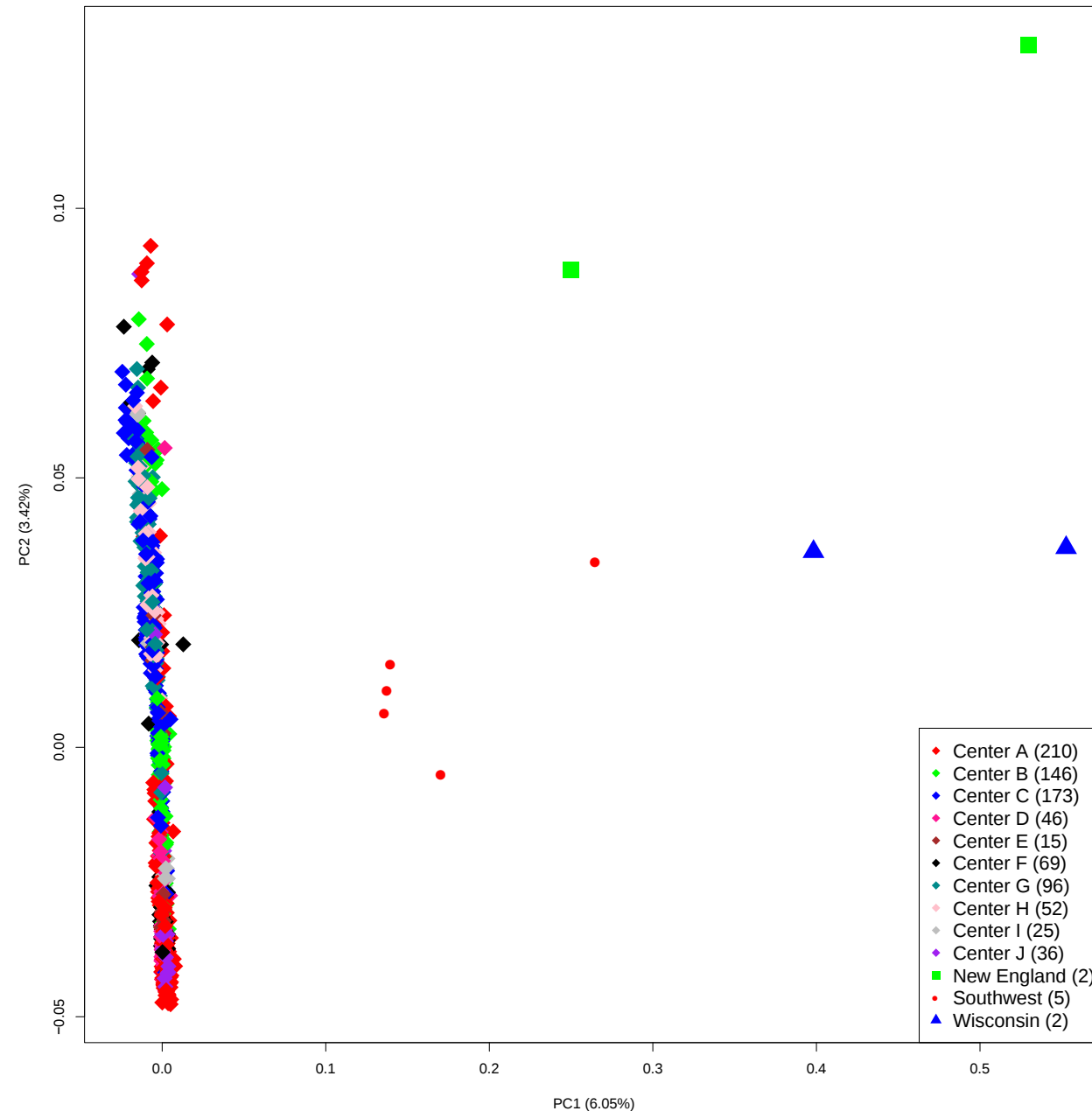
African human = 0.1%

non-African human = 0.077%

Rhesus macaque = 0.21%

Japanese macaque = 0.14%

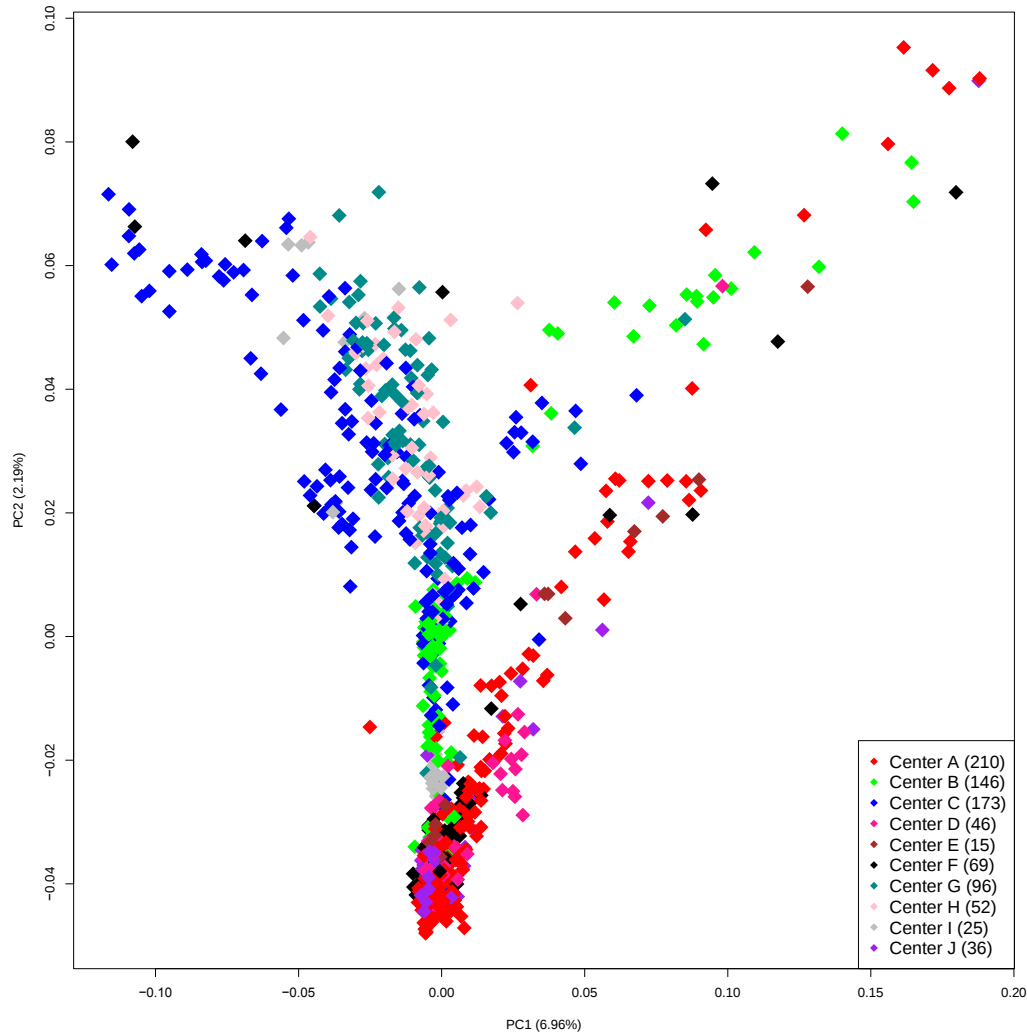
Genetic Diversity of “JAPAN + US” marmosets



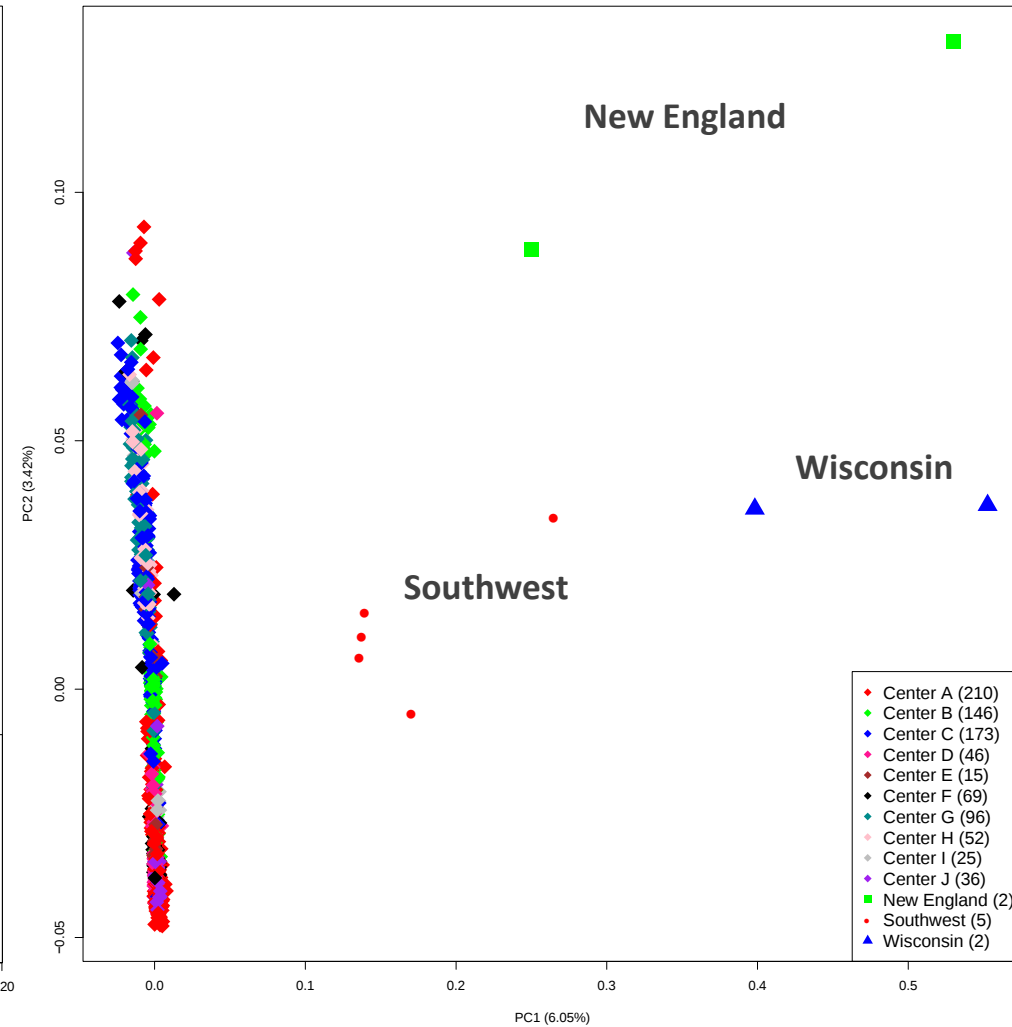
Nature Genetics (2014)

868 (JPN) + 9 (US) samples
3,335 SNVs

Genetic Diversity of “JAPAN + US” marmosets



868 samples
3,335 SNVs



868 (JPN) + 9 (US) samples
3,335 SNVs

Summary

Genome

- Genomic analysis of **neuropsychiatric genes** (~500 genes) in hundreds of monkeys (macaques, marmosets)
- Loss-of-Function mutations are found in **53** genes (macaques) & **142** genes (marmosets) [**GENOTYPE-DRIVEN**]
- Success of identification of the candidate genes in naturally (spontaneous) mutant monkeys (progeria, ASD, Multiple system atrophy, Mucopolysaccharidoses) [**PHENOTYPE-DRIVEN**]
- Pay attention to the source of DNA in marmosets due to **blood chimerism**
[PROS] **Blood**: high amount & quality DNA, **Nail(Crow)**: no chimerism
[CONS] **Blood**: high chimerism, **Nail(Crow)**: low amount & quality DNA

Transcriptome

- Brain transcriptome analysis of **disease marmoset model** and elucidating molecular basis of neuropsychiatric disease
- **VPA** marmoset: **Glutamatergic synapse** gene [*SLC1A2*, *GRM2*, *SLC1A6*, *PRKCG*, *SHANK1*, *GRK3*, *SHANK3*], **Circadian rhythm** gene [*NR1D1*, *PER2*, *PER1*, *PER3*, *BHLHE40*]
- **Single cell & Single nuclei RNA-seq** are vigorously in progress.

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ExCELLS



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Correlative Gene System



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Brain/Minds



Genome Support



Global COE
(Kyoto Univ.)



INAMORI
Foundation