Expanding capacity for pediatric subspecialty care with eConsults -or-

Better leveraging the capacity of the generalist workforce

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A partial solution to better specialty access for children is already in place: general pediatricians



- Far greater numbers (per capita supply of general pediatricians has been increasing for decades¹)
- While imperfect, gen peds geographic distribution² is far more extensive than peds subspecialists
- Potential pathways: (a) Reduce low value referrals (expand comprehensiveness); (b) Increase return to primary care after SS consultation; (c) Gen peds as referral destination

¹Shipman SA, et al, The general pediatrician, projecting future supply and requirements, *Pediatrics*, 2004 Mar;113(3 Pt 1):435-42. ²Shipman SA, Chang CH, Goodman DC, Geographic maldistribution of primary care for children, *Pediatrics*, 2011 Jan;127(1):19-27.



How to support general pediatricians to expand their scope of practice and manage more 'secondary' care?

CORE®

- Establish adaptive capacity: untether from preponderance of well child care and minor acute illness care
- Provide strategies to support competence & confidence in managing higher level medical needs

CORE®

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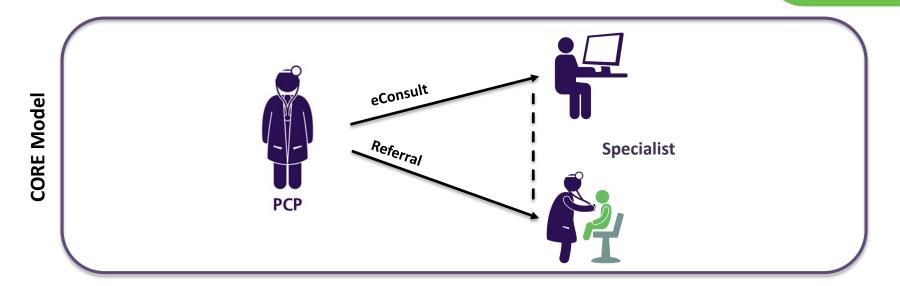
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eConsults



Models for eConsult





eConsult

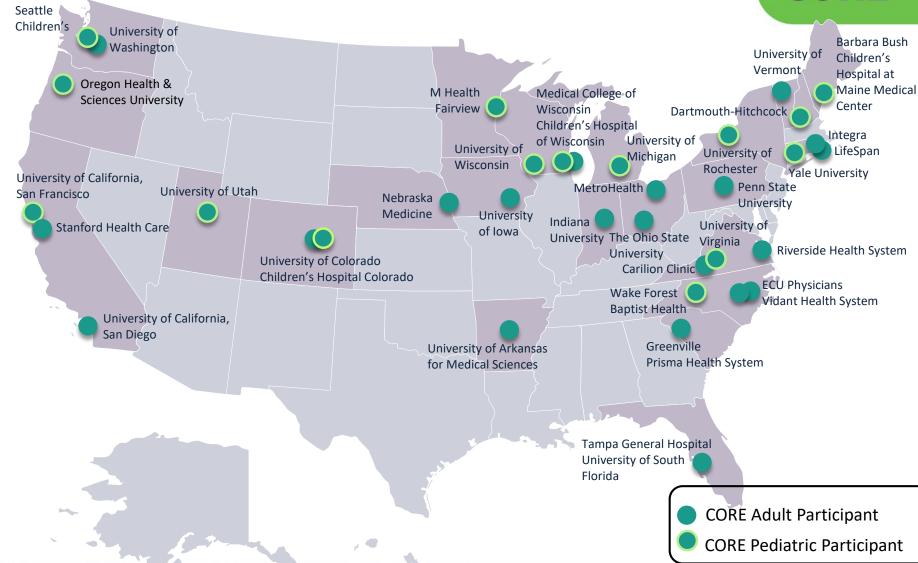
eConsult

Specialist

Specialist

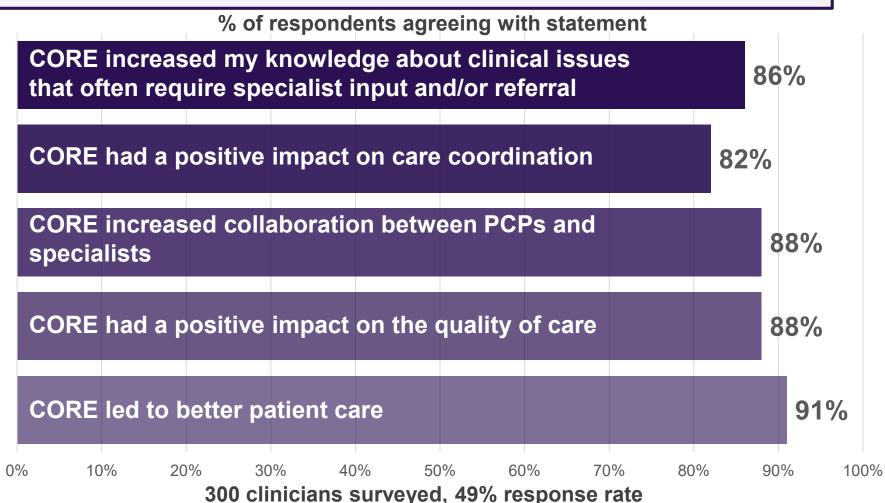
Project CORE Network, 2015 - 2022





Provider feedback on eConsults and CORE model

"Clinician surveys demonstrate that providers overwhelmingly believe the program positively affects the delivery of patient care."

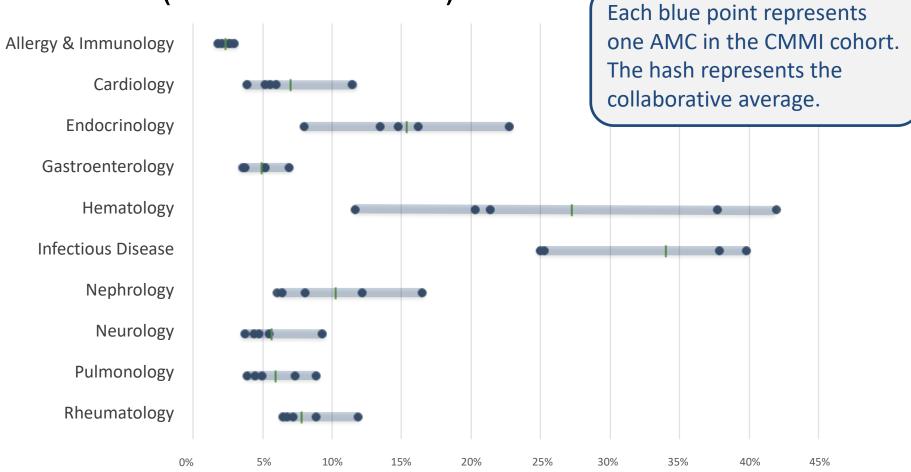




Role of eConsults Varies by Specialty



% specialty contact taking place via eConsult
= eConsults/(eConsults + Referrals)



PY1-PY3 data for all CMMI AMCs live within that specialty.

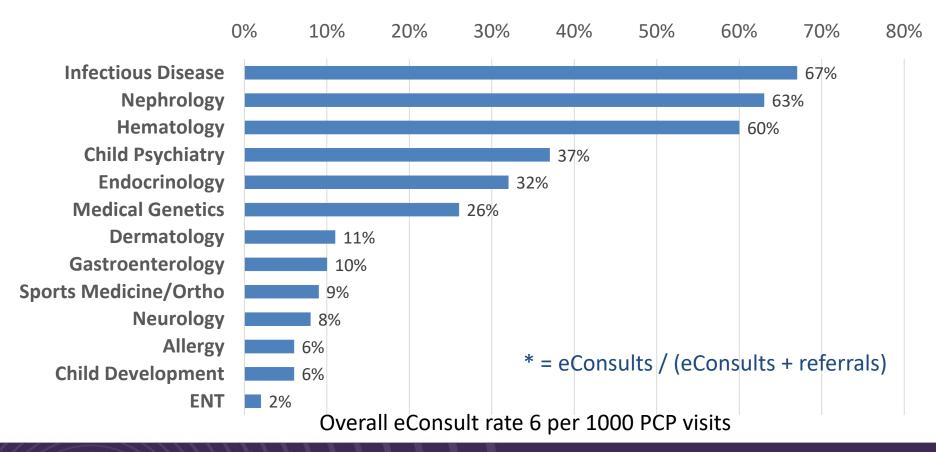


Pediatric data from a single children's hospital, 2016-2018



% specialty contact taking place via eConsult = eConsults/(eConsults + Referrals)

N=1,088 eConsults



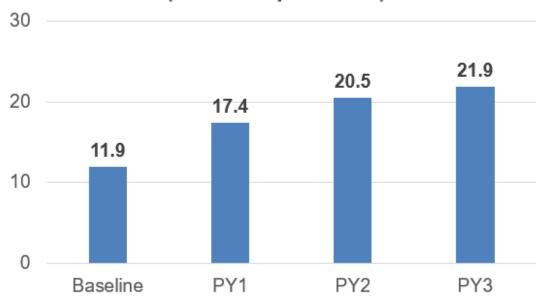


Timely Access to Specialty Care Input



84% relative improvement in 14-day access to specialist

Percent of specialty outreach with completion in 14 days (Medical Specialties)



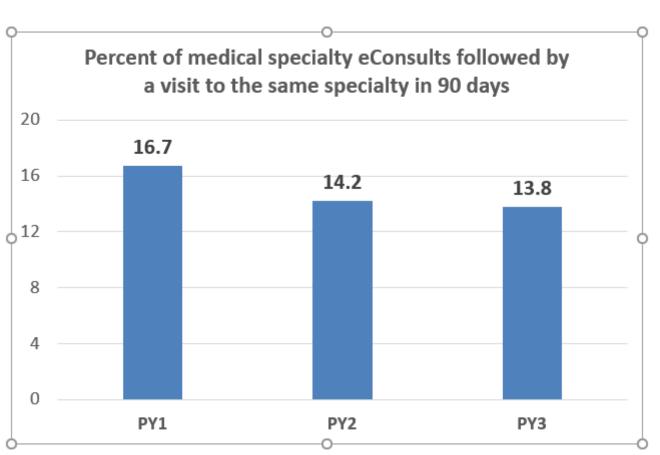


^{*}Source: Vizient, Inc. all-payer analyses (2018)

% of eConsults Followed by a Specialty Visit



86% of eConsults resolved without a subsequent specialist visit



^{*}Source: Vizient, Inc. all-payer analyses (2018)



Specialty Utilization: Controlling Costs of Care



- In a diff-in-diff regression analysis, an estimated 66,428 visits were avoided to participating CORE specialties when visit trends for the primary care population to these specialties were compared to trends in use across all other non-CORE specialties at these AMCs
- This resulted in ~\$8.4M in estimated savings over 3 years
 across the Medicare primary care population (approx. 131,000 unique
 Medicare beneficiaries in analysis, across 5 health systems)

CORE Specialty Visits Saved	66,428
Average Medicare Cost per Visit	\$126
Estimated Savings	\$8,381,631

^{*}Source: Dobson | DaVanzo, Inc., Medicare Claims Analyses (2018)

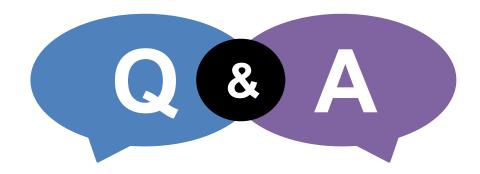


Important questions for pediatric eConsults



- Given lower referral volumes for children vs. adults, do eConsults achieve the same results as we've measured for adults?
- How do curbside consultations differ in pediatrics vs. adult medicine? How could such differences impact ROI for eConsults?
- Do patients & families feel differently than adult patients about the value of pediatric eConsults?
- Reimbursement policy, esp Medicaid





THANK YOU!

To learn more or to request additional information, visit www.aamc.org/projectcore or email projectcore@aamc.org



Communicating ROI of the CORE model for health systems



"A Bridge to Value"

Fee-for-Service

- Improved specialty access
- Reduced wait times, fewer no shows, higher referral completion
- Reduced leakage of referrals
- Enables more new patients, more high acuity patients to be seen in the specialty setting
- Enables higher surgical/procedural yield
- Improves patient experience, loyalty

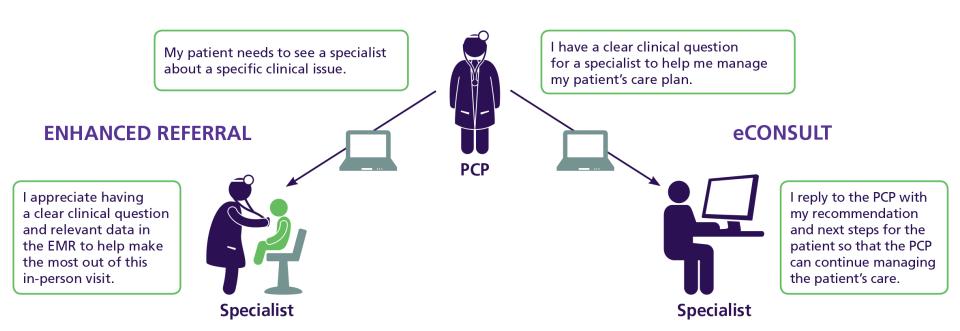
Value-Based Payments

- Supports better care coordination
- Supports greater comprehensiveness in primary care
- Reduces unnecessary utilization
- Ensures care is delivered more efficiently and promotes "right care, in the right place, at the right time"
- Aligns with requirements of APMs



The CORE Model





IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY to engage providers and establish a culture of collaboration between PCPs and specialists leading to increased standardization in care delivery

Goals of Project CORE (Coordinating Optimal Referral Experiences)



By improving **communication**, **coordination** and **culture between primary care providers and specialists**, the CORE model aims to:

- Improve timely access to specialty care
- Improve quality and experience for patients and providers
- Enhance primary care comprehensiveness
- Control costs of care





Positive Patient Experience

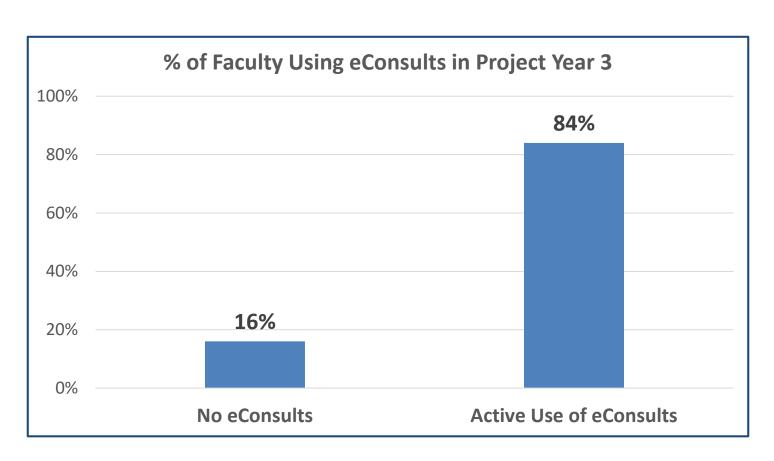
- 81% of patients satisfied with the specialists' recommendations via eConsult (the same as those with an in-person referral)
- 95% of patients felt that the specialist's eConsult advice was conveyed promptly and recommendations were clearly explained
- For every specialty visit averted, eConsults saved patients ~\$100 in avoided copays, transportation costs, and missed work

Sources: Comparing Patients' Experiences with Electronic and Traditional Consultation: Results from a Multisite Survey (J GEN INTERN MED 35, 1135–1142 (2020). https://doi.org/10.1007/s11606-020-05703-7); Project CORE analysis of eConsult opportunity costs



Sustained Use of eConsults by Primary Care Faculty





*Source: Vizient, Inc. all-payer analyses (2018)



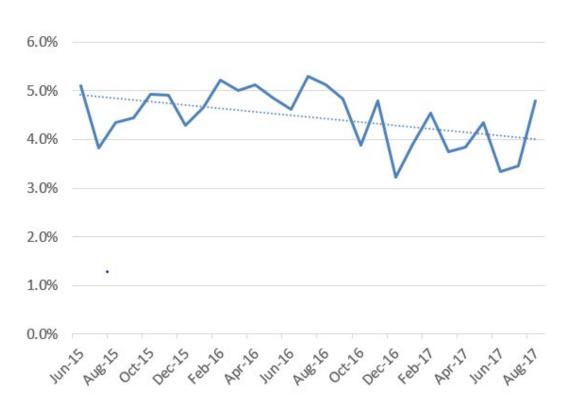




"No Show" Rate to Medical Specialties



17% relative reduction in no show rates between the first 6 months and the final 6 months of the project period



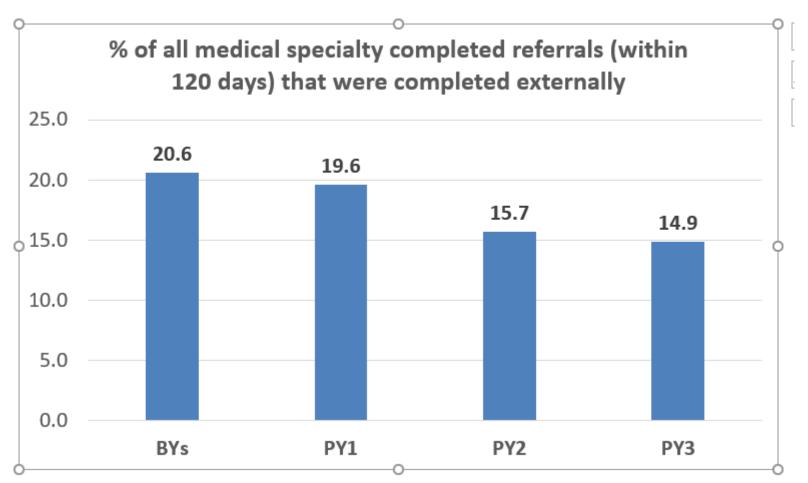
Note: Rate is likely lower than sites' overall no-show rate because of the small denominator (limited to patients with referral in previous 6 month window)

*Source: Vizient, Inc. all-payer analyses (2018)



Reduced "Leakage" of Referrals to External Providers/Practices





^{*}Source: Dobson | DaVanzo, Inc. Medicare claims analyses (2018)

