

NASEM Allocation Principles

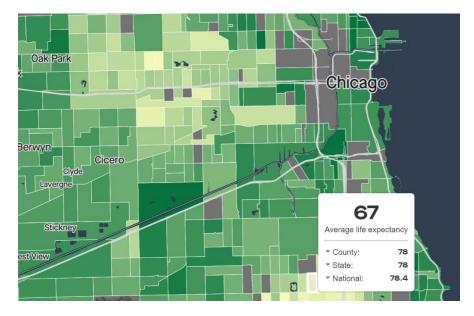
- Maximum benefit
- Mitigation of health inequities
- Equal concern



Current micro-allocation proposals

- Narrow existing EUA criteria (<u>age</u>, BMI, # comorbidities, specific risk factors) OR add new criteria (<u>sex</u>, others)
 - Goal: Maximum benefit
 - Problem: Lack of evidence
 - *Problem: May not mitigate/may exacerbate inequity*





- Lottery
 - *Problem: Doesn't provide maximum benefit OR actively mitigate inequity*



Applying NASEM principles/groups

- 1A (urgently scarce) health workers
 - Maximizes benefit and mitigates inequities indirectly
- 1B/2—other essential workers
- SVI
 - Mitigates inequities directly

Implementation

- Reserve system (Pathak, Sonmez, Unver et al.)
 - 50% 1A priority, 25% 1B priority, 25% SVI priority
 - Could add a general-population (open) category



Macro issues

- Connect unaffiliated patients with infusion centers
- Avoid interfering with ongoing/proposed trials
- Allocate to jurisdictions/centers by need, not population
- Jurisdictions can have different systems—these are ethical questions with many reasonable answers



Collaborators

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