



Protected Smalltooth Sawfish Occurrence in BOEM OCS Sand Resource Areas 26th Meeting of the Standing Committee on Offshore Science and Assessment

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Background

- Endangered Smalltooth Sawfish recovery threatened by habitat loss
- Designated Critical Habitat in southwest Florida
- BOEM-funded acoustic telemetry array at marine minerals lease area Canaveral Shoals II has detected 22 individuals since 2016
 - Fish tagged by other researchers 100s of kms away
 - Some returning up to six consecutive years
 - Opportunistic detections and data collection
- Recurring presence in Florida's Atlantic coast warrants further investigation
- Recent die-off further threatens recovery



Source: Indian River Lagoon Foundation



Background





Credit: FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute

BOEM Information Need

- Smalltooth Sawfish habitat may overlap with BOEM-managed sand resources more than previously thought
- Opportunistic detections of Smalltooth Sawfish on a repeat lease area need further site-specific analysis to provide insight into spatial and temporal patterns
- Results will help us better understand effects to habitat





Study Objectives

Characterize the occurrence and movement of Smalltooth Sawfish near existing and potential sand resources on Florida's Atlantic OCS to better understand any correlating environmental factors and <u>how BOEM-</u> <u>authorized activities may affect this endangered species and its habitat</u>



Methods

- Phase I: Analyze existing telemetry data around OCS sand resources on Florida's Atlantic coast; supplement this analysis with fisherydependent and -independent surveys (e.g., observer data, state-run surveys), as well as interviews with researchers, fishermen, and other stakeholders
- Phase II: Use information gathered from Phase I to develop a field study to best meet the study objective and research questions



Research Questions

 How do Smalltooth Sawfish spatially and temporally overlap with OCS sand resources on Florida's Atlantic coast?
What environmental factors correlate with their occurrence?



Source: Indian River Lagoon Foundation





Questions for COSA

- 1. When extrapolating from the current datapoints in a small area (i.e., off Cape Canaveral) to infer patterns of habitat use and characteristics in a broader region, what should we consider for study design? Should we focus on Florida's Atlantic coast, or look at their entire distribution?
- 2. Since we are interested in impacts to habitat rather than directly to individuals, what methods are most relevant (e.g., satellite tags, diet study)?
- 3. How can we strengthen the study to make it more impactful?







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