

RESEARCH DIRECTIONS FOR DEMENTIA HOME- AND COMMUNITY-BASED PROGRAMS



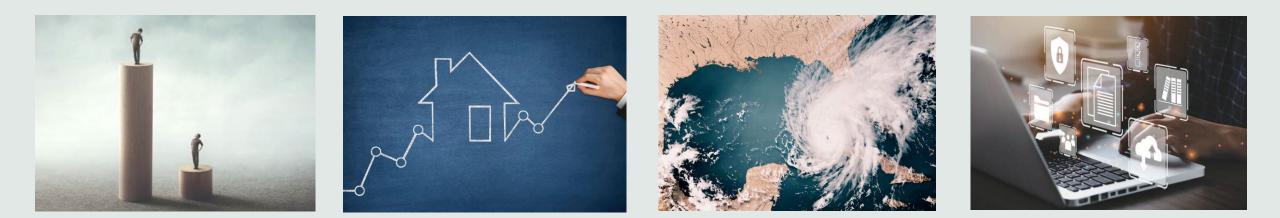
Regina Shih, Ph.D.

Professor of Epidemiology & Health Policy and Management, Emory Adjunct Policy Researcher, RAND EMORY

ROLLINS SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH

AGING-IN-PLACE CHALLENGES FOR THE DEMENTIA COMMUNITY

- Increasing inequality
- Housing affordability
- Climate change events
- Role of technology



OMMUNITY CARE NETWORK FOR DEMENTIA



- Home- and community-based services (HCBS) support aging-in-place through personal care, home health, care management, and more.
- Delivered in homes, senior centers, adult day, congregate meal sites, and more.
- Measurement challenge with many services, providers, and settings of care
- Gaps in access for people with dementia
- NIA Network, CaN-D addresses these challenges

Join the NIA CaN-D! <u>https://sph.emory.edu/can-d/</u>



MEMBERS INCLUDE 250+ Dementia or HCBS advocates, AAA providers, researchers, and HHS, state dept of aging, philanthropy representatives



- Foster knowledge sharing to advance innovative dementia HCBS research
- Generate data tools on dementia HCBS measures
- Grow and diversify the bench of dementia HCBS researchers
- Facilitate translation of research into policy
- Develop the network infrastructure, products, and mentorship activities through a diversity, equity, and inclusion lens.

PUBLIC HEALTH CENTER OF EXCELLENCE DEMENTIA CAREGIVING



- Dementia family caregivers essential to supporting AiP
- BOLD (Building Our Largest Dementia) Infrastructure Act passed in 2018. PHCoE- DC supports PHAs to
 - Facilitate access to evidence-informed services, programs, and interventions, to reduce stress and improve health of PwD and their caregivers
 - Link to community-based healthy aging programs, caregiver education; home healthcare, home modification; adult day and respite care; and transportation services
- RAND evaluation of CDC BOLD PHCoE-DC to ensure equitable access to family caregiver supports

CEIMATE PREPAREDNESS WITH VILLAGES AND AGE-FRIENDLY COMMUNITIES

- Climate-related events disproportionately affect older adults and PwD
 - Live in vulnerable regions; multimorbidities, body temperature regulation, evacuation and displacement stressors for PwD
- PHAs focus on general preparedness; villages and AFCs focus on daily QoL and aging-in-place
 - CDC project aligned efforts and tailor preparedness for older adults
 - RAND, NACCHO, DC DOH, Village to Village Network, AARP Age-Friendly Communities

Age-Friendly Community



Local and regional agencies facilitate independent living of older residents

WHEN OLDER ADULTS ARE RESILIENT, SO ARE COMMUNITIES



Building Older Adults' Resilience by Bridging Public Health and Aging-in-Place Efforts

- RAND Toolkit on integrating PHA, Village, AFC activities
 - Aging-in-place programs are trusted voices/partners for PHAs to tailor climate preparedness to older adults
 - Engage AFCs and villages in developing and implementing climate preparedness activities for older adults
 - Strengths-based approach to build community resilience
 - Evaluation assistance to make business case for increased supports



CHALLENGES TO PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION

- Increasing inequality
 - Reach of villages: subsidized membership fees, inclusivity, outreach to diverse populations vs. organically grown
 - Villagers with MCI or early dementia: better planning, respecting independence, integration with medical providers
- Affordable housing
 - HCBS uptake: requires stable housing, awareness of Medicaid eligibility
 - Gentrification and displacement pressures: intergenerational housing models, alignment with social service benefits
 - Villages as key partners: pathways to community-living
- Climate change-related disasters
 - Decision-making: early planning for PwD for evacuation, safe return, MSN shelters, sheltering in place
 - People with dementia: partnerships for preparedness community with dementia-friendly communities

SUSTAINABILITY IN DIVERSE COMMUNITY SETTINGS

- Program Sustainability
 - Financing of village model: volunteer workforce, linking with CBOs and academic medical centers
 - Local government involvement: microgrants
- Program Scalability
 - Return on investment: cost savings to motivate funding from local governments
 - Hub and spoke model

INNOVATIONS IN SERVICE DELIVERY

- Role of Technology
 - Measurement: software to track services with consistent taxonomy
 - Data systems: integration for climate preparedness
 - Assistive technology for PwD: larger studies, feasibility, home care workers
- Inequalities in dementia surveillance, service delivery and quality, aging in place outcomes
 - Data equity: comprehensive data collection, sharing, equity weighting for people with dementia
 - Dementia training: for aging-in-place programs, brain health programs for MCI, AARP Dementia Friendly America Tool

THANK YOU

Acknowledgments: Joie Acosta, Julia Rollison, Dan Siconolfi (RAND); William Kincaid and Barbara Sullivan (Village-to-Village Network) Contact info: rashih@emory.edu