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Al for Prediction, Early Warning, & Risk Assessment: Concepts of Utilization for Healthcare & Public Health Emergency Operations



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"The Unknowns"

"As we know, there are known knowns. There are things we know we know. We also know there are known unknowns. That is to say we know there are some things we don't know. But there are also unknown unknowns, the ones we don't know we don't know."

SecDef Donald Rumsfeld: DoD News Briefing 12 Feb 2002.



How can AI shift the "unknowns" to "knowns" and how will that impact our operations moving forward?

HCA Healthcare

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HCA Healthcare is one the nation's leading providers of healthcare services, comprised of **182** hospitals and approximately **2,400** ambulatory sites of care in **20** states and the United Kingdom



HCA ☆ Healthcare [®]		
Network	Patients	
182 hospitals	35.7M patient encounters	
127 freestanding emergency rooms	8.5M emergency room visits	
125 surgery centers	2.1M admissions	
257 urgent care clinics	217k deliveries	
	HEALTHTRUST Performance Group	

Enterprise Preparedness & Emergency Operations (EPEO)



Michael Wargo Vice President & Chief

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T.J. Burke Senior Manager

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Haley Porter Manager **Response Operations**



Adam Klatskin Director

Tools, Technology & Coordination



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Sara Greene Director (Dec. 2023)

Tools, Technology & Administrative Coordination



Angela Harrison Administrative Coordinator

HCA's Legacy: Putting Patients First



Emergency Operations Mission

"Ensure safe, uninterrupted quality patient care,

Prevent damage and protect our patients, colleagues, communities, and facilities both natural and mamade events

Maintain continuity of healthcare and business operations, and

Uphold a positive HCA Healthcare mission"

"The great hospitals will always put the patient and the patient's familyfirst, and the really great institutions will provide care with warmth, compassion, and dignity for the individual."



Dr. Thomas Frist, Sr.

Healthcare & Public Health Emergency Operations



A legacy approach to situational awareness & response coordination

- Increase number and frequency of complex events
- Legacy systems rely on manual input and correlation of dispirit systems
- Resource intensive systems to produce fragmented and incomplete reports and analysis
- Slow communication and broken pathways of information
- Not proactive, limited data-driven automation

Need for AI in Healthcare & Public Health Emergency Operations

Enhanced Situational Awareness



- Customized presentation of information
- Near / Real-time intel and information presented in an organize way to provide the most accurate and up-to-date situation report
 - Disaster syndemic surveillance with correlation of incident and event factors

Comprehensive COP through Aligned Data



- Alignment of multiple data sets from a variety of information sources
- Clear and concise information sharing among dispirit systems
- Alignment of "mission sets" or essential elements of information (EEIs)





- Incorporation of historical data, real-time data, and misc. sources of information to inform a more comprehensive basis for decision-making
- Modeling and programming to run systems based on factors and sensor information received.
- Enhanced accuracy, efficiency, and effective system management

Governance and Considerations

Governance & Oversight

Ethics & Integrity

Security & Safety

- Data Privacy and Security
- Algorithm Fairness and Management of Bias
- HCA+
- Accountability
- Ethical Use Monitoring and Compliance
- Interoperability and Collaboration
- Product and Program Development

- Preventing Misuse of AI
- Public Trust and Confidence
- Transparency and Accountability
- Privacy and Data Protection

- Protection of Sensitive Data / Business Intel
- Patient Privacy
- Preventing Disruption
- Prevention of Manipulation and Misinformation

Introduction:

Concepts for Use of AI in Healthcare & Public Health Emergency Operations

Prediction

 Utilization of advanced algorithms and data analysis to predict the occurrences of disasters and health crises, allowing for proactive measures and resource allocation to mitigate impact.



Near/real-time predictions of impending local, regional, and global disasters based on historical data, trends, indicators, and sensors.

Early Warning

 Employed to provide timely early warning in emergency situations, leveraging real-time data and predictive models to alert stakeholders and the public to potential hazards, enabling rapid response and evacuation if necessary.

Risk Assessment

Assessing vulnerabilities and potential impacts of disasters, facilitating evidenced-based decision-making and the optimization of resource allocation to reduce risk and enhance emergency operations

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Advancing Practice through Key AI Technologies

Disaster Prediction

- Improved Accuracy through Machine Learning and Deep Learning Models
- Real-time Data Analysis from various sources
- Adaptive Modeling to refine predictions based on incoming data to ensure current reporting
 - Multi-Hazard Approach to Disaster Syndemics

Early Warning Systems

- Real-time Data Analysis to detect emerging threats and hazards
- Predictive Analytics to forecast hazards
- Continuous Learning to improve accuracy
- Automated Alert Systems automatically generated to alert stakeholders and the public
- Customized Alerts tailed to stakeholder needs

Risk Assessment

- Resource Optimization by identifying high(er)-risk threats or hazards and recommending the allocations of resource at the scale and to the location of appropriate need
- Adaptive Decision Support offering real-time insights and recommendations to mitigate/manage the risk presented

Enabling Components

Al in healthcare and public health emergency operations relies on several enabling components that work together to support its implementation and effectiveness

Data Sources &

Access to diverse and highquality data sources to ensure real-time accuracy and comprehensive display of information

Integration

Advanced Algorithms and **Modeling**

Cutting-edge AI technologies, including machine learning, natural language processing, and predictive modeling systems

Computational Power & Infrastructure

High-performance computing infrastructure to ensure that AI can deliver timely predictions and assessments



Implementation Challenges

Data and Information

- Data Quality and Availability
- Data Privacy and Security
- Data Integration and Interoperability

Technological

- Infrastructure and Resource Requirements
- Human Expertise and
 Workforce Development
- Ethical and Bias Concerns

Operational

- Change Management
- Regulatory and Legal Framework
- Scalability and Sustainability



Case Studies:



Natural Disasters

- Improves forecasting, storm tracking, and accuracy of warnings
- Early detection of disease outbreak
- Early risk assessment for wildfire mitigation
- Early warning for seismic events
 - Enhanced forecasting of flood intrusion / inundation

Man-Made Disasters

(Intentional & Unintentional)

- Cyber incidents / CI utility failure
- Active shooter response events
- Hazardous chemical or biological incident
- Fire / evacuation assistance

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HCA Healthcare | Current Use Case Study

Using ReaTime Data to Enhance Response Operations

NATE WextGen Analytics for Treatment & Efficiency



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What is NATE?

- Next-gen Analytics for Treatment and Efficiency
 - Flexible, holistic visualization of a hospital or Division
 - Integrates real-time facts and predictive analytics
 - Enables clinicians and facility operators a clearer understanding of what's happening in the facility now and what's likely to happen in the future

User Guide



NATE Modules Relevant to Emergency Operations

o evacuNATE, coroNATE, C-ARDS (COVID ARDS), SOFA, Throughput



evacuNATE: Real-time Evacuation Planning



- Uses near real-time facility and clinical data
- Triages patients based on clinical criteria
- Estimates evacuation resources by patient
- Displays local and neighboring facility capacity

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HCA

	Color	Risk Assessment	Evacuation Needs	
	RED	CRITICAL	Critical Care Ambulance or Air Transport:	
			Air transport, AMT, HEMS, Specialty Interfacility Intensive Care Team required (i.e. neonatal), etc.	
	YELLOW		Advanced life-support Ambulance:	
		ALS	Medication Management, Continuous Telemetry Monitoring, etc.	
	BLUE	BLS OR NONAMBULATORY	Basic life-support Ambulance:	
			Stretcher-bound, Suicidal/Homicidal Patient, Oxygen dependent, etc.	
	GREEN	MINIMAL	Ambulance care may not be required or can be readily cohorted for mass transport:	
			Patient is ambulatory and can be eligible for medical bus or other appropriate mass transport, wheelchair van, etc.	

Qualifying Conditions:

. HCA∜ Healthcare

CRITICAL	ALS	BLS
CU/CCU NICU /entilator ntra-aortic balloon pump ntracranial pressure /entricular assist device Critical care drip Cath lab *	Surgery in last 24hrs PACU phase 1 Anesthesia in last 12hrs Telemetry Not ambulatory Bariatric ALS drip C-Section * Interventional radiology *	On Dialysis Violence risk Isolation PACU phase 2 Involuntary hold 1:1 monitoring * Suicide Assessment *

EvacuNATE Overview

NATE User Guide

Hello, Laura (NQE8142) 🏚 🚱 🕞





COVID Regional VisualizationCC Relevance

M NATE

User Guide COVID-19 Patient Tracker Summary Report COVID-19 M

t COVID-19 Map More...



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It was my pleasure to present to you today!

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